

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

AMENDMENT NO. 4 TO
FORM S-1
REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER
THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

Generac Holdings Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

3621
(Primary Standard Industrial
Classification Code Number)

20-5654756
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Generac Holdings Inc.
S45 W29290 Hwy. 59
Waukesha, Wisconsin 53187
(262) 544-4811

(Address, Including Zip Code, and Telephone Number, Including Area Code, of Registrant's Principal Executive Offices)

Aaron Jagdfeld
Chief Executive Officer
Generac Holdings Inc.
S45 W29290 Hwy. 59
Waukesha, Wisconsin 53187
(262) 544-4811

(Name, Address, Including Zip Code, and Telephone Number, Including Area Code, of Agent For Service)

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Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public:
As soon as practicable after the effective date of this Registration Statement.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), check the following box.

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "accelerated filer," "large accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer
(Do not check if a smaller
reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of each class of securities to be registered	Proposed maximum aggregate offering price ⁽¹⁾ (2)	Amount of registration fee
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value	\$427,656,250	\$25,842(3)

(1) Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee in accordance with Rule 457(o) promulgated under the Securities Act.

(2) Includes shares of common stock that may be purchased by the underwriters under their option to purchase additional shares of common stock, if any.

(3) \$16,740 was previously paid. The difference of \$9,102 is being submitted herewith.

The Registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act or until the Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and we are not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

Subject to Completion, dated _____, 2010

Prospectus

_____ shares



Generac Holdings Inc.

Common stock

This is an initial public offering of shares of common stock by Generac Holdings Inc. Generac is selling _____ shares of common stock. The estimated initial public offering price is between \$ _____ and \$ _____ per share.

After pricing the offering, we expect that the shares will be listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "GNRC."

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. See "Risk factors" beginning on page 17.

	Per share	Total
Initial public offering price	\$ _____	\$ _____
Underwriting discounts and commissions	\$ _____	\$ _____
Proceeds to Generac, before expenses	\$ _____	\$ _____

The underwriters may also purchase up to an additional _____ shares from us at the public offering price, less the underwriting discount, within 30 days from the date of this prospectus.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed on the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The shares will be ready for delivery on or about _____, 2010.

- J.P. Morgan**
- BofA Merrill Lynch**
- William Blair & Company**
- KeyBanc Capital Markets**
- Goldman, Sachs & Co.**
- Baird**
- Stephens Inc.**

_____, 2010

Table of contents

Prospectus summary	1
Summary historical consolidated financial and other data	10
Risk factors	17
Forward-looking statements	32
CCMP transactions	34
Use of proceeds	35
Dividend policy	36
Capitalization	37
Dilution	39
Selected historical consolidated financial data	41
Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations	44
Industry	75
Business	81
Management	95
Compensation discussion and analysis	102
Executive compensation	107
Certain relationships and related person transactions	118
Principal stockholders	124
Description of capital stock	127
Shares eligible for future sale	131
Material U.S. federal income and estate tax considerations	133
Underwriting	137
Conflicts of interest	143
Legal matters	144
Experts	144
Where you can find additional information	144
Index to consolidated financial statements	F-1

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus. We have not, and the underwriters have not, authorized any other person to provide you with different information. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are not, and the underwriters are not, making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus is only accurate as of the date on the front cover of this prospectus. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since that date.

Prospectus summary

This section summarizes key information contained elsewhere in this prospectus and is qualified in its entirety by the more detailed information and consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. You should carefully review the entire prospectus, including the risk factors, the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto, and the other documents to which this prospectus refers before making an investment decision. Unless the context requires otherwise, references in this prospectus to "Generac," "we," "us," "our company" or similar terms refer to Generac Holdings Inc. and its subsidiaries.

Our company

We are a leading designer and manufacturer of a wide range of standby generators for the residential, industrial and commercial markets. We have one of the leading market positions in the standby generator market in the United States and Canada, having grown our revenues organically by a 16% compound annual growth rate since 2000. We design, engineer and manufacture generators with an output of between 800W and 9mW of power for which we also manufacture, source and modify engines, alternators, automatic transfer switches and other necessary components. Our generators are fueled by natural gas, liquid propane, gasoline, diesel and Bi-Fuel™ (combined diesel and natural gas). For the twelve months ended September 30, 2009, we generated net sales of \$606.9 million, a net loss of \$484.7 million (includes a non-cash goodwill and trade name impairment charge of \$583.5 million) and Adjusted EBITDA (as defined on page 11) of \$153.7 million. We generated net sales of \$574.2 million and a net loss of \$556.0 million (includes a non-cash goodwill and trade name impairment charge of \$583.5 million) in the year ended December 31, 2008; we generated net sales of \$434.2 million and net income of \$31.1 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2009. For an explanation of Adjusted EBITDA, a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income (loss) and a description of how management uses Adjusted EBITDA, see pages 13 to 16; for a description of the calculation and use of financial data for the twelve months ended September 30, 2009, see page 12.

While standby power systems have long been present in hospitals, data centers and industrial facilities, their use for residential and small business applications is a relatively recent development. Our leadership position, first mover advantage and focus on natural gas generators have enabled us to successfully penetrate these new markets. We believe that our leading market position in the U.S. and Canadian standby markets is largely attributable to our strategy of providing high-quality, innovative and affordable products through our extensive and multi-layered distribution network.

Our market opportunity

Aging U.S. power grid leading to recurring power outages

Disruptions to the aging U.S. power grid are increasing due to demand growth, equipment failures, prevalent under-investment and a variety of environmental causes. Given the large estimated cost to upgrade the U.S. power grid, we believe it is unlikely that the core causes of power disturbances will be addressed in the near future.

Generators are an alternative reliable power solution

Standby generators, whether permanently installed outside a home, business or manufacturing facility or portable, provide back-up power to a utility power source. We estimate that the generator market in the United States and Canada was at least \$3.3 billion in 2008, with a global generator market (including prime generators used as a primary power source) estimated to be over \$11 billion in 2008, based on data from Frost & Sullivan and other sources.

The cost of outages and the relative affordability of generators have improved their potential return on investment

Compared to the potential cost of power outages, the purchase and installation of back-up power generators is relatively inexpensive, often yielding a short-term positive return on investment for commercial and industrial consumers. According to a report published by Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, the total estimated cost of power outages was \$57 billion and \$20 billion for commercial and industrial consumers, respectively. The increased availability of natural gas generators that are a lower cost solution than traditional diesel generators has improved the return on investment in back-up power for these consumers.

Low penetration in residential and light-commercial markets and opportunities for increased penetration in industrial market

There is a substantial opportunity for penetration in the residential installed standby market, since we estimate penetration to be approximately 2% of U.S. single-family, detached, owner-occupied households with a home value of over \$100,000, as defined by the U.S. Census Bureau. We believe that each 1% of U.S. household penetration potentially represents up to an approximate \$2 billion market opportunity at current product pricing. The light-commercial market also represents a significant penetration opportunity, with over two million potential customer locations in the United States.

Demographic trends lead to an increased focus on the safety and security provided by standby generators

We believe that demographic changes may lead to an increase in demand as the U.S. population ages and becomes increasingly conscious of safety issues, focused on convenience and dependent on electronic devices. According to our warranty registration data, currently over 70% of home standby generators are purchased by consumers over 50 years of age.

Opportunities for international expansion

The international market represents a significant opportunity for growth in the sale of generators. Generator sales are expected to grow 14% to 15% in Colombia and Mexico in 2010, 10% annually in Russia through 2011 and approximately 14% in China by 2015, in each case according to Frost and Sullivan.

Regulatory changes should lead to growth in the commercial and industrial standby markets

Federal, state and local legislation, as well as building, health and safety codes, require the use of standby generators within certain segments of the industrial and light-commercial markets, and any new mandates could have a significant impact on the generator market. Additionally, increased federal and municipal regulation of diesel engine emissions and fuel storage should encourage market growth for natural gas-powered standby generators.

Potential benefits from infrastructure spending programs and recovery in the non-residential construction market

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act passed in February 2009 provides for \$130 billion of construction-related spending for a wide range of projects, which we believe should benefit the industrial generator market. After the current downturn in non-residential construction in the United States, the Rosen Consulting Group estimates that spending in this sector will recover after 2010.

Our competitive strengths

Significant market share with opportunities for further penetration

We enjoy a leading industry market position with a significant market share in the United States and Canada and opportunities for future penetration. In the installed residential standby generator market, we believe we are the market leader with a market share that we estimate, based primarily on internally generated data, to be approximately 70%. We believe we also hold strong positions in the light-commercial and industrial markets with an 8% overall market share and a higher share in certain end markets.

Multi-layered distribution model

The majority of standby power systems are installed by an experienced contractor. As a result, having a network of experienced dealers who can sell, manage the installation of, and service the generator is important. We believe that our multi-layered distribution model gives us an advantage over competitors who generally rely on a single distribution channel. We use over 3,700 direct dealers for residential, light-commercial and industrial end-users, as well as wholesale, private label, retail, e-commerce and catalog distribution channels, enabling us to reach a broad range of customers.

Broadest product line in the industry

Our product offerings include a comprehensive selection of standby generators with ranges of power output and fuel type capable of catering to many end markets and users. We believe that our broad product line provides us with a competitive advantage because dealers and distributors prefer dealing with a single source for a broad range of their generator needs.

Engineering excellence

We currently employ over 100 engineers focused on new product development, existing product improvement and cost reduction. Our commitment to research and development has resulted in a portfolio of approximately 50 patents and patent applications. Examples of our innovation include our technology concerning Bi-Fuel™ and our Modular Power Systems, or MPS, technology.

Competitive cost structure

We believe that our product engineering, manufacturing and sourcing capabilities, along with our production volume, have enabled us to have a competitive cost structure. We base this belief on management's experience and publicly available information concerning our competitors, which, in general, do not focus exclusively on the generator business. We have implemented lean manufacturing initiatives and designed our production facilities to quickly adapt to customer demand and to the development of new product offerings. As part of our

sourcing strategy, we have developed strong relationships with a network of reliable, low-cost suppliers in the United States and abroad.

Financial flexibility and strong free cash flow generation

Our flexible cost structure has contributed to our financial strength and strong cash flow generation, enabling us to respond quickly to varying market environments. Furthermore, our business model generally requires low capital expenditures. In addition, due to a tax election we made at the time of the CCMP Transactions described below, we expect to have \$122 million in annual amortization deductions of intangibles for tax purposes through 2020, which can be used to reduce any cash tax obligations, in addition to our \$156.9 million balance of net operating losses as of September 30, 2009.

Experienced management team with substantial equity stake

Our senior management team has significant generator industry experience and a strong track record with a combined total of over 100 years of industry and related experience. We expect that upon consummation of this offering, members of our senior management team will own approximately % of our outstanding common stock on a fully-diluted basis giving effect to grants of stock options and restricted shares to be made in connection with this offering.

Our strategy

Further develop domestic distribution and sales channels

We intend to further expand our footprint in North America by continuing to develop our network of dealers, wholesalers and retailers. We have recruited over 600 new dealers in 2009, and we have trained over 10,000 technicians on our products over the last three years. We are also targeting non-traditional commercial end markets, such as smaller health care facilities, nursing homes, pharmacies and convenience stores, through our national accounts program.

Increase awareness of standby power solutions

We believe that through our extensive distribution network, potential customers are becoming increasingly aware of the benefits of standby power solutions. Through our targeted marketing initiatives, we seek to increase customer awareness of our products and to further develop Generac® as the leading brand in the standby power market.

Focus on innovation and product development

We intend to continue to provide innovative and affordable products to our customers, drawing upon our engineering expertise and experience. In the industrial market, we market our proprietary MPS technology, which provides increased affordability, redundancy and scalability within the 600kW to 9,000kW output ranges when compared to single-engine generators. We have also developed an affordable line of natural gas generators for the light-commercial market, with proprietary fuel systems, emissions technology and control systems.

Further develop international distribution opportunities

With less than 1% of our 2008 net sales from markets outside of the United States and Canada, international sales represent a significant growth opportunity for us. We have a developing distribution network in Mexico and Central and South America and are actively pursuing partnerships with established international distribution partners in other regions.

Expand product offering in complementary markets

We introduced an expanded line of portable generators in 2008 and have subsequently added significant distribution capacity, providing us increased opportunities to sell both portable and installed standby generators. We expect to evaluate opportunities to expand organically or through opportunistic acquisitions into other complementary engine- driven products where we can leverage our manufacturing, sourcing and engineering capabilities and our distribution network.

Risks associated with our business

Our business is subject to numerous risks, as discussed more fully in the section entitled "Risk factors" beginning on page 17 of this prospectus, which you should read in its entirety. In particular:

- Demand for our products is significantly affected by unpredictable major power outage events that can lead to substantial variations in, and uncertainties regarding, our financial results from period to period;
- Demand for our standby generators is significantly affected by durable goods spending by consumers and businesses and other macroeconomic conditions;
- Decreases in the availability, or increases in the cost, of raw materials and key components we use could materially reduce our earnings;
- The industry in which we compete is highly competitive, and our failure to compete successfully could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition;
- Our industry is subject to technological change, and our failure to continue developing new and improved products and to bring these products rapidly to market could have an adverse impact on our business;
- We rely on independent dealers and distribution partners, and the loss of these dealers and distribution partners, or of any of our sales arrangements with significant private label, telecommunications or retail customers, would adversely affect our business;
- Our business could be negatively impacted if we fail to adequately protect our intellectual property rights or if third parties claim that we are in violation of their intellectual property rights;
- Our operations are subject to various environmental, health and safety laws and regulations, and non-compliance with or liabilities under such laws and regulations could result in substantial costs, fines, sanctions and claims;
- Our products are subject to substantial government regulation;
- We have a substantial amount of indebtedness, which may adversely affect our cash flow and our ability to operate our business, remain in compliance with debt covenants and make payments on our indebtedness; and
- After this offering, our principal stockholder will continue to have substantial control over us.

Principal stockholder

In November 2006, affiliates of CCMP Capital Advisors, LLC, or CCMP, together with affiliates of Unitas Capital Ltd., or Unitas, and members of our management, formed Generac and, through Generac, acquired all of the capital stock of Generac Power Systems, Inc., or Generac Power Systems. After this offering, affiliates of CCMP will collectively own approximately % and affiliates of Unitas will collectively own approximately % of our outstanding common stock. For more information, see "CCMP transactions."

CCMP is a leading global private equity firm specializing in buyouts and growth equity investments in companies ranging from \$500 million to more than \$3 billion in size. CCMP's founders have invested over \$12 billion since 1984, which includes their activities at J.P. Morgan Partners, LLC (a private equity division of JPMorgan Chase & Co.) and its predecessor firms. CCMP was formed in August 2006 when the buyout and growth equity investment professionals of J.P. Morgan Partners, LLC separated from JPMorgan Chase & Co. to commence operations as an independent firm. CCMP's latest fund, CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., closed in September 2007 with commitments of approximately \$3.38 billion. The foundation of CCMP's investment approach is to leverage the combined strengths of its deep industry expertise and proprietary global network of relationships by focusing on five targeted industries (Consumer, Retail and Services; Energy; Healthcare Infrastructure; Industrials; and Media and Telecom).

Corporate reorganization

Prior to the consummation of this offering and after giving effect to a for one reverse Class A Common Stock split, as this ratio may be adjusted as described below:

- our Class B Common Stock will convert automatically into an aggregate of shares of our Class A Common Stock;
- our Series A Preferred Stock will convert automatically into an aggregate of shares of our Class A Common Stock; and
- our Class A Common Stock will be reclassified as common stock.

We refer to the transactions listed above as the "Corporate Reorganization."

In the Corporate Reorganization, our Class B Common Stock and Series A Preferred Stock will be converted into Class A Common Stock according to formulas that are described in "Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations—Corporate reorganization." These formulas depend, among other things, on the public offering price per common share in this offering and the number of days that passes until our initial public offering.

However, we will undertake the reverse stock split described above after giving effect to the conversion of the Class B Common Stock and before the conversion of the Series A Preferred Stock and the consummation of this offering. The reverse stock split will be effected in a manner so that the aggregate number of shares of common stock to be held by existing holders of our Class B Common Stock, Series A Preferred Stock and Class A Common Stock as a result of the Corporate Reorganization, and their aggregate percentage ownership of our common stock upon consummation of this offering, will not change.

For more information, see "Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations—Corporate reorganization."

Our executive offices

Generac is a Delaware corporation, which was founded in 2006 and is headquartered in Waukesha, Wisconsin. Generac Power Systems, our principal operating subsidiary, is a Wisconsin corporation founded in 1959. Our principal executive offices are located at S45 W29290 Hwy. 59, Waukesha, Wisconsin 53187. Our main telephone number is (262) 544-4811. Our website address is www.generac.com. None of the information on our website or any other website identified herein is part of this prospectus.

Generac®, Guardian®, Centurion® and Quietsource® are registered trademarks of Generac Power Systems, Inc. All other trademarks and trade names identified in this prospectus, including Bi-Fuel™, are the property of unrelated third parties.

Recent developments

Although consolidated financial statements are not yet available for the year ended December 31, 2009, the information below summarizes certain of our preliminary financial results and operating statistics as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Total debt is estimated to be \$ million as of December 31, 2009. Cash and cash equivalents is estimated to be \$ million as of December 31, 2009.

This financial and operating data is unaudited and is subject to revision based on the completion of the accounting and financial reporting processes necessary to finalize our financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009. We cannot assure you that, upon completion of the audit of our financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, we will not report results materially different than those set forth above. This information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the related notes and "Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations" for prior periods included elsewhere in this prospectus.

The offering

Shares of common stock offered by us	shares.
Shares of common stock to be outstanding after this offering	shares.
Option to purchase additional shares	The underwriters have an option to purchase a maximum of _____ additional shares of our common stock. The underwriters can exercise this option at any time within 30 days from the date of this prospectus.
Use of proceeds	We estimate that the net proceeds to us from this offering, after deducting underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses, will be approximately \$ _____ million, assuming the shares are offered at \$ _____ (the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover of this prospectus). We intend to use these net proceeds to pay down our second lien term loan in full and to repay a portion of our first lien term loan, to pay fees and expenses associated with the offering and for general corporate purposes. See "Use of proceeds."
Dividend policy	We do not anticipate paying any dividends on our common stock; however, we may change this policy in the future. See "Dividend policy."
Proposed New York Stock Exchange symbol	"GNRC".
Conflicts of interest	One or more affiliates of J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. beneficially own more than 10% of CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., which is a stockholder in our company. Because J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. is an underwriter and its affiliates beneficially, through CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., own more than 10% of our company, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. is deemed to have a "conflict of interest" under Rule 2720 of the Conduct Rules of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., which is overseen by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority. Accordingly, this offering will be made in compliance with the applicable provisions of Rule 2720. Rule 2720 requires that a "qualified independent underwriter" meeting certain standards to participate in the preparation of the registration statement and prospectus and exercise the usual standards of due diligence with respect thereto. Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated has agreed to act as a "qualified independent underwriter" within the meaning of NASD Rule 2720 of FINRA in connection with this offering. For more information, see "Conflicts of interest."

Unless otherwise indicated, the number of shares of common stock to be outstanding after this offering (i) excludes _____ shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of stock options at an exercise price equal to the initial public offering price that we intend to grant to our named executive officers and other employees at the time of this offering and _____ shares of our common stock to be reserved for future grants under our new equity incentive plan, or the Omnibus Plan, (ii) excludes 389,579 shares of capital stock previously held by an executive officer that were retired and cancelled in December 2009, as described in "Certain relationships and related person transactions—Loans to executive officers," and (iii) includes _____ shares of restricted stock and other stock awards we intend to grant to our named executive officers and other employees and certain of our directors at the time of this offering.

Unless otherwise noted, the information in this prospectus:

- gives effect to the modification to our capital structure described above under "—Corporate reorganization";
- assumes no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase up to _____ additional shares from us; and
- assumes an initial public offering price of \$ _____ per share, the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover of this prospectus.

As described above under "—Corporate reorganization," our Class B Common Stock and Series A Preferred Stock will be converted into Class A Common Stock according to formulas that depend, among other things, on the public offering price per common share in this offering and the number of days that passes until our initial public offering. However, we will undertake a reverse stock split after giving effect to the conversion of the Class B Common Stock and before the conversion of the Series A Preferred Stock and the consummation of this offering. The reverse stock split will be effected in a manner so that the aggregate number of shares of common stock to be held by existing holders of our Class B Common Stock, Series A Preferred Stock and Class A Common Stock as a result of the Corporate Reorganization, and their aggregate percentage ownership of our common stock upon consummation of this offering, will not change.

Summary historical consolidated financial and other data

The table below provides our summary historical consolidated financial and other data for the periods and as of the dates indicated. The summary historical consolidated financial and other data for the period from January 1, 2006 through November 10, 2006 (Predecessor Period), the period from November 11, 2006 through December 31, 2006 (Successor Period) and the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2008 are derived from our audited consolidated financial statements for such periods included elsewhere in this prospectus. The summary historical consolidated financial and other data for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2009 are derived from our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. In the opinion of management, the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the same basis as the audited consolidated financial statements and include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of our operating results and financial position for those periods and as of such dates. The results for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for a full year.

The summary historical consolidated financial data for the twelve months ended September 30, 2009, which are unaudited, have been calculated by subtracting the data for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 from the data for the year ended December 31, 2008, and adding the data for the nine months ended September 30, 2009. This presentation is not in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

In November 2006, affiliates of CCMP, together with affiliates of Unitas and members of our management formed Generac and, through Generac, acquired all of the capital stock of Generac Power Systems. See "CCMP transactions." Generac in all periods prior to November 2006 is referred to as "Predecessor," and in all periods including and after such date is referred to as "Successor." As a result of purchase accounting adjustments associated with the CCMP Transactions, the consolidated financial statements for all Successor periods may not be comparable to those of the Predecessor Period.

The results indicated below and elsewhere in this prospectus are not necessarily indicative of our future performance. You should read this information together with "Selected historical consolidated financial data," "Capitalization," "Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations" and our consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus.

	Predecessor		Successor				
	Period from January 1, 2006 through November 10, 2006	Period from November 11, 2006 through December 31, 2006	Year ended December 31, 2007	Year ended December 31, 2008	Nine months ended September 30, 2008	Twelve months ended September 30, 2009(1)	
(Dollars in thousands)							
Statement of operations data:							
Net sales	\$ 606,249	\$ 74,110	\$ 555,705	\$ 574,229	\$ 401,605	\$ 434,284	\$ 606,908
Costs of goods sold	371,425	55,105	333,428	372,199	257,736	262,078	376,541
Gross profit	234,824	19,005	222,277	202,030	143,869	172,206	230,367
Operating expenses:							
Selling and service	45,800	5,279	52,652	57,449	41,068	44,863	61,244
Research and development	9,141	1,168	9,606	9,925	7,477	7,752	10,200
General and administrative	12,631	1,695	17,581	15,869	11,708	11,538	15,699
Amortization of intangibles(2)	—	8,576	47,602	47,602	35,604	38,863	50,861
Transaction-related expenses(3)	149,792	—	—	—	—	—	—
Goodwill and trade name impairment charge(4)	—	—	—	583,486	—	—	583,486
Total operating expenses	217,364	16,718	127,441	714,331	95,857	103,016	721,490
Income (loss) from operations	17,460	2,287	94,836	(512,301)	48,012	69,190	(491,123)
Other income (expense):							
Interest expense	(673)	(18,354)	(125,366)	(108,022)	(81,466)	(53,652)	(80,208)
Gain on extinguishment of debt(5)	—	—	18,759	65,385	5,311	14,745	74,819
Investment income	1,571	302	2,682	600	1,578	2,089	1,111
Other, net	(52)	(192)	(1,196)	(1,217)	(856)	(941)	(1,302)
Total other (expense) income, net	846	(18,244)	(105,121)	(43,254)	(75,433)	(37,759)	(5,580)
Income (loss) before provision (benefit) for income taxes	18,306	(15,957)	(10,285)	(555,555)	(27,421)	31,431	(496,703)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	5,519	—	(571)	400	12,769	324	(12,045)
Net income (loss)	\$ 12,787	\$ (15,957)	\$ (9,714)	\$ (555,955)	\$ (40,190)	\$ 31,107	\$ (484,658)
Statement of cash flows data:							
Depreciation	4,654	936	6,181	7,168	5,286	5,818	7,700
Amortization	24	8,576	47,602	47,602	35,604	38,863	50,861
Net change in operating assets and liabilities	(15,441)	41,879	7,629	(11,197)	(17,624)	(36,794)	(30,367)
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,761	36,060	38,513	10,225	(18,845)	45,131	74,201
Expenditures for property and equipment	(6,225)	(720)	(13,191)	(5,186)	(3,877)	(2,902)	(4,211)
Net cash used in investing activities	(5,707)	(1,865,003)	(12,732)	(5,038)	(3,758)	(2,741)	(4,021)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(15,227)	1,883,414	(8,937)	4,728	(10,743)	10,500	25,971
Other financial data:							
Adjusted EBITDA(6)	174,303	19,042	158,148	129,858	91,192	115,006	153,672

(Dollars in thousands)	As of September 30, 2009
Balance sheet data:	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 134,119
Other current assets	205,950
Total current assets	340,069
Property, plant and equipment, net	73,666
Intangibles and other long-term assets	932,591
Total assets	1,346,326
Current portion of long-term debt	7,125
Other current liabilities	119,640
Total current liabilities	126,765
Long-term debt, less current portion	1,084,414
Other long-term liabilities	17,834
Total liabilities	1,229,013
Series A Preferred Stock	113,109
Class B Voting Common Stock	765,096
Stockholders' deficit	(760,892)
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity(7)	1,346,326

(1) The statement of operations and cash flow data for the twelve months ended September 30, 2009, which are unaudited, have been calculated by subtracting the data for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 from the data for the year ended December 31, 2008, and adding the data for the nine months ended September 30, 2009. This presentation is not in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, or U.S. GAAP. We believe that this presentation provides useful information to investors regarding our recent financial performance and we view this presentation of the four most recently completed quarters as a key measurement period for investors to assess our historical results. In addition, our management uses trailing four quarter financial information to evaluate the financial performance of the company for ongoing planning purposes, including a continuous assessment of our financial performance in comparison to budgets and internal projections. We also use trailing four quarter financial data to test compliance with covenants under our senior secured credit facilities. This presentation has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under U.S. GAAP. See footnote (6) below for a description of these limitations.

(2) Our amortization of intangibles expenses include the straight-line amortization of customer lists, patents and other intangibles assets.

(3) Transaction-related expenses incurred by the Predecessor, primarily related to the settlement of the employee share appreciation program in connection with the CCMP Transactions.

(4) As of October 31, 2008, as a result of our annual goodwill and trade names impairment test, we determined that an impairment of goodwill and trade names existed, and we recognized a non-cash charge of \$583.5 million in 2008.

(5) During 2007, affiliates of CCMP acquired \$80.3 million principal amount of second lien term loans for approximately \$60.0 million. CCMP's affiliates exchanged this debt for additional shares of our Class B Common Stock. The fair value of the shares exchanged was \$60.0 million. We recorded this transaction as additional Class B Common Stock of \$60.0 million based on the fair value of the debt contributed by CCMP's affiliates, which approximated the fair value of shares exchanged. The debt is now held in treasury at face value. Consequently, we recorded a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$18.8 million, which includes a write-off of deferred financing fees and other closing costs in the consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2007.

During 2008, affiliates of CCMP acquired \$148.9 million principal amount of second lien term loans for approximately \$81.1 million. CCMP's affiliates exchanged this debt for additional shares of our Class B Common Stock and Series A Preferred Stock. The fair value of the shares exchanged was \$81.1 million. We recorded this transaction as Series A Preferred Stock of \$62.9 million and Class B Common Stock of \$18.2 million based on the fair value of the debt contributed by CCMP's affiliates, which approximated the fair value of shares exchanged. The debt is now held in treasury at face value. Consequently, we recorded a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$65.4 million, which includes a write-off of deferred financing fees and other closing costs in the consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2008.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, affiliates of CCMP acquired \$9.9 million principal amount of first lien term loans and \$20.0 million principal amount of second lien term loans for approximately \$14.8 million. CCMP's affiliates exchanged this debt for 1,475,459 shares of Series A Preferred Stock. The fair value of the shares exchanged was \$14.8 million. We recorded this transaction as additional Series A Preferred Stock of \$14.8 million based on the fair value of the debt contributed by CCMP's affiliates, which approximated the fair value of shares exchanged. The debt is now held in treasury at face value.

Consequently, we recorded a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$14.7 million, which includes a write-off of deferred financing fees and other closing costs, in the consolidated statement of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2009.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2008, affiliates of CCMP acquired \$24.0 million principal amount of second lien term loans for approximately \$18.2 million. CCMP's affiliates exchanged this debt for 2,400 shares of Class B Common Stock. The fair value of the shares exchanged was \$18.2 million. We recorded this transaction as additional Class B Common Stock of \$18.2 million based on the fair value of the debt contributed by CCMP's affiliates, which approximated the fair value of shares exchanged. The debt is now held in treasury at face value. Consequently, we recorded a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$5.3 million, which includes a write-off of deferred financing fees and other closing costs, in the consolidated statement of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2008.

(6) Adjusted EBITDA represents net income (loss) before interest expense, taxes, depreciation and amortization, as further adjusted for the other items reflected in the reconciliation table set forth below. This presentation is substantially consistent with the presentation used in our senior secured credit facilities, which we refer to in this prospectus as "Covenant EBITDA", except that we do not give effect to certain additional adjustments that are permitted under those facilities which, if included, would increase the amount reflected in this table. For a description of the additional adjustments permitted for Covenant EBITDA under our senior secured credit facilities, see "Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations—Liquidity and capital resources—Senior secured credit facilities—Covenant compliance."

We view Adjusted EBITDA as a key measure of our performance. We present Adjusted EBITDA not only due to its importance for purposes of our senior secured credit facilities but also because it assists us in comparing our performance across reporting periods on a consistent basis because it excludes items that we do not believe are indicative of our core operating performance. Our management uses Adjusted EBITDA:

- for planning purposes, including the preparation of our annual operating budget and developing and refining our internal projections for future periods;
- to allocate resources to enhance the financial performance of our business;
- as a benchmark for the determination of the bonus component of compensation for our senior executives under our management incentive plan, as described further under "Compensation discussion and analysis—Components of compensation—Annual bonus: incentive compensation plan";
- to evaluate the effectiveness of our business strategies and as a supplemental tool in evaluating our performance against our budget for each period; and
- in communications with our board of directors and investors concerning our financial performance.

We believe Adjusted EBITDA will be used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties in the evaluation of our company. Management believes that the disclosure of Adjusted EBITDA offers an additional financial metric that, when coupled with U.S. GAAP results and the reconciliation to U.S. GAAP results, provides a more complete understanding of our results of operations and the factors and trends affecting our business. We believe Adjusted EBITDA is useful to investors for the following reasons:

- Adjusted EBITDA and similar non-GAAP measures are widely used by investors to measure a company's operating performance without regard to items that can vary substantially from company to company depending upon financing and accounting methods, book values of assets, tax jurisdictions, capital structures and the methods by which assets were acquired;
- Investors can use Adjusted EBITDA as a supplemental measure to evaluate the overall operating performance of our company, including our ability to service our debt and other cash needs; and
- by comparing our Adjusted EBITDA in different historical periods, our investors can evaluate our operating performance excluding the impact of items described below.

The adjustments included in the reconciliation table listed below are provided for under our senior secured credit facilities (except where noted in footnote (h) below) and also are presented to illustrate the operating performance of our business in a manner consistent with the presentation used by our management and board of directors. These adjustments eliminate the impact of a number of items that:

- we do not consider indicative of our ongoing operating performance, such as non-cash impairment and other charges, transaction costs relating to the CCMP Transactions and to repurchases of our debt by affiliates of CCMP, non-cash gains relating to the retirement of debt, severance costs and other restructuring-related business optimization expenses;
- we believe to be akin to, or associated with, interest expense, such as administrative agent fees, revolving credit facility commitment fees and letter of credit fees; or
- will be eliminated following the consummation of this offering, such as sponsor fees.

We explain in more detail in footnotes (a) through (h) below why we believe these adjustments are useful in calculating Adjusted EBITDA as a measure of our operating performance.

Adjusted EBITDA does not represent, and should not be a substitute for, net income or cash flows from operations as determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation, or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under U.S. GAAP. Some of the limitations are:

- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect our cash expenditures, or future requirements for capital expenditures or contractual commitments;
- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, our working capital needs;
- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect the significant interest expense, or the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments, on our debt;
- although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized will often have to be replaced in the future, and Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect any cash requirements for such replacements;
- several of the adjustments that we use in calculating Adjusted EBITDA, such as non-cash impairment charges, while not involving cash expense, do have a negative impact on the value our assets as reflected in our consolidated balance sheet prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP;
- the adjustments for business optimization expenses, which we believe are appropriate for the reasons set out in note (d) below, represent costs associated with severance and other items which are reflected in operating expenses and income (loss) from continuing operations in our consolidated statements of operations prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP; and
- other companies may calculate Adjusted EBITDA differently than we do, limiting its usefulness as a comparative measure.

Furthermore, as noted above, one of our uses of Adjusted EBITDA is as a benchmark for determining elements of compensation for our senior executives. At the same time, some or all of these senior executives have responsibility for monitoring our financial results generally, including the items that are included as adjustments in calculating Adjusted EBITDA (subject ultimately to review by our board of directors in the context of the board's review of our quarterly financial statements). While many of the adjustments (for example, transaction costs and credit facility fees and sponsor fees), involve mathematical application of items reflected in our financial statements, others (such as business optimization adjustments) involve a degree of judgment and discretion. While we believe that all of these adjustments are appropriate, and while the quarterly calculations are subject to review by our board of directors in the context of the board's review of our quarterly financial statements and certification by our chief financial officer in a compliance certificate provided to the lenders under our senior secured credit facilities, this discretion may be viewed as an additional limitation on the use of Adjusted EBITDA as an analytical tool.

Because of these limitations, Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered as a measure of discretionary cash available to us to invest in the growth of our business. We compensate for these limitations by relying primarily on our U.S. GAAP results and using Adjusted EBITDA only supplementally.

Our senior secured credit facilities require us to maintain a leverage ratio of consolidated total debt, net of unrestricted cash and marketable securities, to Covenant EBITDA at a level that varies over time. As of September 30, 2009, our ratio was 6.37 to 1.00, which was below the covenant requirement of 7.25 to 1.00 under the first lien credit facility and 7.50 to 1.00 under the second lien credit facility, as well as the requirement of 6.75 to 1.00, which will be the requirement under the more restrictive of the facilities at December 31, 2009. Failure to comply with this covenant would result in an event of default under our senior secured credit facilities unless waived by our lenders. Our senior secured credit facilities contain other events of default that are customary for similar facilities and transactions, including a cross-default provision under the first lien credit facility with respect to any other indebtedness in an outstanding aggregate principal amount in excess of \$25.0 million and a cross-default provision under the second lien credit facility with respect to any other indebtedness in an outstanding aggregate principal amount in excess of \$28.75 million. An event of default under our senior secured credit facilities could result in the acceleration of our indebtedness under the facilities, and we may be unable to repay or finance the amounts due. In addition, our senior secured credit facilities restrict our ability to take certain actions, such as incur additional debt or make certain acquisitions, if we are unable to meet our leverage ratio. Failure to comply with these covenants would result in limiting our long-term growth prospects by hindering our ability to incur future indebtedness or grow through acquisitions. As our failure to comply with the covenants described above can, at best, limit our ability to incur debt or grow our company and, at worst, cause us to default under the agreements governing our indebtedness, management believes that our senior secured credit facilities and these covenants are material to us. We explain the importance of Covenant EBITDA and describe how it is calculated in more detail in "Management's discussion and analysis of financial

condition and results of operations—Liquidity and capital resources—Senior secured credit facilities—Covenant compliance," including a reconciliation of Covenant EBITDA to net income on pages 69 to 70.

The following table presents a reconciliation of net income (loss) to Adjusted EBITDA:

(Dollars in thousands)	Predecessor		Successor				
	Period from January 1, 2006 through November 10, 2006	Period from November 11, 2006 through December 31, 2006	Year ended December 31, 2007	Year ended December 31, 2008	Nine months ended September 30,		Twelve months ended September 30,
	2006	2006	2007	2008	2008	2009	2009
Net income (loss)	\$ 12,787	\$ (15,957)	\$ (9,714)	\$ (555,955)	\$ (40,190)	\$ 31,107	\$ (484,658)
Interest expense	673	18,354	125,366	108,022	81,466	53,652	80,208
Depreciation and amortization	4,678	9,512	53,783	54,770	40,890	44,681	58,561
Income taxes provision (benefit)	5,519	—	(571)	400	12,769	324	(12,045)
Non-cash impairment and other charges(a)	416	6,998	5,328	585,634	(32)	(1,389)	584,277
Transaction costs and credit facility fees(b)	149,792	80	1,044	1,319	807	1,168	1,680
Non-cash gains(c)	—	—	(18,759)	(65,385)	(5,311)	(14,745)	(74,819)
Business optimization expenses(d)	438	62	1,944	971	724	—	247
Sponsor fees(e)	—	70	500	500	375	375	500
Letter of credit fees(f)	—	—	335	169	145	109	133
Other state taxes(g)	—	—	—	53	—	78	131
Holding company interest income(h)	—	(77)	(1,108)	(640)	(451)	(354)	(543)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 174,303	\$ 19,042	\$ 158,148	\$ 129,858	\$ 91,192	\$ 115,006	\$ 153,672

(a) Represents the following non-cash charges:

- for the Predecessor Period, a loss on disposal of assets;
- for the period from November 11 through December 31, 2006, a charge for the step-up in book value of inventory as a result of the application of purchase accounting in connection with the CCMP Transactions;
- for the year ended December 31, 2007, primarily a \$3.9 million charge for the step-up in book value of inventory as a result of the application of purchase accounting in connection with the CCMP Transactions. Also includes \$1.4 million of other charges, including a write-off of a pre-CCMP Transactions receivable, stock compensation expense, unsettled mark-to-market losses on copper forward contracts and losses on disposals of assets;
- for the year ended December 31, 2008, primarily \$503.2 million in goodwill impairment charges and \$80.3 million in trade name impairment charges described in "Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations—Critical accounting policies—Goodwill and other intangible assets." \$1.6 million of the amount is comprised of unsettled mark to market losses on copper forward contracts, a write-off of pre-CCMP Transactions bad debts and losses on disposals of assets. Separately, the amount also includes a write-off of certain inventory;
- for the nine months ended September 30, 2008, losses on disposals of assets less unsettled mark-to-market gains on copper forward contracts;
- for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, primarily unsettled mark-to-market gains on copper forward contracts; and
- for the twelve months ended September 30, 2009, primarily \$503.2 million in goodwill impairment charges and \$80.3 million in trade name impairment charges described above. Also includes \$0.8 million of other charges, including a write-off of pre-CCMP Transactions bad debts, a write-off of certain inventory and losses on disposals of assets.

We believe that adjusting net income for these non-cash charges is useful for the following reasons:

- The losses on disposals of assets in several periods described above result from the sale of assets that are no longer useful in our business and therefore represent losses that are not from our core operations;
- The charge for the step-up in the value of inventory as a result of the application of purchase accounting at the time of the CCMP Transactions is a one-time charge resulting from our acquisition by CCMP in 2006 described in "CCMP transactions;"
- The write-offs of certain pre-CCMP Transaction bad debts in the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2008 are non-cash charges that we believe do not reflect cash outflows after our acquisition by CCMP;
- The charges for unsettled mark-to-market gains and losses on copper forward contracts represent non-cash items to reflect changes in the fair value of forward contracts that have not been settled or terminated. We believe that it is useful to adjust net income for these items because the charges do not represent a cash outlay in the period in which the charge is incurred,

although Adjusted EBITDA must always be used together with our U.S. GAAP statements of operations and cash flows to capture the full effect of these contracts on our operating performance;

- The goodwill and trade name impairment charges recorded in the year ended December 31, 2008 (and also reflected in the twelve months ended September 30, 2009) are one-time items that we believe do not reflect our ongoing operations. These charges are explained in greater detail in "Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations—Critical accounting policies—Goodwill and other intangible assets;"
 - The small amount of stock compensation expense recorded in the year ended December 31, 2007 was a non-cash charge for compensation under our 2006 Management Equity Incentive Plan. We do not believe that equity awards and the related expense under our 2006 Management Equity Incentive Plan, which we intend to terminate in connection with this offering, will be useful in predicting stock compensation expense that we may incur under the new equity incentive plan that we intend to adopt in connection with this offering. However, we do expect to incur stock compensation expense under the new plan, and you should see "Compensation discussion and analysis—Components of compensation—Equity-based compensation" and "Executive compensation—2010 Equity incentive plan" for more information about that plan; and
 - The write-off of certain pre-CCMP Transaction excess inventory recorded in the year ended December 31, 2008 was a non-cash charge that we believe does not reflect cash outflows after our acquisition by CCMP.
- (b) Represents the following transaction costs and fees relating to our senior secured credit facilities:
- transaction costs relating to the CCMP Transactions recorded in the Predecessor Period from January 1, 2006 through November 10, 2006 and the Successor Period from November 11, 2006 through December 31, 2008, which consisted primarily of the expense incurred by our Predecessor when grants under its Equity Appreciation Share Plan vested upon the change of control triggered by the CCMP Transactions, as described in Note 9 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus;
 - for all periods after 2006, administrative agent fees and revolving credit facility commitment fees under our senior secured credit facilities, which we believe to be akin to, or associated with, interest expense and whose inclusion in Adjusted EBITDA is therefore similar to the inclusion of interest expense in that calculation;
 - for all periods after 2006, transaction costs relating to repurchases of debt under our first and second lien credit facilities by affiliates of CCMP, which CCMP's affiliates contributed to our company in exchange for the issuances of securities described in "Certain relationships and related person transactions—Issuances of securities," which repurchases we do not expect to recur following the consummation of this offering; and
 - for the nine months and twelve months ended September 30, 2009, \$0.3 million in transaction costs relating to this offering, which we do not believe reflect our ongoing operations.
- (c) Represents non-cash gains on the extinguishment of debt repurchased by affiliates of CCMP, as described in note (b) above, which we do not expect to recur following the consummation of this offering.
- (d) Primarily represents severance costs incurred from restructuring-related activities. For the year ended December 31, 2007, consists of \$1.4 million of severance costs and \$0.6 million of other restructuring-related costs. We do not believe the charges for restructuring-related activities in the year ended December 31, 2007 reflect our ongoing operations. Although we have incurred severance costs in most of the periods set forth in the table above, it is difficult to predict the amounts of similar costs in the future, and we believe that adjusting for these costs aids in measuring the performance of our ongoing operations. We believe that these costs will tend to be immaterial to our results of operations in future periods.
- (e) Represents management, consulting, monitoring, transaction and advisory fees and related expenses paid or accrued to affiliates of CCMP and affiliates of Unitas under the advisory services and monitoring agreement described in "Certain relationships and related person transactions—Advisory services and monitoring agreement." Upon consummation of this offering, this agreement will automatically terminate, and, accordingly, we believe that these expenses do not reflect the expenses of our ongoing operations after this offering.
- (f) Represents fees on letters of credit outstanding under our senior secured credit facilities, which we believe to be akin to, or associated with, interest expense and whose inclusion in Adjusted EBITDA is therefore similar to the inclusion of interest expense.
- (g) Represents franchise and business activity taxes paid at the state level. We believe that the inclusion of these taxes in calculating Adjusted EBITDA is similar to the inclusion of income taxes, as set forth in the table above.
- (h) Represents interest earned on cash held at Generac Holdings Inc. We exclude these amounts because we do not include them in the calculation of "Covenant EBITDA" under and as defined in our senior secured credit facilities.
- (7) Includes our Series A Preferred Stock and Class B Voting Common Stock. See Note 6 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

Risk factors

An investment in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the following risks, as well as the other information contained in this prospectus, before making an investment decision. If any of the following risks, as well as other risks and uncertainties that are not yet identified or that we currently think are immaterial, actually occur, our business, results of operations or financial condition could be materially and adversely affected. In such an event, the trading price of our common stock could decline and you could lose part or all of your investment.

Risks related to our business and industry

Demand for our products is significantly affected by unpredictable major power-outage events that can lead to substantial variations in, and uncertainties regarding, our financial results from period to period.

Sales of our products are subject to consumer buying patterns, and demand for our products is affected by weather-driven and other outage events, including thunderstorms, hurricanes, ice storms and blackouts caused by grid reliability issues. Sustained periods without major power disruptions can lead to reduced consumer awareness of the benefits of standby and portable generator products and can result in reduced sales and excess inventory. For example, in 2007, our net sales declined significantly from the prior year, and this decline was driven in part by the fact that the storm seasons in the two years leading up to and including 2007 resulted in fewer power outages than in the prior years. The lack of major power-outage events can affect our net sales in the quarters following a given storm season. Unpredictable fluctuations in demand are therefore part of managing our business, and these fluctuations could have an adverse effect on our net sales and profits.

Demand for our standby generators is significantly affected by durable goods spending by consumers and businesses and other macroeconomic conditions.

Our business is affected by general economic conditions, and uncertainty or adverse changes such as the recent downturn in worldwide economic conditions and the impact of the credit crisis could lead to a significant decline in demand for our products and pressure to reduce our prices. Our sales of light-commercial and industrial generators are affected by conditions in the non-residential construction sector and by the capital investment trends for small and large businesses and municipalities. For example, lower capital spending by our industrial national account and other industrial and commercial customers caused an 8.5% decline in net sales to the industrial and commercial market in the nine months ended September 30, 2009. If these businesses and municipalities cannot access credit markets or do not utilize discretionary funds to purchase our products as a result of the economy or other factors, our business could suffer. In addition, consumer confidence and home remodeling expenditures have a significant impact on sales of our residential products, and prolonged periods of weakness in consumer durable goods spending could have a material impact on our business. Typically, we do not have contracts with our customers, and we cannot guarantee that our current customers will continue to purchase our products. If general economic conditions or consumer confidence were to worsen, or if the non-residential construction sector or rate of capital investments were to decline, our net sales and profits would likely be adversely affected.

Decreases in the availability, or increases in the cost, of raw materials and key components we use could materially reduce our earnings.

The principal raw materials that we use to produce our generators are steel, copper and aluminum. We also source a significant number of component parts that we utilize to manufacture our generators from third parties. The prices of those raw materials and components are susceptible to significant fluctuations due to trends in supply and demand, transportation costs, government regulations and tariffs, price controls, economic conditions and other unforeseen circumstances beyond our control. We do not have long-term supply contracts in place to ensure the raw materials and components we use are available in necessary amounts or at fixed prices. If we are unable to mitigate raw material or component price increases through product design improvements, price increases to our customers or hedging transactions, our profitability could be adversely affected. For example, in 2008, we experienced a 4.8% decrease in gross margin percentage, partially due to increases in commodity prices, including steel, copper and aluminum. Also, our ability to continue to obtain materials and components is subject to the continued reliability and viability of our suppliers, including in some cases, suppliers who are the sole source of important components. If we are unable to obtain adequate, cost efficient or timely deliveries of required raw materials and components, we may be unable to manufacture sufficient quantities of products on a timely basis. This could cause us to lose sales, incur additional costs, delay new product introductions or suffer harm to our reputation.

The industry in which we compete is highly competitive, and our failure to compete successfully could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

We operate in markets that are highly competitive. Some of our competitors have established brands and are larger in size or are divisions of large diversified companies and have substantially greater financial resources. Some of our competitors may be willing to reduce prices and accept lower margins in order to compete with us. In addition, we could face new competition from large international or domestic companies with established industrial brands that enter the generator market. Demand for our products may also be affected by our ability to respond to changes in design and functionality, to respond to downward pricing pressure, and to provide shorter lead times for our products than our competitors. If we are unable to respond successfully to these competitive pressures, we could lose market share, which would have an adverse impact on our results. For more information, see "Business—Competition."

Our industry is subject to technological change, and our failure to continue developing new and improved products and to bring these products rapidly to market could have an adverse impact on our business.

New products, or refinements and improvements of existing products, may have technical failures, their introduction may be delayed, they may have higher production costs than originally expected or they may not be accepted by our customers. If we are not able to anticipate, identify, develop and market high quality products in line with technological advancements that respond to changes in customer preferences, demand for our products could decline and our operating results could be adversely affected.

We rely on independent dealers and distribution partners, and the loss of these dealers and distribution partners, or of any of our sales arrangements with significant private label, telecommunications or retail customers, would adversely affect our business.

In addition to our direct sales force and manufacturer sales representatives, we depend on the services of independent distributors and dealers to sell our products and provide service and aftermarket support to our customers. We also rely upon our distribution channels to drive awareness for our product categories and our brands. In addition, we sell our products to our customers through private label arrangements with leading HVAC equipment, electrical equipment and construction machinery companies, arrangements with top retailers and our direct national accounts with telecommunications and industrial customers. Our distribution agreements and any contracts we have with large telecommunications, retail and other customers are typically not exclusive, and many of the distributors and customers with whom we do business offer products and services of our competitors. Impairment of our relationships with our distributors, dealers or large customers, loss of a substantial number of these distributors or dealers or of one or more large customers, or an increase in our distributors' or dealers' sales of our competitors' products to our customers or of our large customers' purchases of our competitors' products could materially reduce our sales and profits. Also, our ability to successfully realize our growth strategy is dependent in part on our ability to identify, attract and retain new distributors at all layers of our distribution platform, and we cannot be certain that we will be successful in these efforts.

Our business could be negatively impacted if we fail to adequately protect our intellectual property rights or if third parties claim that we are in violation of their intellectual property rights.

We view our intellectual property rights, including those relating to our Generac® brand name, fuel management systems and MPS technology, as important assets. We seek to protect our intellectual property rights through a combination of patent, trademark, copyright and trade secret laws, as well as licensing and confidentiality agreements. These protections may not be adequate to prevent third parties from using our intellectual property without our authorization, breaching any confidentiality agreements with us, copying or reverse engineering our products, or developing and marketing products that are substantially equivalent to or superior to our own. The unauthorized use of our intellectual property by others could reduce our competitive advantage and harm our business. If it became necessary for us to litigate to protect these rights, any proceedings could be burdensome and costly and we may not prevail. We cannot guarantee that any patents, issued or pending, will provide us with any competitive advantage or will not be challenged by third parties. Moreover, the expiration of our patents may lead to increased competition with respect to certain products.

In addition, we cannot be certain that we do not or will not infringe third parties' intellectual property rights. Any such claim, even if it is without merit, may be expensive and time-consuming to defend, subject us to damages, cause us to cease making, using or selling certain products that incorporate the disputed intellectual property, require us to redesign our products, divert management time and attention and/or require us to enter into costly royalty or licensing arrangements.

A third party has an exclusive perpetual license to use the trademark "Generac Portable Products" in connection with the manufacture and sale of certain engine driven consumer products. Currently, this third party is not using this trademark. However, in the event that it

uses this trademark in the future, we could suffer competitive confusion and our business could be negatively impacted. See "Business—History."

Our operations are subject to various environmental, health and safety laws and regulations, and non-compliance with or liabilities under such laws and regulations could result in substantial costs, fines, sanctions and claims.

Our operations are subject to a variety of foreign, federal, state and local environmental, health and safety laws and regulations including those governing, among other things, emissions to air, discharges to water, noise, the generation, handling, storage, transportation, treatment and disposal of waste and other materials. In addition, under federal and state environmental laws, we could be required to investigate, remediate and/or monitor the effects of the release or disposal of materials both at sites associated with past and present operations and at third-party sites where wastes generated by our operations were disposed. This liability may be imposed retroactively and whether or not we caused, or had any knowledge of, the existence of these materials and may result in our paying more than our fair share of the related costs. Violations of or liabilities under such laws and regulations could result in substantial costs, fines and civil or criminal proceedings or personal injury and workers' compensation claims.

Our products are subject to substantial government regulation.

Our products are subject to extensive statutory and regulatory requirements governing, among other things, emissions and noise, including standards imposed by the federal Environmental Protection Agency, or EPA, state regulatory agencies, such as the California Air Resources Board, or CARB, and other regulatory agencies around the world. These laws are constantly evolving and many are becoming increasingly stringent. Changes in applicable laws or regulations, or in the enforcement thereof, could require us to redesign our products and could adversely affect our business or financial condition in the future. Developing and marketing products to meet such new requirements could result in substantial additional costs that may be difficult to recover in some markets. In some cases, we may be required to modify our projects or develop new products to comply with new regulations, particularly those relating to air emissions. For example, we were required to modify our natural gas and liquid propane-fueled engines and generators by January 1, 2009 to comply with emissions standards in the United States. While we have been able to meet previous deadlines, failure to comply with other existing and future regulatory standards could adversely affect our position in the markets we serve.

We may incur costs and liabilities as a result of product liability claims.

We face a risk of exposure to product liability claims in the event that the use of our products is alleged to have resulted in injury or other damage. Although we currently maintain product liability insurance coverage, we may not be able to obtain such insurance on acceptable terms in the future, if at all, or obtain insurance that will provide adequate coverage against potential claims. Product liability claims can be expensive to defend and can divert the attention of management and other personnel for long periods of time, regardless of the ultimate outcome. An unsuccessful product liability defense could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, and results of operations. In addition, we believe our business depends on the strong brand reputation we have developed. If our reputation is damaged, we

may face difficulty in maintaining our market share and pricing with respect to some of our products, which would reduce our sales and profitability.

The loss of any key members of our senior management team or key employees could disrupt our operations and harm our business.

Our success depends, in part, on the efforts of certain key individuals, including the members of our senior management team, who have significant experience in the generator industry. If, for any reason, our senior executives do not continue to be active in management, or if our key employees leave our company, our business, financial condition or results of operations could be adversely affected. Failure to continue to attract these individuals at reasonable compensation levels could have a material adverse effect on our business, liquidity and results of operations. Although we do not anticipate that we will have to replace any of these individuals in the near future, the loss of the services of any of our key employees could disrupt our operations and have a material adverse effect on our business.

Disruptions caused by labor disputes or organized labor activities could harm our business.

Currently, less than 3% of our workforce is a member of a labor union. In addition, we may from time to time experience union organizing activities in our non-union facilities. Disputes with the current labor union or new union organizing activities could lead to work slowdowns or stoppages and make it difficult or impossible for us to meet scheduled delivery times for product shipments to our customers, which could result in loss of business. In addition, union activity could result in higher labor costs, which could harm our financial condition, results of operations and competitive position.

We may experience material disruptions to our manufacturing operations.

While we seek to operate our facilities in compliance with applicable rules and regulations and take measures to minimize the risks of disruption at our facilities, a material disruption at one of our manufacturing facilities could prevent us from meeting customer demand, reduce our sales and/or negatively impact our financial results. Any of our manufacturing facilities, or any of our machines within an otherwise operational facility, could cease operations unexpectedly due to a number of events, including:

- equipment or information technology infrastructure failure;
- disruptions in the transportation infrastructure including roads, bridges, railroad tracks;
- fires, floods, earthquakes, or other catastrophes; and
- other operational problems.

In addition, all of our manufacturing and production facilities are located in Wisconsin within a 30-mile radius. We could experience prolonged periods of reduced production due to unforeseen events occurring in or around our manufacturing facilities in Wisconsin. In the event of a business interruption at our Wisconsin facilities, we may be unable to shift manufacturing capabilities to alternate locations, accept materials from suppliers or meet customer shipment needs, among other severe consequences. Such an event could have a material and adverse impact on our financial condition and results of our operations.

A significant portion of our purchased components are sourced in foreign countries, exposing us to additional risks that may not exist in the United States.

We source a significant portion of our purchased components overseas, primarily in Asia. Our international sourcing subjects us to a number of potential risks in addition to the risks associated with third-party sourcing generally. Such risks include:

- inflation or changes in political and economic conditions;
- unstable regulatory environments;
- changes in import and export duties;
- domestic and foreign customs and tariffs;
- currency rate fluctuations;
- trade restrictions;
- labor unrest;
- logistical and communications challenges; and
- other restraints and burdensome taxes.

These factors may have an adverse effect on our ability to source our purchased components overseas. In particular, if the U.S. dollar were to depreciate significantly against the currencies in which we purchase raw materials from foreign suppliers, our cost of goods sold could increase materially, which would adversely affect our results of operations.

As a U.S. corporation that sources components in foreign countries, we are subject to the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act. A determination that we violated this act may affect our business and operations adversely.

As a U.S. corporation, we are subject to the regulations imposed by the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, or the FCPA, which generally prohibits U.S. companies and their intermediaries from making improper payments to foreign officials for the purpose of obtaining or keeping business. Any determination that we have violated the FCPA could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, operating results and cash flows.

We have significant tax assets, usage of which may be subject to limitations in the future.

As of September 30, 2009, we had \$156.9 million of net operating losses for U.S. federal income tax purposes. While this offering of our common stock will not result in a change of control under Section 382 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, any subsequent accumulations of common stock ownership leading to a change of control under that section, including through sales of stock by large stockholders after this offering, all of which are out of our control, could limit our ability to utilize our net operating losses to offset future federal income tax liabilities.

Our total assets include goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangibles. If we determine these have become impaired in the future, net income could be materially adversely affected.

Goodwill represents the excess of cost over the fair market value of net assets acquired in business combinations. Indefinite-lived intangibles are comprised of certain trade names. At

September 30, 2009, goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangibles totaled \$665.9 million, most of which arose from the CCMP Transactions. We review goodwill and other intangibles at least annually for impairment and any excess in carrying value over the estimated fair value is charged to the results of operations. A reduction in net income resulting from the write-down or impairment of goodwill or indefinite-lived intangibles could have a material adverse effect on our financial statements. For example, in October 2008, due to an increase in our weighted average cost of capital and lower comparable public company market values resulting from weakening economic conditions, we determined that an impairment of goodwill existed and recorded a non-cash charge of \$503.2 million in 2008.

Goodwill and identifiable intangible assets are recorded at fair value on the date of acquisition. In accordance with FASB ASC (Accounting Standards Codification) Topic 350-20, goodwill and indefinite lived intangibles are reviewed at least annually for impairment and definite-lived intangible assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying value may not be recoverable. Future impairment may result from, among other things, deterioration in the performance of the acquired business or product line, adverse market conditions and changes in the competitive landscape, adverse changes in applicable laws or regulations, including changes that restrict the activities of the acquired business or product line, and a variety of other circumstances. The amount of any impairment is recorded as a charge to the statement of operations. We may never realize the full value of our intangible assets. Any future determination requiring the write-off of a significant portion of intangible assets would have an adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations. See "Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations" for details.

We may need additional capital to finance our growth strategy or to refinance our existing credit facilities, and we may not be able to obtain it on acceptable terms, or at all, which may limit our ability to grow.

We may require additional financing to expand our business. Financing may not be available to us or may be available to us only on terms that are not favorable. The terms of our senior secured credit facilities limit our ability to incur additional debt. In addition, economic conditions, including any further downturn or crisis in the credit markets, could impact our ability to finance our growth on acceptable terms or at all. If we are unable to raise additional funds or obtain capital on acceptable terms, we may have to delay, modify or abandon some or all of our growth strategies. Our revolving credit facility matures in November 2012, our first lien term loan facility matures in November 2013 and our second lien term loan facility matures in May 2014. If we are unable to refinance these facilities on acceptable terms, our liquidity could be adversely affected.

We have a recent history of net losses.

We have incurred net losses during the periods following the CCMP Transactions. For the Successor Period of 2006 and the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2008, we incurred net losses of \$16.0 million, \$9.7 million and \$556.0 million (includes a non-cash goodwill and trade name impairment charge of \$583.5 million), respectively. Achieving profitability depends upon numerous factors, including our ability to generate increased net sales and our ability to control expenses. We can make no assurances that we will achieve profitability, or if we do,

that we will be able to sustain or increase profitability in the future. Failure to achieve profitability could have an adverse impact on the trading prices of our common stock.

We are unable to determine the specific impact of changes in selling prices or changes in volumes of our products on our net sales.

Because of the wide range of products that we sell, the level of customization for many of our products, the frequent rollout of new products and the fact that we do not apply pricing changes uniformly across our entire portfolio of products, we are unable to determine with specificity the effect of volume changes or changes in selling prices on our net sales.

Risks relating to this offering

Management may invest or spend our net proceeds from this offering in ways that may not yield an acceptable return to you.

Although we plan to use a portion of our net proceeds from this offering to pay down a portion of our term loans and to pay fees and expenses associated with the offering, we also may use a portion of the net proceeds for general corporate purposes. We will have broad discretion as to how we will spend such proceeds, and you will have no advance opportunity to evaluate our decisions and may not agree with the manner in which we spend such proceeds. We may not be successful investing the proceeds from this offering in either our operations or external investments.

We do not anticipate paying dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future.

We do not anticipate paying any dividends in the foreseeable future on our common stock. We intend to retain all future earnings for the operation and expansion of our business and the repayment of outstanding debt. In addition, the terms of our senior secured credit facilities limit our ability to pay dividends on our common stock. As a result, capital appreciation, if any, of our common stock will be your sole source of gain for the foreseeable future. While we may change this policy at some point in the future, we cannot assure you that we will make such a change. See "Dividend policy."

There has been no prior market for our common stock. The market price for our common stock could be volatile, which could cause the value of your investment to decline.

Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for our common stock, and an active trading market may not develop or be sustained after this offering. The market price for our common stock will vary from the initial public offering price after trading commences, and you may not be able to resell your shares of our common stock at or above the initial offering price. The initial public offering price will be determined by negotiation between us and the underwriters based upon a number of factors and may not be indicative of future market prices for our common stock. This could result in substantial losses for investors. The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly in response to a number of factors, some of which are beyond our control. These factors include, but are not limited to:

- developments in the generator industry;
- power outages and storms;

- the availability and cost of raw materials and components;
- strategic actions by us or our competitors, including the entrance to the market of new competition;
- our ability to continue to develop our distribution channels;
- the performance of third-party component suppliers;
- developments with respect to our brand name, patents and other intellectual property rights;
- environmental and product safety regulations;
- new laws or regulations or changes in existing laws or regulations applicable to our business;
- our ability to manufacture our products to commercial standards;
- additions or departures of key personnel;
- labor stoppages or strikes;
- our operating and financial performance and prospects;
- our quarterly or annual earnings or those of other companies in our industry;
- changes in earnings estimates or recommendations by securities analysts;
- changes in accounting standards, policies, guidance, interpretations or principles;
- changes in general economic conditions in the United States and global economies or financial markets, including such changes resulting from war or incidents of terrorism; and
- sales of our common stock by us, our principal stockholders or members of our management team.

In addition, the stock market has recently experienced significant price and volume fluctuations. This volatility has had a significant impact on the trading price of securities issued by many companies, including companies in our industry. The changes frequently occur irrespective of the operating performance of the affected companies. Hence, the trading price of our common stock could fluctuate based upon factors that have little or nothing to do with our business.

Future sales of our common stock may cause our stock price to decline.

If our stockholders sell substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market following this offering, the market price of our common stock could decline. These sales might also make it more difficult for us to sell additional equity securities at a time and price that we deem appropriate. Based on shares outstanding as of December 31, 2009, upon completion of this offering, we will have _____ shares of our common stock outstanding, including shares of restricted stock and stock awards we intend to grant to our named executive officers and other employees and certain of our directors at the time of this offering. All of the shares of our common stock sold in this offering will be freely tradable in the public market unless purchased by our "affiliates" as that term is defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act.

shares of our common stock held by our existing shareholders will be "restricted securities" as defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act.

In connection with this offering, we, our executive officers and directors and our significant stockholders have agreed that, subject to limited exceptions, for a period of 180 days from the date of this prospectus, we and they will not, directly or indirectly, offer, sell, offer to sell, contract to sell or otherwise dispose of any shares of our common stock without the prior written consent of J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Goldman, Sachs & Co., on behalf of the underwriters, except in limited circumstances. However, J.P. Morgan Securities and Goldman, Sachs & Co., in their sole collective discretion, may release any of the securities subject to these lock-up agreements at any time without notice.

Subject to the lock-up agreements, restricted securities may be sold into the public market in the future without registration under the Securities Act to the extent permitted under Rule 144. All of these restricted securities will be eligible for sale under Rule 144 following expiration of the lock-up agreements described above subject to limitations on sales by affiliates. In addition, commencing 180 days after the date of this prospectus, certain stockholders holding outstanding shares of these restricted securities will have registration rights which could allow those holders to sell their shares freely through a future registration statement filed under the Securities Act.

In addition, following the completion of this offering, we intend to file a registration statement on Form S-8 under the Securities Act to register an aggregate of shares of our common stock reserved for issuance under our Omnibus Plan, including an aggregate of shares that will be granted as restricted stock, shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options and shares granted to directors in connection with this offering. We may increase the number of shares registered for this purpose at any time. Subject to any restrictions imposed on the restricted shares and options granted under our Omnibus Plan, shares registered under the registration statement on Form S-8 will be available for sale into the public markets subject to the 180-day lock-up agreements referred to above.

If securities or industry analysts do not publish research or reports about our business, if they adversely change their recommendations regarding our common stock or if our results of operations do not meet their expectations, our common stock price and trading volume could decline.

The trading market for our common stock will be influenced by the research and reports that industry or securities analysts publish about us or our business. If one or more of these analysts cease coverage of our company or fail to publish reports on us regularly, we could lose visibility in the financial markets, which in turn could cause our stock price or trading volume to decline. Moreover, if one or more of the analysts who cover us downgrade recommendations regarding our stock, or if our results of operations do not meet their expectations, our stock price could decline and such decline could be material.

You will experience immediate and substantial dilution as a result of this offering and may experience additional dilution in the future.

The initial public offering price is substantially higher than the book value per share of our outstanding common stock. As a result, you will incur immediate and substantial dilution of \$ per share, based on an assumed public offering price of \$ per share, the

mid-point of the price range set forth on the cover of this prospectus. For additional information, see the section of this prospectus entitled "Dilution."

As a public company, we will be required to meet periodic reporting requirements under the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, rules and regulations. Complying with federal securities laws as a public company is expensive and we will incur significant time and expense enhancing, documenting, testing and certifying our internal control over financial reporting. Any deficiencies in our financial reporting or internal controls could adversely affect our business and the trading price of our common stock.

SEC rules require that, as a publicly-traded company following completion of this offering, we file periodic reports containing our financial statements within a specified time following the completion of quarterly and annual periods. Prior to this offering, we have not been required to comply with SEC requirements to have our financial statements completed and reviewed or audited within a specified time and, as such, we may experience difficulty in meeting the SEC's reporting requirements. Any failure by us to file our periodic reports with the SEC in a timely manner could harm our reputation and reduce the trading price of our common stock.

As a public company, we will incur significant legal, accounting, insurance and other expenses. The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as well as compliance with other rules of the SEC and the New York Stock Exchange, or NYSE, will increase our legal and financial compliance costs and make some activities more time-consuming and costly. Furthermore, once we become a public company, SEC rules require that our chief executive officer and chief financial officer periodically certify the existence and effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. Our independent registered public accounting firm will be required, beginning with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for our fiscal year ending on December 31, 2010, to attest to our assessment of our internal control over financial reporting. This process, which we have not undertaken in the past, will require significant documentation of policies, procedures and systems, review of that documentation by our internal accounting staff and our outside auditors and testing of our internal control over financial reporting by our internal accounting staff and our outside independent registered public accounting firm. This process will involve considerable time and expense, may strain our internal resources and have an adverse impact on our operating costs. We may experience higher than anticipated operating expenses and outside auditor fees during the implementation of these changes and thereafter.

During the course of our testing, we may identify deficiencies that would have to be remediated to satisfy the SEC rules for certification of our internal control over financial reporting. As a consequence, we may have to disclose in periodic reports we file with the SEC significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in our system of internal controls. The existence of a material weakness would preclude management from concluding that our internal control over financial reporting is effective and would preclude our independent auditors from issuing an unqualified opinion that our internal control over financial reporting is effective. In addition, disclosures of this type in our SEC reports could cause investors to lose confidence in our financial reporting and may negatively affect the trading price of our common stock. Moreover, effective internal controls are necessary to produce reliable financial reports and to prevent fraud. If we have deficiencies in our disclosure controls and procedures or internal control over financial reporting, it may negatively impact our business, results of operations and reputation.

Anti-takeover provisions in our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and by-laws could prohibit a change of control that our stockholders may favor and could negatively affect our stock price.

Upon the closing of this offering, provisions in our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and by-laws may make it more difficult and expensive for a third party to acquire control of us even if a change of control would be beneficial to the interests of our stockholders. These provisions could discourage potential takeover attempts and could adversely affect the market price of our common stock. These provisions may also prevent or frustrate attempts by our stockholders to replace or remove our management. For example, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and by-laws:

- permit our board of directors to issue preferred stock with such terms as they determine, without stockholder approval;
- provide that only one-third of the members of the board are elected at each stockholders meeting and prohibit removal without cause;
- require advance notice for stockholder proposals and director nominations; and
- contain limitations on convening stockholder meetings.

These provisions make it more difficult for stockholders or potential acquirers to acquire us without negotiation and could discourage potential takeover attempts and could adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

Risks relating to our capital structure

We have a substantial amount of indebtedness, which may adversely affect our cash flow and our ability to operate our business, remain in compliance with debt covenants and make payments on our indebtedness.

We have a significant amount of indebtedness. As of September 30, 2009, we had total indebtedness of \$1,091.5 million.

Our substantial level of indebtedness increases the possibility that we may be unable to generate cash sufficient to pay, when due, the principal of, interest on or other amounts due in respect of our indebtedness. Our substantial indebtedness, combined with our lease and other financial obligations and contractual commitments could have other important consequences. For example, it could:

- make it more difficult for us to satisfy our obligations with respect to our indebtedness, including financial and other restrictive covenants, which could result in an event of default under the agreements governing our indebtedness;
- make us more vulnerable to adverse changes in general economic, industry and competitive conditions and adverse changes in government regulation;
- require us to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations to payments on our indebtedness, thereby reducing the availability of our cash flows to fund working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions and other general corporate purposes;

- limit our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our business and the industry in which we operate;
- place us at a competitive disadvantage compared to our competitors that have less debt; and
- limit our ability to borrow additional amounts for working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions, debt service requirements, execution of our business strategy or other purposes.

Any of the above-listed factors could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Furthermore, our interest expense could increase if interest rates increase because debt under our senior secured credit facilities bears interest at a variable rate. If we do not have sufficient earnings to service our debt, we may be required to refinance all or part of our existing debt, sell assets, borrow more money or sell securities, none of which we can guarantee we will be able to do.

The terms of our senior secured credit facilities restrict our current and future operations, particularly our ability to respond to changes in our business or to take certain actions.

Our senior secured credit facilities contain, and any future indebtedness of ours or our subsidiaries would likely contain, a number of restrictive covenants that impose significant operating and financial restrictions on us and our subsidiaries, including restrictions on our ability to engage in acts that may be in our best long-term interests. Our senior secured credit facilities include a financial covenant that requires us not to exceed a maximum total leverage ratio.

As of September 30, 2009, Generac Power Systems was required to maintain a maximum leverage ratio of 7.25 to 1.00 and 7.50 to 1.00 under the first and second lien credit facilities, respectively. As of September 30, 2009, Generac Power Systems' leverage ratio was 6.37 to 1.00. The maximum leverage ratio decreases over time under both facilities. The more restrictive of the facilities is the first lien credit facility, which requires Generac Power Systems to have a leverage ratio of no greater than 6.75 to 1.00 in the fourth quarter of 2009 and in the first quarter of 2010, 6.50 to 1.00 in the second quarter of 2010, 6.25 to 1.00 in the third quarter of 2010, 5.75 to 1.00 in the fourth quarter of 2010 and the first quarter of 2011, 5.50 to 1.00 in the second quarter of 2011, 5.25 to 1.00 in the third quarter of 2011 and 4.75 to 1.00 in the fourth quarter of 2011 and thereafter. Failure to comply with this covenant would result in an event of default under our senior secured credit facilities unless waived by our lenders.

Our senior secured credit facilities require us to use a portion of excess cash flow and proceeds of certain asset sales that are not reinvested in our business and other dispositions to repay indebtedness under our senior secured credit facilities.

Our senior secured credit facilities also include covenants restricting, among other things, our ability to:

- incur liens;
- incur or assume additional debt or guarantees or issue preferred stock;
- pay dividends, or make redemptions and repurchases, with respect to capital stock;
- prepay, or make redemptions and repurchases of, subordinated debt;

- make loans and investments;
- make capital expenditures;
- engage in mergers, acquisitions, asset sales, sale/leaseback transactions and transactions with affiliates;
- change the business conducted by us or our subsidiaries; and
- amend the terms of subordinated debt.

The operating and financial restrictions and covenants in our senior secured credit facilities and any future financing agreements may adversely affect our ability to finance future operations or capital needs or to engage in other business activities. A breach of any of the restrictive covenants in our senior secured credit facilities would result in a default under our senior secured credit facilities. If any such default occurs, the lenders under our senior secured credit facilities may elect to declare all outstanding borrowings, together with accrued interest and other fees, to be immediately due and payable, or enforce their security interest, any of which would result in an event of default. The lenders will also have the right in these circumstances to terminate any commitments they have to provide further borrowings.

At September 30, 2008, we failed to satisfy the leverage ratio in our senior secured credit facilities. This default was cured by an equity contribution from affiliates of CCMP. However, CCMP and its affiliates are under no obligation to provide additional funds to us in the event of future covenant defaults.

After this offering, our principal stockholder will continue to have substantial control over us.

After the consummation of this offering, affiliates of CCMP will collectively beneficially own approximately % and affiliates of Unitas will collectively beneficially own approximately % of our outstanding common stock, and CCMP will collectively beneficially own approximately % and affiliates of Unitas will collectively beneficially own approximately % of our outstanding common stock if the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares is exercised in full, in each case assuming an initial offering price of \$ per share (the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus). See "Principal stockholders." As a consequence, CCMP or its affiliates will be able to exert a significant degree of influence or actual control over our management and affairs and will control matters requiring stockholder approval, including the election of directors, a merger, consolidation or sale of all or substantially all of our assets, and any other significant transaction. The interests of this stockholder may not always coincide with our interests or the interests of our other stockholders. For instance, this concentration of ownership may have the effect of delaying or preventing a change in control of us otherwise favored by our other stockholders and could depress our stock price.

Because affiliates of CCMP control more than 50% of the voting power of our common stock, we are a "controlled company" within the meaning of the NYSE's Listed Company Manual. Under the NYSE's Listed Company Manual, a controlled company may elect not to comply with certain NYSE corporate governance requirements, including requirements that: (1) a majority of the board of directors consist of independent directors; (2) compensation of officers be determined or recommended to the board of directors by a majority of its independent directors or by a compensation committee that is composed entirely of independent directors;

and (3) director nominees be selected or recommended by a majority of the independent directors or by a nominating committee composed solely of independent directors. Because we have taken advantage of the controlled company exemption to certain NYSE corporate governance requirements, our stockholders do not have the same protections afforded to stockholders of companies that are subject to all of the NYSE corporate governance requirements.

Conflicts of interest may arise because some of our directors are principals of our principal stockholder.

Upon the completion of this offering, representatives of CCMP and its affiliates will occupy a majority of the seats on our board of directors. CCMP or its affiliates could invest in entities that directly or indirectly compete with us or companies in which CCMP or its affiliates are currently invested may already compete with us. As a result of these relationships, when conflicts arise between the interests of CCMP or its affiliates and the interests of our stockholders, these directors may not be disinterested. The representatives of CCMP and its affiliates on our board of directors, by the terms of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation, are not required to offer us any transaction opportunity of which they become aware and could take any such opportunity for themselves or offer it to other companies in which they have an investment, unless such opportunity is expressly offered to them solely in their capacity as our directors.

Forward-looking statements

This prospectus contains forward-looking statements that are subject to risks and uncertainties. All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this prospectus are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements give our current expectations and projections relating to our financial condition, results of operations, plans, objectives, future performance and business. You can identify forward-looking statements by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. These statements may include words such as "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "project," "plan," "intend," "believe," "may," "should," "can have," "likely," "future" and other words and terms of similar meaning in connection with any discussion of the timing or nature of future operating or financial performance or other events.

The forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus are based on assumptions that we have made in light of our industry experience and on our perceptions of historical trends, current conditions, expected future developments and other factors we believe are appropriate under the circumstances. As you read and consider this prospectus, you should understand that these statements are not guarantees of performance or results. They involve risks, uncertainties (some of which are beyond our control) and assumptions. Although we believe that these forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, you should be aware that many factors could affect our actual financial results and cause them to differ materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus include estimates regarding:

- our business, financial and operating results and future economic performance;
- proposed new product and service offerings; and
- management's goals, expectations and objectives and other similar expressions concerning matters that are not historical facts.

Factors that could affect our actual financial results and cause them to differ materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking statements include:

- demand for our products;
- power outages and storms;
- availability of raw materials and key components used producing our products;
- competitive factors in the industry in which we operate;
- our dependence on our distribution network;
- our ability to invest in, develop or adapt to changing technologies and manufacturing techniques;
- changes in environmental, health and safety laws and regulations;
- loss of our key management and employees;

- increase in product liability claims; and
- other factors that are described under "Risk factors."

Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should any of these assumptions prove incorrect, our actual results may vary in material respects from those projected in these forward-looking statements.

Any forward-looking statement made by us in this prospectus speaks only as of the date on which we make it. Factors or events that could cause our actual results to differ may emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict all of them. We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise, except as may be required by law.

CCMP transactions

In November 2006, affiliates of CCMP, together with affiliates of Unitas and members of our management, purchased an aggregate of \$689 million of our equity capital. In addition, on November 10, 2006, Generac Power Systems borrowed an aggregate of \$1,380 million, consisting of an initial drawdown of \$950 million under a \$1.1 billion first lien secured credit facility and \$430 million under a \$430 million second lien secured credit facility. With the proceeds from these equity and debt financings, together with cash on hand at Generac Power Systems, we (1) acquired all of the capital stock of Generac Power Systems and repaid certain pre-transaction indebtedness of Generac Power Systems for \$2.0 billion, (2) paid \$66 million in transaction costs related to the transaction and (3) retained \$3.0 million for general corporate purposes.

We refer to the foregoing transactions collectively as the "CCMP Transactions."

Use of proceeds

We estimate that the net proceeds to us from our sale of _____ shares of our common stock in this offering will be \$ _____, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated expenses payable by us in connection with this offering. This assumes a public offering price of \$ _____ per share, which is the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover of this prospectus. We intend to use approximately \$ _____ of the net proceeds to pay down our second lien term loan in full and to repay a portion of our first lien term loan and approximately \$ _____ to pay fees and expenses associated with the offering. We will use the remainder of the net proceeds, if any, for general corporate purposes.

Our first and second lien term loans bear interest at rates based upon either a base rate or adjusted LIBOR rate plus an applicable margin. At September 30, 2009, the interest rates applicable to our first and second lien term loans were 5.7% and 9.2%, respectively. The maturity date for our first and second lien term loans are November 10, 2013 and May 10, 2014, respectively.

A \$1.00 increase (decrease) in the assumed initial public offering price of \$ _____ per share would increase (decrease) the net proceeds to us from this offering by \$ _____ million, assuming the number of shares offered by us, as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, remains the same and after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated expenses payable by us.

Dividend policy

We have never paid dividends on our common stock. After this offering, we intend to retain all available funds and any future earnings to reduce debt and fund the development and growth of our business, and we do not anticipate paying any dividends on our common stock. However, in the future, subject to the factors described below and our future liquidity and capitalization, we may change this policy and choose to pay dividends. Our ability to pay dividends on our common stock is currently restricted by the terms of our senior secured credit facilities and may be further restricted by any future indebtedness we incur. Our business is conducted through our principal operating subsidiary, Generac Power Systems. Dividends from, and cash generated by Generac Power Systems will be our principal sources of cash to repay indebtedness, fund operations and pay dividends. Accordingly, our ability to pay dividends to our stockholders is dependent on the earnings and distributions of funds from Generac Power Systems.

Any future determination to pay dividends will be at the discretion of our board of directors and will take into account:

- restrictions in our senior secured credit facilities;
- general economic and business conditions;
- our financial condition and results of operations;
- our capital requirements;
- the ability of Generac Power Systems to pay dividends and make distributions to us; and
- such other factors as our board of directors may deem relevant.

See "Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations."

Capitalization

The following table sets forth our capitalization as of September 30, 2009:

- on an actual basis reflecting the capitalization of Generac; and
- on a pro forma as adjusted basis to give effect to (1) the Corporate Reorganization and (2) the sale of _____ shares of our common stock in this offering by us at an assumed initial public offering price of \$ _____ per share (the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover of this prospectus) after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us, and the application of the net proceeds from this offering as described in "Use of proceeds."

As of September 30, 2009, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$134.1 million. We intend to use a substantial portion of our cash to further pay down debt under our first lien term loan.

This table should be read in conjunction with "Use of proceeds," "Selected historical consolidated financial data," "Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations" and the consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus.

(In thousands, except share data)	As of September 30, 2009	
	Actual	Pro forma as adjusted
Debt:		
Current portion of long-term debt	7,125	
Long-term debt, less current portion(1)	1,084,414	
Total debt(1)	1,091,539	
Series A Convertible Non-voting Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value, 20,000 shares authorized and 9,234 shares outstanding(2)	113,109	
Class B Convertible Voting Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, 110,000 shares authorized and 79,114 shares outstanding(2)	765,096	
Stockholders' equity:		
Class A Nonvoting Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, 31,200 shares authorized and 5,717 shares outstanding	0	
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, _____ shares authorized and _____ shares issued and outstanding(3)	—	
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, _____ shares authorized and _____ shares issued and outstanding(3)	—	
Additional paid-in capital	2,384	
Excess purchase price over predecessor basis	(202,116)	
Accumulated deficit	(550,519)	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(10,483)	
Stockholder notes receivable	(158)	
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	(760,892)	
Total capitalization	\$ 1,208,852	

(1) A \$1.00 increase (decrease) in the assumed initial public offering price of \$ _____ per share, the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover of this prospectus, would increase (decrease) our long-term debt, less current portion and total debt by \$ _____ million and would increase (decrease) equity by \$ _____ million, assuming the number of shares offered by us, as set forth on the cover of this prospectus,

remains the same and after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated expenses payable by us. To the extent we raise more proceeds in this offering, we will pay down a greater portion of our first and second lien term loans. To the extent we raise less proceeds in this offering, we will reduce the amount we pay down of our first and second lien term loans.

(2) See Note 6 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for a discussion of the features and accounting treatment of our Series A Preferred Stock and our Class B Voting Common Stock.

(3) Reflects the preferred stock and common stock to be outstanding following the Corporate Reorganization and upon completion of this offering.

Dilution

If you invest in our common stock in this offering, your ownership interest will be diluted to the extent of the difference between the initial public offering price per share and the pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value per share of our common stock upon the completion of this offering.

As of September 30, 2009, our net tangible book value was approximately negative \$801.3 million, and our net tangible book value per share, on a pro forma basis after giving effect to the Corporate Reorganization but before giving effect to this offering, would be \$ _____ per share. Our net tangible book value per share represents the amount of our total tangible assets less total liabilities, divided by the total pro forma number of shares of common stock outstanding as of September 30, 2009, assuming the Corporate Reorganization had been completed as of that date. Dilution in net tangible book value per share represents the difference between the amount per share paid by purchasers of common stock in this offering and the pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value per share of common stock immediately after the completion of this offering.

After giving effect to (1) the conversion of our multiple outstanding series of capital stock into our common stock in the Corporate Reorganization, (2) the sale of our common stock at an assumed initial public offering price of \$ _____ per share (the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover of this prospectus), and after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us, (3) the application of the net proceeds from this offering as described in "Use of proceeds" and (4) the issuance of shares of restricted stock and other stock awards we intend to grant to our named executive officers and other employees and certain of our directors at the time of this offering, our pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value as of September 30, 2009 would have been approximately \$ _____, or \$ _____ per share. For more information on the number of common shares to be issued as a result of the Corporate Reorganization, see "Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations—Corporate reorganization."

This represents an immediate increase in pro forma net tangible book value of \$ _____ per share to our existing stockholders and an immediate dilution in pro forma net tangible book value of \$ _____ per share to new investors purchasing shares of our common stock in this offering at the initial public offering price.

The following table illustrates the dilution to new investors on a per share basis:

Assumed initial public offering price per share
Net tangible book value per share as of September 30, 2009
Increase in net tangible book value per share attributable to the Corporate Reorganization
Pro forma net tangible book value per share as of September 30, 2009(1)
Increase in pro forma net tangible book value per share attributable to the sale of shares in this offering
Increase in pro forma net tangible book value per share attributable to the issuance of restricted stock
Pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value per share after this offering(2)
Dilution per share to new investors

(1) Represents the net tangible book value per share after giving effect to the conversion of our multiple outstanding series of capital stock into our common stock in the Corporate Reorganization.

(2) Represents the net tangible book value per share after giving effect to the conversion of our multiple outstanding series of capital stock into our common stock in the Corporate Reorganization, the sale of our common stock in this offering at an assumed initial public offering price of \$ _____ per share, the application of the net proceeds of this offering and the issuance of shares of restricted stock and other stock awards we intend to grant to our named executive officers and other employees and certain of our directors at the time of this offering.

A \$1.00 increase (decrease) in the assumed initial public offering price of \$ _____ per share (the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover of this prospectus) would increase (decrease) our pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value after this offering by \$ _____ million and increase (decrease) the dilution to new investors by \$ _____ per share, assuming the number of shares offered by us, as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, remains the same and after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

The following table summarizes, as of September 30, 2009, the total number of shares of our common stock we issued and sold, the total consideration we received and the average price per share paid to us by our existing stockholders and to be paid by new investors purchasing shares of our common stock in this offering. The table assumes an initial public offering price of \$ _____ per share (the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover of this prospectus) and the completion of the Corporate Reorganization and deducts underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us:

	Shares purchased		Total consideration		Average price per share
	Number	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Existing stockholders(1)		%	\$	%	\$
New investors					
Total		100%		100%	

(1) The number of shares purchased does not include _____ shares of restricted stock and other stock awards we intend to grant to our named executive officers and other employees and certain of our directors at the time of this offering.

A \$1.00 increase (decrease) in the assumed initial public offering price of \$ _____ per share (the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover of this prospectus) would increase (decrease) the total consideration paid by new investors by \$ _____ and the total consideration paid by all stockholders by \$ _____.

In addition, we may choose to raise additional capital due to market conditions or strategic considerations even if we believe we have sufficient funds for our current or future operating plans. To the extent that additional capital is raised through the sale of equity or convertible debt securities, the issuance of such securities could result in further dilution to our stockholders.

Selected historical consolidated financial data

The following table sets forth our selected historical consolidated financial data for the periods and at the dates indicated. The selected historical consolidated financial data for the period from January 1, 2006 through November 10, 2006 (Predecessor Period), the period from November 11, 2006 through December 31, 2006 (Successor Period) and the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2008 are derived from our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. The selected historical consolidated financial data for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2005 are derived from our historical financial statements not included in this prospectus.

The selected historical consolidated financial data for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2009 are derived from our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. In the opinion of management, the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the same basis as the audited consolidated financial statements and include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of our operating results and financial position for those periods and as of such dates. The results for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for a full year.

In November 2006, affiliates of CCMP, together with affiliates of Unitas and members of our management, formed Generac and, through Generac, acquired all of the capital stock of Generac Power Systems. See "CCMP transactions." Generac in all periods prior to November 2006 is referred to as "Predecessor," and in all periods including and after such date is referred to as "Successor." The consolidated financial statements for all Successor periods may not be comparable to those of the Predecessor Period.

The results indicated below and elsewhere in this prospectus are not necessarily indicative of our future performance. You should read this information together with "Capitalization," "Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations" and our consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus.

	Predecessor				Successor			
	Year ended December 31, 2004	Year ended December 31, 2005(1)	Period from January 1, 2006 through November 10, 2006	Period from November 11, 2006 through December 31, 2006	Year ended December 31, 2007	Year ended December 31, 2008	Nine months ended September 30, 2008 2009	
(Dollars in thousands)								
Statement of operations data:								
Net sales	\$ 354,233	\$ 518,763	\$ 606,249	\$ 74,110	\$ 555,705	\$ 574,229	\$ 401,605	\$ 434,284
Costs of goods sold	237,507	333,739	371,425	55,105	333,428	372,199	257,736	262,078
Gross profit	116,726	185,024	234,824	19,005	222,277	202,030	143,869	172,206
Operating expenses:								
Selling and service	33,905	41,777	45,800	5,279	52,652	57,449	41,068	44,863
Research and development	9,527	9,903	9,141	1,168	9,606	9,925	7,477	7,752
General and administrative	14,221	11,564	12,631	1,695	17,581	15,869	11,708	11,538
Amortization of intangibles(2)	—	—	—	8,576	47,602	47,602	35,604	38,863
Transaction-related expenses(3)	—	—	149,792	—	—	—	—	—
Goodwill and trade name impairment charge(4)	—	—	—	—	—	583,486	—	—
Total operating expenses	57,653	63,244	217,364	16,718	127,441	714,331	95,857	103,016
Income (loss) from operations	59,073	121,780	17,460	2,287	94,836	(512,301)	48,012	69,190
Other income (expense):								
Interest expense	(212)	(269)	(673)	(18,354)	(125,366)	(108,022)	(81,466)	(53,652)
Gain on extinguishment of debt(5)	—	—	—	—	18,759	65,385	5,311	14,745
Investment income	3,582	841	1,571	302	2,682	600	1,578	2,089
Other, net	(1,745)	(335)	(52)	(192)	(1,196)	(1,217)	(856)	(941)
Total other income (expense), net	1,625	237	846	(18,244)	(105,121)	(43,254)	(75,433)	(37,759)
Income (loss) before provision (benefit) for income taxes	60,698	122,017	18,306	(15,957)	(10,285)	(555,555)	(27,421)	31,431
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	476	726	5,519	—	(571)	400	12,769	324
Net income (loss)(6)	\$ 60,222	\$ 121,291	\$ 12,787	\$ (15,957)	\$ (9,714)	\$ (555,955)	\$ (40,190)	\$ 31,107
Income (loss) per share:								
Class A Common Stock(7)	n/m	n/m	n/m	(3,068)	(10,626)	(108,581)	(17,766)	(9,257)
Class B Common Stock(7)	n/m	n/m	n/m	139	1,051	1,148	850	938
Pro forma earnings per common share(8)								
Statement of cash flows data:								
Depreciation	4,570	5,046	4,654	936	6,181	7,168	5,286	5,818
Amortization	—	—	24	8,576	47,602	47,602	35,604	38,863
Expenditures for property and equipment	(12,802)	(7,029)	(6,225)	(720)	(13,191)	(5,186)	(3,877)	(2,902)

(Dollars in thousands)	As of December 31, 2004	As of December 31, 2005	As of December 31, 2006	As of December 31, 2007	As of December 31, 2008	As of September 30, 2009
Balance sheet data:						
Current assets	\$ 123,401	\$ 180,954	\$ 226,760	\$ 217,750	\$ 274,997	\$ 340,069
Property, plant and equipment, net	52,411	53,964	72,087	78,982	76,674	73,666
Goodwill	—	—	847,442	1,029,068	525,875	525,875
Other intangibles and other assets	3,464	4,024	817,720	582,859	448,668	406,716
Total assets	\$ 179,276	\$ 238,942	\$ 1,964,009	\$ 1,908,659	\$ 1,326,214	\$ 1,346,326
Total current liabilities	\$ 55,700	\$ 84,710	\$ 112,179	\$ 94,690	\$ 127,981	\$ 126,765
Long-term debt, less current portion	4,800	4,800	1,370,500	1,280,750	1,121,437	1,084,414
Other long-term liabilities	8,765	7,219	10,436	27,439	43,539	17,834
Redeemable stock(9)	—	—	685,667	747,070	843,451	878,205
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity(9)	\$ 179,276	\$ 238,942	\$ 1,964,009	\$ 1,908,659	\$ 1,326,214	\$ 1,346,326

(1) Our financial data for the year ended December 31, 2005 were derived from consolidated financial statements of Generac Power Systems as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005 that were audited by another audit firm whose report dated March 31, 2006 expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements. These results agree to those audited financial statements, except for adjustment for an accounting change related to revenue recognition such that the 2005 period is in compliance with SAB No. 104 and consistent with all other periods presented.

(2) Our amortization of intangibles expenses include the straight-line amortization of customer lists, patents and other intangibles assets.

(3) Transaction-related expenses incurred by the Predecessor, which primarily related to the settlement of the employee share appreciation program in connection with the CCMP Transactions.

(4) As of October 31, 2008, as a result of our annual goodwill and trade names impairment test, we determined that an impairment of goodwill and trade names existed, and we recognized a non-cash charge of \$583.5 million in 2008.

(5) During 2007, affiliates of CCMP acquired \$80.3 million principal amount of second lien term loans for approximately \$60.0 million. CCMP's affiliates exchanged this debt for additional shares of our Class B Common Stock. The fair value of the shares exchanged was \$60.0 million. We recorded this transaction as additional Class B Common Stock of \$60.0 million based on the fair value of the debt contributed by CCMP's affiliates, which approximated the fair value of shares exchanged. The debt is now held in treasury at face value. Consequently, we recorded a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$18.8 million, which includes a write-off of deferred financing fees and other closing costs in the consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2007.

During 2008, affiliates of CCMP acquired \$148.9 million principal amount of second lien term loans for approximately \$81.1 million. CCMP's affiliates exchanged this debt for additional shares of our Class B Common Stock and Series A Preferred Stock. The fair value of the shares exchanged was \$81.1 million. We recorded this transaction as Series A Preferred Stock of \$62.9 million and Class B Common Stock of \$18.2 million based on the fair value of the debt contributed by CCMP's affiliates, which approximated the fair value of shares exchanged. The debt is now held in treasury at face value. Consequently, we recorded a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$65.4 million, which includes a write-off of deferred financing fees and other closing costs in the consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2008.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, affiliates of CCMP acquired \$9.9 million principal amount of first lien term loans and \$20.0 million principal amount of second lien term loans for approximately \$14.8 million. CCMP's affiliates exchanged this debt for 1,475,459 shares of Series A Preferred Stock. The fair value of the shares exchanged was \$14.8 million. We recorded this transaction as additional Series A Preferred Stock of \$14.8 million based on the fair value of the debt contributed by CCMP's affiliates, which approximated the fair value of shares exchanged. The debt is now held in treasury at face value. Consequently, we recorded a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$14.7 million, which includes a write-off of deferred financing fees and other closing costs, in the consolidated statement of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2009.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2008, affiliates of CCMP acquired \$24.0 million principal amount of second lien term loans for approximately \$18.2 million. CCMP's affiliates exchanged this debt for 2,400 shares of Class B Common Stock. The fair value of the shares exchanged was \$18.2 million. We recorded this transaction as additional Class B Common Stock of \$18.2 million based on the fair value of the debt contributed by CCMP's affiliates, which approximated the fair value of shares exchanged. The debt is now held in treasury at face value. Consequently, we recorded a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$5.3 million, which includes a write-off of deferred financing fees and other closing costs, in the consolidated statement of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2008.

(6) Includes the following items:

- for the year ended December 31, 2004, a \$0.2 million non-cash charge related to losses on the sale of equipment and \$2.5 million related to employee severance costs; and
- for the year ended December 31, 2005, a \$0.4 million non-cash charge primarily related to losses on the sale of equipment, a \$1.3 million cash gain related to adjustments to a deferred compensation plan and \$0.5 million related to employee severance costs.

(7) n/m—Earnings per share for the Predecessor has not been presented since it is not meaningful due to changes in our equity structure that resulted from the CCMP Transactions.

(8) Represents earnings per common share after giving effect to the Corporate Reorganization, using conversion ratios based on the midpoint of the range presented on the cover page of this prospectus at the time of this offering for all periods presented, as these are indicative of the conversions that we anticipate occurring upon the consummation of this offering. As described in "Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations—Corporate reorganization," while the number of shares of Class A Common Stock to be issued to our Class B stockholders and our Series A Preferred stockholders in connection with the Corporate Reorganization may change, relative to each other, from increases or decreases in the initial offering price, the absolute aggregate number of shares of common stock to be issued to existing holders as a result of the Corporate Reorganization and the ratio of the number of shares to be issued to existing shareholders to the number of shares to be issued to new investors in the offering will not change. A \$1.00 change in the initial public offering price will not change pro forma earnings per common share for the year ended December 31, 2008 or the nine months ended September 30, 2009 by more than 2.0%.

(9) Includes our Series A Preferred Stock and Class B Common Stock. See Note 6 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read together with "Selected historical consolidated financial data" and the consolidated financial statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus. This discussion contains forward-looking statements, based on current expectations and related to future events and our future financial performance, that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of many factors, including those set forth under "Risk factors," "Forward-looking statements" and elsewhere in this prospectus.

Overview

We are a leading designer and manufacturer of a wide range of standby generators for the residential, industrial and commercial markets. As the only significant market participant focused exclusively on these products, we have one of the leading market positions in the standby generator market in the United States and Canada, having grown our revenues organically by a 16% CAGR since 2000. We design, engineer and manufacture generators with an output of between 800W and 9mW of power. We design, manufacture, source and modify engines, alternators, automatic transfer switches and other components necessary for our products. Our generators are fueled by natural gas, liquid propane, gasoline, diesel and Bi-Fuel™.

Business drivers and measures

In operating our business and monitoring its performance, we pay attention to a number of industry trends, performance measures and operational factors. The statements in this section are based on our current expectations.

Industry trends

Our performance is affected by the demand for reliable power solutions by our customer base. This demand is influenced by several important trends affecting our industry, including the following:

Increasing penetration opportunity. Although there have been recent increases in product costs for installed standby generators in the residential and light-commercial markets (driven in the last two years by raw material costs), these costs have declined overall over the last decade, and many potential customers are not aware of the costs and benefits of backup power solutions. We estimate that penetration rates for residential products are approximately 2% of U.S. single-family detached, owner-occupied households with a home value of over \$100,000, as defined by the U.S. Census Bureau's 2007 American Housing Survey for the United States, and penetration rates of many light-commercial outlets such as restaurants, drug stores, and gas stations are significantly lower than penetration of hospitals and industrial locations. We believe that by expanding our distribution network, continuing to develop our product line, and targeting our marketing efforts, we can continue to build awareness for our standby generators.

Effect of large scale power disruptions. Power disruptions are an important driver of consumer awareness and have historically influenced demand for generators. Disruptions in the aging U.S. power grid and tropical and winter storm activity increase product awareness and may drive consumers to accelerate their purchase of a standby or portable generator during the immediate and subsequent period, which we believe may last for six to twelve months for standby generators. While there are power outages every year across all regions of the country, major storm activity is unpredictable by nature and, as a result, our sales levels and profitability may fluctuate from period to period.

Impact of business capital investment cycle. The market for commercial and industrial generators is affected by the capital investment cycle and overall durable goods spending, as businesses either add new locations or make investments to upgrade existing locations. These trends can have a material impact on demand for industrial and commercial generators. However the capital investment cycle may differ for the various industrial and commercial end markets (industrial, telecommunications, distribution, retail health care facilities and municipal infrastructure, among others). The market for generators is also affected by general economic conditions and trends in durable goods spending by consumers and businesses.

Operational factors

We are subject to various factors that can affect our results of operations, which we attempt to mitigate through factors we can control, including continued product development, pricing and cost control. The operational factors that affect our business include the following:

New product start-up costs. When we launch new products, we generally experience an increase in start-up costs, including engineering expenses, air freight expenses, testing expenses and marketing expenses, resulting in lower gross margins after the initial launch of a new product. Margins on new product introductions generally increase over the life of the product as these start-up costs decline and we focus our engineering efforts on product cost reduction.

Effect of commodity and component price fluctuations. Industry-wide price fluctuations of key commodities, such as steel, copper and aluminum and other components we use in our products, can have a material impact on our results of operations. We have historically attempted to mitigate the impact of commodity and component prices through improved product design, price increases and select hedging transactions. Our results are also influenced by changes in fuel prices in the form of freight rates, which in some cases are borne by our customers and in other cases are paid by us.

Other factors

Other factors that affect our results of operations include the following:

Factors influencing interest and amortization expense. As a result of the CCMP Transactions, our interest expense and amortization expense have increased. Accordingly, our consolidated financial statements prior to November 2006 are not comparable to subsequent periods, primarily as a result of significantly increased interest expense and amortization expense. We anticipate that interest expense will decrease after completion of this offering because we intend to use a portion of the net proceeds from the offering to repay outstanding indebtedness.

Seasonality. Although there is demand for our products throughout the year, in each of the past three years approximately 20% to 25% of our net sales occurred in the first quarter, 22% to 31% in the second quarter, 26% to 29% in the third quarter and 21% to 30% in the fourth quarter, with different seasonality depending on the timing of outage activity in each year. We maintain a flexible production schedule in order to respond to weather-driven peak demand, but typically increase production levels in the second and third quarters of each year.

Transactions with CCMP

In November 2006, affiliates of CCMP, together with affiliates of Unitas and members of our management, purchased an aggregate of \$689 million of our equity capital. In addition, on November 10, 2006, Generac Power Systems borrowed an aggregate of \$1,380 million, consisting of an initial drawdown of \$950 million under a \$1.1 billion first lien secured credit facility and \$430 million under a \$430 million second lien secured credit facility. With the proceeds from these equity and debt financings, together with cash on hand at Generac Power Systems, we (1) acquired all of the capital stock of Generac Power Systems and repaid certain pre-transaction indebtedness of Generac Power Systems for \$2.0 billion, (2) paid \$66 million in transaction costs related to the transaction and (3) retained \$3 million for general corporate purposes. See "CCMP transactions."

During 2007, affiliates of CCMP acquired \$80.3 million principal amount of second lien term loans for approximately \$60.0 million. CCMP's affiliates exchanged this debt for additional shares of Class B Common Stock. The fair value of the shares exchanged was \$60.0 million. We recorded this transaction as additional Class B Common Stock of \$60.0 million based on the fair value of the debt contributed by CCMP's affiliates, which approximated the fair value of shares exchanged. The debt is now held in treasury at face value. Consequently, we recorded a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$18.8 million, which includes the write-off of deferred financing fees and other closing costs, in the consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2007.

During 2008, affiliates of CCMP acquired \$148.9 million principal amount of second lien term loans for approximately \$81.1 million. CCMP's affiliates exchanged \$24.0 million principal amount of this debt for additional shares of Class B Common Stock and \$124.9 million principal amount of this debt for shares of our Series A Preferred Stock. The fair value of the shares of our Class B Common Stock and Series A Preferred Stock so exchanged was \$18.2 million and \$62.9 million, respectively. We recorded this transaction as Series A Preferred Stock of \$62.9 million and Class B Common Stock of \$18.2 million based on the fair value of the debt contributed by CCMP's affiliates, which approximated the fair value of shares exchanged. The debt is now held in treasury at face value. Consequently, we recorded a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$65.4 million, which includes the write-off of deferred financing fees and other closing costs, in the consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2008.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, affiliates of CCMP acquired \$9.9 million principal amount of first lien term loans and \$20.0 million principal amount of second lien term loans for approximately \$14.8 million. CCMP's affiliates exchanged this debt for 1,475,4596 shares of Series A Preferred Stock. The fair value of the shares exchanged was \$14.8 million. We recorded this transaction as additional Series A Preferred Stock of \$14.8 million based on the fair value of the debt contributed by CCMP's affiliates, which approximated the fair value

of shares exchanged. The debt is now held in treasury at face value. Consequently, we recorded a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$14.7 million, which includes a write-off of deferred financing fees and other closing costs, in the consolidated statement of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2009.

In connection with such issuances of our Class B Common Stock to affiliates of CCMP in connection with debt exchanges in 2007 and 2008 and the satisfaction of preemptive rights under the shareholders' agreement described in "Certain relationships and related persons transactions" that arose from such issuances, affiliates of CCMP sold some of the shares of our Class B Common Stock they were issued in connection with such debt exchanges to an entity affiliated with CCMP, certain affiliates of Unitas and certain members of our management and board of directors. In addition, in connection with such issuances of our Series A Preferred Stock to affiliates and CCMP in connection with debt exchanges in 2008 and 2009 and the satisfaction of preemptive rights under the shareholders' agreement that arose from such issuances, during the nine months ended September 30, 2009, we issued 2,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$20.0 million in cash to an entity affiliated with CCMP and certain members of management and our board of directors, and affiliates of CCMP sold some of the shares of Series A Preferred Stock they were previously issued in connection with such debt exchanges to an entity affiliated with CCMP and a member of the board of directors at the same price.

Corporate reorganization

Our capitalization prior to the initial public offering consists of Series A Preferred Stock, Class B Common Stock and Class A Common Stock. Our Series A Preferred Stock is entitled to a priority return preference equal to a 14% annual return on the amount originally paid for such shares and equity participation equal to 24.3% of the remaining equity value of the Company. Our Class B Common Stock is entitled to a priority return preference equal to a 10% annual return on the amount originally paid for such shares. In connection with the initial public offering, we will undertake a corporate reorganization which will give effect to the conversion of our Series A Preferred Stock and Class B Common Stock into the same class of our common stock as will be issued in the offering while taking into account the rights and preference of those shares, including the priority returns of our Series A Preferred Stock and our Class B Common Stock and the equity participation rights of the Series A Preferred Stock. A reverse stock split is needed to reduce the number of shares to be issued to holders of our Class A and Class B Common Stock to the number that correctly reflects the proportionate interest of such stockholders in our company, taking into account the number of shares of common stock to be issued upon the conversion of our Series A Preferred Stock and the number and value of shares of common stock to be issued and sold to new investors in the offering.

The ratio for the reverse stock split will be estimated at the time of the determination of the offering price for this offering in such a way that, while the number of shares of Class A Common Stock to be issued to our Class B stockholders and our Series A Preferred stockholders in connection with the Class B Conversion and the Series A Preferred Conversion may change, relative to each other, from increases or decreases in the initial offering price, the absolute aggregate number of shares of common stock to be issued to existing holders as a result of the Corporate Reorganization and the ratio of the number of shares to be issued to existing shareholders to the number of shares to be issued to new investors in the offering will not change. The percentage of our outstanding common stock to be acquired by purchasers of

common stock in connection with this offering is, therefore, a function solely of the total number of shares of common stock to be issued in this offering and will not vary as a result of changes in the initial offering price. A more detailed description of the terms of our Series A Preferred Stock, Class B Common Stock and Class A Common Stock and the other aspects of our corporate reorganization are set forth below. We refer to the transactions described below as the "Corporate Reorganization."

Treatment of Class B Common Stock

Our current certificate of incorporation provides for the mandatory conversion of our Class B Voting Common Stock to Class A Common Stock in the event of an initial public offering, so that our Class B Common Stock is converted into the same class of our common stock that is to be offered in an initial public offering taking into account of the value, rights and preferences of our Class B Common Stock. In accordance with the terms of our current certificate of incorporation, at the time we enter into an underwriting agreement with respect to an initial public offering, each share of our Class B Common Stock will automatically convert into a number of shares of our Class A Common Stock equal to one plus the quotient obtained by dividing (i)(x) the amount paid for such share of Class B Common Stock plus (y) an increase to such amount equal to 10% per annum calculated and compounded quarterly on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months and which increased amount shall be deemed to have accrued on a daily basis (i.e., the "Class B Return"), by (ii) the public offering price (net of underwriting discounts and commissions). We refer to this as the "Class B Conversion." For purposes of calculating the number of shares of our Class A Common Stock into which shares of Class B Common Stock will convert, we have assumed an offering price of \$ _____ per share, the mid-point of the range on the cover page of this prospectus, and that the Class B Conversion will have occurred on _____, 2010, and, based on these assumptions, each share of our Class B Common Stock would convert into _____ shares of our Class A Common Stock (i.e., the "Class B Conversion Ratio"). As a result of the Class B Conversion, we will issue an aggregate of _____ shares of our Class A Common Stock.

Reverse stock split

Immediately following the Class B Conversion, we will effect a _____ for one reverse stock split of our then outstanding shares of Class A Common Stock, including those shares of our Class A Common Stock issued as part of the Class B Conversion, which will decrease the number of shares of our Class A Common Stock immediately after the Class B Conversion from _____ shares to _____ shares. We refer to this as the "Reverse Stock Split." However, if the initial public offering price of our common stock differs from the midpoint of the range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, the reverse stock split ratio will be adjusted as described below under "—Effect of the reverse stock split."

Treatment of Series A Preferred Stock

The certificate of designations for our Series A Preferred Stock provides for the mandatory conversion of the Series A Preferred Stock to Class A Common Stock in the event of an initial public offering, so that our Series A Preferred Stock is converted into the same class of our common stock that is to be offered in an initial public offering taking into account of the value, rights and preferences of our Series A Preferred Stock. In accordance with the terms of the certificate of designations to our Series A Preferred Stock and our current certificate of incorporation, promptly following the time we enter into an underwriting agreement with

respect to an initial public offering, each share of our Series A Preferred Stock will automatically convert into a number of shares of our Class A Common Stock equal to the sum of (A) the quotient obtained by dividing (i)(w) the amount paid for such share of Series A Preferred Stock plus (x) an increase to such amount equal to 14% per annum calculated and compounded quarterly on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months and which increased amount shall be deemed to have accrued on a daily basis (the "Series A Preferred Return"), by (ii) the public offering price (net of underwriting discounts and commissions), plus (B) the product of (y) a fraction, the numerator of which is one and the denominator of which is the number of shares of our Series A Preferred Stock outstanding at such time, and (z) an additional number of shares of our Class A Common Stock that, when added to the number of shares of our Class A Common Stock outstanding at such time, including after giving effect to the Class B Conversion and the Reverse Stock Split, without giving effect to the issuance of Class A Common Stock pursuant to clause (A) above, would equal 24.3% of the number of shares of our Class A Common Stock outstanding at such time. We refer to this as the "Series A Preferred Conversion." For purposes of calculating the number of shares of Class A Common Stock into which our shares of Series A Preferred Stock will convert, we have assumed an offering price of \$ _____ per share, the mid-point of the range on the cover page of this prospectus, that the Series A Preferred Conversion will have occurred on _____, 2010, that the Class B Conversion and the Reverse Stock Split will have occurred, and, based on these assumptions, each share of our Series A Preferred Stock would convert into _____ shares of our Class A Common Stock (i.e., the "Series A Preferred Conversion Ratio"). As a result of the Series A Preferred Conversion, we will issue an aggregate of _____ shares of our Class A Common Stock. As discussed above, the Series A Preferred Return increases on a daily basis, and, accordingly, for each day that passes until an initial public offering, the number of shares of our Class A Common Stock into which our shares of Series A Preferred Stock would convert in connection with the Series A Preferred Conversion will increase by _____ shares per day, assuming that the offering is completed on _____, 2010 with an offering price of \$ _____ per share, the mid-point of the range on the cover of this prospectus, with an equivalent decrease in the number of shares to be issued upon conversion of our Class B Common Stock and Class A Common Stock through an adjustment to the Reverse Stock Split ratio.

A \$1.00 increase (decrease) in the assumed initial public offering price of \$ _____ per share, based on the mid-point of the offering range on the cover page of this prospectus, would increase (decrease) the aggregate number of shares of Class A Common Stock into which our Series A Preferred Stock will convert by _____ or _____, respectively.

Reclassification of Class A Common Stock

Prior to the consummation of this offering and after giving effect to the Class B Conversion, the Reverse Stock Split and the Series A Preferred Conversion, there will be _____ shares of Class A Common Stock which will be reclassified as common stock.

Effect of reverse stock split

As described above, the ratio for the Reverse Stock Split will be established at the time of the determination of the offering price for this offering in such a way that, while the number of shares of Class A Common Stock to be issued to our Class B stockholders and our Series A Preferred stockholders in connection with the Class B Conversion and the Series A Preferred Conversion may change, relative to each other, from increases or decreases in the initial offering price, the absolute aggregate number of shares of common stock to be issued to

existing holders as a result of the Corporate Reorganization and the ratio of the number of shares to be issued to existing shareholders to the number of shares to be issued to new investors in the offering will not change. The percentage of our outstanding common stock to be acquired by purchasers of common stock in connection with this offering is a function solely of the total number of shares of common stock to be issued in this offering and will not vary as a result of changes in the initial offering price.

Components of net sales and expenses

Net sales

Substantially all of our net sales are generated through the sale of our standby generators to the residential, commercial and industrial markets. We also sell air-cooled engines to certain customers and sell service parts to our dealer network. Net sales are recognized upon shipment of products to our customers. Net sales also includes shipping and handling charges billed to customers which are recognized at the time of shipment of products to our customers. Related freight costs are included in cost of sales. Our generators are fueled by natural gas, liquid propane, gasoline, diesel or Bi-Fuel™ systems with power output from 800W to 9mW. Our products are primarily manufactured and assembled at our Wisconsin facilities and distributed through over 17,000 outlets across the United States and Canada. Our smaller kW generators for the residential, portable and commercial markets are typically built to stock, while our larger kW products for the industrial markets are generally customized and built to order.

Our net sales are affected primarily by the U.S. economy, with 96% of our net sales for the year ended December 31, 2008 generated in the United States, and the remainder generated primarily in Canada.

We are not dependent on any one industry or customer for our net sales, with no single customer representing more than 7% of our net sales for the year ended December 31, 2008 and our top ten customers representing less than 32% of our net sales for the same period.

Costs of goods sold

The principal elements of costs of goods sold in our manufacturing operations are component parts, raw materials, factory overhead and labor. Component parts and raw materials comprised over 80% of costs of goods sold for the year ended December 31, 2008. The principal component parts are engines and alternators. We design and manufacture air-cooled engines for certain of our products smaller than 20kW. We source engines for some of our smaller products and all of our products larger than 20kW. We design all the alternators for our units and manufacture alternators for certain of our units. We also manufacture other generator components where we believe we have a design and cost advantage. We source component parts from an extensive global network of reliable, low-cost suppliers.

The principal raw materials used in our manufacturing processes and in the manufacturing of the components we source are steel, copper and aluminum. We are susceptible to fluctuations in the cost of these commodities, impacting our costs of goods sold. We seek to mitigate the impact of commodity prices on our business through a continued focus on product design improvements and price increases in our products. However, there is typically a lag between raw material price fluctuations and their effect on our costs of goods sold.

Other sources of costs include our manufacturing facilities, which require significant factory overhead, labor and shipping costs, are also significant sources of costs. Factory overhead includes utilities, support personnel, depreciation, general supplies and support and maintenance. Although we maintain a low-cost, largely non-union workforce and flexible manufacturing processes, our margins can be impacted when we cannot promptly decrease labor and manufacturing costs to match declines in net sales.

Operating expenses

Our operating expenses consist of costs incurred to support our marketing, distribution, engineering, information systems, human resources, finance, purchasing, risk management, legal and tax functions. All of these categories include personnel costs such as salaries, bonuses, employee benefit costs and taxes. We classify our operating expenses into four categories: selling and service, research and development, general and administrative, and amortization of intangibles.

Selling and service. Our selling and service expenses consist primarily of personnel expense, marketing expense, warranty expense and other sales expenses. Our personnel expense recorded in selling and services expenses includes the expense of our sales force responsible for our national accounts and other personnel involved in the marketing and sales of our products. Warranty expense, which is recorded at the time of sale, is estimated based on historical trends. Our marketing expenses include direct mail costs, printed material costs, product display costs, market research expenses, trade show expenses and media advertising. Marketing expenses generally increase as our sales efforts increase and are related to the launch of new product offerings and opportunities within selected markets or associated with specific events such as awareness marketing in areas impacted by storms, participation in trade shows and other events.

Research and development. Our research and development expenses support our nearly 100 active research and development projects. We currently operate three advanced facilities and employ over 100 engineers who focus on new product development, existing product improvement and cost reduction. Our commitment to research and development has resulted in a significant portfolio of approximately 50 U.S. and international patents and patent applications. Our research and development is expensed as incurred.

General and administrative. Our general and administrative expenses include personnel costs for general and administrative employees, accounting and legal professional services fees, information technology costs, insurance, travel and entertainment expense and other corporate expense. We expect our general and administrative expenses to increase in future periods as we expect to incur additional expenses associated with being a public company, including increased personnel costs, legal costs, accounting costs, board compensation expense, investor relations costs, higher insurance premiums and costs associated with our compliance with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, other applicable SEC regulations and the requirements of the NYSE.

Amortization of intangibles. Our amortization of intangibles expenses include the straight-line amortization of customer lists, patents and other intangibles assets.

Goodwill and trade name impairment charges. Goodwill represents the excess of the amount paid to acquire us over the estimated fair value of the net tangible and intangible assets acquired as of the November 2006 date of the CCMP Transactions.

Other indefinite-lived intangible assets consist of trade names. The fair value of trade names is measured using a relief-from-royalty approach, which assumes the fair value of the trade name is the discounted cash flows of the amount that would be paid had we not owned the trade name and instead licensed the trade name from another company.

In some periods, we have recorded a charge for the writedown of goodwill and trade names that was recorded in operating expenses. Please see "Critical accounting policies—Goodwill and other intangible assets" for additional detail on this charge.

Transaction-related expenses. In the year ended December 31, 2006, our operating expenses include one-time transaction-related expenses incurred during the Predecessor Period related to the CCMP Transactions.

Other income (expense)

Our other income (expense) includes the interest expense on the outstanding balances of our \$950.0 million first lien term loan, \$430.0 million second lien term loan and \$150.0 million revolving credit facility entered into in November 2006 and the amortization of debt financing costs. No amounts were outstanding under the revolving credit facility at September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008. The amounts borrowed under our term loans bear interest at rates based upon either a base rate or LIBOR, plus an applicable margin. We also earn interest income on our cash and cash equivalents, which is included in other income (expense). We also record expenses related to interest rate swap agreements, which had a notional amount of \$675.0 million outstanding at September 30, 2009 at an average rate of 5.04%. Other income (expense) may also include other financial items such as extinguishment of debt.

Taxes

Because we made a Section 338(h)(10) election in connection with the CCMP Transactions, we have \$1.5 billion of tax-deductible goodwill and intangible asset amortization remaining as of September 30, 2009 that we expect to generate cash tax savings of \$557 million through 2021, assuming continued profitability and a 38.5% tax rate. The amortization of these assets for tax purposes is expected to be \$122 million annually through 2020 and \$102 million in 2021, which generates annual cash tax savings of \$47 million through 2020 and \$39 million in 2021, assuming profitability and a 38.5% tax rate. Additionally, we have federal net operating loss, or NOL, carry-forwards of \$156.9 million as of September 30, 2009, which we expect to generate an additional \$55 million of federal cash tax savings at a 35% rate when and if utilized.

Based on current business plans, we believe that our cash tax obligations through 2021 will be significantly reduced by these tax attributes.

Critical accounting policies

Our critical accounting policies are more fully described in Note 2 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. As discussed in Note 2, the preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to

make estimates and assumptions about future events that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Future events and their effects cannot be determined with absolute certainty. Therefore, the determination of estimates requires the exercise of judgment. Actual results may differ from those estimates, and such differences may be material to the financial statements.

The most significant accounting estimates inherent in the preparation of our financial statements include a goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible asset impairment assessment, estimates as to the recovery of accounts receivable and inventory reserves, and estimates used in the determination of liabilities related to customer rebates, pension obligations, product warranty, product liability, interest rate swap derivative contracts and taxation.

Goodwill and other intangible assets

We perform an annual impairment test for goodwill and trade names and more frequently if an event or circumstances indicate that an impairment loss has been incurred. Conditions that would trigger an impairment assessment include, but are not limited to, a significant adverse change in legal factors or business climate that could affect the value of an asset. The analysis of potential impairment of goodwill requires a two-step process. The first step is the estimation of fair value of the applicable reporting unit. We have determined we have one reporting unit, and all significant decisions are made on a companywide basis by our chief operating decision maker. Estimated fair value is based on management judgments and assumptions with the assistance of a third-party valuation firm, and those fair values are compared with our aggregate carrying value. If our fair value is greater than the carrying amount, there is no impairment. If our carrying amount is greater than the fair value, then the second step must be completed to measure the amount of impairment, if any.

The second step calculates the implied fair value of the goodwill, which is compared to its carrying value. The implied fair value of goodwill is calculated by valuing all of the tangible and intangible assets of the reporting unit at the hypothetical fair value, assuming the reporting unit had been acquired in a business combination. The excess of the fair value of the entire reporting unit over the fair value of its identifiable assets and liabilities is the implied fair value of goodwill. If the implied fair value of goodwill is less than the carrying value of goodwill, an impairment loss is recognized equal to the difference.

As of October 31, 2008, we performed our annual goodwill impairment test. Our fair value was estimated based on a weighted analysis of discounted cash flows and comparable public company analysis (i.e., market approach). The rate used in determining discounted cash flows is a rate corresponding to our weighted average cost of capital, adjusted for risk where appropriate. In determining the estimated future cash flows, current and future levels of income are considered as well as business trends and market conditions. Due to an increase in the our weighted average cost of capital and lower comparable public company market values resulting from weakening economic conditions, the analysis indicated the potential for impairment.

We performed the second step of the goodwill impairment evaluation with the assistance of a third-party valuation firm and determined an impairment of goodwill existed. Accordingly, a non-cash charge of \$503.2 million was recognized in 2008 for goodwill impairment. There was no impairment recorded for the year ended December 31, 2007.

We performed our annual fair value-based impairment test on trade names as of October 31, 2008. As a result of the test, we recorded a non-cash charge of \$80.3 million for trade name impairment. The primary reason for this impairment charge related to a re-branding strategy, which was committed to in the fourth quarter of 2008 and resulted in our plan to discontinue use of the Guardian® trade name over time as we consolidate brands under the Generac label. Accordingly, this particular trade name was written down to its estimated realizable value of \$8.7 million, which will be amortized over its remaining useful life of two years.

When preparing a discounted cash flow analysis, we make a number of key estimates and assumptions. We estimate the future cash flows of the business based on historical and forecasted revenues and operating costs. This, in turn, involves further estimates, such as estimates of future growth rates and inflation rates. In addition, we apply a discount rate to the estimated future cash flows for the purpose of the valuation. This discount rate is based on the estimated weighted average cost of capital for the business and may change from year to year. Weighted average cost of capital includes certain assumptions such as market capital structures, market betas, risk-free rate of return and estimated costs of borrowing. Changes in these key estimates and assumptions, or in other assumptions used in this process, could materially affect our impairment analysis for a given year. Additionally, since our measurement also considers a market approach, changes in comparable public company multiples can also materially impact our impairment analysis.

As previously discussed, we recognized a \$503.2 million goodwill impairment charge and \$80.3 million trade name impairment charge in the fourth quarter of 2008. As economic conditions, market comparables and cash flows from operations have improved from the fourth quarter of 2008, we expect the fair value of our reporting unit to improve, and we believe that no further goodwill impairment is likely at this time.

In the long term, our remaining goodwill and trade name balances could be further impaired in future periods. A number of factors, many of which we have no ability to control, could affect our financial condition, operating results and business prospects and could cause actual results to differ from the estimates and assumptions we employed. These factors include:

- a prolonged global economic crisis;
- a significant decrease in the demand for our products;
- the inability to develop new and enhanced products and services in a timely manner;
- a significant adverse change in legal factors or in the business climate;
- an adverse action or assessment by a regulator; and
- successful efforts by our competitors to gain market share in our markets.

Our cash flow assumptions are based on historical and forecasted revenue, operating costs and other relevant factors. If management's estimates of future operating results change or if there are changes to other assumptions, the estimate of the fair value of our business may change significantly. Such change could result in impairment charges in future periods, which could have a significant impact on our operating results and financial condition.

Defined benefit pension obligations

The funded status of our pension plans is more fully described in Note 9 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. As discussed in Note 9, the pension benefit obligation and related pension expense or income are calculated in accordance with ASC 715-30, *Defined Benefit Plans—Pension*, and are impacted by certain actuarial assumptions, including the discount rate and the expected rate of return on plan assets.

Rates are evaluated on an annual basis considering such factors as market interest rates and historical asset performance. Actuarial valuations for fiscal year 2008 used a discount rate of 6.48% and an expected rate of return on plan assets of 9.0%. Our discount rate was selected using a methodology that matches plan cash flows with a selection of Moody's Aa or higher rated bonds, resulting in a discount rate that better matches a bond yield curve with comparable cash flows. In estimating the expected return on plan assets, we study historical markets and preserve the long-term historical relationships between equities and fixed-income securities. We evaluate current market factors such as inflation and interest rates before we determine long-term capital market assumptions and review peer data and historical returns to check for reasonableness and appropriateness. Changes in the discount rate and return on assets can have a significant effect on the funded status of our pension plans, stockholders' equity and related expense. We cannot predict these changes in discount rates or investment returns and, therefore, cannot reasonably estimate whether the impact in subsequent years will be significant.

The funded status of our pension plans is the difference between the projected benefit obligation and the fair value of its plan assets. The projected benefit obligation is the actuarial present value of all benefits expected to be earned by the employees' service adjusted for future potential wage increases. At December 31, 2008, the fair value of plan assets was less than the projected benefit obligation by approximately \$14.4 million.

Our funding policy for our pension plans is to contribute amounts at least equal to the minimum annual amount required by applicable regulations. We expect to contribute \$850,000 to our pension plans in 2009. See Note 9 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for a description of our pension plans.

We elected to freeze our pension plans effective December 31, 2008. This resulted in a cessation of all future benefit accruals for both hourly and salary pension plans. A curtailment liability gain of \$5.8 million related to the salary plan was recognized as a reduction to the unrecognized net loss, as the curtailment liability gain was less than the unrecognized net loss prior to the plan amendment and therefore did not impact the statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2008.

Allowance for doubtful accounts, excess and obsolete inventory reserves, product warranty reserves and other contingencies

The reserves, if any, for customer rebates, product warranty, product liability, litigation, excess and obsolete inventory and doubtful accounts are fact-specific and take into account such factors as specific customer situations, historical experience, and current and expected economic conditions. These reserves are reflected under Notes 2, 3, 4 and 13 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

Derivative accounting

We have interest rate swap contracts, or the Swaps, in place to fix a portion of our variable rate indebtedness. For 2006, 2007 and 2008, the Swaps were deemed highly effective per ASC 815 (formerly SFAS No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*) and therefore, any changes in fair value of these Swaps is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). As of January 3, 2009, in accordance with the terms of our senior secured credit facilities, we changed the interest rate election from three-month LIBOR to one-month LIBOR. As a result, we concluded that as of January 3, 2009, the Swaps no longer met hedge effectiveness criteria under SFAS No. 133. Future changes in the fair value of the Swaps will be immediately recognized in our statement of operations as interest expense, while the effective portion of the Swaps prior to the change will remain in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and will be amortized as interest expense over the period of the originally designated hedged transactions scheduled to end on January 4, 2010.

We estimated the fair value of the Swaps pursuant to ASC 815, *Derivatives and Hedging*, which defines fair value, establishes a consistent framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure for each major asset and liability category measured at fair value. When determining the fair value of the Swaps, we considered our credit risk in accordance with ASC 815. The fair value of the Swaps, including the impact of credit risk, at December 31, 2007 and 2008 was a liability of \$18.5 million and \$24.2 million, respectively.

Income taxes

We account for income taxes in accordance with ASC 740, *Income Taxes*. Our estimate of income taxes payable, deferred income taxes and the effective tax rate is based on an analysis of many factors including interpretations of federal and state income tax laws, the difference between tax and financial reporting bases of assets and liabilities, estimates of amounts currently due or owed in various jurisdictions, and current accounting standards. We review and update our estimates on a quarterly basis as facts and circumstances change and actual results are known.

We have generated significant deferred tax assets as a result of goodwill and intangible asset book versus tax differences as well as significant net operating loss carryforwards to date. In assessing the realizability of these deferred tax assets, we consider whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the years in which those temporary differences become deductible. We consider the scheduled reversal of deferred tax liabilities, projected future taxable income and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. As a result of this analysis, we have recorded a full valuation allowance against these net deferred tax assets.

On January 1, 2007, we adopted the provisions of ASC 740-10 (formerly known as FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes—an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109*). ASC 740-10 prescribes a comprehensive model for how a company should recognize, measure, present and disclose in its financial statements uncertain tax positions that a company has taken or expects to take on tax returns. As such, accruals for tax contingencies, if any, are provided for in accordance with the requirements of ASC 740-10.

Results of operations**Nine months ended September 30, 2009 compared to nine months ended September 30, 2008**

The following table sets forth our consolidated statement of operations data for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2008	2009
Net sales	\$ 401,605	\$ 434,284
Costs of goods sold	257,736	262,078
Gross profit	143,869	172,206
Operating expenses:		
Selling and service	41,068	44,863
Research and development	7,477	7,752
General and administrative	11,708	11,538
Amortization of intangibles	35,604	38,863
Total operating expenses	95,857	103,016
Income from operations	48,012	69,190
Total other expense, net	(75,433)	(37,759)
Income (loss) before provision (benefit) for income taxes	(27,421)	31,431
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	12,769	324
Net income (loss)	\$ (40,190)	\$ 31,107

Net sales. Net sales increased \$32.7 million, or 8.1%, to \$434.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 from \$401.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008. This increase was driven by a \$50.0 million, or 22.9%, increase in sales to the residential markets due to the introduction of our new air-cooled product line, increases in our points of distribution, our re-entry into the small kilowatt portable generator market in May 2008, and a strong winter storm season in the beginning of 2009 partially offset by the impact of a weaker summer storm season during the third quarter of 2009. Net sales were also impacted by increased selling prices on certain residential, commercial and industrial units, which we expect to continue to benefit our operations through the remainder of the year. The increase in home standby and portable generators was partially offset by a \$13.3 million, or 8.5%, decline in industrial and commercial sales as industrial national account and other customers lowered capital spending in late 2008 and 2009. Net sales for the three months ended September 30, 2009 declined \$20.8 million or 12.6% compared to the three months ended September 30, 2008, largely as a result of a decline in portable generator sales due to the weaker summer storm season and the decline in industrial and commercial sales referenced above.

Costs of goods sold. Costs of goods sold increased \$4.3 million, or 1.7%, to \$262.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 from \$257.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008. This increase was driven by an \$8.6 million increase in materials cost, primarily due to higher sales volumes offset by the impact of lower steel, copper and aluminum costs. Mitigating the increase in materials cost was a \$2.8 million decline in freight costs and a \$1.5 million decline in labor and overhead expenses.

Gross profit. Gross profit increased \$28.3 million, or 19.7%, to \$172.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 from \$143.9 million for the nine months ended

September 30, 2008, primarily due to the increase in net sales described above. As a percentage of net sales, gross profit increased to 39.7% for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 from 35.8% for the nine months ended September 30, 2008. We realized the margin improvement from price increases and improved sourcing of certain components and products, partially offset by higher sales of lower margin products. Gross profit for the three months ended September 30, 2009 increased \$8.7 million or 15.5% compared to the three months ended September 30, 2008, due to the gross margin improvement referenced above.

Operating expenses. Operating expenses increased \$7.2 million, or 7.5%, to \$103.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 from \$95.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008. This increase was attributable to a \$3.8 million increase in selling and service expenses due to higher variable expenses related to our increase in net sales, such as warranty, commission and credit card fees, as well as higher advertising costs. Amortization of intangibles also increased by \$3.3 million, primarily due to the recharacterization of a particular trade name with an estimated value of \$8.7 million net of impairment from indefinite-lived to defined life following the implementation of our re-branding strategy, whereby we are consolidating brands under the Generac label and began phasing out the particular trade name over time as described in "Critical accounting policies—Goodwill and other intangible assets." Research and development expenses increased \$0.3 million from ongoing product development. General and administrative expenses declined \$0.2 million due to cost reduction initiatives across the business.

Other expense. Other expense decreased \$37.7 million, or 49.9%, to \$37.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 from \$75.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008. This decrease was driven by a \$27.8 million decline in interest expense as a result of our reduction in indebtedness and lower LIBOR rates, offset by accounting for ineffectively hedged interest rate swaps resulting in additional net interest expense of \$1.3 million. Gains on extinguishment of debt also increased by \$9.4 million from \$5.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 to \$14.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009. The gains on extinguishment of debt and the related decrease in interest expense are due to the debt repurchases by affiliates of CCMP of \$104.3 million of our second lien term loans from September 2007 to April 2008, which such CCMP affiliates contributed to our company in exchange for shares of our Class B Voting Common Stock, and debt repurchases of \$154.8 million of our first and second lien term loans from December 2008 to July 2009, which such CCMP affiliates contributed to our company in exchange for shares of our Series A Preferred Stock. See "Certain relationships and related person transactions."

Income tax expense (benefit). Income tax expense was \$0.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and \$12.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008. During the nine months ended September 30, 2008, our tax basis in goodwill was lower than our book basis. As such, a deferred tax liability was recognized on our consolidated balance sheet. These deferred tax liabilities were considered to have indefinite lives and therefore were ineligible to be considered as a source of future taxable income in assessing the realization of deferred tax assets. This resulted in tax expense of \$12.8 million recorded in our consolidated statement of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2008.

Net income (loss). As a result of the factors identified above, we generated net income of \$31.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and a loss of \$40.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008.

Year ended December 31, 2008 compared to year ended December 31, 2007

The following table sets forth our consolidated statement of operations data for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)	Year ended December 31,	
	2007	2008
Net sales	\$ 555,705	\$ 574,229
Costs of goods sold	333,428	372,199
Gross profit	222,277	202,030
Operating expenses:		
Selling and service	52,652	57,449
Research and development	9,606	9,925
General and administrative	17,581	15,869
Amortization of intangibles	47,602	47,602
Goodwill and trade name impairment charges	—	583,486
Total operating expenses	127,441	714,331
Income (loss) from operations	94,836	(512,301)
Total other expense, net	(105,121)	(43,254)
Loss before provision for income taxes	(10,285)	(555,555)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(571)	400
Net loss	\$ (9,714)	\$ (555,955)

Net sales. Net sales increased \$18.5 million, or 3.3%, to \$574.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 from \$555.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2007. This increase was driven by a \$25.9 million, or 8.4%, increase in sales to the residential markets, partially offset by a \$9.5 million, or 21.9%, decrease in other sales driven by weakness in the RV market. The increase in sales to the residential markets was driven by our re-entry into the small kilowatt portable generator market in the second quarter of 2008, increased sales volumes of standby generators following the redesign of our air-cooled home standby generators and growth in our dealer and electrical wholesale points of distribution. Demand for home standby and portable products was also aided by heightened awareness following a strong hurricane and winter ice storm season. In 2008, we also experienced a modest increase in sales to commercial and industrial markets.

Costs of goods sold. Costs of goods sold increased \$38.8 million, or 11.6%, to \$372.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 from \$333.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2007. This increase was driven primarily by a \$35.1 million increase in materials cost due to higher steel, copper and aluminum prices and higher sales volumes. Additionally, labor expenses increased by \$3.2 million due to higher sales volumes.

Gross profit. Gross profit decreased \$20.2 million, or 9.1%, to \$202.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 from \$222.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2007. As a percentage of net sales, gross profit declined to 35.2% for the year ended December 31, 2008 from 40.0% for the year ended December 31, 2007. This decline was primarily due to the above-mentioned increases in commodity prices, as well as an increase in sales of lower margin products.

Operating expenses. Operating expenses increased \$586.9 million to \$714.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 from \$127.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2007. This increase is primarily attributable to a \$583.5 million goodwill and trade name impairment charge that was recorded in the fourth quarter of 2008. Excluding the goodwill and trade name impairment charge, operating expenses increased \$3.4 million, or 2.7%. This was driven primarily by a \$4.8 million increase in selling and service expenses due to increased sales volumes and associated increases in freight and warranty expenses. Research and development costs also increased by \$0.3 million from ongoing product development. As a percentage of net sales, operating expenses, excluding the goodwill and trade name impairment charge, declined to 22.8% for the year ended December 31, 2008 from 22.9% for the year ended December 31, 2007 due to cost management efforts, including a \$1.7 million decline in general and administrative expense and operating cost leverage over higher sales volumes.

Other expense. Other expense decreased \$61.9 million, or 58.9%, to \$43.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 from \$105.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2007. This decline was driven by a \$46.6 million increase in gains on the extinguishment of debt to \$65.4 million, as well as a \$17.3 million decrease in interest expense as a result of debt repurchases made during the year and the ongoing deleveraging of the business. The debt repurchases consisted of purchases by affiliates of CCMP of \$104.3 million of our second lien term loans from September 2007 to April 2008, which such CCMP affiliates contributed to our company in exchange for shares of our Class B Common Stock, and \$154.8 million of our first and second lien term loans from December 2008 to July 2009, which such CCMP affiliates contributed to our company in exchange for shares of our Series A Preferred Stock. See "Certain relationships and related person transactions."

Income tax expense (benefit). We incurred an income tax expense of \$0.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 compared to an income tax benefit of \$0.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2007.

Net income (loss). As a result of the factors identified above, we generated a net loss of \$556.0 million, for the year ended December 31, 2008, compared to a net loss of \$9.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2007.

Year ended December 31, 2007 compared to the combined year ended December 31, 2006

We compare the year ended December 31, 2007 (post-merger) and the combined periods from January 1, 2006 to November 10, 2006 (Predecessor) and from November 11, 2006 to December 31, 2006 (Successor) for purposes of management's discussion and analysis of the results of operations. Any references below to the year ended December 31, 2006 refer to the combined periods. Material fluctuations in operations resulting from the effect of purchase accounting have been highlighted.

U.S. GAAP does not allow for such combination of Predecessor and Successor financial results. We believe the combined results provide the most meaningful way to comment on our results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2006 compared to the year ended December 31, 2007 because discussion of any partial period comparisons would not be meaningful. The combined information is the result of merely adding the Predecessor and Successor columns, is not consistent with U.S. GAAP and does not include any pro forma assumptions or adjustments.

The following table sets forth our consolidated statement of operations data for the periods indicated:

	Predecessor		Successor	
	Period from January 1, 2006 through November 10, 2006	Period from November 11, 2006 through December 31, 2006	Combined year ended December 31, 2006	Year ended December 31, 2007
(Dollars in thousands)				
Net sales	\$ 606,249	\$ 74,110	\$ 680,359	\$ 555,705
Costs of goods sold	371,425	55,105	426,530	333,428
Gross profit	234,824	19,005	253,829	222,277
Operating expenses:				
Selling and service	45,800	5,279	51,079	52,652
Research and development	9,141	1,168	10,309	9,606
General and administrative	12,631	1,695	14,326	17,581
Amortization of intangibles	—	8,576	8,576	47,602
Transaction related expenses	149,792	—	149,792	—
Total operating expenses	217,364	16,718	234,082	127,441
Income from operations	17,460	2,287	19,747	94,836
Total other income (expense), net	846	(18,244)	(17,398)	(105,121)
Income (loss) before provision (benefit) for income taxes	18,306	(15,957)	2,349	(10,285)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	5,519	—	5,519	(571)
Net income (loss)	\$ 12,787	\$ (15,957)	\$ (3,170)	\$ (9,714)

Net sales. Net sales declined \$124.7 million, or 18.3%, to \$555.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2007 from \$680.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2006. This decline was driven by a \$121.1 million, or 28.3%, decline in sales to the residential markets, particularly in the regions where consumer durable purchases weakened in tandem with lower awareness. Awareness declined following less active 2006 and 2007 storm seasons compared to the significant hurricane activity in 2005, which led to increased 2006 net sales above the historical trend. The decrease in net sales in 2007 followed two years of significant net sales increases, 31.2% in the year ended December 31, 2006 from \$518.8 million in the year ended December 31, 2005, and 46.4% in 2005 from \$354.2 million in the year ended December 31, 2004. Other sales also declined by \$12.5 million, or 22.4%, for the year ended December 31, 2007 driven by lower RV generator and engine sales volumes. This decline was partially offset by continued strength in shipments to new and existing telecommunications customers and increased sales of our MPS products.

Costs of goods sold. Costs of goods sold decreased \$93.1 million, or 21.8%, to \$333.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2007 from \$426.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2006. This decrease was primarily driven by a \$74.9 million decline in materials costs as a result of lower sales volumes of home standby and portable generators. Lower sales volumes also drove a \$7.5 million decline in overhead expense, \$6.8 million decline in labor expense and \$3.9 million decline in freight costs.

Gross profit. Gross profit decreased \$31.6 million, or 12.4%, to \$222.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2007 from \$253.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2006, driven

primarily by the decline in net sales. As a percentage of net sales, gross profit increased to 40.0% for the year ended December 31, 2007 from 37.3% for the year ended December 31, 2006. This margin improvement was driven by a combination of new product introductions, price increases and ongoing manufacturing cost reductions.

Operating expenses. Operating expenses decreased \$106.6 million, or 45.6%, to \$127.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2007 from \$234.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2006. This was primarily attributable to \$149.8 million in one-time transaction expenses incurred in 2006 during the Predecessor Period. This was partially offset by a \$39.0 million increase in the amortization of intangibles as a result of the CCMP Transactions incurred for the year ended December 31, 2007 over the prior year.

As a percentage of net sales, operating expenses decreased to 22.9% for the year ended December 31, 2007 from 34.4% for the year ended December 31, 2006. Excluding the impact of the transaction and amortization expenses described above, operating expenses as a percentage of net sales increased to 14.4% in the year ended December 31, 2007 from 11.1% for the year ended December 31, 2006, driven by reduced operating cost leverage on lower sales volumes. Selling and service expenses increased by \$1.6 million due to an increase in strategic marketing expenses. General and administrative expenses increased by \$3.3 million due to higher severance expenses. These increases were partially offset by a \$0.7 million decrease in research and development expenses due to a reduced number of product introductions.

Other expense. Other expense increased \$87.7 million to \$105.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2007 from \$17.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2006. This was largely due to a \$106.3 million increase in interest expense due to the increase in our leverage in connection with the CCMP transactions. We also recorded a gain on the extinguishment of debt of \$18.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2007 as a result of debt purchases by affiliates of CCMP and contributed to us during the year.

Income tax expense (benefit). We recorded an income tax benefit of \$0.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2007 versus income tax expense of \$5.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Net income (loss). As a result of the factors identified above, net loss after taxes increased by \$6.5 million to a net loss of \$9.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2007, compared to a net loss of \$3.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Liquidity and capital resources

Our primary cash requirements include the payment of our raw material and components suppliers and operating expenses, interest and principal payments on our debt, and capital expenditures. We finance our operations primarily through cash flow from operations and borrowings under our revolving credit facility. In November 2006, Generac Power Systems entered into a seven-year \$950.0 million first lien term loan, a seven-and-a-half year \$430.0 million second lien term loan, and a six-year \$150.0 million revolving credit facility. To date, we have paid \$29.4 million in principal and our affiliates have repurchased and contributed \$9.9 million in face value of Generac Power System's first lien term loan. Our affiliates have also repurchased and contributed \$249.1 million in face value of Generac Power System's second lien term loan. See "Senior secured credit facilities" below.

At December 31, 2008, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$81.2 million and \$143.3 million of availability under our revolving credit facility, after giving effect to \$6.7 million of outstanding letters of credit. Our total indebtedness was \$1,130.9 million at December 31, 2008. At September 30, 2009, our principal sources of liquidity were cash and cash equivalents of \$134.1 million and \$144.0 million of availability under our revolving credit facility, after giving effect to \$6.0 million of outstanding letters of credit. Our total indebtedness was \$1,091.5 million at September 30, 2009. We intend to use approximately \$ million of the net proceeds of the offering (based on the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover of this prospectus) to pay down our second lien term loans in full and to repay a portion of our first lien term loans. A \$1.00 increase (decrease) in the assumed offering price would increase (decrease) the amount of such proceeds that we would use to pay down debt by approximately \$ million. We also intend to use a substantial portion of our cash and cash equivalents to further pay down debt under our first lien credit facility following completion of the offering. Our management will have discretion as to the amount of the net proceeds of this offering and of our cash and cash equivalents we use to reduce total debt. See "Risk factors—Risks relating to this offering—Management may invest or spend our net proceeds from this offering in ways that may not yield an acceptable return to you."

Long-term liquidity

We believe that our cash flow from operations, our availability under our revolving credit facility, combined with our low capital expenditure and working capital costs, will provide us with sufficient capital to continue to grow our business in the next twelve months and beyond. However, we will use a significant portion of our cash flow to pay interest on our outstanding debt, limiting the amount available for working capital, capital expenditures and other general corporate purposes. As we continue to expand our business, we may in the future require additional capital to fund working capital, capital expenditures, or acquisitions.

Cash flow

Nine months ended September 30, 2009 compared to nine months ended September 30, 2008

The following table summarizes our cash flows by category for the periods presented:

(Dollars in thousands)	Nine months ended September 30,		Change	% Change
	2008	2009		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (18,845)	\$ 45,131	\$ 63,976	339.5%
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	\$ (3,758)	\$ (2,741)	\$ 1,017	27.1%
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	\$ (10,743)	\$ 10,500	\$ 21,243	197.7%

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$45.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2009 compared to net cash used in operating activities of \$18.8 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2008. This \$64.0 million increase was primarily attributable to the \$71.3 million increase in net income as described in "Results of operations." Fluctuations in non-cash items for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 are driven by a \$9.4 million increase in gain on extinguishment of debt and \$18.2 million in amortization of unrealized loss on interest rate swaps related to the loss recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) while the swaps were deemed highly effective hedges. On January 3, 2009, the Company changed its interest rate election which resulted in the swaps no

longer being a highly effective hedge and hedge accounting ceased prospectively. The increase in net income was offset by a \$19.2 million decrease in cash flows from net changes in operating assets and liabilities. Net changes in operating assets and liabilities were an increase of \$36.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, driven by a \$34.0 million decrease in other accrued liabilities and \$19.7 million increase in inventories, offset by a \$9.4 million increase in accounts payable and \$6.1 million decrease in accounts receivable. This increase was due to higher inventory levels in the third quarter of 2009 versus the fourth quarter of 2008 due to higher portable generator inventories, partially offset by seasonal management of accounts payable with certain of our suppliers and accounts receivable days. Net changes in operating assets and liabilities were an increase of \$17.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008, driven by a \$35.2 increase in accounts receivable and \$11.0 million increase in inventories, offset by a \$17.8 million increase in accounts payable and \$11.7 million increase in other accrued liabilities. This increase was primarily driven by increased sales and production volumes in the third quarter of 2008 versus the fourth quarter of 2007.

Net cash used in investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 was \$2.7 million, which was the result of \$2.9 million used for the purchase of property and equipment.

Net cash provided by financing activities in the nine months ended September 30, 2009 was \$10.5 million due to a \$20.0 million capital contribution in exchange for shares of our Series A Preferred Stock, offset by principal payments on our first lien term loan.

Year ended December 31, 2008 compared to year ended December 31, 2007

The following table summarizes our cash flows by category for the periods presented:

(Dollars in thousands)	Year ended December 31,		Change	% Change
	2007	2008		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 38,513	\$ 10,225	\$ (28,288)	(73.5)%
Net cash used in investing activities	\$ (12,732)	\$ (5,038)	\$ 7,694	60.4%
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	\$ (8,937)	\$ 4,728	\$ 13,665	152.9%

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$10.2 million for 2008 compared to \$38.5 million in 2007. The \$28.3 million decrease was primarily due to a \$9.4 million increase in net loss, excluding the impact of significant noncash charges such as a \$583.5 million goodwill and trade name impairment charge in 2008 and non-cash gains on extinguishment of debt of \$65.4 million in 2008 and \$18.8 million in 2007. Increases in net operating assets and liabilities led to a further decrease of \$18.8 million of net cash provided by operating activities, primarily driven by increased sales and production volumes in the fourth quarter of 2008 as compared to the fourth quarter of 2007. The increase in net operating assets and liabilities was primarily the result of a \$20.8 million increase in accounts receivable and a \$26.4 million increase in inventories, partially offset by a \$34.4 million increase in accounts payable.

Net cash used for investing activities for the year ended December 31, 2008 was \$5.0 million and included \$5.2 million used for the purchase of property and equipment. Net cash used for investing activities for the year ended December 31, 2007 was \$12.7 million and included \$13.2 million used for the purchase of property and equipment and the construction of our

distribution center in Whitewater, Wisconsin, partially offset by a cash inflow of \$0.4 million from collections on receivable notes.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$4.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2008, driven by \$15.5 million in stockholder contributions of capital, offset in part by \$10.4 million of payments on our term loans. Net cash used for financing activities was \$8.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2007, primarily due to \$9.5 million in principal payments on our first lien term loan.

Year ended December 31, 2007 compared to the combined year ended December 31, 2006

We compare the year ended December 31, 2007 (post-merger) and the combined periods from January 1, 2006 to November 10, 2006 (Predecessor) and from November 11, 2006 to December 31, 2006 (Successor) for purposes of management's discussion and analysis of our cash flows. Any references below to the year ended December 31, 2006 refer to the combined periods. Material fluctuations in cash flows resulting from the effect of purchase accounting have been highlighted.

U.S. GAAP does not allow for such combination of Predecessor and Successor financial results. We believe the combined information provides the most meaningful way to comment on our cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2006 compared to the year ended December 31, 2007 because discussion of any partial period comparisons would not be meaningful. The combined information is the result of merely adding the Predecessor and Successor columns, is not consistent with U.S. GAAP and does not include any pro forma assumptions or adjustments.

The following table summarizes our cash flows by category for the periods presented:

(Dollars in thousands)	Predecessor		Successor		Change	% Change
	Period from January 1, 2006 through November 10, 2006	Period from November 11, 2006 through December 31, 2006	Combined year ended December 31, 2006	Year ended December 31, 2007		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 2,761	\$ 36,060	\$ 38,821	\$ 38,513	\$ (308)	(0.8)%
Net cash used in investing activities	\$ (5,707)	\$ (1,865,003)	\$ (1,870,710)	\$ (12,732)	\$ 1,857,978	99.3%
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	\$ (15,227)	\$ 1,883,414	\$ 1,868,187	\$ (8,937)	\$ (1,877,124)	(100.5)%

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$38.5 million in 2007 compared with \$38.8 million for the combined period in 2006. The \$0.3 million decrease was primarily attributable to an \$18.8 million decrease in cash flows from net changes in operating assets and liabilities and the \$18.8 million non-cash gain on extinguishment of debt incurred in 2007. Changes in operating assets and liabilities in 2007 were driven by a decrease in accrued liabilities of \$14.2 million and a decrease in accounts payable of \$3.4 million, offset by a decrease in inventories of \$21.4 million and a \$4.8 million decrease in accounts receivable as a result of lower sales volumes. These decreases were offset by a \$39.0 million increase in amortization of intangibles as a result of the CCMP Transactions.

Net cash used for investing activities for the year ended December 31, 2007 was \$12.7 million and included \$13.2 million used for the purchase of property and equipment and the

construction of our distribution center in Whitewater, Wisconsin. Net cash used for investing activities for the year ended December 31, 2006 was \$1,870.7 million and included \$1,864.3 million net cash used for the purchase of Generac Power Systems in connection with the CCMP Transactions and \$6.9 million used for the purchase of property and equipment.

Net cash used for financing activities was \$8.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2007, primarily due to \$9.5 million in principal payments on our first lien term loan. Net cash provided by financing activities was \$1,868.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2006. This was primarily due to \$1,380.0 million in proceeds from long-term debt and \$688.5 million in stockholder contributions of capital in connection with the CCMP Transactions.

Senior secured credit facilities

In November 2006, as part of the CCMP Transactions, Generac Power Systems entered into (i) a first lien credit facility with Goldman Sachs Credit Partners L.P., as administrative agent, composed of (x) a \$950.0 million term loan, which matures in November 2013 and (y) a \$150 million revolving credit facility, which matures in November 2012, and (ii) a second lien credit facility with JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, composed of a \$430.0 million term loan, which matures in May 2014. A summary of these senior secured credit facilities are described below. This description is qualified in its entirety by reference to the complete text of the related credit agreements and security agreements, copies of which have been filed as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part.

The first lien credit facility bears interest at rates based upon either a base rate, plus an applicable margin (1.50% as of September 30, 2009, 1.50% as of December 31, 2008 and 1.50% as of December 31, 2007) or adjusted LIBOR rate plus an applicable margin (2.50% as of September 30, 2009, 2.50% as of December 31, 2008 and 2.50% as of December 31, 2007) determined based on a leverage ratio. The effective interest rate on the first lien credit facility term loan on September 30, 2009 was 5.7%. The second lien credit facility bears interest at rates based upon a base rate, plus an applicable margin of 5.00% or an adjusted LIBOR rate, plus an applicable margin of 6.00%. The effective interest rate on the second lien credit facility term loan on September 30, 2009 was 9.2%. Amounts under the revolving credit facility can be borrowed and repaid, from time to time, at our option, provided there is no default or event of default under either credit facility.

The obligations under the senior secured credit facilities are guaranteed by Generac Acquisition Corp. The first lien term loan facility and the revolving credit facility are secured by a first- priority perfected security interest (subject to permitted liens) in:

- substantially all tangible and intangible assets (subject to certain exceptions) owned by Generac Acquisition Corp. and Generac Power Systems;
- the capital stock of the existing and future domestic subsidiaries of Generac Acquisition Corp. and Generac Power Systems; provided that the pledge of the capital stock of non-U.S. subsidiaries is limited to 65% of the stock of the guarantors' non-U.S. subsidiaries; and
- all proceeds and products of the property and assets described above.

The second lien term loan facility is secured by a second-priority security interest in all the assets pledged to the first lien term loan facility and the revolving credit facility, as described above.

In addition, our senior secured credit facilities provide us the option to raise incremental credit facilities, subject to certain limitations.

Covenant compliance

The senior secured credit facilities require Generac Power Systems to maintain a leverage ratio of consolidated total debt, net of unrestricted cash and marketable securities, to EBITDA (as defined in the senior secured credit facilities). We refer to the calculation of EBITDA under and as defined in our senior secured credit facilities in this prospectus as "Covenant EBITDA." Covenant EBITDA and the leverage ratio are calculated based on the four most recently completed fiscal quarters of Generac Power Systems. Based on the formulations set forth in the first lien credit facility, as of September 30, 2009, Generac Power Systems was required to maintain a maximum leverage ratio of 7.25 to 1.00, and the second lien credit facility required Generac Power Systems to maintain a maximum leverage ratio of 7.50 to 1.00. The maximum leverage ratio decreases over time under both facilities. The more restrictive of the facilities is the first lien credit facility, which requires Generac Power Systems to have a leverage ratio of no greater than 6.75 to 1.00 in the fourth quarter of 2009 and in the first quarter of 2010, 6.50 to 1.00 in the second quarter of 2010, 6.25 to 1.00 in the third quarter of 2010, 5.75 to 1.00 in the fourth quarter of 2010 and the first quarter of 2011, 5.50 to 1.00 in the second quarter of 2011, 5.25 to 1.00 in the third quarter of 2011 and 4.75 to 1.00 in the fourth quarter of 2011 and thereafter. As of September 30, 2009, Generac Power Systems' leverage ratio was 6.37 to 1.00. Failure to comply with this covenant would result in an event of default under our senior secured credit facilities unless waived by our lenders. As of September 30, 2008, Generac Power Systems had violated its leverage ratio covenant. As permitted by the senior secured credit facilities, this violation was remedied by an equity contribution of \$15.3 million from affiliates of CCMP in the fourth quarter of 2008. Generac Power Systems was in compliance with all of its covenants as of December 31, 2007, December 31, 2008 and September 30, 2009.

The maximum leverage ratio is a material term of our senior secured credit facilities in part because it is a maintenance covenant, and our compliance with the covenant is used in determining, among other things, the interest rate of the first lien credit facility, our ability to undertake business acquisitions, our ability to incur certain types of indebtedness and the maximum amount of dividends and distributions that our senior secured credit facilities permit us to pay to our stockholders, as described in more detail below.

The senior secured credit facilities contain other events of default that are customary for similar facilities and transactions, including a cross-default provision under the first lien credit facility with respect to any other indebtedness in an outstanding aggregate principal amount in excess of \$25.0 million and a cross-default provision under the second lien credit facility with respect to any other indebtedness in an outstanding aggregate principal amount in excess of \$28.75 million. An event of default under the senior secured credit facilities could result in the acceleration of our indebtedness under the facilities, and we may be unable to repay or finance the amounts due. If there were an event of default as a result of a failure to maintain our required leverage ratio or otherwise, it would have an adverse effect on our financial condition and liquidity, including preventing us from utilizing our revolving credit facility. In

addition, the senior secured credit facilities restrict our ability to take certain actions, such as incur additional debt or make certain acquisitions, if we are unable to meet our leverage ratio.

We present Covenant EBITDA not only because of the maximum leverage ratio covenant in our senior secured credit facilities but also because our management uses Covenant EBITDA as a measure of our operating performance.

Covenant EBITDA represents net income (loss) as adjusted for the items reflected in the reconciliation table set forth below.

Covenant EBITDA does not represent, and should not be a substitute for net income (loss) as determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Covenant EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation, or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under U.S. GAAP. Some of the limitations are:

- Covenant EBITDA does not reflect our cash expenditures, or future requirements for capital expenditures or contractual commitments;
- Covenant EBITDA does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, our working capital needs;
- Covenant EBITDA does not reflect the significant interest expense, or the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments, on our debt;
- although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized will often have to be replaced in the future, and Covenant EBITDA does not reflect any cash requirements for such replacements;
- several of the adjustments that we use in calculating Covenant EBITDA, such as non-cash impairment charges, while not involving cash expense, do have a negative impact on the value of our assets as reflected in our consolidated balance sheet prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP; and
- the adjustments for business optimization expenses, represent costs associated with severance and other items which are reflected in operating expenses and income (loss) from continuing operations in our consolidated statements of operations prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Because of these limitations, Covenant EBITDA should not be considered as a measure of discretionary cash available to us to invest in the growth of our business.

The following table presents a reconciliation of net income (loss) to Covenant EBITDA:

(Dollars in thousands)	Year ended December 31, 2007	Year ended December 31, 2008	Twelve months ended September 30, 2009
Net income (loss)	\$ (9,714)	\$ (555,955)	\$ (484,658)
Interest expense	125,366	108,022	80,208
Depreciation and amortization	53,783	54,770	58,561
Income taxes provision (benefit)	(571)	400	(12,045)
Non-cash impairment and other charges(1)	5,328	585,634	584,277
Transaction costs and credit facility fees(2)	1,044	1,319	1,680
Non-cash gains(3)	(18,759)	(65,385)	(74,819)
Business optimization expenses(4)	1,944	971	247
Sponsor fees(5)	500	500	500
Letter of credit fees(6)	335	169	133
Other state taxes(7)	—	53	131
Holding company interest income(8)	(1,108)	(640)	(543)
Adjusted EBITDA(9)	158,148	129,858	153,672
Savings(10)	—	3,343	470
Equity cure(11)	—	15,319	—
Covenant EBITDA	\$ 158,148	\$ 148,520	\$ 154,142
Leverage ratio covenant:			
Net debt(12)	\$ 1,219,094	\$ 1,051,350	\$ 981,597
Ratio of consolidated net debt to Covenant EBITDA	7.71x	7.08x	6.37x

(1) Represents the following non-cash charges:

- for the Predecessor Period, a loss on disposal of assets;
- for the period from November 11 through December 31, 2006, a charge for the step-up in book value of inventory as a result of the application of purchase accounting in connection with the CCMP Transactions;
- for the year ended December 31, 2007, primarily a \$3.9 million charge for the step-up in book value of inventory as a result of the application of purchase accounting in connection with the CCMP Transactions. Also includes \$1.4 million of other charges, including a write-off of a pre-CCMP Transactions receivable, stock compensation expense, unsettled mark-to-market losses on copper forward contracts and losses on disposals of assets;
- for the year ended December 31, 2008, primarily \$503.2 million in goodwill impairment charges and \$80.3 million in trade name impairment charges described in "Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations—Critical accounting policies—Goodwill and other intangible assets." Also includes \$1.6 million of unsettled mark to market losses on copper forward contracts, a write-off of pre-CCMP Transactions bad debts and losses on disposals of assets. Separately, the amount also includes a write-off of certain inventory; and
- for the twelve months ended September 30, 2009, primarily \$503.2 million in goodwill impairment charges and \$80.3 million in trade name impairment charges described above. Also includes \$0.8 million of other charges, including a write-off of pre-CCMP Transactions bad debts, a write-off of certain inventory, and losses on disposals of assets.

(2) Represents the following transaction costs and fees relating to our senior secured credit facilities:

- transaction costs relating to the CCMP Transactions recorded in the Predecessor Period from January 1, 2006 through November 10, 2006 and the Successor Period from November 11, 2006 through December 31, 2008, which consisted primarily of the expense incurred by our Predecessor when grants under its Equity Appreciation Share Plan vested upon the change of control triggered by the CCMP Transactions, as described in Note 9 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus;

- for all periods after 2006, administrative agent fees and revolving credit facility commitment fees under our senior secured credit facilities;
 - for all periods after 2006, transaction costs relating to repurchases of debt under our first and second lien credit facilities by affiliates of CCMP, which CCMP's affiliates contributed to our company in exchange for the issuances of securities described in "Certain relationships and related person transactions—Issuances of securities;" and
 - for the twelve months ended September 30, 2009, \$0.3 million in transaction costs relating to this offering.
- (3) Represents non-cash gains on the extinguishment of debt repurchased by affiliates of CCMP, as described in note (2) above.
- (4) Primarily represents severance costs incurred from restructuring-related activities. For the year ended December 31, 2007, consists of \$1.4 million of severance costs and \$0.6 million of other restructuring-related costs.
- (5) Represents management, consulting, monitoring, transaction and advisory fees and related expenses paid or accrued to affiliates of CCMP and affiliates of Unitas under the advisory services and monitoring agreement described in "Certain relationships and related person transactions—Advisory services and monitoring agreement." Upon consummation of this offering, this agreement will automatically terminate.
- (6) Represents fees on letters of credit outstanding under our senior secured credit facilities.
- (7) Represents franchise and business activity taxes paid at the state level.
- (8) Represents interest earned on cash held at Generac Holdings Inc. We exclude these amounts because we do not include them in the calculation of covenant "EBITDA" under and as defined in our senior secured credit facilities.
- (9) For a detailed explanation of Adjusted EBITDA, please see note 6 to the table contained under "Summary historical consolidated financial and other data."
- (10) Includes prospective cost savings permitted to be added back under our senior secured credit facilities. Because a portion of the prospective cost savings of \$3.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 had been realized at September 30, 2009, the prospective cost savings at September 30, 2009 were \$0.5 million.
- (11) Equity cure represents a contribution by affiliates of CCMP in 2008 in order to cure a default under our leverage ratio. This contribution is permitted to be added back under our senior secured credit facilities and is not expected to be a recurring item.
- (12) Represents Generac Power Systems' total debt less cash (Cash balance: \$71.2 million as of December 31, 2007, \$79.6 million as of December 31, 2008 and \$111.9 million as of September 30, 2009). \$2.0 million of second lien term loans purchased in 2009 has not yet been contributed to Generac Power Systems and is being held in treasury by the Company. As a result, this \$2.0 million remains outstanding for the purposes of covenant compliance.

The differences between the definition of Covenant EBITDA and the definition of Adjusted EBITDA presented under "Prospectus summary—Summary historical consolidated financial and other data" and used in this prospectus are that the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA excludes the adjustments included under the line items "Savings" (note 10) and "Equity cure" (note 11) above. We did not include the adjustment for the prospective cost savings in our calculation of Adjusted EBITDA because we are presenting Adjusted EBITDA as a measure of our historical operating performance, and this adjustment represents cost savings that we expect to achieve in the future. Similarly, we did not include the adjustment for the equity cure by affiliates of CCMP in 2008 in our calculation of Adjusted EBITDA because this cash amount received from affiliates of CCMP was not generated by our operations.

In addition to the financial covenant described above, the senior secured credit facilities contain certain other affirmative and negative covenants that, among other things, provide limitations on the incurrence of additional indebtedness, liens on property, sale and leaseback transactions, investments, loans and advances, merger or consolidation, asset sales, acquisitions, transactions with affiliates, prepayments of any other indebtedness, modifications of Generac Power Systems' organizational documents, restrictions on Generac Power Systems' subsidiaries' ability to make capital expenditures. The ability to declare or pay dividends or make any other distributions with respect to any equity interests of Generac Power Systems, or to redeem, purchase, retire or otherwise acquire for value any equity interests of Generac Power Systems is also restricted under the first lien and second lien credit facility, subject to certain exceptions, including but not limited to dividends and distributions with the net proceeds of any issuance

of qualified capital stock and a dollar basket which may be increased, subject, in the case of the dollar basket, to compliance with a pro forma ratio of consolidated senior secured debt (as defined in the senior secured credit facilities), which is net of unrestricted cash and marketable securities and excludes the indebtedness under the second lien credit facility, to Covenant EBITDA not exceeding 3.00 to 1.00 under the more restrictive of the facilities and subject to the other restrictions set forth in the credit documents. Additionally, the senior secured credit facilities contain events of default that are customary for similar facilities and transactions, including, among others, non-payment, breach of covenants, other defaults, change of control, misrepresentations and a cross-default provision with respect to any other indebtedness. As of September 30, 2009, Generac Power Systems was in compliance with all covenants.

The principal amount of the first lien term loan amortizes in equal installments of \$2.375 million on the last date of each fiscal quarter through September 30, 2013, with a final payment of \$875.081 million on November 10, 2013. Any amounts outstanding under the revolving credit facility are due on November 10, 2012. The principal amount of the second lien term loan facility is due on May 10, 2014.

Both the first lien and second lien credit facility grant Generac Power Systems the option to prepay its borrowings under the term loans or the revolving credit facility, subject to the procedures set forth in the credit documents. In certain circumstances, Generac Power Systems may be required to make prepayments on its borrowings if it receives proceeds as a result of certain asset sales, debt issuances, casualty or similar events of loss or if Generac Power Systems has excess cash flow (as defined in the senior secured credit facilities).

As of September 30, 2009, \$910.7 million of borrowings were outstanding under the first lien term loan, and \$180.8 million of borrowing were outstanding under the second lien term loan. As of December 31, 2008, \$930.1 million of borrowings were outstanding under the first lien term loan and \$200.8 million of borrowing were outstanding under the second lien term loan.

Contractual obligations

The following table summarizes our expected payments for significant contractual obligations as of September 30, 2009:

(Dollars in thousands)	Payment due by period				
	Total	Less than 1 year	2-3 years	4-5 years	After 5 years
Contractual obligations					
Long-term debt, including current portion	\$ 1,091,539	\$ 7,125	\$ 19,000	\$ 1,065,414	—
Interest on long-term debt(1)	158,426	37,524	74,335	46,567	—
Operating leases	502	203	299	—	—
Total contractual cash obligations(2)	\$ 1,250,467	\$ 44,852	\$ 93,634	\$ 1,111,981	\$ —

(1) Assumes all debt will remain outstanding until maturity and using the interest rates in effect for our senior secured credit facilities as of September 30, 2009.

(2) Pension obligations are excluded from this table as we are unable to estimate the timing of payment due to the inherent assumptions underlying the obligation. The minimum required contribution to our pension plans is expected to be \$0 in 2010.

Capital expenditures

Our operations continue to require significant capital expenditures for technology, capacity expansion and upgrades. Capital expenditures were \$5.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2008, and were funded through cash from operations. Capital expenditures were

\$13.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2007, including expenditures relating to the construction of our distribution center in Whitewater, Wisconsin. We currently project our capital expenditures for 2009 to be approximately \$5 million, and we expect to fund these capital expenditures with cash from operations.

Off-balance sheet arrangements

We have an arrangement with a finance company to provide floor plan financing for selected dealers. This arrangement provides liquidity for our dealers by financing dealer purchases of products with credit availability from the finance company. We receive payment from the finance company within a few days of shipment and our dealers are given a longer period of time to pay the finance provider. If our dealers do not pay the finance company, we may be required to repurchase the applicable inventory held by the dealer. We also indemnify the financing company for credit losses up to 50% of the financed balance where inventory cannot be returned. Total inventory financed accounted for approximately 5% of net sales for the year ended December 31, 2008 and approximately 4% of net sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2009. The amount financed by dealers which remained outstanding was \$7.5 million as of December 31, 2008 and \$1.3 million as of September 30, 2009. In 2009, we entered into a floor plan financing arrangement with another financing company under which we do not indemnify the financing company for credit losses associated with unreturnable inventory.

On October 5, 2009, we entered into a six-month commodity hedge transaction for copper with a total notional amount of \$1.4 million. The primary objective of the hedge is to mitigate the impact of potential price fluctuations of copper on our financial results. Total losses or gains are recognized in the consolidated statement of operations.

Inflation

We do not believe that inflation has had a material effect on our results of operations. However, our business could be affected by inflation in the future.

Quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk

We are exposed to market risk from changes in foreign currency exchange rates, commodity prices and interest rates. To reduce the risk from changes in certain foreign currency exchange rates and commodity prices, we use financial instruments from time to time. We do not hold or issue financial instruments for trading purposes.

Foreign currency

We are exposed to foreign currency exchange risk as a result of purchasing from suppliers in other countries. Periodically, we utilize foreign currency forward purchase and sales contracts to manage the volatility associated with foreign currency purchases in the normal course of business. Contracts typically have maturities of one year or less. Realized and unrealized gains and losses on transactions denominated in foreign currency are recorded in earnings as a component of cost of goods sold. At September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, we had no foreign exchange contracts outstanding.

Commodity prices

We are a purchaser of commodities and of components manufactured from commodities, including steel, aluminum, copper and others. As a result, we are exposed to fluctuating market prices for those commodities. While such materials are typically available from

numerous suppliers, commodity raw materials are subject to price fluctuations. We generally buy these commodities and components based upon market prices that are established with the supplier as part of the purchase process. Depending on the supplier, these market prices may reset on a periodic basis based on negotiated lags. To the extent that commodity prices increase and we do not have firm pricing from our suppliers, or our suppliers are not able to honor such prices, we may experience a decline in our gross margins to the extent we are not able to increase selling prices of our products or obtain manufacturing efficiencies to offset increases in commodity costs.

Periodically, we engage in certain commodity risk management activities. The primary objectives of these activities are to understand and mitigate the impact of potential price fluctuations on our financial results. Generally, these risk management transactions will involve the use of commodity derivatives to protect against exposure resulting from significant price fluctuations.

We primarily utilize commodity contracts with maturities of one year or less. These are intended to offset the effect of price fluctuations on actual inventory purchases. At December 31, 2008, there were two outstanding commodity contracts in place to hedge our projected commodity purchases. Total gains or losses recognized in the statements of operations on commodity contracts were a loss of \$1,092,000 for the year ended December 31, 2008. At September 30, 2009, there were no outstanding commodity contracts in place to hedge our projected commodity purchases. Total gains or losses recognized in the statements of operations on commodity contracts were a \$137,000 gain for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2009.

On October 5, 2009, we entered into a six-month commodity hedge transaction for copper with a total notional amount of \$1.4 million. The primary objective of the hedge is to mitigate the impact of potential price fluctuations of copper on our financial results. Total losses or gains are recognized in the consolidated statement of operations.

Interest rates

As of September 30, 2009, a portion of the outstanding debt under our term loans was subject to floating interest rate risk. We previously entered into swaps with certain banks. The notional amount of these swaps was \$675.0 million as of September 30, 2009. At September 30, 2009, the fair value of the swaps reduced for our credit risk and excluding related accrued interest was a liability of \$7.3 million. For further information on these swaps, see Note 5 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. Even after giving effect to these swaps, we are exposed to risks due to fluctuations in the market value of these swaps and changes in interest rates with respect to the portion of our term loans that are not covered by these swaps. A hypothetical change in the LIBOR interest rate of 100 basis points would have changed annual cash interest expense by approximately \$4.2 million (or, without the swaps in place, \$10.9 million).

The above interest rate swap agreements terminated on January 4, 2010. We entered into a new interest rate swap agreement with a certain bank on January 21, 2010. The effective date of the swap is July 1, 2010 with a notional amount of \$200,000,000, a fixed rate of 1.73% and an expiration date of July 1, 2012. We expect to maintain the swap as highly effective in accordance with ASC 815 (formerly SFAS No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*) and, therefore, any changes in the fair value of the swap would be recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

Recent accounting pronouncements

In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued ASC 105 (formerly SFAS No. 168, *The FASB Accounting Standards Codification and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles—a Replacement of FASB Statement No. 162*). ASC 105 establishes the Codification as the source of authoritative GAAP recognized by the FASB to be applied by nongovernmental entities. Following this Statement, the FASB will not issue new standards in the form of Statements, FASB Staff Positions, or Emerging Issues Task Force Abstracts. Instead, it will issue Accounting Standards Updates. All guidance contained in the Codification carries an equal level of authority. The GAAP hierarchy will be modified to include only two levels of GAAP: authoritative and nonauthoritative. All nongrandfathered non-SEC accounting literature not included in the Codification will become nonauthoritative. SFAS No. 168 is effective for interim or annual financial periods ending after September 15, 2009. We will adopt this statement in the third quarter of fiscal 2009 and do not anticipate adoption will have a material impact on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

In May 2009, the FASB issued ASC 855, *Subsequent Events*. ASC 855 establishes general standards of accounting for the disclosure of events that occur after the balance sheet date but before financial statements are issued or available to be issued. It requires the disclosure of the date through which an entity has evaluated subsequent events and whether that date represents the date the financial statements were issued or were available to be issued. ASC 855 is effective for interim or annual financial periods ending after June 15, 2009 and is applied prospectively. We adopted this statement effective June 30, 2009. There was no material financial statement impact as a result of adoption.

In March 2008, the FASB amended ASC 815, *Derivatives and Hedging*. ASC 815 is intended to help investors better understand how derivative instruments and hedging activities affect an entity's financial position, financial performance and cash flows through enhanced disclosure requirements. ASC 815 is effective for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008. We adopted this statement effective January 1, 2009, which impacted our disclosures related to our hedging activities.

In December 2007, the FASB issued amended ASC 805. ASC 805 will significantly change the accounting for business combinations in a number of areas including the treatment of contingent consideration, contingencies, acquisition costs, in-process research and development, and restructuring costs. In addition, under ASC 805, changes in deferred tax asset valuation allowances and acquired income tax uncertainties in a business combination after the measurement period will impact income taxes. ASC 805 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008 and will impact the accounting for any business combinations entered into after the effective date.

Industry

Industry and market data

This prospectus contains market data related to our business and industry. The market data and certain other statistical information used throughout this prospectus are based on independent industry publications, governmental publications, reports by market research firms or other independent sources. Although we believe these third-party sources are reliable, we have not independently verified the information. Also, some data are based on our management's internally derived good faith estimates, which are based on, among other things, third-party sources, internal market research, publicly available information about our competitors and feedback from distributors and customers.

Portions of this market data that relate to future market growth are based on a number of assumptions. If these assumptions turn out to be incorrect, actual market performance may differ from projected growth based on these assumptions. As a result, our markets may not grow at the rates projected by these data, or at all. The failure of these markets to grow at these projected rates may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and the market price of our common stock.

Aging U.S. power grid leading to recurring power outages

Disruptions to the aging U.S. power grid are increasing due to demand growth, equipment failures, prevalent under-investment and a variety of environmental causes. Over 20% of the power plants in the U.S. are more than 50 years old, with the average power plant having been constructed in 1964. According to the North American Electrical Reliability Council, or NERC, 30% to 50% of the transmission and distribution network in the United States is 40 to 50 years old. Under-investment in the transmission and distribution networks also compounds these challenges. The Edison Foundation estimates that approximately \$880 billion will need to be invested in the U.S. transmission and distribution networks through 2030 to maintain today's level of electric service reliability.

Due to constraints on investment in the generation and transmission networks, the U.S. power grid has historically been prone to both minor and significant outage events caused by shortages in peak system capacity or equipment failure, as well as periodic outages caused by weather events. While major tropical storms and ice storms cause critical outages and receive extensive news coverage, power consumers in many regions of the country experience more frequent power quality disruptions driven by a wide variety of causes. Based on NERC reports on the causes of major power outages from 2002 to 2008, we estimate that the most significant cause of major power disturbances from 2002 to 2008 was high winds and thunderstorms with 43% of disturbances over this period, while ice and winter storms accounted only for 9%. Other important factors included grid reliability issues with 14% and other causes with 19% of disturbances over this period related to equipment failure, short circuits, vandalism and fire. Extreme weather conditions, including hurricanes, accounted for only 15% of major power disturbances over the same period.

In an effort to address these challenges, many utilities have performed feasibility and cost-benefit studies on burying above-ground power distribution lines underground, sometimes referred to as undergrounding. Undergrounding is expensive, costing up to an average of \$1 million per mile. With an estimated 4.0 million miles of overhead distribution lines across the United States according to the Edison Electric Institute, the implied cost to underground

the national grid is \$4.0 trillion. Given the large estimated cost to upgrade the U.S. power grid, we believe it is unlikely that the core causes of power disturbances will be addressed in the near future.

Generators are an alternative reliable power solution

The emergency standby generator market provides back-up power to a utility power source to ensure an uninterrupted power supply. Generators can be stationary or portable. A stationary standby generator is permanently installed outside a home, business or manufacturing facility. When primary utility power fails, the generator automatically starts and provides electrical power until utility power returns. Portable generators are used in locations that have no utility power source, such as construction sites, or in locations and situations where a permanent back-up power source is impractical.

Generator users can be broadly grouped into the residential, commercial and industrial end markets. We estimate that the generator market in the United States and Canada was at least \$3.3 billion in 2008, with a global generator market (including prime generators used as a primary power source) estimated to be over \$11 billion in 2008, based on data from Frost & Sullivan and other sources. The residential standby and portable market in the United States and Canada, which we estimate to be approximately \$1 billion in 2008, includes standby generators with a power range of 8kW to 60kW and portable generators with a power range of less than 1kW to 17.5kW. Residential standby generators are sold to homeowners and portable generators are sold to consumer and professional users.

We estimate that the light-commercial and industrial market in the United States and Canada was \$2.3 billion in 2008. The light-commercial market in the United States and Canada primarily uses standby generators that range between 20kW and 150kW. Light-commercial end users include grocery and convenience stores, restaurants, gas stations, pharmacies, retail banks, small hospitals and health care facilities and police and fire stations. Small businesses, such as convenience stores and restaurants, rely on standby power generation to preserve sales potentially lost during a power outage and to protect against the high cost of inventory spoilage. The U.S. industrial market utilizes emergency standby, mobile and prime generators with output ranges from 20kW to several megawatts. Industrial end users include data centers, telecommunications operators, hospitals, manufacturing facilities, water and waste water treatment plants, large retailers, and government and other municipal facilities.

The cost of outages and the relative affordability of generators have improved their potential return on investment

According to a 2006 report by Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, or LBNL, quoted in the SENTECH report, the average consumer on the U.S. power grid experienced 4.3 momentary power outages (less than five minutes) and 1.2 sustained power outages (more than five minutes) per year with an average duration of 106 minutes. LBNL published an estimate in 2006 that indicates, based on 2002 data, out of an annual \$79 billion total cost to all U.S. electricity consumers, the estimated cost of power outages was \$57 billion for commercial U.S. electricity consumers (\$3,800 per commercial consumer annually) and \$20 billion for industrial U.S. electricity customers (\$12,750 per industrial consumer annually).

According to the SENTECH report, it is estimated that the average annual cost of sustained power outages is \$7.2 billion for the industrial sector and \$11.5 billion for the commercial sector. According to the same report, the cost of one hour of downtime in the industrial sector

can be between \$20,000 and \$50,000, while four hours of downtime can cost up to seven times as much. In the commercial sector, one hour of downtime often costs the average commercial business less than \$1,500, but one hour of downtime in the food selling and services industry typically results in losses of between \$3,000 and \$5,000 and of up to \$23,000 for refrigerated warehouses. For food sales, food service, mercantile and healthcare businesses, four hours of downtime typically costs each business approximately \$26,000, \$20,000, \$5,000 and \$1,500, respectively.

Compared to the potential cost of power outages, the purchase and installation of back-up power generators is relatively inexpensive, often yielding a short-term positive return on investment for commercial and industrial consumers. In the light-commercial sector in particular, natural gas and liquid propane-fueled generators have begun to replace traditional diesel generators due to their lower acquisition and operating costs. As an example, due to the increased regulation of diesel engines, the acquisition cost of a typical 150kW diesel generator is approximately 35% higher than the acquisition cost of a 150 kW natural gas generator. For many light-commercial businesses, the cost of a generator can now be recouped through the savings realized during a single power outage. We believe that the lower cost of natural gas generators for small and medium commercial businesses has expanded the potential market for generators by making the purchase of a generator more economically compelling for those businesses.

Generator prices have also declined significantly for residential consumers over the last 10 years, resulting in increased affordability. Since 1999, the retail price for our entry level residential standby generator has decreased by more than 50% from over \$4,500 to approximately \$2,000 (before installation costs). We believe that this reduction in price has significantly narrowed the affordability gap between portable and automatic, stationary home standby generators, resulting in higher growth rates in the automatic home standby market.

Low penetration in residential and light-commercial markets and opportunities for increased penetration in industrial market

We believe that the penetration in the residential and light-commercial markets is significantly lower than the rate of penetration in established markets for industrial generators like hospitals, data centers and industrial facilities. We estimate that the residential installed standby generator market has grown at an approximate 16% CAGR from 2003 to 2008. There is a substantial opportunity for further penetration in this market, since we estimate penetration to be approximately 2% of U.S. single-family, detached, owner-occupied households with a home value of over \$100,000, as defined by the U.S. Census Bureau's 2007 American Housing Survey for the United States. This low penetration, when coupled with demographic and lifestyle changes and increasing reliance on home electronics for communication, recreation and work over the last decade, represents a significant opportunity for growth. We believe that each 1% of U.S. household penetration potentially represents up to an approximate \$2 billion market opportunity at current product pricing. Based on warranty information consumers provide us when registering their products, most purchased generators are dedicated to existing homes, and a relatively small percentage of generators are purchased for newly constructed homes. We also believe there are potential parallels between today's residential standby generator market and the developing central air conditioning market in the 1960s, including low penetration, improving affordability and availability, and a growing demand for convenience and comfort. Central air conditioning penetration increased rapidly from under 25% of homes in 1978 to more than 60% of U.S. homes today. Although we

cannot predict future generator penetration rates, we believe there is potential for significant increases in standby generator penetration over the next several years.

Opportunities for further penetration of the residential market are enhanced by the increasing visibility of residential generators through expanded distribution in the dealer and retail channels. In the past few years, automatic, standby home generators have become standard merchandise in most national retail chains, leading home improvement chains and independent community hardware stores, and we believe the resulting product awareness and availability will facilitate the expansion of our sales to this market.

In addition, in the light-commercial market, most commercial structures, such as grocery and convenience stores, restaurants, pharmacies, gas stations and retail banks, show minimal penetration by generators. This market represents an attractive opportunity in the United States, which has over two million commercial business locations.

We estimate that the market for portable generators currently has a higher penetration rate of approximately 10% to 15% of U.S. homes, however we believe there are further opportunities for growth. While portable generator purchases are driven by many factors, the first purchase is often driven by spontaneous purchases in the context of unanticipated power outages. Portable generators can also be useful for recreational purposes (such as camping and tailgating) or homeowner usage (cost-effective back-up planning). Portable generators also offer a solution for contractors or professional users who require mobile portable power on their jobsites. We believe portable generators serve as an entry point into the standby residential market, as those consumers who already own portable generators may choose to upgrade to automatic, standby generators. When comparing the ease of use of an automatic system to the more labor-intensive nature of a portable generator, these customers may view the permanently installed and automatic, standby generator as an attractive alternative. Overall, portable generators have similar consumer attributes and demographics as standby generators and share many of the same drivers of a purchase decision. In fact, according to a survey of our customers that we commissioned in 2006, over 45% of standby generator buyers own or have previously owned portable generators.

Even in the more mature industrial market, we believe there are additional opportunities for penetration, especially given the benefits provided by natural gas engines over more common diesel engine-based generators. Natural gas-fueled generators minimize spillage, spoilage, environmental or odor concerns, eliminate fuel-related storage and address the need to comply with emission regulation. According to Frost and Sullivan, in North America, smaller gas generators (less than 60kW) are expected to grow at a faster rate than diesel generators. In addition, continued regulation of diesel engine emissions as well as rising fuel costs and raw material prices could significantly increase the costs involved in manufacturing and operating diesel generators in the long-term. We expect industrial customers to increasingly transition to generators powered by liquid propane gas or natural gas instead of diesel fuel.

Demographic trends lead to an increased focus on the safety and security provided by standby generators

We believe favorable consumer demographic trends provide opportunities for growth for automatic home standby generators. We believe demographic changes may lead to an increase in demand as the U.S. population becomes older, increasingly conscious of safety issues, focused on convenience and dependent on electronic devices. According to our warranty registration data, currently over 70% of home standby generators are purchased by consumers over

50 years of age. According to the U.S. Census Bureau, the population segment in the United States between 45 and 64 years of age is expected to grow 7.5% from 2008 to 2015. This generation is expected to be a key factor in the growth of the industry, since, as homeowners, they may consider standby generators a source of security. For example, many owners of second homes or people who travel away from home purchase generators for their residences because they enhance home safety and functionality in their absence by securing constant power for furnaces and preventing freezing of pipes during winter outages. Generators provide protection from home flooding in the event of a sump pump malfunction due to a power loss and help inhibit home and basement mold growth that could occur due to central air or ventilation failures from an outage. In addition, a standby power source is important for people who depend on home electronics for communication, work and recreation. Homeowners also find comfort in knowing that their generators protect against possible vandalism or theft that could occur from a power loss to their home security system.

The oldest segment of the population, those above 64 years of age, is projected to grow by 20.5% from 2008 to 2015, according to the U.S. Census Bureau and may consider generators as investment protection against potentially expensive damage or life-threatening situations caused by power loss. As this age group grows older, its members may choose to remain in their homes instead of relocating to assisted living communities and may require medical devices in their homes that depend on continuous power to function properly. A continuous power solution will be a critical issue for this population segment, which may turn to standby power generation for safety, security, convenience and peace of mind.

Individuals who purchase standby generators typically focus on factors such as affordability, availability, reliability and ease of installation, which have been improving over the past decade. In addition, the shift in population habits has driven increased reliance on electronics, and a growing number of individuals working from home depend on a constant power source to operate their electronic devices and avoid personal business disruption.

Opportunities for international expansion

The international market represents a significant opportunity for growth in the sale of generators. Market growth rates in Latin America in 2010, as estimated by Frost and Sullivan, range from 8% to 9% in Argentina and Chile to 14% to 15% in Colombia and Mexico. According to Frost and Sullivan, while the European market is expected to grow 3% annually through 2013 to \$1.8 billion, other international markets are expected to grow faster, such as Russia (expected to grow by 10% annually through 2011) and China (expected to grow annually by approximately 14% to a market size of \$6.9 billion by 2015).

In emerging markets such as Brazil, Russian, India and China, the power infrastructure is generally not as developed as that of developed markets, and the majority of generators sold in these markets are designed for use in extended outages or in place of utility power. In developed markets such as the United States, generators are primarily sold for emergency standby purposes as electrical generation, transmission and distribution in these markets is generally more mature. In addition, diesel generators represent a more significant percentage of the market in many international markets than in the United States, providing an opportunity for increased sales of gaseous and Bi-Fuel™ generators for certain applications in areas with existing natural gas infrastructure.

Competitive dynamics outside North America differ by market but are generally characterized by competition between international generator manufacturers that have established

distribution infrastructure and regional generator manufacturers in each market. Currently, Generac has limited sales infrastructure in markets outside of the United States, Canada and certain Latin American countries.

Regulatory changes should lead to growth in the commercial and industrial standby markets

In some industries the use of a generator is regulated. Federal, state and local governmental authorities have proposed and passed legislation requiring the use of generators within some segments of the industrial and light-commercial markets. Building, health and safety codes often require back-up standby generators in municipal and government buildings, typically for crucial applications such as life support systems, safe building egress or critical equipment functionality. Industry practice, as defined by the National Electrical Code, dictates that certain types of facilities, such as hospitals, are required to have emergency standby power systems.

Additionally, increased federal regulation of diesel engine emissions and increased municipal regulation of diesel fuel storage should encourage market growth for natural gas-powered standby generators. Generac is a leader in natural gas generators, which are currently the generator of choice for the residential standby market and are increasingly used in the commercial and industrial market.

In the event of new federal, state or municipal legislation and regulation, additional infrastructure and buildings may be required to be equipped with back-up power supplies, and these changes may have a significant impact on the generator market. For example, in 2007, the Federal Communications Commission, or FCC, proposed that all cell phone towers have eight hours of standby back-up power. Though this proposal has not been enacted, it illustrates the increased focus of regulators on ensuring adequate back-up power for crucial services. In addition, in 2006, Florida passed its Disaster Preparedness Response and Recovery bill, which required gas stations located on hurricane evacuation routes to have a back-up power generator.

Potential benefits from infrastructure spending programs and recovery in the non-residential construction market

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act passed in February 2009 provides for \$130 billion of construction-related spending for a wide range of projects, including federal buildings and hospitals. We believe that the generator market should benefit from this infusion of funds into the construction market as the construction of large municipal infrastructure usually includes the installation of back-up standby generators larger than 150kW. In addition, after the current downturn in non-residential construction, the Rosen Consulting Group estimates that spending in this sector will recover after 2010 and increase by 12.5% to \$315 billion in 2011 and increase by another 20.6% to \$380 billion in 2012. Any such recovery in this market should provide additional marketing opportunities for our standby and portable generator business.

Business

Overview

We are a leading designer and manufacturer of a wide range of standby generators for the residential, industrial and commercial markets. As the only significant market participant focused exclusively on these products, we have one of the leading market positions in the standby generator market in the United States and Canada, having grown our revenues organically by a 16% CAGR since 2000. We design, engineer and manufacture generators with an output of between 800W and 9mW of power. We design, manufacture, source and modify engines, alternators, automatic transfer switches and other components necessary for our products. Our generators are fueled by natural gas, liquid propane, gasoline, diesel and Bi-Fuel™.

We have what we believe is an industry leading, multi-layered distribution network, and our products are available in over 17,000 outlets across the United States and Canada. We distribute our generators through independent and industrial dealers, electrical wholesalers, national accounts, private label arrangements, retailers, catalogs and e-commerce merchants. We currently sell our products primarily in North America, and for the year ended December 31, 2008, sales in the U.S. and Canadian markets represented over 99% of our net sales. We believe that our leading market position is largely attributable to our strategy of providing high-quality, innovative and affordable products through our extensive and multi-layered distribution network.

We own and operate three manufacturing plants and one distribution facility in Eagle, Wisconsin, Waukesha, Wisconsin and Whitewater, Wisconsin, totaling approximately 1,000,000 total square feet. We also maintain inventory warehouses in the United States that accommodate the rapid response requirements of our customers.

Our competitive strengths

We believe that the following strengths contribute to our being a leading generator manufacturer and will allow us to further capitalize on growth opportunities in our industry:

Significant market share with opportunities for further penetration

We enjoy a leading industry market position with a significant market share and opportunities for future penetration. In the installed residential standby generator market in the United States and Canada, we believe we are the market leader with a market share that we estimate to be approximately 70%, primarily based on internally generated data. We believe that we will have opportunities for growth in this market as spending on new homes and construction recovers and consumer awareness of the benefits of standby generators grows. Our market share in the market for portable generators was less than 10% in 2008, as we re-entered the market in the second quarter of 2008 following the expiration of a non-competition agreement in 2007.

We believe we also hold strong positions in the \$2.3 billion light-commercial and industrial markets with an 8% overall market share in the United States and Canada, with a higher share in certain end markets. We believe we will experience growth in these markets as potential end-users recognize that our modular power systems and our natural gas engine platforms provide increased efficiency, affordability and flexibility, by allowing the addition of generating

capacity or the maintenance of existing generators without replacing other modules. Within this market, we believe we have a higher share in certain end markets, including light-commercial applications.

We believe that our leading market position and brand recognition and our resulting sales volumes enable us to realize economies of scale in both sourcing and manufacturing, creating cost advantages and giving us a competitive edge when seeking to exploit new business opportunities.

Multi-layered distribution model

The majority of standby power systems are installed by an experienced contractor. As a result, having a network of experienced dealers who can sell, manage the installation of and service the generator is important. We believe that our multi-layered distribution model gives us an advantage over competitors who do not have as broad a distribution network and generally rely on a single channel to market and sell their products. Our distribution network includes independent and industrial dealers, electrical wholesalers, national accounts, private label arrangements, retailers, catalogs and e-commerce merchants.

Dealers. We are constantly developing the scope and strength of our dealer networks, comprised of over 3,700 dealers, over 3,600 of whom are focused on the residential market. Our dealers include electrical, plumbing, heating, ventilating and air conditioning, or HVAC, and home security contractors and outdoor power equipment dealers. Our dealers serve as both a nationwide direct sales channel and an after-sale service and product support network and are therefore critical to our business, growth strategy and brand management. We are committed to continually engaging new dealers and improving overall performance through training, incentive and certification programs. We have trained over 10,000 technicians on our products over the last three years alone. We believe that our dedicated training program helps us capture the best talent and retain the most profitable dealers and that our commitment to growing our dealer network positions us well to pursue opportunities for improved sales distribution in underserved markets.

Wholesale. We sell our products to electrical wholesale distributors who generally supply electrical contractors. The wholesale channel allows us broader access and exposure to electrical contractors, who represent an important source of business and referrals. We currently distribute our products through over 1,700 wholesale locations across the United States and Canada.

Private label. In addition to distributing our products under our Generac® brand name, we have entered into several private label arrangements, which allow us to further distribute our products through HVAC equipment, electrical equipment and construction machinery companies. Private label arrangements provide us with access to additional sales channels through other dealers and opportunities for deeper market penetration.

Retail and e-commerce. We have sales arrangements with top retailers and e-commerce companies, including regional and national home improvement chains, independent hardware stores, electrical supply companies and catalog businesses. We believe the visibility that our products receive through these outlets not only creates brand awareness but also sparks customer curiosity, prompting customers to research generators which they ultimately may purchase through these channels or directly through dealers.

Direct national accounts. Our direct-to-national accounts strategy provides a direct coordinated sales approach for our large customers, backed by our network of dealers and trained technicians who can install and service the generator. We have achieved success with this strategy within the telecommunications and industrial market. Products sold through our national account sales are installed and serviced by our industrial dealers.

Our multi-layered distribution model enables us to capture new growth opportunities through evolving sales channels. Overall, our complementary network of sales channels positions us competitively for efficient customer outreach.

Broadest product line in the industry

Our product offerings include a comprehensive selection of standby generators of various sizes and types with ranges of power output capable of catering to many end markets and users. Our product portfolio includes generators powered by gasoline, diesel, liquid propane and natural gas as well as Bi-Fuel™ systems. Because we manufacture units for all fuel types, we are able to take advantage of marketing opportunities created by changing emission regulations and customer preferences. For example, we believe that the lower cost of natural gas powered generators for commercial purchasers such as retail stores, nursing homes, bank branches and gas stations has expanded the market by making the return on investment more compelling for these businesses. We also manufacture a complete line of automatic transfer switches, which we pair with our generators to create a complete back-up power system.

We believe that our broad product line provides us with a competitive advantage because dealers and distributors prefer dealing with a single source for a broad range of their standby and portable generator needs.

Engineering excellence

Our primary focus on generators drives technological innovation, specialized engineering and manufacturing competencies and distinguishes us from other engine and generator manufacturers for whom the sale and manufacture of power generation equipment is not their primary business. We currently operate three advanced facilities and employ over 100 engineers who focus on new product development, existing product improvement and cost reduction. Our integrated approach to engineering and manufacturing gives us the ability to quickly modify existing products or design new ones to better satisfy customer demands and evolving regulatory requirements.

Our commitment to research and development has resulted in a portfolio of approximately 50 U.S. and international patents and patent applications. Examples of our technological advancements include our technology concerning Bi-Fuel™ and our MPS technology. Bi-Fuel™ generators run on both diesel and natural gas to allow our customers the advantage of multiple fuel sources and extended run times. Our MPS technology gives our customers the flexibility to combine the power of several smaller generators to produce the output of a larger generator, providing them with redundancy and scalability in a cost-effective manner.

Over the past 50 years, our business has earned a reputation for designing and manufacturing affordable, innovative and high-quality products.

Competitive cost structure

We believe that our product engineering, manufacturing and sourcing capabilities, along with our production volume, have enabled us to have a competitive cost structure. We base this

belief on management's experience and publicly available information concerning our competitors, which, in general, do not focus exclusively on the generator business. These capabilities are based on processes that we have developed and refined over our history and that provide us with significant operating flexibility and capital efficiency.

We have implemented lean manufacturing initiatives and designed our production facilities to quickly adapt to customer demand and to the development of new product offerings. Our vertical integration gives us the ability to produce both standard and customizable products efficiently.

As part of our sourcing strategy, we have developed a network of reliable, low-cost suppliers in the United States and abroad. Our volume requirements and leading market position generally enable us to obtain favorable terms from our suppliers. In 2009 to date, we sourced more than half of our product components from outside the United States through foreign suppliers with whom we have built strong relationships. We believe that this network of relationships cannot be easily replicated.

Our volume-driven purchasing advantages, manufacturing excellence and sourcing relationships enable us to reduce the cost and manufacturing time of our generators and allow us to respond favorably to changes in the market.

Financial flexibility and strong free cash flow generation

Our disciplined and flexible cost structure and low-cost global sourcing has contributed to our financial strength and strong cash flow generation. With a highly variable manufacturing and selling, general and administrative cost structure, we believe that we are well positioned for future, growth, and have the ability to respond quickly to varying market environments. Furthermore, our business model generally requires low capital expenditures with amounts that have averaged less than \$9 million per year for each of the last three years. In addition, due to a tax election that was made at the time of the CCMP Transactions, we expect to have \$122 million in annual amortization deductions of intangibles for tax purposes through 2020, which can be used to reduce any cash tax obligations. Any additional cash tax obligations may be further reduced by our \$156.9 million balance of net operating losses as of September 30, 2009.

Experienced management team with substantial equity stake

Our senior management team has significant generator industry experience and a strong track record with a combined total of over 100 years of industry and related experience. This team has been highly successful at expanding our product line, distribution channels, and technology leadership, positioning our business for growth through innovation. We expect that upon consummation of this offering, members of our senior management team will own approximately % of our outstanding common stock on a fully-diluted basis giving effect to grants of stock options and restricted shares to be made in connection with this offering.

Our strategy

We believe we can capitalize on our competitive strengths to grow our business through the following strategies:

Further develop domestic distribution and sales channels

New dealers. We intend to further expand our geographic and product markets in North America through new dealer recruitment and the continued development of our dealer network. Our dealer recruitment efforts have yielded non-exclusive relationships with over 600 new dealers in 2009, and we have trained over 10,000 technicians on our products over the last three years. We do not own any of the dealers that distribute our products. We believe that we can create an enhanced dealer network with qualified dealers capable of improving sales distribution in underserved and under-penetrated markets and providing critical after-sale support of our products to new end users.

Private labels. We continue to explore additional strategic partnerships to expand our distribution reach. We have entered into several successful private label arrangements, and we expect to expand these and other programs. Our management identifies and endeavors to establish mutually beneficial relationships with companies that manufacture complementary products and provide additional distribution opportunities. We employ similar efforts with companies that could act as referrals for Generac® products in their respective markets.

Direct national accounts. We target commercial and industrial customers through national accounts programs that are serviced by our industrial dealers. These efforts generally are directed at companies that have the potential to generate large commitments, such as our existing non-exclusive supply contracts with several leading telecommunications operators. In the light-commercial market, we are focusing on opportunities to grow our existing customer base while increasing penetration in smaller, non-traditional end markets. This approach targets potential customers such as smaller health care facilities, nursing homes and medical clinics, grocery and convenience stores, pharmacies and other stores with needs for stationary standby generators, and we seek to develop sales programs with higher volume customers through our national accounts program.

Homebuilders. We believe homebuilders represent an attractive sales channel opportunity given the size of the industry and its potential for recovery from the current economic climate. The installation of a stationary standby generator is less expensive during the initial construction of a house and can be financed by the homeowner as a part of the mortgage for the property. Alternatively, new homes can be wired as "generator ready," making the subsequent installation of a generator relatively easy and inexpensive. In the year ended December 31, 2008, we believe that less than 10% of our net sales were generated in the new home construction market. Moreover, of the approximately 550,000 new homes constructed this year in the United States, we estimate that fewer than 5% had a stationary standby generator installed at construction.

Increase awareness of standby power solutions

We believe that through our extensive dealer network, our private label partnerships and our targeted marketing initiatives, residential and light-commercial potential customers are becoming increasingly aware of the benefits of standby power solutions, and we intend to continue our efforts to further increase that awareness. As recently as 10 years ago, stationary standby generators were available only at select dealers. Today, in large part due to our sales,

marketing and distribution efforts, standby generators can be purchased at more than 9,000 retail locations, 1,700 electrical wholesale outlets and through several leading electrical supply catalogs and e-commerce sites, as well as through over 3,700 Generac dealers and our private label partners.

We also believe that standby power solutions benefit from natural marketing awareness created by power outage events. When outage events occur (whether related to typical seasonal winds and storms, power grid failures or severe weather incidents), potential customers become increasingly aware of the advantages of generators as reliable sources of back-up electrical power in the affected area and beyond. Although these events do not always lead to immediate increases in short-term sales, we believe they support long-term demand by increasing interest in our products. We seek to extend the impact of the increase in awareness created by outage events by targeted marketing initiatives. We believe that as the frequency of outages and the duration of the outage period increases, more customers will seek backup protection from a standby generator.

We believe we are well positioned to benefit from any increased awareness of generator solutions because we believe our products are more accessible than those of our competitors. We also continue to identify initiatives to take advantage of increased product awareness to further improve penetration rates and gain market share. We believe firmly in increasing product visibility through national retail chains and through our marketing campaigns. Product visibility not only increases awareness of the standby power market, but more importantly markets our name as a reputable and prominent brand. We are committed to marketing our superior quality and innovation to further develop Generac® as the leading brand in standby power generation.

Focus on innovation and product development

We intend to continue to provide innovative and affordable products to all of our customers. For instance, in the industrial market, we market our proprietary MPS technology, which provides increased affordability, redundancy and scalability within the 600kW to 9,000kW output ranges when compared to single engine generators. We believe that our natural gas powered generators represent a key opportunity within the light-commercial market as well. These generators provide an affordable standby power solution that does not include the fuel storage, spillage, spoilage, environmental or odor concerns of traditional diesel units. We have had over 30 years of experience using natural gas engines, and have developed proprietary fuel systems, emissions technology and control systems. Our XG line of portable generators was recently named as an Editor's Choice by Popular Mechanics magazine. We intend to use our engineering expertise and experience to build upon these and other technological advances and respond to shifting customer demands.

Further develop international distribution opportunities

With less than 1% of our 2008 net sales from markets outside of the United States and Canada, international sales represent a significant growth opportunity for us. We have focused our initial international sales efforts on our industrial and light-commercial generators and have successfully built a network of 34 distributors in 16 international markets, primarily in Mexico and Central and South America. International sales of residential generators represent a longer term growth opportunity, with Frost and Sullivan predicting Argentina and Chile to grow by 8% to 9% in 2010, and Colombia and Mexico expected to show growth rates in the 14% to 15% range. To further penetrate these and other international markets, we are actively pursuing partnerships with established international companies with complementary products and distribution capabilities. Over the next few years, we expect to initially leverage our proprietary technology and innovation to increase our presence in the international industrial and light-commercial generator markets.

Expand product offering in complementary markets

We believe that, in addition to the installed standby market, the portable generator market represents an attractive opportunity to sell products that are strategic to our customer base and complementary to our manufacturing capabilities. We made the decision to re-enter the portable generator market following the expiration of a non-competition agreement in 2007. We introduced an expanded line of portable generators in 2008 and subsequently have added significant distribution capacity in the portable generator market. We believe our dealers and distributors of portable generators make our products more visible in the market, which has enabled us to increase opportunities to sell installed standby generators.

We also expect to continuously evaluate opportunities to expand organically or through opportunistic acquisitions into other complementary engine-driven adjacent products where we can leverage our manufacturing and sourcing capabilities, technological expertise and strength in distribution.

History

Generac is a Delaware corporation that was founded in 2006. Generac Power Systems, our principal operating subsidiary, is a Wisconsin corporation, which was founded in 1959 to market a line of affordable portable generators that offered superior performance and features. We expanded beyond portable generators in 1980 into the industrial market with the introduction of our first stationary generators that provided up to 200 kW. We entered the residential market in 1989 with a residential standby generator, and expanded our product development and global distribution system in the 1990s, forming a series of alliances that tripled our higher output generator net sales. In 1998, we sold our Generac® portable products business to the Beacon Group, a private equity firm, which eventually sold this business to Briggs & Stratton. In connection with our sale of Generac Portable Products to the Beacon Group, we granted the Beacon Group a perpetual license for the use of the "Generac Portable Products" trademark for certain products. The continued existence of this license means that a third party may have the right to use this trademark. However, the trademark currently is not used in commerce and is limited to portable generators. In addition, the license provides protection against inappropriate use by providing that any products and promotional materials using the trademark must meet or exceed the quality standards of the products that we sell. As such, we do not believe this license or the potential use of this license will have a material adverse impact on our operations or future results although we cannot predict this with absolute certainty. Our growth accelerated in 2000 when our products entered retail distribution, and our offering of quiet-running QT Series generators in 2005 accelerated our penetration in the commercial market. In 2008 we successfully expanded our position in the portable generator market after the expiration of our non-compete agreement with the Beacon Group entered into in connection with the aforementioned Beacon Group transaction. Today, we manufacture a full line of generators for a wide variety of applications and markets. Our success is built on engineering expertise, manufacturing excellence and our innovative approaches to the market.

Our products

We design, engineer and manufacture generators with an output of between 800W and 9mW. In the manufacturing process for our generators, we design, manufacture, source and modify

engines, alternators, transfer switches and other components necessary to production. We classify our products into three classes based on similar range of power output and similar primary customer usage: residential power products; industrial and commercial power products; and other products. The following summary outlines our portfolio of products, including their key attributes and customer applications.

Residential power products

Our automatic residential standby generators range in output from 8kW to 60kW, with manufacturer's suggested retail prices, or MSRPs, from approximately \$2,000 to \$15,000. They operate on either natural gas or liquid propane and are permanently installed with an automatic transfer switch, which we also manufacture. Our air-cooled residential standby generators range in outputs from 8kW to 20kW and are available in steel and aluminum enclosures. Our liquid-cooled generators range in outputs from 22kW to 60kW, including the Guardian® Series and the premium QuietSource® Series, with a quiet, low-speed engine and a standard aluminum enclosure. We believe that we have the broadest residential standby product line in the generator industry.

We provide portable generators fueled by gasoline that range in size from 800W to 17,500W. Following the expiration of a non-compete agreement in 2007, we expanded our portable product line to introduce portable generators below 12,500W. We have currently have four portable product lines: the GP series, targeted at homeowners, ranging from 1,850W to 17,500W; the XG series, targeted at the premium homeowner markets, ranging from 4,000 to 8,000W; the XP series, targeted at the professional contractor market, ranging from 4,000 to 8,000W; and the iX series, targeted at the recreational market, ranging from 800W to 2,000W.

Residential power products comprised 62.9%, 55.2% and 57.9%, respectively, of total net sales in 2006, 2007, and 2008.

Industrial and commercial power products

Our light-commercial product line includes a full range of affordable generators from 22kW to 150kW and related transfer switches, providing three-phase power that is sufficient for most small and mid-sized businesses including grocery stores, convenience stores, restaurants, gas stations, pharmacies, retail banks, small health care facilities. Our light-commercial generators run on natural gas or liquid propane, which avoids the fuel spillages, spoilage, environmental or odor concerns that are common with traditional diesel units.

We manufacture a broad line of standard and configured industrial standby generators and related transfer switches. Our single-engine industrial generators range in output from 10kW to 600kW with our MPS extending our product range up to 9mW. We offer four fuel options including gasoline, diesel, natural gas, liquid propane or Bi-Fuel™. Bi-Fuel™ generators run on both diesel and natural gas to allow our customers the advantage of multiple fuel sources and extended run times.

Our MPS combines the power of several smaller generators to produce the output of a larger generator, providing our customers with redundancy and scalability in a cost-effective manner. For larger industrial applications, our MPS product line offers customers an efficient, affordable way to scale their standby power needs. By offering a series of smaller Generac generators integrated with Generac's proprietary PowerManager control system, we provide a lower cost

alternative to traditional large, single-engine generators. The MPS product line also offers superior functionality due to the redundancy and scalability of the generator systems.

We provide the telecommunications market our full range of generator systems, ranging from 20kW air-cooled generators to 3mW MPS.

Industrial and commercial power products comprised 28.9%, 37.0% and 36.2%, respectively, of total net sales in 2006, 2007 and 2008.

Other power products

Our RV generators range in size from 3.4kW to 8.5kW and are available in gasoline, liquid propane or diesel fuel models. These generators are sold directly to original equipment manufacturers, or OEMs, as well as aftermarket dealers. We also sell air-cooled engines to third-party equipment OEMs and sell after-market service parts to our dealers.

Other power products comprise 8.2%, 7.8% and 5.9%, respectively, of total net sales in 2006, 2007 and 2008.

Distribution channels and customers

We distribute our product through several channels to increase awareness of our product categories and the Generac® brand, and to ensure our products reach a broad customer base. This distribution network includes independent and industrial dealers, electrical wholesalers, national accounts, private label arrangements, retailers, catalogs and e-commerce merchants. We believe our distribution network is a competitive advantage that we have strengthened over the last decade by expanding our network from our base of industrial dealers to include other channels of distribution as we have increased our product offerings. Our network is well balanced with no one sales channel providing more than 24% of our sales and no customer providing more than 7% of our sales in 2008.

Our dealer network of over 3,700 dealers, which are mainly located in the United States and Canada, is the industry's largest network of independent generator contractors.

Our residential dealer network sells, installs and services our residential and commercial products to end users. We have developed a number of proprietary dealer management systems to evaluate, manage and incentivize our dealers, which we believe has improved the level of customer service provided to end customers. These systems include both technical and sales training programs, under which we train new and existing dealers about our products, service and installation. We regularly perform market analyses to determine if a given market is either under-served or has poor independent distributor representation. Within these locations, we selectively add distribution or invest resources in existing dealer support and training to improve dealer performance.

Our industrial dealer network provides industrial and commercial end-users with on-going, local and nationwide product support. Our sales group works in conjunction with our industrial dealers to ensure that national accounts receive engineering support, competitive pricing and nationwide service. We promote our industrial generators through the use of traveling demonstrations, specifying engineer education events, dealer forums and training events. In recent years, we have been particularly focused on expanding our industrial dealer network in Canada and Latin America in order to expand our international sales opportunities.

Our direct to national accounts strategy provides national coverage for large customers in a coordinated sales approach. We have achieved success with this strategy within the telecommunications and industrial market as we have won business from major wireless telecommunications providers. We seek to duplicate this success within the health care and retail sectors. Products sold through our national account sales are installed and serviced by our industrial dealers.

Our electrical wholesaler network consists of over 1,700 selling branches of both national and local distribution houses. Our electrical wholesalers distribute our residential, light-commercial, industrial and portable generators and are a key introduction to the category for electrical contractors.

On a selective basis, we have established arrangements with private label partners to provide residential and light-commercial generators. The partners include leading HVAC equipment, electrical equipment and construction machinery companies, each of which provides access to incremental channels of distribution for our products. We have multi-year contracts with certain of these partners with terms of between three and four years establishing the terms of these arrangements.

Our retail distribution network includes over 9,000 locations, which includes regional and national home improvement chains, retailers, clubs, buying groups and farm supply stores. This is supplemented with a number of catalogue and e-commerce retailers. This network sells our residential standby, portable and light-commercial generators. In some cases, we have worked with our retail partners to create installation networks using our dealers to support the sale and installation of standby generator products sold at retail. We also use a combination of advertising through our partners and other national retail accounts to promote our products within the network.

We also sell our generators for RVs directly to OEM manufacturers and after-market dealers.

Manufacturing

Our excellence in manufacturing reflects our philosophy of high standards, continuous measurement and commitment to quality. Our facilities showcase our advanced manufacturing techniques and demonstrate the effectiveness of lean manufacturing.

We are focused on low-cost production techniques and technology and continually seek to reduce manufacturing costs while improving product quality. We deliver an affordable product to our customers through our low-cost design philosophy, foreign sourcing strategy and adherence to lean manufacturing principles. We believe we have sufficient capacity to achieve our business goals for the foreseeable future without the need for further expansion.

Our product quality is essential to maintaining a leading market position. Incoming shipments from our suppliers are tested to ensure engineering specifications are met. Purchased components are tested for quality before entering production lines and are continuously tested throughout the manufacturing process. Internal product and production audits are performed to ensure a quality product and process. We test finished products under a variety of simulated conditions at each of our manufacturing facilities.

Research and development and intellectual property

Research and development is a core competency and includes a staff of over 100 engineers working on nearly 100 active projects. Our sponsored research and development expense was \$9.9 million, \$9.6 million, \$9.1 million and \$1.2 million for the years ended December 2008 and 2007, for the period from January 1, 2006 through November 10, 2006 and for the period from November 11, 2006 through December 31, 2006, respectively. Research and development is conducted at each of our manufacturing facilities and additionally at our technical center in Suzhou, China with dedicated teams for each product line. Research and development is focused on developing new technologies and product enhancements as well as maintaining product competitiveness by improving manufacturing costs, safety characteristics, reliability and performance while ensuring compliance with governmental standards. We have had over 30 years of experience using natural gas engines, including our proprietary fuel systems and emissions technology. In the residential market we have developed proprietary engines, cooling packages, controls and fuel and emissions systems.

We rely on a combination of patents and trademarks to establish and protect our proprietary rights. We currently own approximately 42 U.S. issued patents, two internationally issued patents, one U.S. patent application, one international patent application, approximately 20 trademark registrations and applications in the United States and approximately 30 registrations and applications for the "Generac" trademark in other countries. Our patents expire between June 2012 and January 2027 and protect certain features and technologies we have developed for use in our products including fuel systems, air flow, electronics and controls, noise reduction and air-cooled engines. U.S. trademark registrations generally have a perpetual duration if they are properly maintained and renewed. New U.S. patents that are issued generally have a life of 20 years from the date the patent application is initially filed. We believe the existence of these patents and trademarks, along with our ongoing processes to register additional patents and trademarks, protect our intellectual property rights and enhance our competitive position. We also use proprietary manufacturing processes that require customized equipment.

Suppliers of raw materials

Our primary raw materials are steel, copper and aluminum, all of which are purchased from third parties and, in many cases, as part of machined components. We have developed an extensive network of reliable, low-cost suppliers in the United States and abroad. In 2009 to date, we sourced more than half of our components from outside the United States. We source liquid-cooled natural gas/liquid propane engines and diesel engines from multiple suppliers, in many cases customizing these engines to our own proprietary specifications. We source from over 2,000 suppliers with our largest supplier accounting for 8% and our top ten suppliers accounting for 36% of our purchases in the year ended December 31, 2008.

Quality control

We maintain rigorous standards of performance using manufacturing methods that measure individuals, departments and plant metrics. Our manufacturing group measures itself daily, weekly and monthly in five key areas: quality, productivity, delivery, materials management and

safety. Monthly conferences with upper management maintain focus on meeting operational challenges and working in a productive and cost effective manner.

We were an early adopter of the UL 2200 Listings for standby generator products, and all of our products meet UL 2200 specifications. We conduct our own self-certification for sound and exhaust emissions to help ensure compliance with the regulatory standards of the EPA, CARB and the South Coast Air Quality Management District.

Warranties

Our warranty policies differ by product line. The majority of our sales are of products carrying a standard two- or three-year warranty, with certain variations in the second or third year that cover reimbursement of the parts cost only. Some of our products carry warranties for longer periods. Our provision for warranty expense averaged less than 3.0% of net sales for the last three years.

Properties

We own and operate three manufacturing facilities located in Eagle, Wisconsin, Waukesha, Wisconsin and Whitewater, Wisconsin, which total approximately 800,000 square feet. We also operate a dealer training center at our Eagle, Wisconsin facility, which allows us to train new industrial and residential dealers on the service and installation of our products and provide existing dealers with training on product innovations.

We own a distribution center totaling 200,000 square feet and an undeveloped lot of approximately 18.1 acres in Whitewater, Wisconsin. We also have leased inventory warehouses in the United States that accommodate the rapid response requirements of our customers.

The following table shows the location and activities of our operations.

Location	Owned/ Leased	Square footage	Activities
Manufacturing:			
Waukesha, WI	Owned	264,000	Corporate headquarters and manufacturing of water-cooled generators and transfer switches
Eagle, WI	Owned	236,000	Manufacturing of water-cooled generators and metal fabrication
Eagle, WI	Owned	6,000	Training facility
Whitewater, WI	Owned	295,000	Manufacturing of vertically integrated engines and generators
Distribution:			
Whitewater, WI	Owned	196,000	Distribution center
Other:			
Maquoketa, IA	Owned	137,000	Rental property

All of our properties are subject to mortgages under our senior secured credit facilities.

Information systems

Our current Enterprise Resource Planning, or ERP, is AS/400 based and has been in place for over eight years. This system provides an integrated link between our manufacturing,

inventory, purchasing, engineering, order entry, sales, planning, customer relationship management, accounting and human resources functions. In addition, we have made significant investments in customizing our ERP software for our business needs.

Competition

The market for onsite generators is competitive and continually evolving. We face competition from a variety of large diversified industrial technology companies as well as smaller generator manufacturers abroad. However, most of the traditional participants in the standby generator market compete on a more specialized basis, focused on specific applications within their larger diversified product mix. We are the only significant market participant focused exclusively on standby and portable generators with broad capabilities across the residential, industrial and light-commercial generator markets. We believe that our engineering capabilities and core focus on generators provide us with manufacturing flexibility and enable us to maintain a first-mover advantage over our competition for product innovation.

Our competitors include Briggs & Stratton, Caterpillar, Cummins, Honda, Kohler, MTU (Katolight division), and Techtronics International (TTI). In the market for standby industrial and commercial generators, our primary competitors are Caterpillar, Cummins, Kohler and MTU, most of which also focus on the market for diesel generators as they are also diesel engine manufacturers. In the market for residential standby generators, our primary competitors include Briggs & Stratton, Cummins (Onan division) and Kohler, which also have broad operations in other manufacturing businesses. In the portable generator market, our primary competitors include Briggs & Stratton, Honda and Techtronics International (TTI), along with a number of smaller domestic and foreign competitors.

There are a number of other standby generator manufacturers located outside North America, but most supply their products mainly to their respective regional markets. In a continuously evolving sector, we think our size and broad capabilities make us well positioned to remain competitive. Furthermore, we view several of these international manufacturers as potential candidates for future strategic partnerships.

We compete primarily on the basis of brand reputation, quality, reliability, pricing, innovative features, breadth of product and product availability.

Employees

As of September 30, 2009, we had 1,486 employees (1,361 full time and 125 part-time and temporary employees). Of those, 880 employees were directly involved in manufacturing at our manufacturing facilities, 91 employees were involved in research and development, 298 employees were part of our sales, distribution and service groups, and 217 employees were involved in corporate or other functions.

We have had an "open shop" bargaining agreement for the past 45 years. Our current agreement is with the Communication Workers of America, Local 5503. The current agreement, which expires October 14, 2011, covers our Waukesha and Eagle facilities, but because membership is voluntary, only 33 of the 416 eligible employees at those locations are members of the union. Our facility in Whitewater, Wisconsin is not unionized.

Regulation, including environmental matters

As a manufacturing company, our operations are subject to a variety of foreign, federal, state and local environmental, health and safety laws and regulations including those governing, among other things, emissions to air, discharges to water, noise and the generation, handling, storage, transportation, treatment and disposal of waste and other materials. In addition, our products are subject to various laws and regulations relating to, among other things, emissions and fuel requirements, as well as labeling and marketing.

Our products are regulated by the EPA and CARB. These governing bodies continuously pass regulations that require us to meet more stringent emission standards. With the adoption of a recent regulation covering stationary propane and natural gas-fueled generators, the EPA now regulates all products we produce for sale in the United States. New regulations could require us to redesign our products and could affect market growth for our products.

For example, the EPA has developed multiple phases of national emission standards for small air-cooled engines. In 2008, the EPA adopted a proposed Phase III regulation that further reduces permitted exhaust emissions from small engines and also requires the engines and equipment in which engines are used to meet new evaporative emission standards. The EPA's Phase III program requires the use of evaporative controls that must be phased in starting in 2009 and take full effect in 2011 for Class II engines (225 cubic center displacement and larger) and 2012 for Class I engines (less than 225 cubic center displacement). The Phase III program's more stringent exhaust emission requirements also apply starting in 2011 for Class II engines and 2012 for Class I engines. The Phase III standards are similar to the CARB's Tier 3 emission standards which were fully phased in during fiscal year 2008. CARB's Tier 3 regulation required additional reductions to engine exhaust emissions as well as new controls on evaporative emissions from small engines.

We believe that our operations and our products are in material compliance with applicable laws and regulations, including environmental and workplace safety regulations. We are not subject to any pending investigations, claims, or proceedings by any foreign, federal, state, or local governmental agency or administration that would materially impact our financial condition or our results.

Litigation

From time to time, we are involved in legal proceedings primarily involving product liability and employment matters and general commercial disputes arising in the ordinary course of our business. We believe that there is no litigation pending that would have a material effect on our results of operations or financial condition.

Management

Board of directors

The following table sets forth information regarding the board of directors of Generac as of January 2010. Within one year after the consummation of this offering, we intend to appoint enough additional independent persons to our board of directors to meet SEC and NYSE guidelines. The full composition of the board of directors will be determined at that time. Executive officers serve at the request of the board of directors.

Name	Age	Position
Aaron Jagdfeld	38	Chief Executive Officer and Director
Stephen Murray	47	Director
Timothy Walsh	46	Director
Stephen V. McKenna	40	Director
John D. Bowlin	58	Director
Edward A. LeBlanc	62	Director
Barry J. Goldstein	66	Director

The following biographies describe the business experience of each director:

Aaron Jagdfeld has served as our Chief Executive Officer since September 30, 2008 and as a director since November 2006. Prior to becoming Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Jagdfeld worked for Generac for 15 years. He began his career in the finance department in 1994 and became our Chief Financial Officer in 2002. In 2007, he was appointed president and was responsible for sales, marketing, engineering and product development. Prior to joining Generac, Mr. Jagdfeld worked in the audit practice of the Milwaukee, Wisconsin office of Deloitte and Touche. Mr. Jagdfeld holds a Bachelor of Business Administration in Accounting from the University of Wisconsin-Whitewater.

Stephen Murray has served as a director of Generac since November 2006. Mr. Murray currently serves as President and Chief Executive Officer of CCMP Capital Advisors, LLC. Prior to joining CCMP when it was founded in August 2006, Mr. Murray was a Partner at J.P. Morgan Partners, LLC. Prior to joining J.P. Morgan Partners in 1989, Mr. Murray was a Vice President with the Middle-Market Lending Division of Manufacturers Hanover. Mr. Murray holds a B.A. from Boston College and an M.B.A. from Columbia Business School. He also serves on the board of directors of AMC Entertainment, ARAMARK Corporation, CareMore Medical Enterprises, Chefs' Warehouse, Crestcom, Hanley Wood, Jetro Holdings, Legacy Hospital Partners, Noble Environmental Power, Octagon Credit Investors, Quiznos Sub, Strongwood Insurance and Warner Chilcott.

Timothy Walsh has served as a director of Generac since November 2006. Mr. Walsh currently serves as a Managing Director in the New York office of CCMP. Prior to joining CCMP when it was founded in August 2006, Mr. Walsh was a Partner at J.P. Morgan Partners, LLC. Prior to joining J.P. Morgan Partners in 1993, Mr. Walsh worked on various industry-focused client teams within The Chase Manhattan Corporation. Mr. Walsh holds a B.S. from Trinity College and an M.B.A. from the University of Chicago Graduate School of Business. He also serves on

the board of directors of Kraton Performance Polymers, Inc., MetoKote, Octagon Credit Investors and Pliant Corporation.

Stephen V. McKenna has served as a director of Generac since November 2006. Mr. McKenna currently serves as a Managing Director in the New York office of CCMP. Prior to joining CCMP when it was founded in August 2006, Mr. McKenna was a Partner at J.P. Morgan Partners, LLC. Prior to joining J.P. Morgan Partners in 2000, Mr. McKenna worked in the Consumer Investment Banking Group of Morgan Stanley. Prior to Morgan Stanley, he worked in the Industrial Mergers & Acquisitions Group of J.P. Morgan. Mr. McKenna holds a B.A. from Dartmouth College and an M.B.A. from the University of Chicago Graduate School of Business. Mr. McKenna currently also serves on the board of directors of Jetro Holdings and Pliant Corporation.

John D. Bowlin has served as a director of Generac since December 2006. Mr. Bowlin is a consultant to CCMP Capital Advisors, LLC. Mr. Bowlin previously served as President and Chief Executive Officer of Miller Brewing Company from 1999 until 2003. From 1985 until 2002, Mr. Bowlin was employed by Philip Morris Companies, Inc., in various leadership capacities, including President, Kraft International, Inc. (1996-1999), President and Chief Operating Officer, Kraft Foods North America (1994-1996), President and Chief Operating Officer, Miller Brewing Company (1993-1994), and President, Oscar Mayer Food Corporation (1991-1993). He also serves as a director and Non-Executive Chairman of Pliant Corporation and Spectrum Brands.

Edward A. LeBlanc has served as a director of Generac since December 2006. Prior to founding the management consulting firm Focus Associates, LLC in the fall of 2008, Mr. LeBlanc served in an interim capacity as Chairman and CEO of Generac from October 2007 to September 2008. From 2000 to 2005 Mr. LeBlanc was Chief Executive Officer of Kidde PLC's R&C Division, the world's premier manufacturer of smoke and carbon monoxide alarms and fire extinguishers headquartered in Mebane, North Carolina. He served as President and CEO of Regent Lighting Corporation from 1997 through 2000. Prior to joining Regent he held numerous senior level positions at Macklanburg-Duncan, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma serving as President and COO from 1987 to 1997. Mr. LeBlanc also serves on the Board of Directors for Ames True Temp, Pro-Build Holding, Inc., Calera Capital and IPS Corporation. He is also currently serving as Immediate Past Chairman of the Home Safety Council in Washington, DC.

Barry J. Goldstein has served as a director of Generac since September 2009. In October 2000, Mr. Goldstein retired as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Office Depot, Inc., which he joined as Chief Financial Officer in May 1987. Mr. Goldstein was with Grant Thornton from 1969 through May 1987, where he was named a Partner in 1976. Mr. Goldstein also currently serves on the board of directors of Interline Brands Inc., Noble Environmental Power, LLC and Kraton Performance Polymers, Inc.

Our board of directors currently consists of seven members. Following the consummation of this offering, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and by-laws will provide that our board of directors may be divided into three classes, with one class being elected each year. Each director will serve a three-year term, with termination staggered according to class.

Messrs. Murray, Walsh and McKenna were elected to our board of directors pursuant to the shareholders agreement described in "Certain relationships and related person transactions—Shareholders agreement."

Our board of directors has appointed Timothy Walsh to serve as the Lead Director. The Lead Director is responsible for:

- presiding at all meetings of the board of directors;
- serving as a liaison between the board of directors and management;
- approving information sent to the board of directors in preparation for meetings of the board of directors;
- approving agendas for meetings of the board of directors and meeting schedules to ensure that there is sufficient time for discussion of all agenda items;
- being available to discuss with the other directors any concerns they may have about our company and its performance and relaying such concerns, when appropriate, to the full board of directors;
- consulting with the Chief Executive Officer regarding concerns of the directors;
- being available to be consulted by any of the senior executives as to any concerns they might have; and
- being available for communications with our stockholders.

Director compensation

The following table shows compensation information for 2008 and 2009 for our board of directors.

Name	Year	Fees earned or paid in cash (\$)	All other compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
Stephen Murray	2009	—	—	—
	2008	—	—	—
Timothy Walsh	2009	—	—	—
	2008	—	—	—
Stephen V. McKenna	2009	—	—	—
	2008	—	—	—
John D. Bowlin	2009	50,000	—	50,000
	2008	50,000	—	50,000
Edward A. LeBlanc(1)	2009	—	150,000	150,000
	2008	—	37,808	37,808
Barry J. Goldstein	2009	18,333	—	18,333
	2008	—	—	—

(1) "All other compensation" includes fees paid to Mr. LeBlanc under his consulting arrangement. See "Certain relationships and related person transactions—Consulting agreements."

Mr. David Grizzle was a director for part of 2009. During that time, he received \$12,500 in board fees. Mr. Grizzle is no longer serving on our board of directors.

Following the consummation of this offering, the members of the board of directors will be compensated for their services as directors, through board fees of \$12,500 per quarter, annual stock grants with a value of \$50,000, and reimbursement for out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with rendering such services for so long as they serve as directors. The chairman

of the audit committee will receive a quarterly fee of \$3,750 in cash and the chairman of the compensation committee will receive a quarterly fee of \$2,500 in cash. In addition, certain non-employee members of the board of directors may also participate in the future in our Omnibus Plan as described under "Executive compensation—2010 Equity incentive plan."

Executive officers

The following table sets forth information regarding our executive officers:

Name	Age	Position
Aaron Jagdfeld	38	Chief Executive Officer and Director
York A. Ragen	38	Chief Financial Officer
Dawn Tabat	57	Chief Operating Officer
Clement Feng	46	Senior Vice President, Marketing
Allen Gillette	53	Senior Vice President, Engineering
Roger Schaus, Jr.	55	Senior Vice President, Service Operations
Roger Pascavis	49	Senior Vice President, Operations
Terrance J. Dolan*	44	Senior Vice President, Sales

* Mr. Dolan commenced work on January 18, 2010.

York A. Ragen has served as our Chief Financial Officer since September 30, 2008. Prior to becoming Chief Financial Officer, Mr. Ragen held Director of Finance and Vice President of Finance positions at Generac. Prior to joining Generac in 2005, Mr. Ragen was Vice President, Corporate Controller at APW Ltd., a spin-off from Applied Power Inc., now known as Actuant Corporation. Mr. Ragen began his career in the Audit division of Arthur Andersen's Milwaukee office. Mr. Ragen holds a Bachelor of Business Administration from the University of Wisconsin-Whitewater.

Dawn Tabat has served as our Chief Operating Officer since 2002. Ms. Tabat joined Generac in 1972 and served as Personnel Manager and Personnel Director before being promoted to Vice President of Human Resources in 1992. During this period, Ms. Tabat was responsible for creating the human resource function within Generac, including recruiting, compensation, training and workforce relations. In her current position, Ms. Tabat oversees manufacturing, logistics, global supply chain, quality, safety, information services and human resources.

Clement Feng has served as our Chief Marketing Officer and Executive Vice President since 2007. Prior to joining Generac, Mr. Feng was the Vice President of Marketing at Broan-NuTone from 2003 to 2007. From 2000-2003 Mr. Feng was the Vice President of Marketing for Vermont American, a division of Robert Bosch Tool Corporation. From 1994 to 2000, Mr. Feng was the Director of Marketing at Mast Lock Company. Mr. Feng holds an M.B.A from the University of Chicago School of Business, a B.S. in Chemical Engineering from Stanford University.

Allen Gillette is our Senior Vice President of Engineering. Mr. Gillette joined Generac in 1998 and has served as Engineering Manager, Director of Engineering and Vice President of Engineering. Prior to joining Generac, Mr. Gillette was Manager of Engineering at Transamerica Delaval Enterprise Division, Chief Engineer—High-Speed Engines at Ajax-Superior Division and Manager of Design & Development, Cooper-Bessemer Reciprocating Products Division.

Mr. Gillette holds an M.S. in Mechanical Engineering from Purdue University and a B.S. in Mechanical Engineering from Gonzaga University.

Roger Schaus, Jr. serves as our Senior Vice President of Service Operations. Mr. Schaus joined Generac in 1988 and has served as Director of Manufacturing Services, Vice President of Manufacturing Services and Senior Vice President of Operations. Prior to joining Generac, Mr. Schaus was a Manufacturing Area Manager for Harley Davidson Motor Company in Wauwatosa, Wisconsin and a Plant Manager for Custom Products in Menomonee Falls, Wisconsin. Mr. Schaus holds a B.S. in Agricultural Economics from the University of Wisconsin, Madison.

Roger Pascavis has served as our Senior Vice President of Operations since January 2008. Mr. Pascavis joined Generac in 1995 and has served as Director of Materials and Vice President of Operations. Prior to joining Generac, Mr. Pascavis was a Plant Manager for MTI in Waukesha, Wisconsin. Mr. Pascavis holds a B.S. in Industrial Technology from the University of Wisconsin, Stout and an M.B.A. from Lake Forest Graduate School of Management.

Terrance J. Dolan began serving as our Senior Vice President, Sales on January 18, 2010. Prior to joining Generac, Mr. Dolan was Senior Vice President of Business Development and Marketing at Boart Longyear, Vice President of Sales and Marketing at Ingersoll Rand, and Director of Strategic Accounts at Case Corporation. Mr. Dolan holds a B.A. in Management and Communications from Concordia University.

Code of ethics

Upon completion of this offering, we intend to adopt a code of ethical conduct for directors and all employees of Generac. We intend to post our code of ethical conduct on our website at www.generac.com. To the extent permitted, we intend to post on our website any amendments to, or waivers from, our code of ethical conduct.

Director independence and controlled company exception

Our board of directors has affirmatively determined that Barry J. Goldstein will be an independent director under the applicable rules of the NYSE and as such term is defined in Rule 10A-3(b)(1) under the Exchange Act.

After completion of this offering, affiliates of CCMP will continue to control a majority of our outstanding common stock. As a result, we are a "controlled company" within the meaning of the NYSE corporate governance standards. Under these rules, a "controlled company" may elect not to comply with certain NYSE corporate governance standards, including:

- the requirement that a majority of the board of directors consist of independent directors;
- the requirement that we have a nominating and corporate governance committee that is composed entirely of independent directors with a written charter addressing the committee's purpose and responsibilities;
- the requirement that we have a compensation committee that is composed entirely of independent directors with a written charter addressing the committee's purpose and responsibilities; and

- the requirement for an annual performance evaluation of the nominating and corporate governance committee and compensation committee.

Following this offering, we intend to utilize these exemptions. As a result, we will not have a majority of independent directors, our nominating and corporate governance committee and compensation committee will not consist entirely of independent directors and such committees will not be subject to annual performance evaluations. Accordingly, our stockholders will not have the same protections afforded to shareholders of companies that are subject to all of the NYSE corporate governance requirements.

Board committees

Audit committee

The purpose of the audit committee is set forth in the audit committee charter. The committee's primary duties and responsibilities are to:

- appoint, compensate, retain and oversee the work of any registered public accounting firm engaged for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services and review and appraise the audit efforts of our independent accountants;
- establish procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters;
- engage independent counsel and other advisers, as necessary;
- determine funding of various services provided by accountants or advisers retained by the committee;
- serve as an independent and objective party to oversee our internal controls and procedures system; and
- provide an open avenue of communication among the independent accountants, financial and senior management and the board.

Upon the completion of this offering, the members of the audit committee will be Messrs. Barry J. Goldstein, Stephen McKenna and Timothy Walsh. Mr. Goldstein will serve as the chairman of the audit committee and the board of directors has determined that he is an "audit committee financial expert" as defined in Item 407(d)(5) of Regulation S-K. The board is satisfied that all members of our audit committee have sufficient expertise and business and financial experience necessary to effectively perform their duties as members of the audit committee. Upon completion of the offering, we will add additional "independent directors," as required by SEC and NYSE rules, within the time limits described by such rules. Under those rules, we will be required to have a majority of independent directors on the audit committee within 90 days after the date of effectiveness of the registration statement in connection with this offering and all members will be required to be independent within one year from such date.

Compensation committee

The purpose of the compensation committee is to review and approve the compensation of our executives. The compensation committee approves compensation objectives and policies as well as compensation plans and specific compensation levels for all executive officers.

With respect to compensation matters for each named executive officer other than Mr. Jagdfeld, Mr. Jagdfeld solicits information and recommendations on each executive's duties, responsibilities, business goals, objectives and upcoming challenges from York A. Ragen, the Chief Financial Officer, or CFO, and Dawn Tabat, the Chief Operating Officer, or COO. Mr. Jagdfeld provides the compensation committee his recommendation of compensation for each named executive officer. Mr. Jagdfeld also provides publicly available compensation data for senior executives, including chief executive officers, of various companies. After reviewing and discussing Mr. Jagdfeld's recommendations for each named executive officer, the compensation committee and Mr. Jagdfeld establish the compensation of the management team generally and the compensation committee establishes Mr. Jagdfeld's compensation independently.

Upon the completion of this offering, Messrs. Timothy Walsh and John D. Bowlin will serve on the compensation committee, and Mr. Walsh will serve as the chairman. Our board of directors will affirmatively determine that each of Mr. Walsh and Mr. Bowlin meets the definition of "outside director" for the purposes of Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

Nominating and corporate governance committee

The primary purpose of the nominating and corporate governance committee is to:

- identify and recommend to the board individuals qualified to serve as directors of our company and on committees of the board;
- advise the board with respect to the board composition, procedures and committees;
- develop and recommend to the board a set of corporate governance guidelines and principles applicable to us; and
- review the overall corporate governance of our company and recommend improvements when necessary.

Upon the completion of this offering, Messrs. Stephen Murray and Edward A. LeBlanc will serve on the nominating and corporate governance committee, and Mr. Murray will serve as the chairman.

Compensation committee interlocks and insider participation

During 2008, the members of our compensation committee were Messrs. Timothy Walsh and John D. Bowlin. Mr. Walsh is a Managing Director of CCMP. Mr. Bowlin is a consultant to CCMP. CCMP provides Generac with advisory services pursuant to its advisory services and monitoring agreement and has entered into other transactions with us. See "Certain relationships and related party transactions."

Upon the completion of this offering, none of our executive officers will serve on the compensation committee or board of directors of any other company of which any of the members of our compensation committee or any of our directors is an executive officer.

Compensation discussion and analysis

Compensation philosophy and objectives

Generac's executive compensation policy, as established by our compensation committee, is designed to drive share value creation over the long term. The principal components of its pay plan, including base pay, annual incentive and long-term incentives are designed to attract and retain high caliber executive talent. The pay plan is also designed to motivate executives to achieve the sustainable share value creation at the heart of Generac's compensation philosophy.

The compensation committee looks to the aggregate compensation package for each named executive officer to determine the individual elements of each such named executive officer's pay. The compensation committee and board of directors of Generac approve an annual variable compensation plan targeted to pay at competitive levels, provided that pre-established individual and Generac performance goals are achieved. The compensation committee has engaged Hewitt Associates LLC, or Hewitt, as its independent compensation consultant. In that role, Hewitt has supplied the committee with compensation data from its Total Compensation Management database relating to compensation paid to executives at similar sized public companies which operate in Generac's industry. Hewitt has provided advice on market practices, as well as support regarding specific decisions regarding compensation for named executive officers. In addition, the compensation committee expects that Messrs. Jagdfeld and Ragen, in consultation with the board of directors, will establish an annual budget that will include sales targets and other performance-related goals, which the compensation committee may consult in making decisions with respect to bonuses and other payments. The compensation committee may also approve the grant of shares of restricted stock, options or other equity or equity-based awards from time to time, the value of which is intended to retain and motivate our chief executive officer, chief financial officer and each of our three other most highly compensated executive officers (referred to as our "named executive officers"), as well as align a portion of their compensation with our performance.

We expect that, upon completion of our initial public offering, each of the named executive officers will receive one or more of the types of equity awards described below. These awards are intended to align the long-term interests of the named executive officers with those of Generac and its stockholders, while also promoting retention by utilizing multi-year vesting periods. Generally, we will grant equity awards to executives in connection with their commencement of employment with us. The compensation committee, with the advice of Hewitt, will determine the value of such grants by reviewing compensation practices of peer companies, our past practice, and individual negotiations with the executive. In addition, the compensation committee has the discretion to grant additional equity awards to executives, including the named executive officers, based on the individual's contributions to Generac.

Role of the compensation committee

Our compensation committee discharges the responsibility of the board of directors relating to the compensation of the named executive officers. In 2008 and 2009, the members of the compensation committee were Messrs. Timothy Walsh and John D. Bowlin.

The compensation committee annually reviews our goals and objectives related to the compensation of the named executive officers. During that review, the compensation

committee considers the balance between short-term compensation and long-term incentives, evaluates the performance of the named executive officers in light of established goals and objectives, considers our prior performance and our relative shareholder return and sets the compensation levels of the named executive officers based on that evaluation. In addition, the Chief Executive Officer and Vice President of Human Resources provide the compensation committee with additional analyses and recommendations which reflects such factors as level of experience, time at position and applicable skillset as to the compensation of the named executive officers, although neither the Chief Executive Officer nor the Vice President of Human Resources makes recommendations about his/her own compensation to the compensation committee. Historically, the compensation committee has not hired outside compensation consultants to conduct a direct analysis of our compensation levels; however, we subscribe to databases maintained by two independent consultant companies, which include aggregated data with respect to industrial machinery and equipment manufacturing companies but which do not include specific data for the individual companies included in the dataset. The independent consultants gather data from both large and small companies and adjust the dataset to present the information, eliminating the impact of company size. The compensation committee does not know the identities of the companies included in the dataset. Once the compensation committee has determined appropriate compensation levels for the named executive officers, the compensation committee uses the data to confirm that compensation levels are reasonable based on that data. Although it does not set specific benchmarks for reasonable compensation levels based on the dataset, the compensation committee would generally view compensation to be reasonable if it is within 35% of the 50th percentile as presented in the dataset, assuming target bonus levels and considering the factors described above. Compensation in 2008 was considered to be reasonable, based on the above and given the promotion of Aaron Jagdfeld to CEO and York Ragen to CFO in September 2008. Our compensation committee anticipates that compensation in 2009 will fall within 35% of the 50th percentile, except for Clement Feng and Aaron Jagdfeld's compensation. Mr. Feng's compensation would be 102% above the 50th percentile, as a result of the special bonus granted to him, described in "Executive compensation—Employment agreements and severance benefits." Mr. Jagdfeld's compensation at targeted levels in 2009 would be 55% below the 50th percentile, and the compensation committee approved in January 2010 an increase in his base salary and targeted bonus level, described in "Executive compensation—Employment agreements and severance benefits," which will bring his compensation more in line with the dataset range. Compensation for the other named executive officers in 2009 would be 13% to 32% below the 50th percentile of the dataset at their target bonus level. Although the compensation committee reviews this data by position annually and attempts to award salaries that are reasonable in light of such data, the compensation committee does not identify a specific peer group for the purpose of benchmarking executive compensation. In the future, we anticipate that the compensation committee may elect to identify a peer group of specified companies in consultation with Hewitt for purposes of establishing the compensation of the named executive officers and other senior executive officers.

Components of compensation

Base salary

Employment agreements for certain of the named executive officers were established as a result of negotiations between the individual and Generac at the time of hire. The employment agreements currently in effect for our named executive officers are described

below under "Executive compensation—Employment agreements and severance benefits." The compensation committee reviews the base salaries of the named executive officers on an annual basis. In December of each year, the Chief Executive Officer and the Vice President of Human Resources provide the compensation committee with an evaluation of each named executive officer's performance, with the exception of the Chief Executive Officer's performance, and provide their recommendation for base salary adjustments. Once the compensation committee has determined the appropriate adjustment based on its subjective assessment of individual performance, the compensation committee uses databases containing aggregated information maintained by two independent consulting companies to confirm that base salary levels are reasonable in light of that data. The compensation committee does not, however, compare the executive's compensation to compensation levels at other specifically identified companies. Additionally, in making subjective evaluations of the overall performance of named executive officers, the compensation committee considers the performance from the perspective of our core values, which include practicing integrity, driving innovation, delivering value, operating lean, continually improving quality, developing employees, putting our customers first and environmental stewardship.

As of January 1, 2008, Mr. Jagdfeld served as President and Chief Financial Officer with a base salary of \$400,000. Mr. Ragen served as Vice President of Finance with a base salary of \$150,000. Ms. Tabat served as Chief Operating Officer, Executive Vice President and Secretary with a base salary of \$450,000. Mr. Feng served as Chief Marketing Officer and Executive Vice President with a base salary of \$262,000. Mr. Schaus served as Vice President of Operations-Whitewater with a base salary of \$176,805. On January 21, 2008, the compensation committee approved an increase to Mr. Schaus' compensation to \$200,000 upon his appointment to Senior Vice President of Service Operations. On October 1, 2008, the compensation committee approved an increase to Mr. Ragen's base salary to \$165,000 upon his appointment as Chief Financial Officer and also approved general increases for Mr. Feng to \$270,000 and Mr. Schaus to \$206,611. On October 12, 2009, the compensation committee approved an increase to Mr. Ragen's base salary to \$246,500 as a result of a compensation comparison using third party salary surveys. On December 29, 2009, the compensation committee approved an adjustment to Mr. Feng's base salary to \$230,000 upon his appointment as Senior Vice President, Marketing.

Annual bonus: incentive compensation plan

In 2009 and prior years, the named executive officers were eligible to receive annual bonuses based upon target bonus award levels, or Target Bonus Levels, equal to 35% of base salary for Messrs. Jagdfeld, Tabat, and Ragen, 30% of base salary for Mr. Feng and 25% of base salary for Mr. Schaus, with maximum bonuses of 105% of base salary for Messrs. Jagdfeld, Tabat, and Ragen, 90% of base salary for Mr. Feng and 75% of base salary for Mr. Schaus. All annual bonuses are paid pursuant to the Incentive Compensation Plan, subject to the discretion of the compensation committee to make such adjustments as it deems appropriate.

In 2008, the compensation committee measured performance based upon the achievement of Adjusted EBITDA targets selected by the compensation committee using a target earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization factor, or Target EBITDA Factor. The Target EBITDA Factor was a number on a sliding scale ranging from zero (0) to three (3) with the target factor of 0 set at 90%, the target factor of 1 set at 95%, the target factor of 2 set at 100% and the target factor of 3 set at 110% of our Adjusted EBITDA. A participant's annual

bonus was the product of his or her Target Bonus Level, multiplied by our Target EBITDA Factor achieved, multiplied by his or her base salary.

For the bonus year ended December 31, 2008, our earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization was 72.7% of Adjusted EBITDA resulting in a Target EBITDA Factor of zero (0). As a result, the compensation committee did not grant any performance bonuses under the Incentive Compensation Plan for the year ended December 31, 2008.

In 2009, the Target EBITDA Factor will be a number on a sliding scale ranging from zero (0) to three (3) with the target factor of 0 set at 86%, the target factor of 1 set at 93%, the target factor of 2 set at 100% and the target factor of 3 set at 107% of our Adjusted EBITDA. Since we have not yet determined Adjusted EBITDA for 2009, the compensation committee is not yet able to determine if any performance bonuses under the Incentive Compensation Plan will be granted for the year ended December 31, 2009. It is anticipated that the compensation committee will be able to determine 2009 performance bonuses by March 15, 2010.

Annual performance bonus plan

After the consummation of this offering, Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code will impose a limit on the amount that we may deduct for compensation paid to our CEO and certain other executive officers. This limitation does not apply to compensation that meets the requirements under Section 162(m) for "qualified performance-based" compensation. Prior to the consummation of this offering, our shareholders will approve the Generac Holdings Inc. Annual Performance Bonus Plan, or the Annual Bonus Plan. The Annual Bonus Plan has been drafted to comply with and is intended to be administered in compliance with the requirements of Section 162(m) of the Code. The Annual Bonus Plan is designed to ensure that executive compensation paid pursuant to the Annual Bonus Plan is "qualified performance-based compensation" and deductible for federal income tax purposes. Initially we will rely on a transition exemption from Section 162(m) for the Annual Bonus Plan that applies to compensation plans adopted prior to an initial public offering. The transition exemption for the Annual Bonus Plan will terminate at the time of our annual meeting that occurs after the third calendar year following the year of our initial public offering or, if earlier, at the time we materially modify the Annual Bonus Plan.

Summary of material features of the annual bonus plan. The purpose of the Annual Bonus Plan is to motivate and reward superior short-term performance through the payment of cash award amounts based upon pre-established performance metrics. Under the Annual Bonus Plan, each participating employee's bonus is based upon the level of achievement of performance metrics established by our compensation committee. In general, performance periods are expected to be one year in length and coincident with our fiscal year. Pursuant to the plan, bonuses will only be paid to the extent that the short-term performance metrics are achieved.

The Annual Bonus Plan is administered by our compensation committee. Any of our employees may be selected by the compensation committee to participate in the Annual Bonus Plan. In its discretion, the committee may add or remove participants from the Annual Bonus Plan at any time during a performance period or otherwise, subject to the requirements of Section 162(m).

Performance metrics may be based on one or more financial, strategic and operational business criteria specified in the Annual Bonus Plan. The Annual Bonus Plan provides that such criteria may be determined with respect to Generac, or any division or business unit thereof, alone or

in combination. Goals need not be the same for all participants and may change from year to year, as long as they are based on the performance criteria specified in the Annual Bonus Plan. This flexibility permits us to maintain alignment with our business strategy and respond to changing market conditions, while maintaining focus on financial measures.

Following the completion of each performance period, our compensation committee will review the performance of the participating employees against the established performance goals. Cash bonus awards are paid after our compensation committee has determined the extent to which the performance goals have been achieved. The Annual Bonus Plan allows the compensation committee to reduce but not increase the amount of an award that is otherwise payable to a participant upon achievement of the performance goals. The Annual Bonus Plan specifies that payments will be in a lump sum and will be made no later than the date that is two and one-half months following the close of the fiscal year in which such bonus was earned. Section 162(m) requires that the Annual Bonus Plan contain a limit on the amount any one participant may receive in order for bonuses to be tax deductible to us. The maximum bonus that may be paid to any employee in any fiscal year under the Annual Bonus Plan is \$3,000,000.

Equity-based compensation

In November 2006, we adopted a 2006 Management Equity Incentive Plan, or the 2006 Equity Incentive Plan, providing for the grant or sale of equity awards to certain members of our management and employees, including our named executive officers, of up to a maximum of 9,350.0098 shares of Class A Common Stock and 5,000 shares of Class B Common Stock, subject to certain adjustments. In connection with this offering, we intend to terminate the 2006 Equity Incentive Plan and adopt a new equity incentive plan, or the Omnibus Plan. The Omnibus Plan will provide for grants of nonqualified stock options, incentive stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, other stock-based awards and performance-based compensation. Directors, officers and other employees of us and our subsidiaries and affiliates, as well as other individuals performing services for us, will be eligible for grants under the Omnibus Plan. The purpose of the Omnibus Plan will be to provide incentives that will attract, retain and motivate highly competent officers, directors, employees and other service providers by providing them with appropriate incentives and rewards either through a proprietary interest in our long-term success or compensation based on their performance in fulfilling their personal responsibilities.

Pension plans

We provide retirement benefits to the named executive officers under the terms of qualified defined benefit plans. The Generac Power Systems Inc. Salaried, Technical & Clerical Employees Pension Plan, or the Plan, is a tax qualified retirement plan in which the named executive officers participate on the same terms as our other participating employees.

The Plan is a non-contributory defined benefit pension plan subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act. The Plan was frozen effective December 31, 2008. This resulted in a cessation of all future benefit accruals under the Plan.

401(k) plan

Beginning on January 1, 2009, we elected to sponsor a voluntary 401(k) tax-qualified savings plan covering employees, including our named executive officers. We match 50% of the first 6% of each eligible employee's compensation that he or she contributes to the plan each year up to 20%.

Executive compensation

Summary compensation table

The following table shows compensation information for 2008 and 2009 for our named executive officers.

Name and principal position	Year	Salary (\$)	Stock awards (\$)(2)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)(1)	Other bonus (\$)	Change in pension value (\$)	Total (\$)(1)
Aaron Jagdfeld <i>Chief Executive Officer</i>	2009	400,000	9,936	N/A	—	24,629	N/A
	2008	400,000	9,936	—	—	28,334	438,270
York Ragen <i>Chief Financial Officer</i>	2009	183,086	497	N/A	—	2,679	N/A
	2008	153,740	497	—	—	2,992	157,229
Dawn Tabat <i>Chief Operating Officer, Executive Vice President and Secretary</i>	2009	450,000	9,936	N/A	—	120,137	N/A
	2008	450,000	9,936	—	—	101,862	561,798
Clement Feng(3) <i>Senior Vice President, Marketing</i>	2009	270,000	2,484	N/A	229,742	2,452	N/A
	2008	263,846	2,484	2,000	—	10,620	278,950
Roger Schaus, Jr. <i>Senior Vice President of Service Operations</i>	2009	206,611	994	N/A	—	55,512	N/A
	2008	200,377	994	—	—	59,643	261,014

(1) N/A—The amount of non-equity incentive plan compensation for fiscal 2009 has not yet been determined. It is anticipated that any non-equity incentive plan compensation will be determined by March 15, 2010.

(2) Represents the dollar amount recognized for financial statement reporting purposes with respect to the fiscal year in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topic 718, *Compensation—Stock Compensation*, but disregarding estimates of forfeitures related to service-based vesting conditions. There were no forfeitures of restricted stock held by the named executive officers during fiscal 2009 or fiscal 2008. The compensation disclosed consists of the amortization expense resulting from the purchase of restricted shares of Class A Common Stock by named executive officers at a discount from fair market value. For purposes of this calculation, we assume that the total discount from fair market value for the purchased Class A common shares is being amortized over the four-year vesting period of these restricted shares.

(3) "Other bonus" refers to the bonuses granted to Mr. Feng in 2009 that are described below under "—Employment agreements and severance benefits."

At December 31, 2009, the number of restricted shares of Class A Common Stock held by Messrs. Jagdfeld, Ragen, Feng and Schaus and Ms. Tabat were 1,558,335, 77,9167, 0, 155,8335 and 1,558,335, respectively. Assuming the Corporate Reorganization had occurred and this offering was completed at an initial offering price of \$ _____ per share, the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover of this prospectus, these shares would have had a value of \$ _____, \$ _____, \$ _____ and \$ _____, respectively.

Grants of plan-based awards in 2008 and 2009

In 2008, there were no bonuses awarded under our Incentive Compensation Plan. The table below shows threshold, target and maximum payouts under our Incentive Compensation Plan.

Name	Year	Grant date	Estimated future payouts under non-equity incentive plan awards			Estimated future payouts under equity incentive plan awards			All other stock awards: number of shares of stock or units (#)	All other option awards: number of securities underlying options (#)	Exercise or base price of option awards (\$/Sh)	Grant date fair value of stock and option awards
			Threshold	Target (\$)	Maximum (\$)	Threshold (#)	Target (#)	Maximum (#)				
Aaron Jagdfeld	2009	—	—	280,000	420,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	2008	—	—	280,000	420,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	
York Ragen	2009	—	—	172,550	258,825	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	2008	—	—	115,500	173,250	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Dawn Tabat	2009	—	—	315,000	472,500	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	2008	—	—	315,000	472,500	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Clement Feng	2009	—	—	162,000	243,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	2008	—	—	162,000	243,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Roger Schaus, Jr.	2009	—	—	103,306	154,958	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	2008	—	—	103,306	154,958	—	—	—	—	—	—	

None of these amounts were payable in 2008 under the Incentive Compensation Plan, which is described in "Compensation discussion and analysis." We have not yet determined the exact amount payable in 2009, but it is anticipated that the exact amount will be determined by March 15, 2010.

Outstanding equity awards at fiscal year-end

The following table sets forth information regarding outstanding equity awards held by our named executive officers as of December 31, 2009:

Name	Number of shares of restricted Class A Common Stock that have not vested(1)	Market value of restricted shares of Class A Common Stock that have not vested\$(2)
Aaron Jagdfeld	973.9593	
York Ragen	48.6979	
Dawn Tabat	973.9593	
Clement Feng	—	
Roger Schaus, Jr.	97.3959	

(1) These restricted shares of Class A Common Stock were purchased under our 2006 Equity Incentive Plan and are scheduled to vest as described under "—Vesting of restricted shares under the 2006 Equity Incentive Plan."

(2) The market value of the unvested Class A Common Stock was determined as of December 31, 2009 assuming the Corporate Reorganization had occurred and that this offering was completed at an initial offering price of \$ per share, the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover of this prospectus.

Stock vested in 2009

The following table sets forth information regarding the restricted stock held by our named executive officers that vested during fiscal 2009:

Name	Number of shares of restricted Class A Common Stock acquired on vesting	Value realized on vesting \$(1)
Aaron Jagdfeld	194,7919	
York Ragen	9,7396	
Dawn Tabat	194,7919	
Clement Feng	—	
Roger Schaus, Jr.	19,4792	

(1) The market value of the vested Class A Common Stock was determined as of December 31, 2009, assuming the Corporate Reorganization had occurred and that this offering was completed at an initial offering price of \$ per share, the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover of this prospectus.

2010 Equity incentive plan

We intend to adopt an equity incentive plan, or the Omnibus Plan, in connection with this offering. The Omnibus Plan will become effective prior to the consummation of this offering and a total of shares of our common stock will be reserved for sale. We intend to file a registration statement on Form S-8 covering the shares issuable under the Omnibus Plan.

Administration

The Omnibus Plan will provide for its administration by the compensation committee of our board of directors or any committee designated by our board of directors to administer the Omnibus Plan.

Eligibility for participation

Members of our board of directors, as well as employees of, and service providers to, us or any of our subsidiaries and affiliates will be eligible to participate in the Omnibus Plan.

Types of awards

The Omnibus Plan will provide for the grant of nonqualified stock options, incentive stock options, stock appreciation rights, shares of restricted stock, other stock-based awards and performance-based compensation, collectively, the awards. The committee will, with regard to each award, determine the terms and conditions of the award, including the number of shares subject to the award, the vesting terms of the award, and the purchase price for the award. Awards may be made in assumption of or in substitution for outstanding awards previously granted by us or our affiliates, or a company acquired by us or with which we combine.

Forms of award agreements

We intend to grant options and restricted shares to certain of our employees, including our named executive officers, in connection with this offering. Generally, the options will vest in equal installments on each of the first five anniversaries of the date of grant, subject to the grantee's continued employment, such that 20% of the option vests on each such anniversary. In general the restricted shares will vest in full on the third anniversary of the date of grant, subject to the grantee's continued employment.

In the event a grantee's employment is terminated without Cause within one year following a Change of Control, the options and restricted shares generally vest in full. In the event of termination of employment for any other reason, the unvested portion of the awards is forfeited.

"Cause" is defined as the grantee's: (a) material breach of any of the grantee's obligations under any written agreement with us; (b) material violation of our policies, procedures, rules and regulations applicable to our employees; (c) failure to reasonably and substantially perform his or her duties to us; (d) willful misconduct or gross negligence causing or reasonably expected to cause material injury to us; (e) fraud or misappropriation of funds; or (f) commission of a felony or crime involving moral turpitude. If the grantee has an employment agreement containing a different definition of cause, the definition of cause in the employment agreement will control.

"Change of Control" is defined as an event or series of events resulting in any of the following: (a) the acquisition of at least 50% of the total fair market value or total voting power of our stock by any person or group, other than our subsidiaries and certain of our affiliates; (b) a change in the composition of our board of directors such that during any twelve-month period at least a majority of our incumbent board members cease to be members of the board, provided, that, any new director whose election or nomination is approved by a majority of our incumbent board members shall be deemed to be a member of the incumbent board; or (c) the acquisition of at least 50% of the total fair market value of our assets by any person or group, other than our subsidiaries and certain of our affiliates.

Initial grants

The following table shows the outstanding equity awards that we expect will be held by each of the named executive officers immediately following the closing of this offering, taking into account anticipated grants of new equity awards. All amounts are denominated in shares of common stock.

Name	Options granted in connection with the IPO ⁽¹⁾	Restricted shares granted in connection with the IPO
Aaron Jagdfeld		
York A. Ragen		
Dawn Tabat		
Clement Feng		
Roger Schaus, Jr.		

(1) The exercise price for these options will equal the price shown on the cover of this prospectus. The grant date for these options will be the day before our shares of common stock commence trading.

Pension benefits for 2008 and 2009

The following table presents information regarding the present value of accumulated benefits that may become payable to the named executive officers under the Plan. We include

information for fiscal 2008 because the present value of accumulated benefits for fiscal 2009 has not yet been determined.

Name	Plan Name	Year	Number of years credited service	Present value of accumulated benefit(1)(2)	Payments during last fiscal year
Aaron Jagdfeld	Generac Power Systems Inc.	2009	14.0	110,829	—
	Salaried, Technical & Clerical Employees Pension Plan	2008	14.0	86,200	—
York Ragen	Generac Power Systems Inc.	2009	3.0	12,076	—
	Salaried, Technical & Clerical Employees Pension Plan	2008	3.0	9,397	—
Dawn Tabat	Generac Power Systems Inc.	2009	36.0	867,216	—
	Salaried, Technical & Clerical Employees Pension Plan	2008	36.0	747,079	—
Clement Feng	Generac Power Systems Inc.	2009	1.0	13,072	—
	Salaried, Technical & Clerical Employees Pension Plan	2008	1.0	10,620	—
Roger Schaus, Jr.	Generac Power Systems Inc.	2009	20.0	373,165	—
	Salaried, Technical & Clerical Employees Pension Plan	2008	20.0	317,653	—

(1) The accumulated benefit is based on service and earnings considered by the Plan for the period through December 31, 2008, at which time the Plan was frozen. Present value has been calculated assuming the named executive officers will remain in service until age 65, the age at which may occur without any reduction in benefits, and that the benefit is payable under the available forms of annuity consistent with the Plan. The interest assumption is 6.28% for 2008 and 5.72% for 2009. The post retirement mortality assumption is based on the RP 2000 Combined Healthy Mortality for males or females, as appropriate, projected to 2009 with Projection Scale AA. See Note 9—Benefit Plans to our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for more information.

The benefits under the Plan are based upon years of service and each participant's defined final average monthly compensation. For purposes of calculating benefits, average annual compensation is limited by Section 401(a)(17) of the Internal Revenue Code and is based upon wages, salaries and other amounts paid to the employee. Under the Plan, a participant earns a vested right to an accrued benefit upon completion of five years of vesting service.

Employment agreements and severance benefits

We entered into employment agreements with Mr. Jagdfeld and Ms. Tabat on November 10, 2006, which were amended on January 14, 2010. We amended Mr. Jagdfeld's agreement in order to update it for the changes in his position and the increased responsibilities created by becoming a public company. Ms. Tabat's agreement was amended to conform terms relating to termination for Good Reason to the provisions of Mr. Jagdfeld's agreement. In addition, both agreements were modified in response to guidance issued by the Internal Revenue Service relating to Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code. Mr. Jagdfeld's term of employment will end on January 14, 2015, and Ms. Tabat's term of employment will end on November 10, 2011, unless either term of employment is terminated at an earlier time.

Pursuant to Mr. Jagdfeld's employment agreement, he is entitled to an annual base salary of \$500,000, which amount may be increased by our compensation committee in its discretion. Mr. Jagdfeld's employment agreement further provides that he is eligible to receive an annual

bonus in accordance with our Annual Bonus Plan and his target annual bonus is equal to 75% of his base salary.

Pursuant to Ms. Tabat's employment agreement, she is entitled to an annual base salary of \$450,000, which amount may be increased by our compensation committee in its discretion. Ms. Tabat's employment agreement further provides that she is eligible to receive an annual bonus in accordance with our Annual Bonus Plan in such amount as is determined in accordance with our Annual Bonus Plan.

The employment agreements provide that Mr. Jagdfeld and Ms. Tabat are entitled to participate in any of our employee benefit plans or programs on a basis comparable to other of our senior executives.

In the event either Mr. Jagdfeld or Ms. Tabat's employment is terminated by us without Cause or by the executive for Good Reason, we are obligated to provide severance benefits.

Cause is defined as the executive's: (a) willful and continued failure to substantially perform his/her duties; (b) gross negligence or willful misconduct in the performance of his or her duties; (c) commission of fraud, embezzlement, misappropriation of funds, breach of fiduciary duty or a material act of dishonesty against us; (d) indictment for a felony; or (e) drug addiction or habitual intoxication that adversely affects his or her performance or the reputation or best interest of the company.

In Mr. Jagdfeld's employment agreement, Good Reason is defined as: (a) a reduction in excess of 5% of the executive's base salary or target bonus opportunity, excluding across the board reductions affecting all senior executives; (b) a material reduction of the executive's duties or responsibilities that has not been cured within 20 days after written notice has been given; (c) a failure of the Company to make available to the executive the type of employee benefits which are available to the executive as of January 14, 2010; (d) a requirement by us that the executive be based in an office that is 50 miles more than his principal place of employment as of January 14, 2010; and (e) a material breach of any material term or condition of the employment agreement by us that has not been cured within 20 days after written notice has been given.

In Ms. Tabat's employment agreement, Good Reason is defined as: (a) a reduction in excess of 5% of the executive's base salary or target bonus opportunity, excluding across the board reductions affecting all senior executives; (b) a material reduction of the executive's duties or responsibilities that has not been cured within 20 days after written notice has been given; and (c) a requirement by us that the executive be based in an office that is 50 miles more than her principal place of employment as of November 10, 2006.

All severance payments are subject to the executive's execution and effectiveness of a release of claims in the form attached to each employment agreement, and the executive's continued compliance with a Restrictive Covenant Agreement (as defined herein).

If we terminate Mr. Jagdfeld or Ms. Tabat's employment for Cause, or if either executive terminates his or her employment without Good Reason, the executive is entitled only to the obligations already accrued under his or her employment agreement. If we terminate Mr. Jagdfeld or Ms. Tabat's employment without Cause or if either executive terminates his or her employment for Good Reason, the executive is entitled to (1) any accrued but unpaid base salary and vacation pay through the Termination Date (as defined in each employment

agreement), payable within thirty days following such Termination Date, (2) any earned annual bonus for the fiscal year during which the Termination Date occurred (and the annual bonus for the prior fiscal year, if earned but not yet paid), payable in accordance with our usual bonus payment schedule, (3) continued participation for the executive and his or her spouse and dependents in our medical, hospitalization, dental and life insurance programs for a period of 24 months (18 months in the case of Ms. Tabat) at our expense commencing on the Termination Date, and the executive would be entitled to full COBRA rights following the termination of such benefits. In addition, Mr. Jagdfeld would be entitled to continued payment of his base salary for a period of 24 months commencing on the Termination Date, payable in accordance with our standard payroll practices, and payments equal to 200% of the executive's target annual bonus for the year in which the Termination Date occurs, payable in equal installments over a period of 24 months commencing on the Termination Date. Ms. Tabat would be entitled to payment of 150% of her base salary for a period of 18 months commencing on the Termination Date, payable in accordance with our standard payroll practices.

If we terminated Mr. Jagdfeld's or Ms. Tabat's employment agreement without Cause on December 31, 2009 (based on January 2010 amendments to their agreements described at the beginning of this subsection) or if either of them terminated his or her employment agreement for Good Reason, Mr. Jagdfeld would have been entitled to receive an aggregate of \$1,777,551 (\$1,000,000 for salary, \$750,000 for bonus and \$27,551 for benefits) and Ms. Tabat would have been entitled to receive an aggregate of \$1,018,917 (\$1,102,500 for salary and \$6,417 for benefits), payable as described above, plus any accrued and unpaid base salary, vacation pay and bonus.

Simultaneously with the execution of each employment agreement, we entered into a confidentiality, non-competition and intellectual property agreement, or Restrictive Covenant Agreement. Pursuant to each of the Restrictive Covenant Agreements, Mr. Jagdfeld and Ms. Tabat have agreed to maintain Confidential Information (as defined in each Non-Competition Agreement) in confidence and secrecy and have agreed not to compete with us or solicit any of our employees during his or her employment and for a period following 24 months (18 months in the case of Ms. Tabat) after his or her termination.

Although they have not entered into employment agreements, Mr. Ragen and Mr. Schaus have signed employee nondisclosure and noncompete agreements. Our salary and bonus arrangements with Mr. Ragen and Mr. Schaus are described under "Compensation discussion and analysis—Components of compensation."

In addition to the previously discussed employment agreements, Mr. Feng has an employment letter dated December 29, 2009 that changed Mr. Feng's position to Senior Vice President, Marketing and granted Mr. Feng a one-time bonus payment of \$10,000. The change in Mr. Feng's position was the result of a reorganization of our sales and marketing functions. The one-time bonus was paid to Mr. Feng in recognition of this change and as a matter of retention and motivation. The employment letter also provides for Mr. Feng's eligibility to participate in the Executive Incentive Compensation Plan and other employee benefit programs offered by us. In addition, on December 28, 2009, Mr. Feng received a special cash bonus in the aggregate amount of \$219,742. The net proceeds of Mr. Feng's special cash bonus payment were used to repay the outstanding principal and interest on a loan made to Mr. Feng, which was originated to allow for the purchase of Class A Common Stock and that is further

described under "Certain relationships and related party transactions—Loans to executive officers." We took this step in order to ensure that we would not have any loans outstanding to our executive officers following completion of this offering. This special bonus payment is not necessarily consistent with our overall compensation philosophy and objectives as described above under "Compensation discussion and analysis"; however, the compensation committee and the board of directors concluded that the special bonus was appropriate, given Mr. Feng's value to our organization and taking into account that the collateral for the loan (the shares of Class A Common Stock) had a value that was substantially less than the outstanding amount of the loan.

Mr. Terrance Dolan began employment with us on January 18, 2010 as Senior Vice President, Sales. In connection with this position, Mr. Dolan entered into an employment letter providing for a bi-weekly salary of \$9,230.77, health insurance benefits, a relocation sign-on bonus of \$50,000 and relocation assistance expenses. The employment letter provides for Mr. Dolan's eligibility to participate in our Annual Bonus Plan with a target bonus of 30% and an opportunity to earn up to 90% of his base salary annually, and provides for his eligibility to participate in our Omnibus Plan. Mr. Dolan's employment letter also provides for salary and benefit continuation for a twelve-month period commencing on his termination date, in the event he is terminated without cause. Assuming that the letter was in place, if we had terminated Mr. Dolan without cause on December 31, 2009, Mr. Dolan would have been entitled to receive an aggregate of \$253,776 (\$240,000 for salary and \$13,776 for benefits).

Additionally, in connection with this offering, we intend to enter into Change in Control Severance Agreements with Messrs. Ragen, Feng, Schaus and Dolan under which, under certain circumstances following a Change in Control, the relevant executives will be entitled to severance benefits. Under the agreements, an executive is entitled to severance benefits upon termination of employment by us without Cause or by the executive for Good Reason during the twelve-month period following a Change in Control. The term of each agreement commenced on January 14, 2010 and continues until one year after a Change in Control.

A Change in Control is defined as a: (a) change in our ownership, such that any one person or more than one person acting as a group, other than a subsidiary, CCMP, an affiliate of CCMP or a group that includes CCMP or an affiliate of CCMP, acquires ownership of our stock that constitutes more than 50% of the total fair market value or total voting power of our stock; (b) change in effective control, such that the individuals who constitute our board of directors as of January 14, 2010 cease for any reason to constitute at least a majority of the board of directors during any twelve-month period, provided, however, that (i) if the election or nomination for election by our stockholders of any new director was approved by a vote of at least a majority of the existing board of directors, then such new director shall be considered a member of the existing board of directors, and (ii) any reductions in the size of the board of directors that are instituted by the existing board of directors shall not constitute a Change in Control, and that after such reduction, the existing board of directors shall mean the Board as so reduced; and (c) change in the ownership of a substantial portion of our assets, such that one person or more than one person acting as a group, other than a subsidiary, CCMP, an affiliate of CCMP or a group that includes CCMP or an affiliate of CCMP, acquires (or has acquired during the twelve-month period ending on the date of the most recent acquisition by the person or persons) our assets that have a total gross fair market value (as determined in good faith by the board of directors without regard to any liabilities associated with such

assets) of more than 50% of the total gross fair market value of all our assets immediately prior to such acquisition or acquisitions.

Cause is defined as the executive's: (a) material breach of any of his obligations under any written agreement with us or our affiliates; (b) material violation of any of our policies, procedures, rules and regulations applicable to employees generally or to similarly situated employees, as they may be amended from time to time; (c) failure to reasonably and substantially perform his duties, other than as a result of physical or mental illness or injury; (d) willful misconduct or gross negligence that has caused or is reasonably expected to result in material injury to our business, reputation or prospects; (e) fraud or misappropriation of funds; or (f) commission of a felony or other serious crime involving moral turpitude.

Good Reason is defined as: (a) a material and adverse reduction in the nature or scope of the authority or title held by the executive or duties assigned to the executive; or (b) the relocation of the executive's principal place of employment more than 50 miles from its location within one year of the effective date of the Change in Control; provided that written notice must be provided to us within 60 days following the occurrence of such event and the we have 30 days to cure such event.

If we terminate the employment of the executive without Cause or if the executive terminates his employment for Good Reason during the twelve-month period following a Change in Control, the executive is entitled to receive from us: (1) a cash amount equal to any accrued but unpaid base salary and vacation pay through the date of the executive's termination of employment, payable within 30 days following the date of the executive's termination of employment; (2) a cash amount equal to 12 months of the executive's base salary as of the date of the executive's termination of employment, which shall be paid in accordance with our normal payroll practices over the twelve-month period following the date of the executive's termination of employment; (3) a cash amount equal to one times the executive's base salary multiplied by the executive's target annual bonus level for the fiscal year during which the executive's termination of employment occurs, which shall be paid in accordance with our normal payroll practices over the twelve-month period following the date of the executive's termination of employment; and (4) reimbursement (or direct payment to the carrier) for 12 months following the executive's termination of employment for the premium costs incurred by the executive (and his spouse and dependents, where applicable) to obtain COBRA coverage, pursuant to one of the group health plans sponsored by us, and only if the executive is participating in the group health plan as of the date of termination. Assuming that the agreements were in place, if we had terminated the employment of Messrs. Ragen, Feng, Schaus and Dolan without Cause or if they terminated their employment for Good Reason on December 31, 2009 and such date was within the twelve-month period following a Change in Control, Mr. Ragen would have been entitled to receive an aggregate of \$346,551 (\$246,500 for salary, \$86,275 for target annual bonus and \$13,776 for benefits); Mr. Feng would have been entitled to receive an aggregate of \$312,776 (\$230,000 for salary, \$69,000 for target annual bonus and \$13,776 for benefits); Mr. Schaus would have been entitled to receive an aggregate of \$272,038 (\$206,611 for salary, \$51,651 for target annual bonus and \$13,776 for benefits); and Mr. Dolan would have been entitled to receive an aggregate of \$325,776 (\$240,000 for salary, \$72,000 for target annual bonus and \$13,776 for benefits), each payable as described above, and plus any accrued and unpaid base salary and vacation pay.

All severance benefits are subject to the executive's execution and the effectiveness of a release of claims and continued compliance with the nondisclosure and noncompete agreement that each executive has entered into.

Vesting of restricted shares under the 2006 Equity Incentive Plan

One-half of the restricted shares that have been issued to date under the 2006 Equity Incentive Plan pursuant to restricted stock agreements vest over time, or Time Vesting Shares, with 25% vesting on November 10, 2007 and on the next three anniversaries thereof, so long as the participant is still employed by us or one of our subsidiaries on the applicable vesting date. Upon the occurrence of a change in control of Generac, any unvested Time Vesting Shares immediately vest in full, so long as the participant is still employed by us or one of our subsidiaries.

Before giving effect to the vesting upon consummation of this offering described at the end of this section, the other half of the restricted shares, or Performance Vesting Shares, immediately vest in full upon the occurrence, provided the participant is still then employed by us or one of our subsidiaries, of either: (1) a change in control of Generac that results in a quotient equal or greater than two when the aggregate net proceeds received by CCMP, Unitas Capital Pte. Ltd. and Unitas Capital Consulting Company, Ltd., together, the "Sponsors", with respect to their shares of capital stock of Generac is divided by the dollar amount of the Sponsors' equity investment in Generac; or (2) from and after the date of the consummation of this offering, the achievement with respect to shares of the Class A Common Stock of an average closing trading price exceeding, in any 60 consecutive trading day period starting prior to the later of (a) the fifth year anniversary of the date of grant of the restricted shares, and (b) one year after the date of the consummation of this offering, the lowest amount which when multiplied by the number of shares of Class A Common Stock then held by the Sponsors and added to the aggregate net proceeds received by the Sponsors with respect to their shares of capital stock of Generac would yield a quotient of equal or greater than two when divided by the Sponsors' equity investment in Generac.

The following table sets forth, for each named executive officer, the number of restricted shares that would have vested if a change in control had occurred on December 31, 2009 resulting in the full vesting of all restricted shares of Class A Common Stock, including Time Vesting Shares and the value of such restricted shares that would have vested on an accelerated basis, assuming the Corporate Reorganization had occurred and this offering was

completed at an initial offering price of \$ _____ per share, the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover of this prospectus:

Name	Shares of Class A Common Stock that would have vested on an accelerated basis upon a change in control on December 31, 2009	Shares of common stock to be issuable upon Corporate Reorganization in exchange for restricted shares subject to accelerated vesting upon a change in control on December 31, 2009	\$ value
Aaron Jagdfeld			
York A. Ragen			
Dawn Tabat			
Clement Feng			
Roger Schaus, Jr.			

If a change in control had occurred on December 31, 2009, whether or not all of the restricted shares held by our named executive officers would have vested on an accelerated basis, we would not have been required to pay any consideration to the named executive officers pursuant to the 2006 Equity Incentive Plan. The amount that the named executive officers could have realized on the sale of their shares in the change in control transaction would have depended on the price paid by the purchaser in such transaction.

In addition, as disclosed under "Certain relationships and related person transactions—Shareholders agreement," under certain circumstances, we have the right to purchase shares owned by our employees or management shareholders. The following table shows the estimated amounts that we could pay to our named executive officers for the shares of common stock held by such named executive officer, assuming the completion of our initial public offering at a public offering price of \$ _____ per share, which is the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover of this prospectus, the completion of the Corporate Reorganization, the full vesting of all restricted shares held by such named executive officer and the termination for cause or the violation of any non-competition or non-solicitation covenant by such named executive officer as of the date of our initial public offering.

Name	Number of shares	Potential payment per share(1)	Total potential payment
Aaron Jagdfeld			
York A. Ragen			
Dawn Tabat			
Clement Feng			
Roger Schaus, Jr.			

(1) The Shareholders Agreement provides that the price that we are entitled to pay for shares purchased as a result of termination for cause or as the result of a violation of any non-competition or non-solicitation covenant is the lesser of the fair market value of the shares or the price paid for such shares.

The Board of Directors approved, contingent upon consummation of this offering, the vesting in full of Performance Vesting Shares that were issued pursuant to the 2006 Equity Incentive Plan. The number of restricted shares of Class A Common Stock held by Messrs. Jagdfeld, Ragen, Feng and Schaus and Ms. Tabat that will automatically vest are _____, _____, _____, and _____, respectively.

Certain relationships and related person transactions

Shareholders agreement

On November 10, 2006, Generac entered into a shareholders agreement, or Shareholders Agreement, with its shareholders, or Shareholders, including CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., various of its affiliated funds, various funds affiliated with Unitas and the management shareholders party thereto, including Roger Schaus Jr., Roger Pascavis, Allen Gillette, York A. Ragen, Dawn Tabat and Aaron Jagdfeld.

The Shareholders Agreement includes provisions regarding the election of members of our boards of directors, share transfer restrictions, tag-along rights, drag-along rights and certain preemptive rights, all of which provisions terminate upon the occurrence of an initial public offering, or IPO. The preemptive rights provisions of the Shareholders Agreement and their exercise by the parties to the Shareholders Agreement are described under "—Issuances of securities—Preemptive rights."

The Shareholders Agreement also provides for: (1) demand registration rights, which require Generac to effect registration of the Registrable Securities (as defined in the Shareholders Agreement) upon a written request from CCMP, subject to certain limitations; (2) piggy-back registration rights, after the occurrence of an IPO of Generac; and (3) shelf demand registration rights at any time after the one-year anniversary of an IPO of Generac when Generac becomes eligible to use a registration statement on Form S-3. In addition, under the Shareholders Agreement, Generac agrees to indemnify any selling stockholders with respect to registrations made pursuant to the above-mentioned registration rights.

The Shareholders Agreement also includes provisions regarding the repurchase of shares held by management shareholders who cease to be employed by Generac or any of its subsidiaries. After the occurrence of an IPO, Generac will continue to have a right (but not an obligation) to repurchase shares of common stock held by our employees, in the case of vested shares, if any such employee is terminated for cause prior to the first anniversary of the IPO or in the event a management shareholder violates the terms of any non-competition or non-solicitation covenant applicable to such employee, and in the case of unvested shares, if such employee's employment is terminated for any reason prior to the time when such shares vest, whereupon the Company's repurchase right terminates.

Advisory services and monitoring agreement

On November 10, 2006, Generac, Generac Acquisition Corp., and Generac Power Systems entered into a five-year advisory services and monitoring agreement with the Sponsors pursuant to which the Sponsors (or their affiliates) provide us with business monitoring and transaction advisory services. We pay the Sponsors (or their designees), collectively, a quarterly advisory fee in an amount equal to \$125,000 and are obligated to reimburse for (1) reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with the provision of such management services, in connection with any enforcement of remedies under the agreement, and (2) reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred by each director appointed to the board of directors of any of Generac, Generac Acquisition Corp., and Generac Power Systems in connection with attending regular and special meetings of such board of directors and any committee thereof. In 2007, the Sponsors received a total of \$563,000 under this agreement, consisting of \$500,000 of

advisory fees and \$63,000 for the reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses. In 2008, the Sponsors received a total of \$580,000 under this agreement consisting of \$500,000 of advisory fees and \$80,000 for the reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses. In the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Sponsors have received a total of \$250,000 in advisory fees and have not been reimbursed for any out-of-pocket expenses.

In connection with and upon the consummation of the CCMP Transactions, the Sponsors received an aggregate fee of \$15 million for, among other things, advisory services provided by them related to, and payable upon the completion of, the CCMP Transactions. In addition, pursuant to the advisory services and monitoring agreement, in January 2007 the Sponsors received a fee of \$15 million in the aggregate as a result of our having a specified level of borrowing capacity under our revolving credit facility for a specified period of time.

Upon the consummation of an IPO (including this offering), the advisory services and monitoring agreement will automatically terminate, and we are required to promptly pay to the Sponsors the final installment of the quarterly advisory fee referred to above, pro rated if the final period is less than 90 days, and any unreimbursed expenses. The advisory fee and unreimbursed expenses will not be paid with the proceeds of this offering.

The advisory services and monitoring agreement also includes indemnification provisions in favor of the Sponsors and their affiliates.

2006 management equity incentive plan

On November 10, 2006, we adopted the 2006 Equity Incentive Plan, which provided for the grant or sale of equity awards to certain members of our management and employees, including our named executive officers, of up to a maximum of 9,350,0098 shares of our Class A Common Stock and 5,000 shares of our Class B Common Stock, subject to certain adjustments. For a discussion of the effect of change in control on the vesting of these shares, see "Executive compensation—Vesting of restricted shares under the 2006 Equity Incentive Plan."

As a condition to the purchases by members of management of restricted shares under the 2006 Equity Incentive Plan, members of management executed confidentiality, non-competition and intellectual property agreements, requiring them, for the period of their employment with Generac and for 18 months thereafter, to (1) keep certain information relating to Generac confidential, (2) not participate in a business competing with Generac and (3) not solicit any employee to leave his or her employment whom such member of management supervised or about whom such member or management gained confidential information during the last 18 months of such member of management's employment with Generac.

Issuances of securities

Sales of Class B Voting Common Stock. In connection with the CCMP Transactions, in November 2006, certain of our executives and former executives purchased our Class B Common Stock. For a description of these purchases, see "—CCMP transactions."

Between September 2007 and April 2008, we issued an aggregate of 10,425 shares of our Class B Voting Common Stock to affiliates of CCMP in exchange for certain term loans under our second lien credit facility that such CCMP affiliates had purchased for an aggregate

purchase price of \$78,202,000. The exchange ratio in connection with the exchange was one share of our Class B Voting Common Stock per \$10,000 of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the loans that were so exchanged. Such purchased term loans had an aggregate outstanding principal amount equal to \$104,250,000.

In February 2007, we issued 5, 50 and 90 shares of our Class B Voting Common Stock to Edward A. LeBlanc, Harry Hornish and John D. Bowlin, respectively, for an aggregate purchase price of \$1,450,000. Messrs. LeBlanc and Bowlin are currently serving on our board of directors. Mr. Hornish is a former director.

Sales of Series A Preferred Stock. In November 2008, we issued 1,550 shares of our Series A Preferred Stock to affiliates of CCMP for an aggregate purchase price of \$15,500,000. This contribution was made by affiliates of CCMP, and the proceeds were used to cure a default under the leverage ratio covenant of our senior secured credit facilities. For a description of our senior secured credit facilities and the leverage ratio, see "Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations—Liquidity and capital resources—Senior secured credit facilities—Covenant compliance."

Between December 2008 and July 2009, we issued an aggregate of 7,760.8845 shares of our Series A Preferred Stock to affiliates of CCMP in exchange for certain term loans under our first and second lien credit facility that such CCMP affiliates had purchased for an aggregate purchase price of \$77,608,845. The exchange ratio in connection with the exchange was one share of our Series A Preferred Stock per \$10,000 of the amount paid by the CCMP affiliates for the loans that were so exchanged. Such purchased term loans had an aggregate outstanding principal amount equal to \$154,814,528.

In addition to the sales made to related persons in connection with the satisfaction of preemptive rights described under "Preemptive rights" below, in September 2009, affiliates of CCMP sold 20,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock to Barry Goldstein for \$200,000. Mr. Goldstein is currently serving on our board of directors.

Sales of Class A Nonvoting Common Stock. In connection with the CCMP Transactions, in November 2006, certain of our executives and former executives purchased our Class A Common Stock. For a description of these purchases, see "—CCMP transactions."

In December 2007, we issued 389.5799 shares of our Class A Nonvoting Common Stock to Clement Feng for the purchase price of \$132,987. Mr. Feng is an executive officer.

Preemptive rights. Pursuant to the preemptive rights provisions in the Shareholders Agreement, with respect to certain new issuances of equity securities by us, each of our shareholders that is an "accredited investor" (as such term is defined in Rule 501(a) of the Securities Act) has the right to purchase an amount of such equity securities being issued based on a percentage that is equivalent to such stockholder's then current equity ownership interest in us. Under the Shareholders Agreement, we had the right to offer and sell equity securities to CCMP without first complying with the preemptive rights provisions, provided that our other stockholders were subsequently afforded the opportunity to purchase an amount of such equity securities equal to the number of shares that would have been offered for sale to such other investors had the preemptive rights initially been complied with. Preemptive rights were available to the stockholders under the Shareholders Agreement in connection with the issuances of Class B Common Stock to affiliates of CCMP from September 2007 to April 2008. In

connection with these issuances and with the satisfaction of the preemptive rights related to these issuances, in December 2007, CCMP Generac Co-Invest, L.P., Unitas, Aaron Jagdfeld, Allen Gillette, Roger Schaus, Jr., John D. Bowlin, Edward A. LeBlanc and Harry Hornish (a former member of our board of directors) exercised their preemptive rights and purchased 3,234.5317, 1,136.2524, 33.1304, 1.9106, 6.0000, 13.6350, 15.9075 and 27.5750 shares of our Class B Common Stock, respectively, from affiliates of CCMP and such affiliates of CCMP were paid an approximate aggregate of \$33,720,000 in connection with such purchases. In addition, preemptive rights were available in connection with the issuances of Series A Preferred Stock to affiliates of CCMP from December 2008 to July 2009. In connection with these issuances and the satisfaction of the preemptive rights related to these issuances, in September 2009, we issued 14.8166, 2.9891, 6.0000, 2.1325, 2.4791 and 1,950.3427 shares of our Series A Preferred Stock to John Bowlin, Ed LeBlanc, Roger W. Schaus, Jr., Allen Gillette, York A. Ragen and CCMP Generac Co-Invest, L.P., respectively, for an aggregate purchase price of \$19,787,600, and CCMP Generac Co-Invest, L.P. purchased 444.0373 shares from affiliates of CCMP for an aggregate purchase price of \$4,440,373. Messrs. Bowlin and LeBlanc are currently serving on our board of directors. Messrs. Jagdfeld, Schaus, Gillette and Ragen are executive officers. The preemptive rights under the Shareholders Agreement do not apply to, and will terminate upon the consummation of, this offering.

Repurchases of securities

In November 2007, we repurchased all of the shares of Class A Nonvoting Common Stock held in a trust affiliated with William Treffert for an aggregate purchase price of \$797,929.83. Each share of Class A Nonvoting Stock was repurchased for \$341.36, the price which Mr. Treffert initially paid for the securities. Mr. Treffert is our former chief executive officer.

Loans to executive officers

In December 2007, Generac Power Systems loaned Clement Feng, our Senior Vice President, Marketing, \$132,987. We made the loan to facilitate Mr. Feng's purchase of 389.5799 shares of our Class A Nonvoting Common Stock, and such shares were pledged as collateral to secure the loan. The principal amount of the loan was due on December 27, 2010, and the interest rate on the loan was 5.25% per annum. This loan is classified as a reduction to stockholders' equity in the consolidated statements of redeemable stock and stockholders' equity (deficit). On December 28, 2009, pursuant to a letter agreement, Mr. Feng received a special cash bonus from us in the aggregate amount of \$219,742, from which we applied \$147,337 to repay and discharge in full our loan to Mr. Feng. Additionally, Mr. Feng transferred to us the 389.5799 shares of Class A Nonvoting Common Stock that were pledged as collateral to secure the loan.

Consulting agreements

On September 30, 2008, Edward LeBlanc resigned as interim Chief Executive Officer. Upon his resignation from the company, Mr. LeBlanc entered into a separation agreement with us, which provides for 19 months of continuing medical and dental coverage (\$12,965 value). In connection with the separation agreement, Mr. LeBlanc agreed to provide consulting services from October 1, 2008, with an annual fee of \$150,000. Mr. LeBlanc's consulting arrangement under the separation agreement terminated as of December 31, 2009.

Severance agreements

On October 22, 2007, William Treffert resigned as Chief Executive Officer. Upon his resignation, Mr. Treffert entered into a severance agreement with us, which provided for the payments of 18 months of 150% of his bi-weekly base salary (\$1,350,000) and his 2007 annual bonus (\$4,000), and his being provided with 18 months of continued benefits (\$10,500 value).

CCMP transactions

In November 2006, affiliates of CCMP, together with affiliates of Unitas and members of our management, purchased an aggregate of \$689 million of our equity capital. Roger Schaus, Jr., Roger Pascavis, Allen Gillette, York A. Ragen, Dawn Tabat, Aaron Jagdfeld and William Treffert and trusts affiliated with Mr. Treffert purchased 19.6805, 62.0208, 6.0104, 17.3403, 3869.8859, 1446.8053 and 3920.2079 shares of our Class B Common Stock, respectively, from us at a purchase price of \$10,000 per share and for an approximate aggregate purchase price of \$93,420,000. Messrs. Schaus, Pascavis, Gillette, Ragen, Jagdfeld, Ms. Tabat and a trust affiliated with William Treffert purchased 155.8335, 233.7502, 116.8751, 77.9167, 1,558.3350, 1,558.3350 and 2337.5024 shares of our Class A Common Stock, respectively, from us at a purchase price of \$341.36 per share and for an approximate aggregate purchase price of \$2,060,000. Messrs. Schaus, Pascavis, Gillette, Ragen, and Jagdfeld and Ms. Tabat are executive officers. Mr. Treffert is our former chief executive officer.

Our executive officers who owned stock in the Predecessor received the same consideration for their holdings in the CCMP Transactions as other shareholders of the Predecessor. At November 2006, Dawn Tabat and trusts affiliated with Ms. Tabat held 3,100 shares of the stock of the Predecessor, and William Treffert, our former chief executive officer, and trusts affiliated with Mr. Treffert held 4,500 shares of the stock of the Predecessor.

For additional information concerning the CCMP Transactions, see "CCMP transactions" and Note 1—Merger transaction and Note 11 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

Indemnification of directors and officers

Prior to the closing of this offering, we and Generac Power Systems will enter into indemnification agreements with each of our and its directors and executive officers. These agreements, among other things, will require us to indemnify each director and executive officer to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law, including indemnification of expenses such as attorneys' fees, judgments, fines, and settlement amounts incurred by the director or executive officer in any action or proceeding, including any action or proceeding by or in right of us, arising out of the person's services as a director or executive officer. At present, we are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation or proceeding involving any of our directors, executive officers, employees, or agents in which indemnification would be required or permitted. We believe these indemnification agreements are necessary to attract and retain qualified persons as directors and executive officers.

Policies for approval of related person transactions

In connection with this offering, we will adopt a written policy relating to the approval of related person transactions. Our audit committee will review and approve or ratify all relationships and related person transactions between us and (1) our directors, director nominees, executive officers or their immediate family members, (2) any 5% record or beneficial owner of our common stock or (3) any immediate family member of any person specified in (1) and (2) above. Our controller will be primarily responsible for the development and implementation of processes and controls to obtain information from our directors and executive officers with respect to related party transactions and for determining, based on the facts and circumstances, whether we or a related person have a direct or indirect material interest in the transaction.

As set forth in the related person transaction policy, in the course of its review and approval or ratification of a related party transaction, the committee will consider:

- the nature of the related person's interest in the transaction;
- the availability of other sources of comparable products or services;
- the material terms of the transaction, including, without limitation, the amount and type of transaction; and
- the importance of the transaction to us.

Any member of the audit committee who is a related person with respect to a transaction under review will not be permitted to participate in the discussions or approval or ratification of the transaction. However, such member of the audit committee will provide all material information concerning the transaction to the audit committee.

Principal stockholders

Security ownership

As of December 31, 2009, affiliates of CCMP owned 76.5% of our Class B Common Stock and 99.4% of our Series A Preferred Stock; affiliates of Unitas owned 10.9% of our Class B Common Stock; and some of our current and former members of the management team, employees and members of our board of directors owned all of our outstanding Class A Common Stock and the remainder of our Class B Common Stock and Series A Preferred Stock.

The following table shows information regarding the beneficial ownership of our common stock (1) immediately prior to and (2) as adjusted to give effect to this offering and assuming an initial public offering price of \$ _____ per share, the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover of this prospectus, by:

- each person or group who is known by us to own beneficially more than 5% of our common stock;
- each member of our board of directors and each of our named executive officers; and
- all members of our board of directors and our named executive officers as a group.

Beneficial ownership of shares is determined under rules of the SEC and generally includes any shares over which a person exercises sole or shared voting or investment power. Except as noted by footnote, and subject to community property laws where applicable, we believe based on the information provided to us that the persons and entities named in the table below have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares of our common stock shown as beneficially owned by them. As described in "Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations—Corporate reorganization," while the number of shares of Class A Common Stock to be issued to our Class B stockholders and our Series A Preferred stockholders in connection with the Corporate Reorganization may change, relative to each other, from increases or decreases in the initial offering price, the absolute aggregate number of shares of common stock to be issued to existing holders as a result of the Corporate Reorganization and the ratio of the number of shares to be issued to existing shareholders to the number of shares to be issued to new investors in the offering will not change. A \$1.00 change in the initial public offering price will not change the holdings of any of the principal stockholders listed in the table below by more than 0.2%.

Percentage of beneficial ownership is based on shares of common stock outstanding as of December 31, 2009 after giving effect to our Corporate Reorganization and _____ shares to be outstanding after the completion of this offering, assuming no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares. Except as otherwise indicated, the persons named in the table below have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares of

capital stock held by them. Unless otherwise indicated, the address for each holder listed below is Generac Holdings Inc., S45 W29290 Hwy. 59, Waukesha, Wisconsin 53187.

Name and address of beneficial owner	Shares beneficially owned before this offering(4)		Shares beneficially owned after this offering		Shares beneficially owned after this offering assuming full exercise of the option to purchase additional shares	
	Number of shares	Percentage of shares	Number of shares	Percentage of shares	Number of shares	Percentage of shares
Principal stockholders						
CCMP Capital, LLC(1)						
Unitas Capital Ltd.(2)						
Directors and Executive Officers(3)						
Aaron Jagdfeld						
York A. Ragen						
Dawn Tabat						
Clement Feng						
Allen Gillette						
Roger Schaus						
Roger Pascavis						
Terrance J. Dolan						
Stephen McKenna(1)						
John D. Bowlin						
Edward A. LeBlanc						
Barry J. Goldstein						
Stephen Murray(1)						
Timothy Walsh(1)						
All board of director members and named executive officers as a group 13 persons(5)						

(1) In the case of CCMP Capital, LLC, or CCMP Capital, includes shares of common stock owned by CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., or CCMP Capital Investors, shares of common stock owned by CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P., or CCMP Cayman, and together with CCMP Capital Investors, the CCMP Capital Funds, and shares of common stock owned by CCMP Generac Co-Invest, L.P., or Generac Co-Invest.

The general partner of the CCMP Capital Funds is CCMP Capital Associates, L.P., or CCMP Capital Associates. The general partner of CCMP Capital Associates is CCMP Capital Associates GP, LLC, or CCMP Capital Associates GP. CCMP Capital Associates GP is wholly-owned by CCMP Capital. The general partner of Generac Co-Invest is CCMP Generac Co-Invest GP, LLC, or Generac Co-Invest GP. Generac Co-Invest GP is wholly-owned by CCMP Capital.

CCMP Capital ultimately exercises voting and dispositive power over the shares held by the CCMP Capital Funds and Generac Co-Invest. Voting and disposition decisions at CCMP Capital with respect to such shares are made by an investment committee, the members of which are Stephen Murray, Greg Brenneman and Timothy Walsh.

Stephen Murray is President and Chief Executive Officer of CCMP Capital. Each of Timothy Walsh and Stephen McKenna is a Managing Director of CCMP Capital. The address of each of Messrs. Murray, Walsh and McKenna and each of the CCMP Capital entities (other than CCMP Cayman) is c/o CCMP Capital, LLC, 245 Park Avenue, New York, New York 10167. The address of CCMP Cayman is c/o Walkers SPV Limited, PO Box 908 GT, Walker House, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands.

Each of Messrs. Murray, Walsh, McKenna and Brenneman disclaims any beneficial ownership of any shares beneficially owned by the CCMP Capital Funds or Generac Co-Invest.

The number of shares beneficially owned after this offering by CCMP Capital and its affiliates includes shares of common stock granted to Messrs. McKenna, Murray and Walsh in connection with this offering, as described in Footnote 3 below, because CCMP Capital may be deemed to have voting and dispositive power over those shares.

(2) In the case of Unitas includes shares of common stock owned by Asia Opportunity Fund II, L.P., or AOF II, and shares of common stock owned by AOF II Employee Co-Invest Fund, L.P., or AOF II Co-Invest, and together with AOF II, the AOF Funds.

The general partner of the AOF Funds is Unitas Capital Equity Partners II, L.P., or Unitas Equity Partners. The general partner of Unitas Equity Partners is Liu Asia Equity Company II, or Liu Asia Equity. Liu Asia Equity is wholly-owned by Andrew Liu.

Unitas ultimately exercises voting and dispositive power over the shares held by the AOF Funds. Voting and disposition decisions at Unitas with respect to such shares are made by an investment committee, the members of which are Kei Chua, Stephen King, John Lewis, Andrew Liu, Anurag Mathur, Ajeet Singh and Eugene Suh. Each of Messrs. Chua, King, Lewis, Liu, Mathur, Singh and Suh disclaims any beneficial ownership of any shares beneficially owned by the AOF Funds.

The address of each of the Unitas entities is c/o Walkers Corporate Services Limited, PO Box 908 GT, Walker House, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands.

(3) With respect to our executive officers Messrs. Jagdfeld, Ragen, Feng, Gillette, Schaus, Pascavis and Dolan, the number of shares beneficially owned after this offering includes _____ and _____ shares of restricted stock, respectively, granted to such officers under the Omnibus Plan in connection with this offering. With respect to Messrs. McKenna, Murray, Walsh, LeBlanc, Bowlin and Goldstein, the number of shares beneficially owned after this offering includes _____ and _____ shares of our common stock, respectively, granted to such directors under the Omnibus Plan in connection with this offering. The number of shares granted to Messrs. Murray and Walsh is the total shares they may be deemed to be beneficial owners of as a consequence of their being members of a CCMP Capital investment committee. It does not include shares that may be acquired pursuant to options issued under the Omnibus Plan because such options are not exercisable within 60 days.

(4) The final allocation of shares of our common stock to be held by our existing shareholders upon completion of the Corporate Reorganization is subject to change based on the date of our initial public offering and the public offering price. However, the aggregate number of shares held by all existing shareholders is not subject to change. In addition, a \$1 change in the public offering price will not change the holdings of any of the principal stockholders listed in the above table by more than 0.2%. For more information, see "Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations—Corporate reorganization."

(5) Includes shares beneficially owned by CCMP Capital, as a result of Messrs. Murray and Walsh potentially being deemed beneficial owners of such shares as a consequence of their being members of a CCMP Capital investment committee. See Footnote 1 above.

Description of capital stock

The following is a description of the material terms of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and bylaws as they will be in effect following the Corporate Reorganization and immediately prior to the consummation of this offering. This summary does not purport to be complete and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the actual terms and provisions of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and bylaws, copies of which will be filed as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part.

Authorized capitalization

Our shares of capital stock are currently held by 41 holders. Upon the completion of the Corporate Reorganization immediately prior to the consummation of this offering, our authorized capital stock will consist of 500,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and 50,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share. Immediately following the completion of this offering, _____ shares of common stock, or _____ shares if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional shares in full, will be outstanding, and there will be no outstanding shares of preferred stock.

Common stock

The holders of our common stock are entitled to the following rights.

Voting rights

Each share of common stock entitles the holder to one vote with respect to each matter presented to our stockholders on which the holders of common stock are entitled to vote. Our common stock votes as a single class on all matters relating to the election and removal of directors on our board of directors and as provided by law, with each share of common stock entitling its holder to one vote. Holders of our common stock will not have cumulative voting rights. Accordingly, holders of a majority of the shares of common stock entitled to vote in any election of directors may elect all of the directors standing for election. Except as otherwise provided in our amended and restated certificate of incorporation or required by law, all matters to be voted on by our stockholders must be approved by a majority of the shares present in person or by proxy at the meeting and entitled to vote on the subject matter.

Dividend rights

Holders of common stock will share equally in any dividend declared out of legally available funds by our board of directors, subject to any preferential rights of the holders of any outstanding preferred stock.

Liquidation rights

In the event of any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of our affairs, holders of our common stock would be entitled to share ratably in our assets that are legally available for distribution to stockholders after payment of liabilities. If we have any preferred stock outstanding at such time, holders of the preferred stock may be entitled to distribution and/or liquidation preferences. In either such case, we must pay the applicable distribution to the holders of our preferred stock before we may pay distributions to the holders of our common stock.

Other rights

Our stockholders have no subscription, redemption or conversion privileges. Our common stock does not entitle its holders to preemptive rights for additional shares and does not have any sinking fund provisions. All of the outstanding shares of our common stock are fully paid and nonassessable. The rights, preferences and privileges of the holders of our common stock are subject to the rights of the holders of shares of any series of preferred stock which we may issue.

Registration rights

Our existing stockholders have certain registration rights with respect to our common stock pursuant to a registration rights agreement. For further information regarding this agreement, see "Certain relationships and related person transactions—Shareholders agreement" and "Shares eligible for future sale."

Preferred stock

Our board of directors is authorized to provide for the issuance of preferred stock in one or more series and to fix the preferences, powers and relative, participating, optional or other special rights, and qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof, including the dividend rate, conversion rights, voting rights, redemption rights and liquidation preference and to fix the number of shares to be included in any such series without any further vote or action by our stockholders. Any preferred stock so issued may rank senior to our common stock with respect to the payment of dividends or amounts upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up, or both. In addition, any such shares of preferred stock may have class or series voting rights. The issuance of preferred stock may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of our company without further action by the stockholders and may adversely affect the voting and other rights of the holders of our common stock. Our board of directors has not authorized the issuance of any shares of preferred stock, and we have no agreements or current plans for the issuance of any shares of preferred stock.

Anti-takeover effects of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and bylaws

Upon the closing of this offering, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and bylaws will contain provisions that may delay, defer or discourage another party from acquiring control of us. We expect that these provisions, which are summarized below, will discourage coercive takeover practices or inadequate takeover bids. These provisions are also designed to encourage persons seeking to acquire control of us to first negotiate with our board of directors, which we believe may result in an improvement of the terms of any such acquisition in favor of our stockholders. However, they also give our board the power to discourage acquisitions that some stockholders may favor.

Board composition and filling vacancies. We will have a classified board of directors upon the closing of this offering. See "Management—Board of directors." It will take at least two annual meetings of stockholders to elect a majority of the board of directors given our classified board. As a result, it may discourage third-party proxy contests, tender offers or attempts to obtain control of us even if such changes would be beneficial to us and our stockholders.

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will provide that directors may be removed only for cause by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of the outstanding shares of common stock entitled to vote. Furthermore, any vacancy on our board of directors, however occurring, including a vacancy resulting from an increase in the size of our board, may only be filled by the affirmative vote of a majority of our directors then in office even if less than a quorum.

No stockholder action by written consent. Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will provide that, subject to the rights of any holders of preferred stock to act by written consent instead of a meeting, stockholder action may be taken only at an annual meeting or special meeting of stockholders and may not be taken by written consent instead of a meeting, unless affiliates of CCMP own at least 50% of our outstanding common stock or the action to be taken by written consent of stockholders and the taking of this action by written consent has been expressly approved in advance by the board of directors. Failure to satisfy any of the requirements for a stockholder meeting could delay, prevent or invalidate stockholder action.

Meetings of stockholders. Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will provide that only a majority of the members of our board of directors then in office or the Chief Executive Officer may call special meetings of the stockholders and only those matters set forth in the notice of the special meeting may be considered or acted upon at a special meeting of stockholders. Our bylaws will limit the business that may be conducted at an annual meeting of stockholders to those matters properly brought before the meeting.

Advance notice requirements. Our bylaws will establish an advance notice procedure for stockholders to make nominations of candidates for election as directors or to bring other business before an annual meeting of our stockholders. The bylaws will provide that any stockholder wishing to nominate persons for election as directors at, or bring other business before, an annual meeting must deliver to our secretary a written notice of the stockholder's intention to do so. To be timely, the stockholder's notice must be delivered to or mailed and received by us not later than the 90th day nor earlier than the 120th day prior to the anniversary date of the preceding annual meeting, except that if the annual meeting is not within 30 days before or 60 days after the date contemplated at the time of the previous year's proxy statement, we must receive the notice not earlier than the 120th day prior to such annual meeting and not later than the 90th day prior to such annual meeting. If a public announcement of the date of such annual meeting is made fewer than 100 days prior to the date of such annual meeting, then notice must be received by us no later than the tenth day following the public announcement of the date of the meeting. The notice must include the information specified in the bylaws. These provisions may preclude stockholders from bringing matters before an annual or special meeting of stockholders or from making nominations for directors at an annual or special meeting of stockholders.

Amendment to bylaws and certificate of incorporation. Any amendment to our amended and restated certificate of incorporation must first be approved by a majority of our board of directors and (i) if required by law, thereafter be approved by a majority of the outstanding shares entitled to vote on the amendment or (ii) if related to provisions regarding the classification of the board of directors, the removal of directors, stockholder action by written consent, the ability to call special meetings of stockholders, indemnification, corporate opportunities or the amendment of our bylaws or certificate of incorporation, thereafter be

approved by 66 ²/₃% of the outstanding shares entitled to vote on the amendment. Our bylaws may be amended (x) by the affirmative vote of a majority of the directors then in office, subject to any limitations set forth in the bylaws, without further stockholder action or (y) by the affirmative vote of at least 66 ²/₃% of the outstanding shares entitled to vote on the amendment, without further action by our board of directors.

Authorized but unissued shares. The authorized but unissued shares of our common stock and our preferred stock will be available for future issuance without any further vote or action by our stockholders. These additional shares may be utilized for a variety of corporate purposes, including future public offerings to raise additional capital, corporate acquisitions and employee benefit plans. The existence of authorized but unissued shares of our common stock and our preferred stock could render more difficult or discourage an attempt to obtain control over us by means of a proxy contest, tender offer, merger or otherwise.

Delaware Anti-Takeover Statute

Upon the closing of this offering, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will provide that the provisions of Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law or DGCL, which relate to business combinations with interested stockholders, do not apply to us. Section 203 of the DGCL prohibits a publicly held Delaware corporation from engaging in a business combination transaction with an interested stockholder (a stockholder who owns more than 15% of our common stock) for a period of three years after the interested stockholder became such unless the transaction fits within an applicable exemption, such as board approval of the business combination or the transaction that resulted in such stockholder becoming an interested stockholder. These provisions would apply even if the business combination could be considered beneficial by some shareholders. By opting out of Section 203 of the DGCL, a stockholder that becomes an interested stockholder will be able to engage in a business combination transaction with us without prior board approval.

Corporate opportunities

Our certificate of incorporation will provide that CCMP and its affiliates have no obligation to offer us an opportunity to participate in business opportunities presented to CCMP or its respective affiliates even if the opportunity is one that we might reasonably have pursued (and therefore may be free to compete with us in the same business or similar businesses), and that neither CCMP nor its respective affiliates will be liable to us or our stockholders for breach of any duty by reason of any such activities unless, in the case of any person who is a director or officer of our company, such business opportunity is expressly offered to such director or officer in writing solely in his or her capacity as an officer or director of our company.

Listing

We have applied to have our common stock listed on the NYSE under the symbol "GNRC."

Transfer agent and registrar

The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock is Computershare Trust Company, N.A.

Shares eligible for future sale

Prior to this offering, there was no public market for our common stock.

Sale of restricted securities

After this offering, there will be outstanding _____ shares (assuming no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares), or _____ shares (assuming full exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares), of our common stock, in each case including shares of restricted stock and stock awards we intend to grant to our named executive officers and other employees and certain of our directors at the time of this offering. Of these shares, all of the shares of our common stock sold in this offering will be freely tradable in the public market, unless purchased by our "affiliates" as that term is defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act. Subject to the lock-up agreements described below, shares held by our affiliates that are not "restricted securities" as defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act may be sold subject to compliance with Rule 144 of the Securities Act without regard to the prescribed one-year holding period under Rule 144. _____ shares of our common stock held by our existing shareholders will be "restricted securities."

Lock-up arrangements

In connection with this offering, we, each of our directors, executive officers and certain of our significant stockholders, representing _____ shares of our common stock, will enter into lock-up agreements as described under "Underwriting" that restrict the sale of shares of our common stock for up to 180 days after the date of this prospectus, subject to an extension in certain circumstances.

In addition, following the expiration of the lock-up period, certain stockholders will have the right, subject to certain conditions, to require us to register the sale of their shares of our common stock under federal securities laws. If these stockholders exercise this right, our other existing stockholders may require us to register their registrable securities. By exercising their registration rights, and selling a large number of shares, these selling stockholders could cause the prevailing market price of our common stock to decline.

Following the lock-up periods described above, all of the shares of our common stock that are restricted securities or are held by our affiliates as of the date of this prospectus will be eligible for sale in the public market in compliance with Rule 144 under the Securities Act.

Rule 144

The shares of our common stock sold in this offering will generally be freely transferable without restriction or further registration under the Securities Act, except that any shares of our common stock held by an "affiliate" of ours may not be resold publicly except in compliance with the registration requirements of the Securities Act or under an exemption under Rule 144 or otherwise. Rule 144 permits our common stock that has been acquired by a person who is an affiliate of ours, or has been an affiliate of ours within the past three

months, to be sold into the market in an amount that does not exceed, during any three-month period, the greater of:

- one percent of the total number of shares of our common stock outstanding; or
- the average weekly reported trading volume of our common stock for the four calendar weeks prior to the sale.

Such sales are also subject to specific manner of sale provisions, a six-month holding period requirement, notice requirements and the availability of current public information about us.

Approximately _____ shares of our common stock that are not subject to the lock-up arrangements described above will be eligible for sale under Rule 144 immediately upon closing this offering.

Rule 144 also provides that a person who is not deemed to have been an affiliate of ours at any time during the three months preceding a sale, and who has for at least six months beneficially owned shares of our common stock that are restricted securities, will be entitled to freely sell such shares of our common stock subject only to the availability of current public information regarding us. A person who is not deemed to have been an affiliate of ours at any time during the three months preceding a sale, and who has beneficially owned for at least one year shares of our common stock that are restricted securities, will be entitled to freely sell such shares of our common stock under Rule 144 without regard to the current public information requirements of Rule 144.

Equity incentive plan

We intend to file one or more registration statements on Form S-8 under the Securities Act to register shares of our common stock issued or reserved for issuance under the Omnibus Plan, referred to under "Executive compensation—2010 Equity incentive plan." The first such registration statement is expected to be filed soon after the date of this prospectus and will automatically become effective upon filing with the SEC. Accordingly, shares registered under such registration statement will be available for sale in the open market, unless such shares are subject to vesting restrictions with us or the lock-up restrictions described above.

Registration rights

Upon the completion of the Corporate Reorganization and the closing of this offering, the holders of an aggregate of _____ shares of our common stock issued upon the consummation of the Corporate Reorganization, will be entitled to rights with respect to the registration of these shares under the Securities Act. Registration of these shares under the Securities Act would result in these shares becoming freely tradable without restriction under the Securities Act immediately upon the effectiveness of registration, except for shares purchased by affiliates. For more information, see "Certain relationships and related person transactions—Shareholders agreement."

Material U.S. federal income and estate tax considerations

The following is a general discussion of the material U.S. federal income and estate tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of common stock that may be relevant to you if you are a non-U.S. Holder (as defined below). This discussion is based on current law, which is subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect. This discussion is limited to non-U.S. Holders who hold shares of common stock as capital assets within the meaning of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code. Moreover, this discussion is for general information only and does not address all the tax consequences that may be relevant to you in light of your particular circumstances, nor does it discuss special tax provisions, which may apply to you if you relinquished U.S. citizenship or residence, are a "controlled foreign corporation," "passive foreign investment company" or a partnership or other pass-through entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

As used in this discussion, the term "non-U.S. Holder" means a beneficial owner of our common stock that is not, for U.S. federal income tax purposes:

- an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States;
- a corporation (or other entity classified as a corporation for these purposes) created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or of any political subdivision of the United States;
- an estate whose income is includible in gross income for U.S. federal income tax purposes regardless of its source; or
- a trust, if (1) a U.S. court is able to exercise primary supervision over the trust's administration and one or more "United States persons" (within the meaning of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code) has the authority to control all of the trust's substantial decisions, or (2) the trust has a valid election in effect under applicable U.S. Treasury regulations to be treated as a "United States person."

If you are an individual, you may, in many cases, be deemed to be a resident alien, as opposed to a nonresident alien, by virtue of being present in the United States (1) for at least 183 days during the calendar year, or (2) for at least 31 days in the calendar year and for an aggregate of at least 183 days during a three-year period ending in the current calendar year. For purposes of (2), all the days present in the current year, one-third of the days present in the immediately preceding year, and one-sixth of the days present in the second preceding year are counted. Resident aliens are subject to U.S. federal income tax as if they were U.S. citizens.

If a partnership, including any entity or arrangement treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, is a holder of our common stock, the tax treatment of a partner in the partnership will generally depend upon the status of the partner, the activities of the partnership and certain determinations made at the partner level. A holder that is a partnership, and the partners in such partnership, should consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of our common stock.

EACH PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER OF COMMON STOCK IS ADVISED TO CONSULT A TAX ADVISOR WITH RESPECT TO CURRENT AND POSSIBLE FUTURE TAX CONSEQUENCES OF PURCHASING,

OWNING AND DISPOSING OF OUR COMMON STOCK, AS WELL AS ANY TAX CONSEQUENCES THAT MAY ARISE UNDER THE LAWS OF ANY U.S. STATE, MUNICIPALITY OR OTHER TAXING JURISDICTION, IN LIGHT OF THE PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER'S PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES.

Dividends

We do not anticipate making any distributions on our common stock. See "Dividend policy." If distributions are paid on shares of our common stock, such distributions will constitute dividends for U.S. federal income tax purposes to the extent paid from our current or accumulated earnings and profits, as determined under U.S. federal income tax principles. If a distribution exceeds our current and accumulated earnings and profits, such excess will constitute a return of capital that reduces, but not below zero, a non-U.S. Holder's tax basis in our common stock. Any remainder will constitute gain from the sale or exchange of our common stock. If dividends are paid, as a non-U.S. Holder, you will be subject to withholding of U.S. federal income tax at a 30% rate, or a lower rate as may be specified by an applicable income tax treaty, on the gross amount of the dividends paid to you. To claim the benefit of a lower rate under an income tax treaty, you must properly file with the payor an Internal Revenue Service Form W-8BEN, or other applicable form, claiming an exemption from or reduction in withholding under the applicable tax treaty. In addition, where dividends are paid to a non-U.S. Holder that is a partnership or other pass-through entity, persons holding an interest in the entity may need to provide certification claiming an exemption or reduction in withholding under the applicable treaty.

If dividends are considered effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business by you within the United States and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, are attributable to a U.S. permanent establishment of yours, those dividends will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net basis at applicable graduated individual or corporate rates but will not be subject to withholding tax, provided an Internal Revenue Service Form W-8ECI, or other applicable form, is filed with the payor. If you are a foreign corporation, any effectively connected dividends may, under certain circumstances, be subject to an additional "branch profits tax" at a rate of 30% or a lower rate as may be specified by an applicable income tax treaty.

You must comply with the certification procedures described above, or, in the case of payments made outside the United States with respect to an offshore account, certain documentary evidence procedures, directly or, under certain circumstances, through an intermediary, to obtain the benefits of a reduced rate under an income tax treaty with respect to dividends paid with respect to your common stock. In addition, if you are required to provide an Internal Revenue Service Form W-8ECI or other applicable form, as discussed above, you must also provide your tax identification number.

If you are eligible for a reduced rate of U.S. withholding tax pursuant to an income tax treaty, you may obtain a refund of any excess amounts withheld by timely filing an appropriate claim for refund with the Internal Revenue Service.

Gain on disposition of common stock

As a non-U.S. Holder, you generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax on any gain recognized on a sale or other disposition of common stock unless:

- the gain is considered effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business by you within the United States and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, is attributable to a U.S. permanent establishment of yours (in which case the gain will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net basis at applicable individual or corporate rates and, if you are a foreign corporation, the gain may, under certain circumstances, be subject to an additional branch profits tax equal to 30% or a lower rate as may be specified by an applicable income tax treaty);
- you are an individual who is present in the United States for 183 or more days in the taxable year of the sale or other disposition and certain other conditions are met (in which case, except as otherwise provided by an applicable income tax treaty, the gain, which may be offset by U.S. source capital losses, generally will be subject to a flat 30% U.S. federal income tax, even though you are not considered a resident alien under the U.S. Internal Revenue Code); or
- we are or become a U.S. real property holding corporation ("USRPHC"). We believe that we are not currently, and are not likely not to become, a USRPHC. Even if we were to become a USRPHC, gain on the sale or other disposition of common stock by you generally would not be subject to U.S. federal income tax provided:
 - the common stock was "regularly traded on an established securities market"; and
 - you do not actually or constructively own more than 5% of the common stock during the shorter of (i) the five-year period ending on the date of such disposition or (ii) the period of time during which you held such shares.

Federal estate tax

Individuals, or an entity the property of which is includable in an individual's gross estate for U.S. federal estate tax purposes, should note that common stock held at the time of such individual's death will be included in such individual's gross estate for U.S. federal estate tax purposes and may be subject to U.S. federal estate tax, unless an applicable estate tax treaty provides otherwise.

Information reporting and backup withholding tax

We must report annually to the Internal Revenue Service and to each of you the amount of dividends paid to you and the tax withheld with respect to those dividends, regardless of whether withholding was required. Copies of the information returns reporting those dividends and withholding may also be made available to the tax authorities in the country in which you reside under the provisions of an applicable income tax treaty or other applicable agreements.

Backup withholding is generally imposed (currently at a 28% rate, which rate currently is scheduled to increase to 31% for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011) on certain payments to persons that fail to furnish the necessary identifying information to the

payor. You generally will be subject to backup withholding tax with respect to dividends paid on your common stock unless you certify your non-U.S. status. Dividends subject to withholding of U.S. federal income tax as described above in "Dividends" would not be subject to backup withholding.

The payment of proceeds of a sale of common stock effected by or through a U.S. office of a broker is subject to both backup withholding and information reporting unless you provide the payor with your name and address and you certify your non-U.S. status or you otherwise establish an exemption. In general, backup withholding and information reporting will not apply to the payment of the proceeds of a sale of common stock by or through a foreign office of a broker. If, however, such broker is, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, a U.S. person, a controlled foreign corporation, a foreign person that derives 50% or more of its gross income for certain periods from the conduct of a trade or business in the United States or a foreign partnership that at any time during its tax year either is engaged in the conduct of a trade or business in the United States or has as partners one or more U.S. persons that, in the aggregate, hold more than 50% of the income or capital interest in the partnership, backup withholding will not apply but such payments will be subject to information reporting, unless such broker has documentary evidence in its records that you are a non-U.S. Holder and certain other conditions are met or you otherwise establish an exemption.

Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules generally will be allowed as a refund or a credit against your U.S. federal income tax liability provided the required information is furnished in a timely manner to the Internal Revenue Service.

Underwriting

We are offering the shares of common stock described in this prospectus through a number of underwriters. J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Goldman, Sachs & Co. are acting as joint book running managers of the offering and as representatives of the underwriters. We have entered into an underwriting agreement with the underwriters. Subject to the terms and conditions of the underwriting agreement, we have agreed to sell to the underwriters, and each underwriter has severally agreed to purchase, at the public offering price less the underwriting discounts and commissions set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, the number of shares of common stock listed next to its name in the following table:

Name	Number of Shares
J.P. Morgan Securities Inc.	
Goldman, Sachs & Co.	
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated	
Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated	
William Blair & Company, L.L.C.	
KeyBanc Capital Markets Inc.	
Stephens Inc.	
Total	

The underwriters are committed to purchase all the shares of our common stock offered by us if they purchase any shares. The underwriting agreement also provides that if an underwriter defaults, the purchase commitments of non-defaulting underwriters may also be increased or the offering may be terminated.

The underwriters propose to offer the shares of our common stock directly to the public at the initial public offering price set forth on the cover page of this prospectus and to certain dealers at that price less a concession not in excess of \$ _____ per share. Any such dealers may resell shares to certain other brokers or dealers at a discount of up to \$ _____ per share from the initial public offering price. After the initial public offering of the shares of our common stock, the offering price and other selling terms may be changed by the underwriters. The representatives have advised us that the underwriters do not intend to confirm discretionary sales in excess of 5% of the common shares offered in this offering.

The underwriters have an option to buy up to _____ additional shares of common stock from us to cover sales of shares by the underwriters which exceed the number of shares specified in the table above. The underwriters have 30 days from the date of this prospectus to exercise this option. If any shares of common stock are purchased with such option, the underwriters will purchase shares of common stock in approximately the same proportion as shown in the table above. If any additional shares of common stock are purchased, the underwriters will offer the additional shares of common stock on the same terms as those on which the shares are being offered.

The underwriting fee is equal to the public offering price per share of common stock less the amount paid by the underwriters to us per share of common stock. The underwriting fee is \$ _____ per share. The following table shows the per share and total underwriting discounts

and commissions to be paid to the underwriters assuming both no exercise and full exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares.

	Without exercise of option	With full exercise of option
Per share	\$	\$
Total	\$	\$

We estimate that the total expenses of this offering, including registration, filing and listing fees, printing fees and legal and accounting expenses, but excluding the underwriting discounts and commissions, will be approximately \$

A prospectus in electronic format may be made available on the websites maintained by one or more underwriters, or selling group members, if any, participating in the offering. The underwriters may agree to allocate a number of shares to underwriters and selling group members for sale to their online brokerage account holders. Internet distributions will be allocated by the representatives to underwriters and selling group members that may make Internet distributions on the same basis as other allocations.

We have agreed that we will not (i) offer, pledge, announce the intention to sell, sell, contract to sell, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase or otherwise dispose of, directly or indirectly, or file with the SEC a registration statement under the Securities Act relating to, any shares of our common stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for any shares of our common stock, or publicly disclose the intention to make any offer, sale, pledge, disposition or filing, or (ii) enter into any swap or other arrangement that transfers all or a portion of the economic consequences associated with the ownership of any shares of common stock or any such other securities (regardless of whether any of these transactions are to be settled by the delivery of shares of common stock or such other securities, in cash or otherwise), in each case without the prior written consent of J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Goldman, Sachs & Co. for a period of 180 days after the date of this prospectus, other than the shares of our common stock to be sold hereunder and any shares of our common stock issued upon the exercise of options granted under our existing management incentive plans. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if (1) during the last 17 days of the 180-day restricted period, we issue an earnings release or material news or a material event relating to our company occurs; or (2) prior to the expiration of the 180-day restricted period, we announce that we will release earnings results during the 16-day period beginning on the last day of the 180-day period, the restrictions described above shall continue to apply until the expiration of the 18-day period beginning on the issuance of the earnings release or the occurrence of the material news or material event.

Our directors and executive officers, and our significant stockholders will enter into lock-up agreements with the underwriters prior to the commencement of this offering pursuant to which each of these persons or entities, with limited exceptions, for a period of 180 days after the date of this prospectus, may not, without the prior written consent of J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Goldman, Sachs & Co., (1) offer, pledge, announce the intention to sell, sell, contract to sell, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase, or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, any shares of our common stock or any securities convertible into or exercisable or

exchangeable for our common stock (including, without limitation, common stock or such other securities which may be deemed to be beneficially owned by such directors, executive officers, managers and members in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC and securities which may be issued upon exercise of a stock option or warrant) or (2) enter into any swap or other agreement that transfers, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of the common stock or such other securities, whether any such transaction described in clause (1) or (2) above is to be settled by delivery of common stock or such other securities, in cash or otherwise, or (3) make any demand for or exercise any right with respect to the registration of any shares of our common stock or any security convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for our common stock. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if (1) during the last 17 days of the 180-day restricted period, we issue an earnings release or material news or a material event relating to our company occurs; or (2) prior to the expiration of the 180-day restricted period, we announce that we will release earnings results during the 16-day period beginning on the last day of the 180-day period, the restrictions described above shall continue to apply until the expiration of the 18-day period beginning on the issuance of the earnings release or the occurrence of the material news or material event.

We have agreed to indemnify the underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act.

We have applied to have our common stock listed on the NYSE under the symbol "GNRC." In order to meet one of the requirements for listing our common stock on the NYSE, the underwriters have undertaken to sell lots of our common stock in the offering such that, upon consummation of the offering, the underwriters expect that there will be at least 400 beneficial U.S. stockholders holding 100 shares or more of our common stock each and at least 1,100,000 publicly-held shares of our common stock outstanding in the United States having a market value of at least \$40,000,000.

In connection with this offering, the underwriters may engage in stabilizing transactions, which involves making bids for, purchasing and selling shares of common stock in the open market for the purpose of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the common stock while this offering is in progress. These stabilizing transactions may include making short sales of the common stock, which involves the sale by the underwriters of a greater number of shares of common stock than they are required to purchase in this offering, and purchasing shares of common stock on the open market to cover positions created by short sales. Short sales may be "covered" shorts, which are short positions in an amount not greater than the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares of our common stock referred to above, or may be "naked" shorts, which are short positions in excess of that amount. The underwriters may close out any covered short position either by exercising their option to purchase additional shares of our common stock, in whole or in part, or by purchasing shares in the open market. In making this determination, the underwriters will consider, among other things, the price of shares available for purchase in the open market compared to the price at which the underwriters may purchase shares through this option. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of the common stock in the open market that could adversely affect investors who purchase in this offering. To the extent that the underwriters create a naked short position, they will purchase shares in the open market to cover the position.

The underwriters have advised us that, pursuant to Regulation M of the Securities Act, they may also engage in other activities that stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the price of the common stock, including the imposition of penalty bids. This means that if the representatives of the underwriters purchase common stock in the open market in stabilizing transactions or to cover short sales, the representatives can require the underwriters that sold those shares as part of this offering to repay the underwriting discount received by them.

These activities may have the effect of raising or maintaining the market price of the common stock or preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the common stock, and, as a result, the price of the common stock may be higher than the price that otherwise might exist in the open market. If the underwriters commence these activities, they may discontinue them at any time. The underwriters may carry out these transactions on the NYSE, in the over the counter market or otherwise.

Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for our common stock. The initial public offering price will be determined by negotiations between us and the representatives of the underwriters. In determining the initial public offering price, we and the representatives of the underwriters expect to consider a number of factors including:

- the information set forth in this prospectus and otherwise available to the representatives;
- our prospects and the history and prospects for the industry in which we compete;
- an assessment of our management;
- our prospects for future earnings;
- the general condition of the securities markets at the time of this offering;
- the recent market prices of, and demand for, publicly traded common stock of generally comparable companies; and
- other factors deemed relevant by the underwriters and us.

Neither we nor the underwriters can assure investors that an active trading market will develop for our common shares, or that the shares will trade in the public market at or above the initial public offering price.

Other than in the United States, no action has been taken by us or the underwriters that would permit a public offering of the securities offered by this prospectus in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. The securities offered by this prospectus may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, nor may this prospectus or any other offering material or advertisements in connection with the offer and sale of any such securities be distributed or published in any jurisdiction, except under circumstances that will result in compliance with the applicable rules and regulations of that jurisdiction. This prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities offered by this prospectus in any jurisdiction in which such an offer or a solicitation is unlawful.

This document is only being distributed to and is only directed at (i) persons who are outside the United Kingdom or (ii) to investment professionals falling within Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005 (the "Order") or (iii) high net worth entities, and other persons to whom it may lawfully be communicated, falling with Article 49(2)(a) to (d) of the Order (all such persons together being referred to as

"relevant persons"). The securities are only available to, and any invitation, offer or agreement to subscribe, purchase or otherwise acquire such securities will be engaged in only with, relevant persons. Any person who is not a relevant person should not act or rely on this document or any of its contents.

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive, each, a Relevant Member State, from and including the date on which the European Union Prospectus Directive, or the EU Prospectus Directive, is implemented in that Relevant Member State, or the Relevant Implementation Date, an offer of securities described in this prospectus may not be made to the public in that Relevant Member State prior to the publication of a prospectus in relation to the shares which has been approved by the competent authority in that Relevant Member State or, where appropriate, approved in another Relevant Member State and notified to the competent authority in that Relevant Member State, all in accordance with the EU Prospectus Directive, except that it may, with effect from and including the Relevant Implementation Date, make an offer of shares to the public in that Relevant Member State at any time:

- to legal entities which are authorized or regulated to operate in the financial markets or, if not so authorized or regulated, whose corporate purpose is solely to invest in securities;
- to any legal entity which has two or more of (1) an average of at least 250 employees during the last financial year; (2) a total balance sheet of more than €43,000,000 and (3) an annual net turnover of more than €50,000,000, as shown in its last annual or consolidated accounts;
- to fewer than 100 natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in the EU Prospectus Directive) subject to obtaining the prior consent of the joint book-running managers for any such offer; or
- in any other circumstances which do not require the publication by the Issuer of a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression an "offer of securities to the public" in relation to any securities in any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the securities to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the securities, as the same may be varied in that Member State by any measure implementing the EU Prospectus Directive in that Member State and the expression EU Prospectus Directive means Directive 2003/71/EC and includes any relevant implementing measure in each Relevant Member State.

The securities offered by this prospectus may not be offered or sold by means of any document other than (i) in circumstances which do not constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of the Companies Ordinance (Cap.32, Laws of Hong Kong), or (ii) to "professional investors" within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap.571, Laws of Hong Kong) and any rules made thereunder, or (iii) in other circumstances which do not result in the document being a "prospectus" within the meaning of the Companies Ordinance (Cap.32, Laws of Hong Kong), and no advertisement, invitation or document relating to the securities may be issued or may be in the possession of any person for the purpose of issue (in each case whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere), which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public in Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to shares which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to "professional investors" within the meaning of

the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571, Laws of Hong Kong) and any rules made thereunder.

This prospectus has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, this prospectus and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of the securities may not be circulated or distributed, nor may the shares be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor under Section 274 of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore (the "SFA"), (ii) to a relevant person, or any person pursuant to Section 275(1A), and in accordance with the conditions, specified in Section 275 of the SFA or (iii) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA.

Where the securities offered by this prospectus are subscribed or purchased under Section 275 by a relevant person which is: (a) a corporation (which is not an accredited investor) the sole business of which is to hold investments and the entire share capital of which is owned by one or more individuals, each of whom is an accredited investor; or (b) a trust (where the trustee is not an accredited investor) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and each beneficiary is an accredited investor, shares, debentures and units of shares and debentures of that corporation or the beneficiaries' rights and interest in that trust shall not be transferable for 6 months after that corporation or that trust has acquired the shares under Section 275 except: (1) to an institutional investor under Section 274 of the SFA or to a relevant person, or any person pursuant to Section 275(1A), and in accordance with the conditions, specified in Section 275 of the SFA; (2) where no consideration is given for the transfer; or (3) by operation of law.

The securities offered by this prospectus have not been and will not be registered under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law of Japan (the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law) and each underwriter has agreed that it will not offer or sell any securities, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, any resident of Japan (which term as used herein means any person resident in Japan, including any corporation or other entity organized under the laws of Japan), or to others for re-offering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to a resident of Japan, except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of, and otherwise in compliance with, the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law and any other applicable laws, regulations and ministerial guidelines of Japan.

Certain of the underwriters and their affiliates have provided in the past to us and our affiliates and may provide from time to time in the future certain commercial banking, financial advisory, investment banking and other services for us and such affiliates in the ordinary course of their business, for which they have received and may continue to receive customary fees and commissions. J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Goldman, Sachs & Co. have acted as an administrative agent under our first lien secured credit facility and our second lien secured credit facility, respectively, as well as lenders under the revolving credit facility included within the first lien secured credit facility. Furthermore, from time to time, certain of the underwriters and their affiliates may effect transactions for their own account or the account of customers, and hold on behalf of themselves or their customers, long or short positions in our debt or equity securities or loans, and may do so in the future.

One or more affiliates of J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. are limited partners in CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., which is a stockholder of our company. One or more affiliates of Goldman, Sachs & Co. are limited partners in CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P. and CCMP Generac Co-Invest, L.P., which are stockholders of our company.

Conflicts of interest

One or more affiliates of J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. beneficially own more than 10% of CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., which is a stockholder in our company. Because J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. is an underwriter and its affiliates beneficially, through CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., own more than 10% of our company, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. is deemed to have a "conflict of interest" under Rule 2720 of the Conduct Rules of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., which is overseen by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority. Accordingly, this offering will be made in compliance with the applicable provisions of Rule 2720. Rule 2720 requires that a "qualified independent underwriter" meeting certain standards to participate in the preparation of the registration statement and prospectus and exercise the usual standards of due diligence with respect thereto. Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated has agreed to act as a "qualified independent underwriter" within the meaning of NASD Rule 2720 of FINRA in connection with this offering. Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated will not receive any additional compensation for acting as a qualified independent underwriter. J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. will not confirm any sales to any accounts over which it exercises discretionary authority without first receiving a written consent from those accounts. We have agreed to indemnify Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated against certain liabilities incurred in connection with acting as a "qualified independent underwriter," including liabilities under the Securities Act.

Legal matters

Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP, New York, New York has passed upon the validity of the common stock offered hereby on behalf of us. The validity of the common stock offered hereby will be passed upon on behalf of the underwriters by Simpson Thacher & Bartlett LLP, New York, New York.

Experts

Ernst & Young LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, has audited our consolidated financial statements at December 31, 2008 and 2007, and for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the period from November 11, 2006 to December 31, 2006 (Successor) as set forth in their report. Ernst & Young LLP also audited the consolidated financial statements of our predecessor, Generac Power Systems, Inc., for the period from January 1, 2006 through November 10, 2006 (Predecessor), as set forth in their report. We have included our financial statements in the prospectus and elsewhere in this registration statement in reliance on Ernst & Young LLP's report, given on their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

Where you can find additional information

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-1 under the Securities Act with respect to the shares of common stock offered hereby. This prospectus does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement and the exhibits and schedules thereto. For further information with respect to Generac and the shares of common stock offered hereby, you should refer to the registration statement and to the exhibits and schedules filed therewith. Statements contained in this prospectus regarding the contents of any contract or any other document that is filed as an exhibit to the registration statement are not necessarily complete, and each such statement is qualified in all respects by reference to the full text of such contract or other document filed as an exhibit to the registration statement. A copy of the Generac registration statement and the exhibits and schedules thereto may be inspected without charge at the public reference room maintained by the SEC located at 100 F Street, N.E., Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549. Copies of all or any portion of the registration statements and the filings may be obtained from such offices upon payment of prescribed fees. The public may obtain information on the operation of the public reference room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 or (202) 551-8090. The SEC maintains a website at www.sec.gov that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding registrants that file electronically with the SEC.

You may obtain a copy of any of our filings, at no cost, by writing or telephoning us at:

Generac Holdings Inc.
S45 W29290 Hwy. 59
Waukesha, WI 53187
(262) 544-4811

Index to consolidated financial statements

[*Audited consolidated financial statements*](#)

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	F-2
Consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2008 and 2007	F-3
Consolidated statements of operations for years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 and the period from November 11, 2006 to December 31, 2006 (Successor) and for the period from January 1, 2006 to November 10, 2006 (Predecessor)	F-4
Consolidated statements of redeemable stock and stockholders' equity (deficit) for years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 and the period from November 11, 2006 to December 31, 2006 (Successor) and for the period from January 1, 2006 to November 10, 2006 (Predecessor)	F-5
Consolidated statements of cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 and the period from November 11, 2006 to December 31, 2006 (Successor) and for the period from January 1, 2006 to November 10, 2006 (Predecessor)	F-6
Notes to consolidated financial statements	F-8

[*Unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements*](#)

Consolidated balance sheets as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008	F-40
Consolidated statements of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008	F-41
Consolidated statements of redeemable stock and stockholders' equity (deficit) for the nine months ended September 30, 2009	F-42
Consolidated statements of cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008	F-43
Notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements	F-44

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Stockholders
of Generac Holdings Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Generac Holdings Inc. and subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the related consolidated statements of operations, redeemable stock and stockholders' equity (deficit), and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the period from November 11, 2006 to December 31, 2006 (Successor). We have also audited the statements of operations, redeemable stock and stockholders' equity (deficit), and cash flows of Generac Power Systems, Inc. (Predecessor) for the period from January 1, 2006 through November 10, 2006. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. We were not engaged to perform an audit of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Generac Holdings Inc. and subsidiaries at December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the period from November 11, 2006 to December 31, 2006, and the results of operations and cash flows of Generac Power Systems, Inc. (Predecessor) for the period from January 1, 2006 through November 10, 2006, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

As discussed in Note 2 and 9 to the consolidated financial statements, the accompanying financial statements have been retrospectively adjusted for the adoption of the guidance originally issued in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 158, *Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans an amendment of FASB Statements No. 87, 88, 106, and 132(R)* (codified in FASB ASC Topic 715 Compensation—Retirement Benefits), effective December 31, 2006, and the guidance originally issued in Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109* (codified in FASB ASC Topic 740 Income Taxes), effective January 1, 2007.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Milwaukee, Wisconsin
October 20, 2009

Audited consolidated financial statements

**Generac Holdings Inc.
Consolidated balance sheets
(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)**

	December 31,	
	2008	2007
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 81,229	\$ 71,314
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,020 in 2008 and \$808 in 2007	66,107	45,551
Notes receivable, less allowance of \$965 in 2008 and \$850 in 2007	134	305
Inventories	123,980	97,614
Prepaid expenses and other assets	3,547	2,966
Total current assets	274,997	217,750
Property and equipment:		
Land and improvements	3,913	3,901
Buildings and improvements	48,148	47,613
Leasehold improvements	—	21
Machinery and equipment	24,010	21,880
Dies and tools	9,077	7,650
Vehicles	984	1,094
Office equipment	4,542	3,916
Construction-in-progress	139	—
	90,813	86,075
Less accumulated depreciation	14,139	7,093
Property and equipment, net	76,674	78,982
Customer lists, net	173,104	211,535
Patents, net	100,574	108,394
Other intangible assets, net	9,142	10,493
Deferred financing costs, net	16,885	23,217
Trade names	148,765	229,058
Goodwill	525,875	1,029,068
Other assets	198	162
Total assets	\$ 1,326,214	\$ 1,908,659
Liabilities and stockholders' equity (deficit)		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 54,525	\$ 20,076
Accrued wages and employee benefits	5,064	5,637
Other accrued liabilities	58,892	59,477
Current portion of long-term debt	9,500	9,500
Total current liabilities	127,981	94,690
Long-term debt	1,121,437	1,280,750
Other long-term liabilities	43,539	27,439
Total liabilities	1,292,957	1,402,879
Class B convertible voting common stock, par value \$0.01, 110,000 shares authorized, 79,114 and 76,737 shares issued at December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively	765,096	747,070
Series A convertible nonvoting preferred stock, par value \$0.01, 20,000 shares authorized, 7,835 shares issued at December 31, 2008	78,355	—
Stockholders' equity (deficit):		
Class A non-voting common stock, par value \$0.01, 31,200 shares authorized, 5,717 and 6,272 shares issued at December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively	—	—
Additional paid-in capital	2,356	2,505
Excess purchase price over predecessor basis	(202,116)	(202,116)
Accumulated deficit	(581,626)	(25,671)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(28,650)	(15,813)
Stockholder notes receivable	(158)	(195)
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	(810,194)	(241,290)
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity (deficit)	\$ 1,326,214	\$ 1,908,659

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

Generac Holdings Inc.
Consolidated statements of operations
(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)

	Year ended December 31,		Successor	Predecessor
	2008	2007	Period from November 11, 2006 through December 31, 2006	Period from January 1, 2006 through November 10, 2006
Net sales	\$ 574,229	\$ 555,705	\$ 74,110	\$ 606,249
Costs of goods sold	372,199	333,428	55,105	371,425
Gross profit	202,030	222,277	19,005	234,824
Operating expenses:				
Selling and service	57,449	52,652	5,279	45,800
Research and development	9,925	9,606	1,168	9,141
General and administrative	15,869	17,581	1,695	12,631
Amortization of intangibles	47,602	47,602	8,576	—
Transaction-related expenses	—	—	—	149,792
Goodwill impairment	503,193	—	—	—
Trade name impairment	80,293	—	—	—
Total operating expenses	714,331	127,441	16,718	217,364
(Loss) income from operations	(512,301)	94,836	2,287	17,460
Other (expense) income:				
Interest expense	(108,022)	(125,366)	(18,354)	(673)
Gain on extinguishment of debt	65,385	18,759	—	—
Investment income	600	2,682	302	1,571
Other, net	(1,217)	(1,196)	(192)	(52)
Total other (expense) income, net	(43,254)	(105,121)	(18,244)	846
(Loss) income before provision (benefit) for income taxes	(555,555)	(10,285)	(15,957)	18,306
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	400	(571)	—	5,519
Net (loss) income	\$ (555,955)	\$ (9,714)	\$ (15,957)	\$ 12,787
Preferential distribution to:				
Series A preferred stock holders	(785)	—	—	—
Class B common stockholders	(90,567)	(73,676)	(9,502)	—
Net loss attributable to Class A common stockholders	\$ (647,307)	\$ (83,390)	\$ (25,459)	\$ 12,787
Net loss per common share, basic and diluted				
Class A Common Stock	(108,581)	(10,626)	(3,068)	n/m
Class B Common Stock	1,148	1,051	139	n/m
Weighted average common shares outstanding				
Class A Common Stock	5,962	7,848	8,298	n/m
Class B Common Stock	78,926	70,102	68,567	n/m

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

n/m—earnings per share on predecessor has not been presented since it is not meaningful due to changes in equity structure which resulted from the acquisition of the company in 2006.

Generac Holdings Inc.
Consolidated statements of redeemable stock and stockholders' equity (deficit)
(Dollars in thousands, except share data)

	Redeemable								Additional paid-in capital	Excess purchase price over predecessor basis	Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	Treasury stock	Stockholder notes receivable	Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	Comprehensive income (loss)		
	Series A preferred stock		Class B common stock		Class A common stock		Class B common stock											
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount										
	(As adjusted)														(Adjusted)	(Adjusted)		
Predecessor																		
Balance at January 1, 2006	—	—	—	—	600	\$39	12,000	—	142,820	\$ 1	\$7,261	\$ —	\$ 156,763	\$ (4,205)	\$(14,259)	\$(3,388)	\$142,212	\$ —
Net earnings	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	12,787	—	—	—	12,787	12,787
Payment of stockholder note receivable	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3,388	3,388	—
Minimum pension liability adjustment	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	683	—	—	683	683
Discretionary distributions to stockholders	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(107,413)	—	—	—	(107,413)	—
S Corporation distributions to stockholders	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(41,074)	—	—	—	(41,074)	—
Balance at November 10, 2006	—	—	—	—	600	\$39	12,000	—	142,820	\$ 1	\$7,261	\$ —	\$ 21,063	\$ (3,522)	\$(14,259)	\$ —	\$ 10,583	\$ 13,470
Successor																		
Balance at November 11, 2006	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Contribution of capital	—	—	68,567	685,667	—	—	8,298	—	—	—	2,833	—	—	—	—	—	2,833	—
Impact of Predecessor basis adjustment on acquisition	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(202,116)	—	—	—	(202,116)	—
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(15,957)	—	—	—	(15,957)	(15,957)
Unrealized gain on interest rate swaps	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	3	3
Amortization of restricted stock expense	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	7	—
																	\$ (15,954)	
Recording of underfunded pension liability upon adoption of SFAS No. 158 (as adjusted)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	457	—	—	457	—
Balance at December 31, 2006 (as adjusted)	—	—	68,567	685,667	—	—	8,298	—	—	—	\$2,840	\$(202,116)	\$ (15,957)	\$ 460	\$ —	\$ —	\$(214,773)	—
Unrealized loss on interest rate swaps	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(18,511)	—	—	(18,511)	(18,511)
Issuance of stockholder notes receivable	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(195)	(195)	—
Contribution of capital related to debt extinguishment	—	—	8,025	59,953	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Proceeds from shares issued to directors	—	—	145	1,450	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Proceeds from shares issued to management	—	—	—	—	—	—	623	—	—	—	212	—	—	—	—	—	212	—
Repurchase of shares from management	—	—	—	—	—	—	(2,649)	—	—	—	(904)	—	—	—	—	—	(904)	—
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	304	—	—	—	—	—	304	—
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(9,714)	—	—	—	(9,714)	(9,714)
Pension liability adjustment	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,238	—	—	—	2,238	2,238
Amortization of restricted stock expense	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	53	—	—	—	—	—	53	—
																	\$ (25,987)	
Balance at December 31, 2007	—	—	76,737	747,070	—	—	6,272	—	—	—	2,505	(202,116)	(25,671)	(15,813)	—	(195)	(241,290)	—
Unrealized loss on interest rate swaps	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(5,715)	—	—	(5,715)	\$(5,715)
Repayment of stockholder notes receivable	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	37	37	—
Contribution of capital related to debt extinguishment	6,285	62,855	2,400	18,249	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Contribution of capital	1,550	15,500	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Repurchase of shares from management	—	—	(23)	(223)	—	—	(555)	—	—	—	(189)	—	—	—	—	—	(189)	—
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(555,955)	—	—	—	(555,955)	(555,955)
Amortization of restricted stock expense	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	40	—	—	—	—	—	40	—
Pension liability adjustment	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(7,122)	—	—	—	(7,122)	(7,122)
																	\$ (568,792)	
Balance at December 31, 2008	7,835	\$ 78,355	79,114	\$ 765,096	—	—	\$ 5,717	—	—	—	\$ 2,356	\$(202,116)	\$(581,626)	\$(28,650)	\$ —	\$ (158)	\$(810,194)	—

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

Generac Holdings Inc.
Consolidated statements of cash flows
(Dollars in thousands)

	Year ended		Successor	Predecessor
	December 31,		Period from	Period from
	2008	2007	November 11, 2006 through December 31, 2006	January 1, 2006 through November 10, 2006
Operating activities				
Net (loss) income	\$ (555,955)	\$ (9,714)	\$ (15,957)	\$ 12,787
Adjustment to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation	7,168	6,181	936	4,654
Amortization	47,602	47,602	8,576	24
Goodwill and tradename impairment charge	583,486	—	—	—
Gain on extinguishment of debt	(65,385)	(18,759)	—	—
Amortization of deferred finance costs	3,905	4,225	590	—
Provision for losses on accounts receivable	212	82	29	321
Provision for losses on notes receivable	115	850	—	—
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	234	60	—	416
Stock-based compensation expense—restricted stock	40	53	7	—
Stock-based compensation expense—Class B common stock	—	304	—	—
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable	(20,768)	4,808	7,002	(10,052)
Inventories	(26,366)	21,372	18,225	(30,206)
Other assets	(617)	(1,794)	(55)	2,049
Accounts payable	34,449	(3,369)	4,894	(3,467)
Accrued wages and employee benefits	(806)	776	(20,205)	8,512
Other accrued liabilities	2,911	(14,164)	32,018	17,723
Net cash provided by operating activities	10,225	38,513	36,060	2,761
Investing activities				
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	92	56	1	63
Expenditures for property and equipment	(5,186)	(13,191)	(720)	(6,225)
Collections on receivable notes	56	403	35	455
Acquisition of business, net of cash acquired	—	—	(1,864,319)	—
Net cash used in investing activities	(5,038)	(12,732)	(1,865,003)	(5,707)

	Year ended December 31,		Successor Period from November 11, 2006 through December 31, 2006,	Predecessor Period from January 1, 2006 through November 10, 2006
	2008	2007		
Financing activities				
Stockholders' contributions of capital—Class B common stock	\$ —	\$ 1,450	\$ 685,667	\$ —
Stockholders' contributions of capital—Class A common stock	—	212	2,833	—
Stockholders' contributions of capital—Series A preferred stock	15,500	—	—	—
Repurchase of shares from management—Class B common stock	(224)	—	—	—
Repurchase of shares from management—Class A common stock	(189)	(904)	—	—
Issuance of stockholder notes receivable	—	(195)	—	—
Repayment of stockholder notes receivable	37	—	—	—
Proceeds from long-term debt	—	—	1,380,000	—
Payment of long-term debt	(10,396)	(9,500)	—	—
Proceeds from term loan	—	—	—	155,000
Payment of term loan	—	—	(155,000)	—
Payment of debt financing costs	—	—	(30,086)	—
Payment of industrial revenue bond	—	—	—	(4,800)
Collection of stockholder note receivable	—	—	—	3,388
S Corporation distributions to stockholders	—	—	—	(168,815)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	4,728	(8,937)	1,883,414	(15,227)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	9,915	16,844	54,471	(18,173)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	71,315	54,471	—	33,351
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 81,230	\$ 71,315	\$ 54,471	\$ 15,178
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information				
Cash paid during the period				
Interest	\$ 109,431	\$ 101,632	\$ 8,713	\$ 185
Income taxes	295	4,777	51	348
Supplemental disclosure of noncash financing and investing activities				
Contributions of capital related to debt extinguishment	\$ 81,105	\$ 59,953	\$ —	\$ —

See notes to consolidated financial statements

Generac Holdings Inc.
Notes to consolidated financial statements
Years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 and the
period from November 11, 2006 to
December 31, 2006 and its predecessor for the
period from January 1, 2006 to November 10, 2006

1. Description of business

Generac Holdings Inc. (the Company) owns all of the common stock of Generac Acquisition Corp., which in turn, owns all of the common stock of Generac Power Systems, Inc. (the Subsidiary). The Company designs, manufactures, and markets a complete line of automatic standby generators for residential, light-commercial, and industrial usage, as well as portable generators and air-cooled engines, for domestic and international markets.

Financial statement periods

The Subsidiary was owned by a principal executive and certain members of management through November 10, 2006. Financial statements of this company for the period from January 1, 2006 through November 10, 2006, are referred to as Predecessor financial statements and such period is hereafter referred to as Predecessor Period.

As described below, on September 13, 2006, GPS CCMP Merger Corp. (Merger Corp.) was formed and on November 10, 2006, was merged into the Subsidiary with the Subsidiary being the surviving entity. Merger Corp. had no operations between September 13, 2006 through November 10, 2006, the date it merged into the Subsidiary, other than entering into agreements to facilitate the merger transaction. The consolidated financial statements for the period from Merger Corp's incorporation, September 13, 2006 to December 31, 2006, are referred to as Successor financial statements and reflect the results of operations of the merged entity effective November 11, 2006 and such period is hereafter referred to as Successor Period.

Merger transaction

On September 13, 2006, the Subsidiary, Merger Corp., and its then parent company, GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp., and a shareholder representative, entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger, pursuant to which Merger Corp. merged with and into the Subsidiary, on November 10, 2006, with the Subsidiary continuing as the surviving entity and a wholly owned subsidiary of Generac Acquisition Corp. (which was formed on October 26, 2006), which in turn is a wholly owned subsidiary of Generac Holdings Inc. Generac Holdings Inc. is a Delaware corporation, the outstanding common stock of which is owned by affiliates of CCMP Capital, LLC (collectively, CCMP) and related entities, affiliates of Unitas Capital Ltd., certain members of management of the Subsidiary and board of directors of the Company.

At the time of the merger transaction, previous owners of the Predecessor became the holders of 3,896 shares of the Company's Class A common stock and 7,790 shares of the Company's Class B common stock. As a result of this residual ownership interest in the Subsidiary and the

form of the leveraged transaction, the transaction was accounted for under the provisions of Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 88-16, *Basis in Leveraged Buy-Out Transactions*. The application of EITF 88-16 to the merger transaction resulted in a new reporting entity as of the leveraged transaction closing date, but only a partial (89.19%) adjustment was made to the carrying values of the assets and liabilities acquired based on the purchase price. Approximately 10.81% of the carrying values of the acquired assets and liabilities were carried over at the predecessor company's basis.

The purchase price, net of cash acquired, of \$1,864.3 million (including direct costs associated with the acquisition such as the CCMP transaction fee, legal costs, and other professional costs) was financed through the issuance of \$1,380 million of term loans and common stock with a value of \$688.5 million. The Predecessor incurred transaction-related expenses of approximately \$149.8 million, which primarily related to the settlement of the employee share appreciation program (See Note 9). The transaction was accounted for as a purchase, whereby the purchase price was allocated to the underlying assets and liabilities based on the estimated fair values of those assets and liabilities, as adjusted for the Predecessor basis adjustment accounting described above.

The following represents the estimated fair values of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, net of the Predecessor basis adjustment, at the date of acquisition as finalized in 2007 (dollars in thousands):

Current assets	\$ 212,731
Property and equipment	72,304
Customer list, patents, trade names, and other intangibles	615,658
Goodwill	1,029,068
Excess purchase price over predecessor basis (contra equity)	202,116
Short-term liabilities assumed	(97,380)
Long-term debt assumed and subsequently settled	(155,000)
Net assets acquired	1,879,497
Less cash acquired	(15,178)
Net cash payment for acquisition	\$ 1,864,319

The tax basis for goodwill at the acquisition date was approximately \$1.14 billion.

2. Significant accounting policies

Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All intercompany amounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Concentration of credit risk

The Company maintains the majority of its cash in one commercial bank. Balances on deposit are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to specified limits. Balances in excess of FDIC limits are uninsured.

Two customers accounted for approximately 13% and 11% of accounts receivable at December 31, 2008. No one customer accounted for greater than 10% of accounts receivable at December 31, 2007. No one customer accounted for greater than 10% of net sales during the years ended December 31, 2008 or 2007. One customer accounted for approximately 8% of net sales for the period from November 11, 2006 through December 31, 2006 (the Successor Period). One customer accounted for approximately 13% of net sales for the period from January 1, 2006 through November 10, 2006 (the Predecessor Period).

Accounts receivable

Receivables are recorded at their face value amount less an allowance for doubtful accounts. The Company estimates and records an allowance for doubtful accounts based on specific identification and historical experience. The Company writes off uncollectible accounts against the allowance for doubtful accounts after all collection efforts have been exhausted. Sales are generally made on an unsecured basis.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market, with cost determined using the first-in, first-out method.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost and are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which are summarized below (in years). Costs of leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the term of the lease (including renewal option periods) or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

Land improvements	15
Buildings and improvements	40
Leasehold improvements	10 - 20
Machinery and equipment	5 - 10
Dies and tools	3 - 5
Vehicles	3 - 5
Office equipment	3 - 10

Customer lists, patents, and other intangible assets

The following table summarizes intangible assets by major category as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 (dollars in thousands):

	Weighted average amortization years	2008			2007		
		Cost	Accumulated amortization	Amortized cost	Cost	Accumulated amortization	Amortized cost
Indefinite lived intangible assets							
Tradenames		\$ 140,050	\$ —	\$ 140,050	\$ 229,058	\$ —	\$ 229,058
Finite lived intangible assets							
Tradenames	2	8,715	—	8,715	—	—	—
Customer lists	7	256,760	(83,656)	173,104	256,760	(45,225)	211,535
Patents	15	117,811	(17,237)	100,574	117,811	(9,417)	108,394
Unpatented technology	9	11,015	(2,616)	8,399	11,015	(1,391)	9,624
Software	8	1,014	(271)	743	1,014	(145)	869
Total finite lived intangible assets	9	\$ 395,315	\$ (103,780)	\$ 291,535	\$ 386,600	\$ (56,178)	\$ 330,422

Amortization of intangible assets was \$47,602,000 in 2008 and 2007, and \$8,576,000 in the Successor Period. During the fourth quarter of 2008, the Company recorded an impairment related to its indefinite lived intangible assets. See the Goodwill and Other Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets section for further discussion. Estimated amortization expense each year for the five years subsequent to December 31, 2008 is as follows: 2009 and 2010, \$51,829,000; 2011, \$47,471,000, 2012, \$43,220,000; 2013, \$21,347,000.

Deferred financing costs

Costs incurred in connection with the issuance of long-term debt have been capitalized and are being amortized using the effective interest rate method over the life of the related debt agreements. Deferred financing costs incurred in connection with the financing on November 10, 2006, totaled \$29,571,000, and amortization expense for 2008 and accumulated amortization at December 31, 2008, were \$3,905,000 and \$8,720,000, respectively. Amortization expense for 2007 and accumulated amortization at December 31, 2007, were \$4,225,000 and \$4,815,000, respectively. In connection with the merger transaction and repayment of the Predecessor term debt, the Successor paid \$515,000 of debt financing costs during the Successor Period. Amortization expense for the Successor Period was \$590,000. As a result of the debt extinguishments in 2008 and 2007 (see Note 6), \$2,427,000 and \$1,539,000 of the deferred financing costs were written off, respectively, and recorded as a reduction to the gain on the extinguishment of debt. Amortization expense is included in interest expense in the consolidated statements of operations. Amortization expense for each of the next four years is expected to be approximately \$3,474,000 and \$2,989,000 in year five.

Long-lived assets

The Company periodically evaluates the carrying value of long-lived assets (including property and equipment, customer lists, patents and other intangible assets, but excluding goodwill and indefinite-lived trade names). Long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If the sum of the expected future undiscounted cash flows is less than the carrying amount of an

asset, a loss is recognized for the difference between the fair value and carrying value of the asset. Such analyses necessarily involve significant judgements.

Because the Company recorded a goodwill impairment charge in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2008, the Company reviewed its long-lived assets, performed the undiscounted cash flow analysis and concluded there was no impairment as future undiscounted cash flows exceeded the carrying values as of December 31, 2008.

Goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets

Goodwill represents the excess of the amount paid to acquire the Company over the estimated fair value of the net tangible and intangible assets acquired as of the acquisition date.

Other indefinite-lived intangible assets consist of trade names. The fair value of trade names was measured using a relief-from-royalty approach, which assumes the fair value of the trade name is the discounted cash flows of the amount that would be paid had the Company not owned the trade name and instead licensed the trade name from another company.

The Company performs an annual impairment test for goodwill and trade names and more frequently if an event or circumstances indicate that an impairment loss has been incurred. Conditions that would trigger an impairment assessment include, but are not limited to, a significant adverse change in legal factors or business climate that could affect the value of an asset. The analysis of potential impairment of goodwill requires a two-step process. The first step is the estimation of fair value of the applicable reporting unit. The Company has determined it has one reporting unit as the Company considers itself one business, and all significant decisions are made on a companywide basis by its chief decision maker. Estimated fair value is based on management judgments and assumptions with the assistance of a third-party valuation firm, and those fair values are compared with the aggregate carrying value of the Company. If the fair value of the Company is greater than its carrying amount, there is no impairment. If the Company carrying amount is greater than the fair value, then the second step must be completed to measure the amount of impairment, if any.

The second step calculates the implied fair value of the goodwill, which is compared to its carrying value. The implied fair value of goodwill is calculated by hypothetically valuing all of the tangible and intangible assets of the reporting unit at fair value as if the reporting unit had been acquired in a business combination. The excess of the fair value of the entire reporting unit over the fair value of its identifiable assets and liabilities is the implied fair value of goodwill. If the implied fair value of goodwill is less than the carrying value of goodwill, an impairment is recognized equal to the difference.

As of October 31, 2008, the Company performed its annual goodwill impairment test. The fair value of the Company was estimated based on a weighted average of a discounted cash flow analysis and comparable public company analysis (i.e. market approach). The rate used in determining discounted cash flows is a rate corresponding to the Company's cost of capital, adjusted for risk where appropriate. In determining the estimated future cash flows, current and future levels of income are considered as well as business trends and market conditions. Due to an increase in the Company's weighted average cost of capital and lower comparable public company market values resulting from weakening economic conditions, the analysis indicated the potential for impairment.

The Company performed the second step of the goodwill impairment evaluation with the assistance of a third-party valuation firm, and determined an impairment of goodwill existed. Accordingly, a non-cash charge of \$503,193,000 was recognized in 2008 for goodwill impairment. Due to the current economic uncertainty and other factors, the Company cannot assure remaining goodwill will not be further impaired in future periods. There was no impairment recorded for the year ended December 31, 2007 or the Successor Period.

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	December 31	
	2008	2007
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 1,029,068	\$ 847,442
Adjustment to finalize purchase accounting	—	181,626
Impairment charge	(503,193)	—
Balance at end of year	\$ 525,875	\$ 1,029,068

The Company performed its annual fair value-based impairment test on trade names as of October 31, 2008 using a relief-from-royalty approach. As a result of the test, the Company recorded a non-cash charge of \$80,293,000 for trade name impairment. The primary reason for this impairment charge related to a re-branding strategy, which was committed to in the fourth quarter of 2008 and resulted in the Company's plan to discontinue use of a particular trade name over time as the Company consolidates its brands under the Generac label. Accordingly, this particular trade name was written down to its estimated realizable value of \$8,715,000, which will be amortized over its remaining useful life of 2 years. There was no impairment recorded for the year ended December 31, 2007 or the Successor Period.

Income taxes

Successor

The Company is a C Corporation and, therefore, accounts for income taxes pursuant to the liability method. Accordingly, the current or deferred tax consequences of a transaction are measured by applying the provision of enacted tax laws to determine the amount of taxes payable currently or in future years. Deferred income taxes are provided for temporary differences between the income tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, the Company considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the years in which those temporary differences become deductible. The Company considers the scheduled reversal of deferred tax liabilities, projected future taxable income, and tax planning strategies, as appropriate, in making this assessment.

Effective January 1, 2007, the Company adopted the guidance on accounting for uncertainty in income taxes in ASC 740-10 (formerly referred to as FASB Interpretation 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes*), which provides a comprehensive model for the recognition, measurement, and disclosure in financial statements of uncertain income tax positions a company has taken or expects to take on an income tax return. Additionally, when applicable,

the Company would classify interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions in income tax expense. Upon adoption, the Company determined no additional reserves for uncertain tax positions were required.

Predecessor

The Predecessor Company and its stockholders elected for federal and certain state income tax purposes to be treated as an S Corporation under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, the Predecessor Company's taxable income was included in the individual tax returns of its stockholders, and generally, there was no provision for income taxes or deferred tax assets or liabilities in the financial statements except for certain state income taxes imposed at the corporate level.

Revenue recognition

Sales, net of estimated returns and allowances, are recognized upon shipment of product to the customer, which is when title passes, the Company has no further obligations, and the customer is required to pay. The Company, at the request of certain customers, will warehouse inventory billed to the customer but not delivered. The Company does not recognize revenue on these transactions until the customers take possession of the product. The funds collected on product warehoused for these customers are recorded as a customer advance until the customer takes possession of the product and the Company's obligation to deliver the goods is completed. Customer advances are included in accrued liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

The Company provides for estimated sales promotion and incentive expenses which are recognized as a reduction of sales. Historically, product returns, whether in the normal course of business or resulting from repurchases made under a floor plan financing program, have not been material. The Company has agreed to repurchase product repossessed by a finance company (see Note 10), which has resulted in minimal losses to the Company. However, an adverse change in dealer sales could cause this situation to change.

Shipping and handling costs

Shipping and handling costs billed to customers are included in net sales, and the related costs are included in cost of goods sold in the consolidated statements of operations.

Advertising and co-op advertising

Expenditures for advertising, included in selling and service expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations, are expensed as incurred. Total expenditures for advertising were \$9,210,000, \$11,236,000, \$836,000, and \$9,088,000 for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, the Successor Period, and the Predecessor Period, respectively.

Research and development

The Company expenses research and development costs as incurred. Total expenditures incurred for research and development were \$9,925,000, \$9,606,000, \$1,168,000, and \$9,141,000 for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, the Successor Period, and the Predecessor Period, respectively.

Foreign currency transactions

Realized and unrealized gains and losses on transactions denominated in foreign currency are recorded in earnings as a component of cost of goods sold.

Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)

Accumulated other comprehensive income (OCI) includes unrealized losses on certain cash flow hedges and the pension liability. The components of OCI at December 31, 2008 and 2007 were (dollars in thousands):

	December 31	
	2008	2007
Pension liability	\$ (4,427)	\$ 2,695
Unrealized losses on cash flow hedges	(24,223)	(18,508)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$ (28,650)	\$ (15,813)

Fair value of financial instruments

The Company believes the carrying amount of its financial instruments (cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, notes receivable, accounts payable, and accrued liabilities), excluding long-term debt, approximates the fair value of these instruments based upon their short-term nature. The fair value of long-term debt was approximately \$558.6 million at December 31, 2008, as calculated based on current quotations.

Fair value measurements

The Company adopted Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820-10 *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* (formerly SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*) on January 1, 2008. ASC 820-10, among other things, defines fair value, establishes a consistent framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosure for each major asset and liability category measured at fair value on either a recurring basis or nonrecurring basis. ASC 820-10 clarifies that fair value is an exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. As such, fair value is a market-based measurement that should be determined based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. As a basis for considering such assumptions, the pronouncement establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows: (Level 1) observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets; (Level 2) inputs, other than the quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and (Level 3) unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value are based on the market approach, which is prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities.

Liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are as follows (dollars in millions):

	Total December 31, 2008	Fair value measurement using	
		Quoted prices in active markets for identical contracts (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)
Net derivative contracts	\$ 25.6	\$ —	\$ 25.6

The fair value of derivative contracts above consider the Company's credit risk in accordance with ASC 820-10. Excluding the impact of credit risk, the fair value of derivatives at December 31, 2008, was \$29,000,000 and this represents the amount the Company would need to pay to exit the agreements on this date.

Use of estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Derivative instruments and hedging activities

The Company records all derivatives in accordance with ASC 815, *Derivatives and Hedging*, which requires all derivative instruments be reported on the consolidated balance sheets at fair value and establishes criteria for designation and effectiveness of hedging relationships. The Company is exposed to market risk such as changes in commodity prices, foreign currencies, and interest rates. The Company does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes.

Commodities

The primary objectives of the commodity risk management activities are to understand and mitigate the impact of potential price fluctuations on the Company's financial results and its economic well-being. While the Company's risk management objectives and strategies will be driven from an economic perspective, the Company attempts, where possible and practical, to ensure that the hedging strategies it engages in can be treated as "hedges" from an accounting perspective or otherwise result in accounting treatment where the earnings effect of the hedging instrument provides substantial offset (in the same period) to the earnings effect of the hedged item. Generally, these risk management transactions will involve the use of commodity derivatives to protect against exposure resulting from significant price fluctuations.

The Company primarily utilizes commodity contracts with maturities of less than 12 months. These are intended to offset the effect of price fluctuations on actual inventory purchases. At December 31, 2008 and 2007, there were two outstanding commodity contracts in place to hedge its projected commodity purchases. In October 2008, the Company entered into commodity swaps to purchase \$4,180,000 of copper. The swaps are effective from October 1 and November 1, 2008, and terminate on March 31, 2009. In November 2007, the Company

entered into commodity swaps to purchase \$3,271,000 of copper. The swaps were effective from November 7 and 8, 2007, and terminated on July 2, 2008.

Total losses or gains recognized in the consolidated statements of operations on commodity contracts were a loss of \$1,092,000, gains of \$1,120,000, \$0, and \$862,000 for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, the Successor Period and the Predecessor Period, respectively.

Foreign currencies

The Company is exposed to foreign currency exchange risk as a result of transactions in other currencies. The Company utilizes foreign currency forward purchase and sales contracts to manage the volatility associated with foreign currency purchases in the normal course of business. Contracts typically have maturities of one year or less. There were no outstanding foreign currency hedge contracts outstanding as of December 31, 2008 or 2007. The Predecessor Company entered into a Yen foreign currency contract in the Predecessor Period. The total loss recorded on this contract was \$184,000.

Interest rates

During the Successor Period, the Company entered into various interest rate swap agreements. The Company has formally documented all relationships between interest rate hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk-management objectives and strategies for undertaking various hedge transactions. The Company's interest rate swap agreements qualify as cash flow hedges. For derivatives that are designated and qualify as a cash flow hedge, the effective portion of the gain or loss on the derivative is reported as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and reclassified into earnings in the same period or periods during which the hedged transaction affects earnings. The ineffective portion of the derivatives' change in fair value, if any, is immediately recognized in earnings. The Company assesses on an ongoing basis whether derivatives used in hedging transactions are highly effective in offsetting changes in cash flows of hedged items. The impact of hedge ineffectiveness on earnings was not material for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the Successor Period. The Predecessor did not have any interest rate swaps.

Stock-based compensation

The Company accounts for its restricted stock awards and other stock-based payments in accordance with ASC 718 *Compensation—Stock Compensation*. On January 1, 2006, the Company adopted the guidance originally issued in the FASB Statement FAS123(R) *Share Based Payments* (codified in FASB ASC Topic 718 *Compensation—Stock Compensation*) using the prospective method, accordingly, the provisions of FAS 123(R) are applied prospectively to new awards and to awards modified, repurchased or cancelled after the adoption date.

Segment reporting

The Company operates in and reports as a single operating segment, which is the manufacture and sale of power products. Net sales are generated through the sale of generators and service parts to distributors and retailers. The Company manages and evaluates its operations as one segment primarily due to similarities in the nature of the products, production processes and methods of distribution. All of the Company's identifiable assets are located in the United States. The Company's sales outside North America are not material, representing less than 1% of net sales.

The Company's product offerings consist primarily of power products with a range of power output. Residential power products and industrial & commercial power products are each a similar class of products based on similar power output and customer usage.

(Dollars in thousands)	Year ended December 31,		Successor	Predecessor
	2008	2007	Period from November 11, 2006 through December 31, 2006	Period from January 1, 2006 through November 10, 2006
	Residential power products	\$ 332,618	\$ 306,741	\$ 43,092
Industrial & Commercial power products	207,861	205,759	24,210	168,672
Other	33,750	43,205	6,808	53,768
Total	\$ 574,229	\$ 555,705	\$ 74,110	\$ 606,249

New accounting standards to be adopted

In December 2007, the FASB originally issued SFAS No. 141(R), *Business Combinations* (codified in FASB ASC Topic 805—*Business Combinations*). This statement requires the acquiring entity in a business combination to recognize all assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the transaction, establishes the acquisition-date fair value as the measurement objective for all assets acquired and liabilities assumed, and requires the acquirer to disclose certain information related to the nature and financial effect of the business combination. SFAS 141(R) is effective for business combinations entered into in fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2008. Depending on the terms, conditions, and details of the business combination, if any, that take place on or subsequent to January 1, 2009, SFAS 141(R) may have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In March 2008, the FASB originally issued SFAS No. 161 *Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, an amendment of SFAS No. 133* (codified in FASB ASC Topic 815 *Derivatives and Hedging*). SFAS No. 161 is intended to improve financial standards for derivative instruments and hedging activities by requiring enhanced disclosures to enable investors to better understand the effect these instruments and activities have on an entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. Entities are required to provide enhanced disclosures about: how and why an entity uses derivative instruments; how derivative instruments and related hedged items are accounted for under SFAS No. 161 and its related interpretations; and how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. SFAS No. 161 is effective for the Company in the year beginning January 1, 2009 and will impact future disclosures relating to the Company's hedging activities.

In December 2008, the FASB originally issued FSP No. FAS 132(R)-1 *Employer's Disclosures about Postretirement Benefit Assets* (FSP No. FAS 132R) (codified in FASB ASC Topic 715 *Compensation—Retirement Benefits*). FSP No. 132(R) requires additional disclosures regarding assets held in an employer's defined benefit pension or other postretirement plan. FSP No. 132(R) replaces the requirement to disclose the percentage of the fair value of total plan assets with a requirement to disclose the fair value of each major asset category, requires disclosure of the level within the fair value hierarchy in which each major category of plan

assets falls using the guidance in FSP No. 132(R) and requires a reconciliation of beginning and ending balances of plan asset fair values that are derived using significant unobservable inputs. FSP No. 132(R) will be adopted as of January 1, 2010. We are currently reviewing the requirements of FSP No. 132(R) to determine the disclosure impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In April 2008, the FASB originally issued FSP No. FASB 142-3, *Determination of the Useful Life of Intangible Assets* (FSP No. FAS No. 142-3) (codified in *FASB ASC Topic 350—Intangibles—Goodwill and Other*). FSP No. FASB 142-3 prospectively amends the factors that should be considered in developing renewal or extension assumptions used to determine the useful life of a recognized intangible asset. The intent of the position is to improve the consistency between the useful life of a recognized intangible asset under FSP No. FASB 142-3 and the period of expected cash flows used to measure the fair value of the asset under FSP No. FASB 142-3. The Company is required to adopt this pronouncement on January 1, 2009. The Company does not believe the adoption of this pronouncement will have a material impact to the Company's consolidated financial statements.

3. Balance sheet details

Inventories consist of the following (dollars in thousands):

	December 31,	
	2008	2007
Raw material	\$ 104,310	\$ 69,358
Work-in-process	1,217	379
Finished goods	23,361	31,533
Reserves for excess and obsolescence	(4,908)	(3,656)
	\$ 123,980	\$ 97,614

Other accrued liabilities consist of the following (dollars in thousands):

	December 31,	
	2008	2007
Accrued commissions	\$ 6,444	\$ 6,211
Accrued interest	25,228	29,785
Accrued warranties—short term	14,015	13,542
Other accrued liabilities	13,205	9,939
	\$ 58,892	\$ 59,477

4. Product warranty obligations

The Company records a liability for product warranty obligations at the time of sale to a customer based upon historical warranty experience. The Company also records a liability for specific warranty matters when they become known and are reasonably estimatable. The Company's product warranty obligations are included in other accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities in the balance sheets.

Changes in the product warranty obligations are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Year ended December 31,		Successor	Predecessor
	2008	2007	For the period from November 11, 2006 through December 31, 2006	For the period January 1, 2006 through November 10, 2006
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 14,807	\$ 14,788	\$ —	\$ 11,454
Obligations assumed in acquisition	—	—	15,144	—
Payments	(15,946)	(13,935)	(1,492)	(7,192)
Charged to operations	18,678	13,954	1,136	10,882
Balance at end of period	\$ 17,539	\$ 14,807	\$ 14,788	\$ 15,144

The product warranty obligations are included in the balance sheets as follows (dollars in thousands):

	December 31,	December 31,
	2008	2007
Other accrued liabilities	\$ 14,015	\$ 13,542
Other long-term liabilities	3,524	1,265
Balance at end of period	\$ 17,539	\$ 14,807

5. Credit agreements

Long-term debt consists of the following (dollars in thousands):

	December 31,	
	2008	2007
First lien term loan	\$ 930,104	\$ 940,500
Second lien term loan	430,000	430,000
	1,360,104	1,370,500
Less treasury debt	229,167	80,250
Less current portion	9,500	9,500
	\$ 1,121,437	\$ 1,280,750

Maturities of long-term debt outstanding at December 31, 2008, are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Year	
2009	\$ 9,500
2010	9,500
2011	9,500
2012	9,500
2013	892,104
2014	200,833
Total	\$ 1,130,937

Successor

At December 31, 2008, the Subsidiary had credit agreements which provided for borrowings under a revolving credit facility (the Revolving Credit Facility) and two term loans (collectively, the Credit Agreements), which are described further below. The Credit Agreements of the Subsidiary are secured by the associated collateral agreements which pledge virtually all assets of the Subsidiary.

Borrowings available under the Revolving Credit Facility are limited to a maximum of \$150,000,000. Availability under the Revolving Credit Facility is reduced by the amount of outstanding undrawn letters of credit. Interest on the Revolving Credit Facility is payable at LIBOR plus 2.5%, or ABR plus 1.5%, as selected by the Subsidiary. ABR is the greater of the prime rate or the federal funds rate plus 0.5%. The spreads on these rates may be reduced as a result of the Subsidiary meeting certain financial ratios. As of December 31, 2008, the Subsidiary's interest rate on the Revolving Credit Facility was 6.65%. As of December 31, 2008, the Subsidiary had \$143,347,000 available under its Revolving Credit Facility and no outstanding borrowings. The Subsidiary pays a Revolving Credit Facility commitment fee of 0.50% on the average available unused commitment. The Revolving Credit Facility matures and is due on November 10, 2012, unless terminated earlier under certain conditions contained in the Credit Agreements.

The Credit Agreements provide the Subsidiary the ability to issue letters of credit. Outstanding undrawn letters of credit reduce availability under the Subsidiary's Revolving Credit Facility. The letters of credit accrue interest at a rate of 2.63%, paid quarterly on the undrawn daily aggregate exposure of the preceding quarter. This rate may be reduced as a result of meeting certain financial ratios. At December 31, 2008 and 2007, letters of credit outstanding were \$6,653,000 and \$2,504,000, respectively.

The principal amount of and the outstanding balance under the First Lien Term Loan (the First Lien) were \$930,104,000 and \$940,500,000 at December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Principal payments are due in quarterly installments of \$2,375,000. Interest on the First Lien is payable at LIBOR plus 2.5%, or ABR plus 1.5%, as selected by the Subsidiary. The spreads on these rates may be reduced as a result of the Subsidiary meeting certain financial ratios. At December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006, the Subsidiary's interest rate on the First Lien was 6.65%, 7.73%, and 7.82%, respectively. The outstanding principal balance is payable on the earlier of November 10, 2013, or the date of termination of the First Lien, whether by its terms, by prepayment, or by acceleration.

The principal amount of and the outstanding balance under the Second Lien Term Loan (the Second Lien) were \$200,833,000 and \$349,750,000 (excluding loans held in treasury by the Subsidiary) at December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Interest on the Second Lien is payable at LIBOR plus 6.0%, or ABR plus 5.0%, as selected by the Subsidiary. The spreads on these rates may be reduced as a result of meeting certain financial ratios. At December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006, the Subsidiary's interest rate on the Second Lien was 10.15%, 11.23%, and 11.32%, respectively. The outstanding principal balance is payable on the earlier of May 10, 2014, or the date of termination of the Second Lien, whether by its terms, by prepayment, or by acceleration.

The Credit Agreements require the Subsidiary, among other things, to meet certain financial and nonfinancial covenants and maintain financial ratios in such amounts and for such periods

as set forth therein. The Subsidiary is required to maintain a leverage ratio (EBITDA divided by net debt, as defined within the Credit Agreements) of 7.75 as of December 31, 2008. The leverage ratio decreases quarterly, and for 2009, the Subsidiary will be required to maintain a leverage ratio of 7.75, 7.50, 7.25, and 6.75 for the first, second, third, and fourth quarters, respectively. As of September 30, 2008, the Subsidiary had violated its debt covenant. As permitted by the Credit Agreements, this violation was remedied by an equity contribution of \$15,319,000 from CCMP in the fourth quarter of 2008 as part of a \$15,500,000 equity contribution. The Subsidiary was in compliance with all requirements as of December 31, 2008 and 2007.

In an event where full repayment of the Credit Agreements is required, the First Lien and Revolving Credit Facility take priority over the Second Lien.

The Credit Agreements restrict the circumstances in which distributions and dividends can be paid by the Subsidiary. Payments can be made to the Subsidiary for certain expenses, and dividends can be used to repurchase equity interests, subject to an annual limitation. Additionally, the Credit Agreements restrict the aggregate amount of dividends and distributions that can be paid and require the maintenance of certain leverage ratios.

During 2008, CCMP acquired \$148,917,000 par value of Second Lien term loans for approximately \$81,105,000. CCMP exchanged this debt for additional shares of Class B Common stock and Series A Preferred stock issued by the Company. The fair value of the shares exchanged was \$81,105,000. These shares have beneficial conversion features which are contingent upon a future event (see Note 6). The Company recorded this transaction as Series A Preferred Stock of \$62,855,000 and Class B Common Stock of \$18,249,000 based on the fair value of the debt contributed by CCMP which approximated the fair value of shares exchanged. The debt is now held in treasury at face value. Consequently, the Company recorded a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$65,385,000, which includes the write-off of deferred financing fees and other closing costs, in the consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2008. See Note 6.

During 2007, CCMP acquired \$80,250,000 par value of Second Lien term loans for approximately \$59,952,000. CCMP exchanged this debt for additional shares of Class B Common stock issued by the Company. The fair value of the shares exchanged was \$59,952,000. These shares have beneficial conversion features which are contingent upon a future event (see Note 6). The Company recorded this transaction as additional Class B Common Stock of \$59,952,000 based on the fair value of the debt contributed by CCMP which approximated the fair value of shares exchanged. The debt is now held in treasury at face value. Consequently, the Company recorded a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$18,759,000, which includes the write-off of deferred financing fees and other closing costs, in the consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2007. See Note 6.

During the Successor Period, the Subsidiary entered into various interest rate swap agreements (the Swaps) with certain banks. The Swaps, which were effective January 2, 2007, October 3, 2007, and January 3, 2008, have notional amounts totaling \$825,000,000, \$100,000,000, and \$275,000,000, respectively. The total notional amount of \$1,200,000,000 declined to \$1,100,000,000 at October 3, 2008, further decline to \$675,000,000 at January 3, 2009, and terminate January 4, 2010. The Subsidiary swapped floating three-month LIBOR interest rates for fixed rates with an aggregate weighted-average interest rate of 4.775% and 4.774% as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. The fair value of the interest rate swap agreements,

including the impact of credit risk, at December 31, 2008, was a liability of \$24,222,000. At December 31, 2007, the fair value of the interest rate swap agreements was a liability of \$18,508,000. The Subsidiary has determined its Swaps meet hedge effectiveness tests and are deemed highly effective for hedge accounting under ASC 815 *Derivatives and Hedging* as of December 31, 2008 and 2007. Accordingly, the change in fair value is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) net of tax for the effective portion of the hedges.

Effective January 3, 2009, the Subsidiary, within the terms of the Credit Agreements, changed the interest rate election from three-month LIBOR to one-month LIBOR. The Subsidiary has concluded that as of January 3, 2009, the Swaps no longer meet hedge effectiveness tests and are therefore, no longer highly effective as a hedge against the impact on interest payments of changes in the LIBOR interest rate. The effective portion of the Swaps prior to the change will remain in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and will be amortized as interest expense over the period of the originally designated hedged transactions. Future changes in the fair value of the Swaps will be immediately recognized in the consolidated statements of operations as interest expense.

Predecessor

The Predecessor Company had an unsecured revolving credit agreement with a bank that allowed borrowings of up to \$15,000,000 for working capital requirements with interest rates at 0.90% below the prime rate, or LIBOR plus 1.00%, as selected by the Predecessor Company. Under the terms of this credit agreement, the bank agreed, on behalf of the Predecessor Company, to issue letters of credit aggregating not more than the unused revolver balance. The outstanding amount of these letters of credit reduced the amount available to the Predecessor Company under the revolving credit agreement.

On November 6, 2006, the Predecessor Company entered into a credit agreement with a bank establishing a term loan in the amount of \$155,000,000 with interest rates at LIBOR plus 1.25%.

The Predecessor Company had an Industrial Development Revenue Bond Agreement with the Village of Eagle, Wisconsin, for \$4,800,000 at December 31, 2005. The bonds were paid in full and the letter of credit, used as collateral, was terminated when the Predecessor Company elected to exercise its right to pay off the bonds as of September 1, 2006.

6. Redeemable stock and stockholders' equity (deficit)

As a result of the merger transaction on November 10, 2006 and from time to time thereafter, certain of the current equity investors (affiliates of CCMP Capital Advisors, LLC and related entities, affiliates of Unitas Capital Ltd., certain members of management of the Subsidiary and board of directors of the Company) acquired a combination of Class A and Class B Common stock and Series A Preferred stock of GPS CCMP Acquisition Corporation. General terms of these securities are:

Preferred stock

Series A Convertible Preferred stock: Each Series A Preferred share is entitled to a priority return preference equal to the sum of \$10,000 per share base amount plus an amount sufficient to generate a 14% annual return on that base amount compounded quarterly from

the date of issuance until the accreted priority return preference is paid in full. Each Series A Preferred share also participates in any equity appreciation beyond the Series A Preferred priority return (the Series A Equity Participation).

Voting: Series A Preferred shares do not have voting rights, subject to certain limited approval rights.

Distributions: Dividends and other distributions to stockholders in respect of shares, whether as part of an ordinary distribution of earnings, as a leveraged recapitalization or in the event of an ultimate liquidation and distribution of available corporate assets are to be paid to Series A Preferred stockholders as follows: Series A Preferred shares are entitled to receive an amount equal to the Series A Preferred base amount of \$10,000 per share plus an amount sufficient to generate a 14% annual return on that base amount, compounded quarterly from the date in which the Series A Preferred shares were originally issued. Series A Preferred shares then receive an equity participation on all remaining proceeds after payment of this priority return to all Series A Preferred stockholders equal to 24.3% of remaining proceeds (Series A Equity Participation). No distribution shall be made to any holder of common stock until the Series A Preferred stockholders have received all distributions to which they are entitled as previously described. After such distributions are made to the Series A Preferred stockholders, the holders of common stock shall be entitled to receive any remaining payments or distributions in accordance with their respective priorities.

Liquidations: Distributions in connection with any liquidation or change of control transaction would be made in accordance with the distributions described above. No distribution shall be made to any holder of common stock until the Series A Preferred stockholders have received all distributions to which they are entitled as described above. After such distributions are made to the Series A Preferred stockholders, the holders of common stock shall be entitled to receive any remaining payments or distributions in accordance with their respective priorities.

Conversion: Series A Preferred shares automatically convert into Class A common shares immediately prior to an initial public offering (IPO). In the case of any such conversion, any unpaid Series A preferred return (base \$10,000 per share plus 14% accretion) will be converted into additional Class A common shares valued at the deal (the IPO price net of underwriter's discount). That is, each Series A Preferred share would convert into a number of Class A common shares equal to (i) a fraction, the numerator of which is the unpaid priority return on such Series A Preferred share and the denominator of which is the value of a Class A common share at the time of conversion plus (ii) the number of Class A common shares required to be issued to satisfy the Series A Equity Participation. The number of shares of Class A common stock which will be issued upon conversion of the Series A Preferred is dependent upon the initial public offering price of the Class A common stock on the date of conversion as well as the unpaid priority return of the Series A Preferred Stock.

The Series A Preferred are redeemable in a deemed liquidation in the event of a change of control. The redemption features are considered to be outside the control of the Company and therefore, all shares of Series A Preferred stock are recorded outside of permanent equity in accordance with guidance originally issued under EITF Topic D-98, *Classification and Measurement of Redeemable Securities* (codified under Accounting Standards Codification 480, *Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity*). No adjustment to the carrying value of the Series A Preferred stock securities has been recorded, and the priority returns have not been accreted as a change of control is not probable.

Common stock

Class B Convertible common stock: Class B shares participate in the equity appreciation after the Series A Preferred priority return is satisfied. Each Class B share is entitled to a priority return preference equal to the sum of \$10,000 per share base amount plus an amount sufficient to generate a 10% annual return on that base amount compounded quarterly from the date of issue until the Class B priority return preference is paid in full. Each Class B share also participates in any equity appreciation beyond the Class B priority return.

Voting: Each Class B share is entitled to one vote per share on all matters on which stockholders vote.

Class A common stock: Class A shares participate in the equity appreciation after the Class B priority return is satisfied.

Class A shares do not have voting rights, priority preference or any accretion rights.

Distributions: After payment of the priority return to Series A Preferred shareholders previously described above under Preferred Stock, dividends and other distributions that remain available to stockholders in respect of shares, whether as part of an ordinary distribution of earnings, as a leveraged recapitalization or in the event of an ultimate liquidation and distribution of available corporate assets, are to be paid to the common stockholders as follows: Class B shares are entitled to receive an amount equal to the Class B base amount of \$10,000 per share plus an amount sufficient to generate a 10% annual return on that base amount, compounded quarterly from the date in which the Class B shares were originally issued. After payment of this priority return to Class B holders, the holders of Class A shares and Class B shares participate together equally and ratably in any and all distributions by the Company.

Liquidations: Distributions made in connection with any liquidation or change of control transaction would be made in accordance with the distributions previously described above in the preceding paragraph. In addition, any remaining assets after the Class B preferential distribution will be allocated to the Class A and Class B shares as follows: the Class B shares will receive a percentage of the remaining assets equal to the sum of (i) 88% plus (ii) the product of (A) 12% multiplied by (B) one minus a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of issued and outstanding vested shares of Class A shares and the denominator is 9,350.0098. The remainder will be allocated to the Class A shares.

Conversion: Class B shares automatically convert into Class A shares immediately prior to an IPO. In the case of any such conversion any unpaid Class B Common priority return (base \$10,000 per share plus 10% accretion) will be "paid" in additional Class A common shares valued at the deal (the IPO price net of underwriter's discount). That is, each Class B share would convert into a number of Class A shares required to be issued to satisfy the Series A Equity Participation. Each Class B share would convert into a number of Class A shares equal to (i) one plus (ii) a fraction, the numerator of which is the unpaid priority return on such Class B share and the denominator of which is the value of a Class A share at the time of conversion, in all cases subject to the priority rights and preferences of the Series A Preferred Shares. The number of shares of Class A common stock which will be issued upon conversion of the Class B common stock is dependent upon the initial public offering price of the Class A common stock on the date of conversion as well as the unpaid priority return of the Class B common stock.

As the Class B common are redeemable in a deemed liquidation in the event of a change of control. The redemption features are considered to be outside the control of the Company and therefore, all shares of Class B common stock are recorded outside of permanent equity in accordance with guidance originally issued under EITF Topic D-98, *Classification and Measurement of Redeemable Securities* (codified under Accounting Standards Codification 480, *Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity*). No adjustment to the carrying value of Class B common stock securities has been recorded, and the priority returns have not been accreted as a change of control is not probable.

Accretion: Cumulative accretion on Series A Preferred stock and Class B common stock at December 31, 2008, was as follows:

	Series A preferred	Class B common
Carrying value	\$ 78,355	\$ 765,096
Cumulative accretion	785	173,745
	\$ 79,140	\$ 938,841

The amounts above do not include the additional base amount of \$25,790,000 on Class B common stock or the impact of Series A Equity Participation on Series A Preferred Stock, both of which would be recognized as a beneficial conversion upon an initial public offering.

Management Equity Incentive Plan: On November 10, 2006, the Company adopted the 2006 Management Equity Incentive Plan (2006 Equity Incentive Plan). The 2006 Equity Incentive Plan provides for awards with respect to a maximum of 9,350.0098 Class A Common shares and 5,000 Class B Common shares, subject to certain adjustments. On November 10, 2006, and from time to time thereafter, certain members of management purchased restricted shares of Class A Common stock under the 2006 Equity Incentive Plan for \$341 per share and pursuant to restricted stock agreements. One half of the restricted shares vest over time (Time Vesting Shares), with 25% vesting on November 10, 2007 and on the next three anniversaries thereafter, so long as the participant is still employed by the Company or one of its subsidiaries on the applicable vesting date. Upon the occurrence of a change of control of the Company, any unvested Time Vesting Shares immediately vest in full, so long as the participant is still employed by the Company or one of its subsidiaries. The other half of the restricted shares immediately vest (performance-based vesting) in full, provided the participant is still then employed by the Company or one of its subsidiaries, upon the occurrence of either: (i) a change of control of the Company that provides CCMP with a certain rate of return with respect to net proceeds received by CCMP from their investment in the Company; or (ii) from and after the date of an IPO, the achievement with respect to shares of the Class A Common stock of an average closing trading price exceeding, in any 60 consecutive trading day period starting prior to the later of (a) the fifth year anniversary of the date of grant of the restricted shares, and (b) one year after the IPO, a certain threshold with respect to net proceeds received by CCMP from their investment in the Company. As a condition to the purchase of restricted shares, members of management executed confidentiality, non-competition and intellectual property agreements. The fair value of the Class A common stock on the date of issuance was estimated to be \$390 per share.

The Company has recorded \$40,000, \$53,000 and \$7,000 of stock-based compensation expense related to the Time Vesting Shares in 2008, 2007, and the Successor Period, respectively, related

to amortization of the excess of fair value over purchase price of these restricted shares. This excess is being amortized over a four-year vesting period.

Issuance and repurchases of securities

Class A Common Stock: As discussed above, on November 10, 2006 at the time of the merger transaction, certain members of management purchased 8,298.1337 restricted shares of the Class A Common stock, at a price of \$341.36 per share, under the 2006 Equity Incentive Plan and pursuant to restricted stock agreements. In 2007, an additional 623.3301 restricted shares of Class A nonvoting common stock, at a price of \$341.36 per share, were issued to new members of management. In 2008 and 2007, 555.1566 and 2,649.1694 restricted shares of Class A common stock, respectively, were repurchased by the Company, at a price of \$341 per share, from members of management who terminated their employment with the Subsidiary.

Class B Common Stock: On November 10, 2006 at the time of the merger transaction, 68,566.7382 shares of the Class B Common stock were issued to affiliates of CCMP, affiliates of Unitas Capital LLC, certain members of management of the Subsidiary and board of directors of the Company, for their investment in the Company, at a price of \$10,000 per share. In February 2007, 145 shares of the Class B Common stock were issued to new members appointed to the Company's board of directors, at a price of \$10,000 per share. In 2008 and 2007, the Company issued 2,400 and 8,025 shares of Class B Common stock, respectively, to CCMP in exchange for certain term loans under the second lien credit facility that CCMP had purchased. The exchange ratio in connection with the exchange was one share of our Class B Common Stock per \$10,000 of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the loans that were so exchanged. Such purchased term loans had an aggregate outstanding principal amount equal to \$104,250,000. In accordance with the preemptive rights provisions of the Shareholders' Agreement, CCMP subsequently transferred shares of our Class B Common Stock it had purchased to various investment funds affiliated with CCMP, certain members of management and board members. The shares exchanged were valued at the discounted amount paid for the debt, which approximated the Class B common stock's fair value at that date. The equity consideration was less than the outstanding principal amount, therefore a gain on debt extinguishment was recorded. A summary of how the 10,425 Class B common shares issued in exchange for repurchased debt is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Number of shares	Face value of debt	Consideration paid	Fair value of shares exchanged	Contingent beneficial conversion	Gain on extinguishment of debt
Year ending December 31, 2008	2,400	\$ 24,000	\$ 18,249	\$ 18,249	\$ 5,492	\$ 5,363
Year ending December 31, 2007	8,025	80,250	59,952	59,952	20,298	18,759
Total	10,425	\$ 104,250	\$ 78,201	\$ 78,201	\$ 25,790	\$ 24,122

The Company determined that the conversion feature in the Class B Common stock is in-the-money at the date of issuance and therefore represents a beneficial conversion feature. Since the Class B Common stock is convertible upon an initial public offering, it is contingent upon a future event and has not been recorded in the consolidated financial statements. The beneficial conversion feature, which has been valued at \$25,790,000 at its commitment date,

will be recorded at the date of an initial public offering as a return to Class B Common stockholders analogous to a dividend. If no retained earnings are available to pay this dividend at resolution of the contingency, the dividend will be charged against additional paid in capital resulting in no net impact.

Following the exchange of purchased debt for Class B common stock, certain members of management and the board of directors were provided the opportunity to purchase Class B common stock at fair value. Because the Class B common stock includes a contingent beneficial conversion feature, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense of \$304,000, which represents the intrinsic value associated with the contingent beneficial conversion feature.

Series A Preferred Stock: In November 2008, the Company issued 1,550 shares of the Series A Preferred Stock to CCMP for an aggregate purchase price of \$15,500,000. In December 2008, the Company issued an aggregate of 6,285 shares of Series A Preferred Stock to CCMP in exchange for certain term loans under the second lien credit facility that CCMP had purchased. The exchange ratio in connection with the exchange was one share of Series A Preferred Stock per \$10,000 of the amount paid by CCMP for the loans that were so exchanged. The equity consideration was less than the outstanding principal amount, therefore a gain on debt extinguishment was recorded. A summary of the exchanges of purchased term loans for Series A Preferred Stock by year is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Number of shares	Face value of debt	Consideration paid	Gain on extinguishment of debt
Year ending December 31, 2008	6,285	\$ 124,917	\$ 62,855	\$ 60,022

The Company determined that the conversion feature in the Series A Preferred stock has a contingent beneficial conversion feature at the date of issuance. Since the Series A Preferred stock is convertible upon an initial public offering and the number of additional Class A Common shares which may be issued is unknown, it is contingent upon a future event and has not been recorded in the consolidated financial statements. The beneficial conversion feature, which is the result of the additional Class A shares which will be issued to satisfy the Series A Equity Participation, will be recorded at the date of an initial public offering as a return to Series A Preferred stockholders analogous to a dividend. If no retained earnings are available to pay this dividend at resolution of the contingency, the dividend will be charged against additional paid in capital resulting in no net impact.

During 2007, the Company entered into subscription notes receivable with certain stockholders related to their purchase of restricted Class A common stock of \$195,000. During 2008, \$37,000 of outstanding notes receivable were repaid. The subscription notes receivables are included in stockholders' equity in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

7. Earnings per share

The Company has one class of preferred stock (Series A) and two classes of common stock (Class B common stock and Class A common stock). Each Series A Preferred share is entitled to a priority return preference equal to the sum of \$10,000 per share base amount plus an amount sufficient to generate a 14% return on that base amount compounded quarterly from the date of the transaction in which the Series A Preferred shares were originally issued

(issuance dates from November 2008 to September 2009) until the priority return preference is paid in full. Each Series A Preferred share also participates in any equity appreciation beyond the Series A Preferred priority return. Class B Common shares participate in the equity appreciation after the Series A preferred priority return is satisfied. Each Class B share is entitled to a priority return preference equal to the sum of \$10,000 per share base amount plus an amount sufficient to generate a 10% return on that base amount compounded quarterly from the date of the transaction in which the Class B shares were originally issued (November 10, 2006 in the case of the merger transaction, dates from September 2007 to April 2008 in the case of the follow-on Class B investments) until the priority return preference is paid in full. Each Class B share also participates in any equity appreciation beyond the priority return. Class A shares participate in the equity appreciation after the Class B priority return is satisfied.

The Class B common stock is considered a participating stock security requiring use of the "two-class" method for the computation of basic net income (loss) per share in accordance with provision of FASB Topic ASC 260-10 *Earnings per share*. Losses are not allocated to the Class B common stock in the computation of basic earnings per share as the Class B common stock is not obligated to share in losses.

Basic earnings per share excludes the effect of common stock equivalents and is computed using the "two-class" computation method, which divides earnings attributable to the Class B preference from total earnings. Any remaining loss is attributed to the Class A shares.

	Year ended December 31, 2008	Year ended December 31, 2007	Successor Period from November 11, 2006 through December 31, 2006	Predecessor Period from January 1, 2006 through November 10, 2006
(Dollars in thousands)				
Net loss	\$ (555,955)	\$ (9,714)	\$ (15,957)	n/m
Less: accretion of Series A preferred stock	(785)	—	—	n/m
Less: accretion of Class B common stock	(90,567)	(73,676)	(9,502)	n/m
Net loss attributable to Class A common stock	(647,307)	(83,390)	(25,459)	n/m
Income attributable to Class B common stock	90,567	73,676	9,502	n/m
Earnings (Loss) per common share, basic and diluted:				
Class A common stock	\$ (108,581)	\$ (10,626)	\$ (3,068)	n/m
Class B common stock	\$ 1,148	\$ 1,051	\$ 139	n/m
Weighted average number of shares outstanding:				
Class A common stock	5,962	7,848	8,298	n/m
Class B common stock	78,926	70,102	68,567	n/m

The Series A preferred and Class B common stock are only convertible to Class A common stock immediately prior to an initial public offering. The impact of the conversion of Series A preferred and Class B common stock are excluded from diluted earnings per share calculations for all years presented, as this contingent event did not occur by the end of the respective reporting periods. The number of shares of Class A common stock which will be issued upon conversion of the Series A preferred and Class B common stock is dependent upon the initial public offering price of the Class A common stock on the date of conversion as well as the unpaid priority return.

8. Income taxes

The Company's provision (benefit) for income taxes consists of the following (dollars in thousands):

	Year ended December 31, 2008	Year ended December 31, 2007	For the period from November 11, 2006 through December 31, 2006
Current:			
Federal	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
State	400	(571)	—
	400	(571)	—
Deferred:			
Federal	(195,035)	(3,860)	(5,605)
State	(11,240)	(322)	(640)
	(206,275)	(4,182)	(6,245)
Change in valuation allowance	206,275	4,182	6,245
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	\$ 400	\$ (571)	\$ —

The Company is the taxpaying entity and files a consolidated federal income tax return. Currently, the Company is not under examination by any major taxing jurisdiction to which the Company is subject. The statute of limitation for tax years 2008 and 2007 is open, as well as, the 2006 tax year for both Predecessor and Successor companies for federal and state income taxes. Additionally, tax years 2004 and 2005 remain open for examination by certain state taxing authorities.

Significant components of deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

	December 31	
	2008	2007
	(Dollars in thousands)	
Deferred tax assets:		
Goodwill and intangible assets	\$ 228,482	\$ 39,166
Accrued expenses	11,426	9,924
Deferred revenue	925	814
Inventories	2,146	1,866
Pension obligations	3,572	2,814
Unrealized investment loss	530	—
Operating loss and contribution carryforwards	49,493	33,844
Other	214	134
Valuation allowance	(292,372)	(86,097)
Total deferred tax assets	4,416	2,465
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Depreciation	4,029	2,074
Prepaid expenses	387	391
Total deferred tax liabilities	4,416	2,465
Net deferred tax asset	\$ —	\$ —

The net current and noncurrent components of deferred taxes included in the consolidated balance sheets are as follows:

	December 31	
	2008	2007
	(Dollars in thousands)	
Net current deferred tax assets	\$ 14,176	\$ 12,277
Net long-term deferred tax assets	278,196	73,820
Valuation allowance	(292,372)	(86,097)
Net deferred tax assets	\$ —	\$ —

At December 31, 2008, the Company has federal net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$131,000,000, which expire between 2026 and 2028, and various state net operating loss carryforwards, which expire between 2016 and 2028.

As a result of ownership changes, Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as amended and similar state provisions can limit the annual deductions of net operating loss and tax credit carry forwards. Such annual limitations could result in the expiration of net operating loss and tax credit carry forwards before utilization. We have no such limitation as of December 31, 2008. Future ownership changes may result in such a limitation.

A reconciliation of the statutory tax rates and the effective tax rates for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 and the Successor Period is as follows:

	Year ended December 31, 2008	Year ended December 31, 2007	For the period from November 11, 2006 through December 31, 2006
U.S. statutory rate	35%	35%	35%
State tax	2	(2)	4
Valuation allowance	(37)	(38)	(39)
Effective tax rate	0%	(5)%	0%

At December 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company has no reserves recorded for uncertain tax positions.

The Predecessor Company had elected to be treated as a Subchapter S Corporation and therefore income taxes were paid at the shareholder level. The Predecessor Period included certain corporate level taxes on the sale transaction described in Note 1.

The Predecessor Company generally made quarterly cash distributions to its stockholders for payments of federal and certain state income taxes to be made by the individual stockholders as a result of the Predecessor Company's S Corporation election. The Predecessor Company accrued for such S Corporation distributions based on the Predecessor Company's estimated taxable income for the year multiplied by the highest combined federal and state personal income tax rates. In the event the sum of the Predecessor Company's quarterly cash distributions exceeded the amount of the required annual S Corporation distributions for payments of federal and certain state income taxes, the stockholders had agreed to either apply such excess to reduce future quarterly cash distributions or repay the excess to the Predecessor Company.

As an S Corporation, the Predecessor Company did not have deferred tax assets or liabilities.

9. Benefit plans

Medical and dental plan

The Company has a medical and dental benefit plan covering full-time employees of the Company and their dependents. The plan is a partially self-funded plan under which participant claims are obligations of the plan. The plan is funded through employer and employee contributions at a level sufficient to pay for the benefits provided by the plan. The Company's contributions to the plan were \$6.0 million, \$7.2 million, \$0.8 million, and \$5.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, the Successor Period and the Predecessor Period, respectively. The plan maintains individual stop loss insurance policies on the medical portion of \$0.2 million to mitigate losses. Balances for the incurred but not yet reported claims, including reported but unpaid claims at December 31, 2008, and 2007, were \$1.0 million and \$0.9 million, respectively. The Company estimates claims incurred but not yet reported each month based on its historical experience, and the Company adjusts its accrual to meet the estimated liability.

Savings plan

The Company maintains a defined-contribution 401(k) savings plan for virtually all employees who meet certain eligibility requirements. Under the plan, employees may defer receipt of a portion of their eligible compensation. The Company made no contributions to this plan in 2008, 2007, Successor Period or Predecessor Period and accordingly, no expense has been recognized in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

The Company amended the 401(k) savings plans effective January 1, 2009, to add Company matching and non-elective contributions. The Company may contribute a matching contribution of 50% of the first 6% of eligible compensation of employees. No matching contribution shall be made with respect to employee catch-up contributions. The Company may contribute a non-elective contribution for each plan year after 2008. The contribution will apply to eligible employees employed on or before December 31, 2008. The rate of the non-elective contribution is determined based upon years of service as of December 31, 2008, and is fixed. Both Company matching contributions and non-elective contributions are subject to vesting. Forfeitures may be applied against plan expenses.

Pension plans

The Company has noncontributory salaried and hourly pension plans (combined the Pension Plans) covering substantially all of its employees. The benefits under the salaried plan are based upon years of service and the participants' defined final average monthly compensation. The benefits under the hourly plan are based on a unit amount at the date of termination multiplied by the participant's years of credited service. The Company's funding policy for the Pension Plans is to contribute amounts at least equal to the minimum annual amount required by applicable regulations.

The Company elected to freeze the Pension Plans effective December 31, 2008. This resulted in a cessation of all future benefit accruals for both hourly and salary pension plans. A curtailment liability gain of \$5,809,000 related to the salary plan was recognized as a reduction to the unrecognized net loss, as the curtailment liability gain was less than the unrecognized net loss prior to the plan amendment and, therefore, did not impact the consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2008.

The Company uses a December 31 measurement date for the Pension Plans. Information related to the Pension Plans is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Year ended December 31	
	2008	2007
Accumulated benefit obligation at end of period	\$ 38,030	\$ 32,918
Change in projected benefit obligation		
Projected benefit obligation at beginning of period	\$ 38,291	\$ 38,238
Service cost	2,477	2,454
Interest cost	2,452	2,172
Net actuarial loss (gain)	1,602	(3,668)
Curtailement gain	(5,809)	—
Benefits paid	(983)	(905)
Projected benefit obligation at end of period	\$ 38,030	\$ 38,291
Change in plan assets		
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of period	\$ 30,813	\$ 28,988
Actual return on plan assets	(8,597)	1,231
Company contributions	2,430	1,499
Benefits paid	(983)	(905)
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	\$ 23,663	\$ 30,813
Funded status: accrued pension liability included in other long-term liabilities	\$ (14,367)	\$ (7,478)
Amounts recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income		
Net actuarial (loss) gain	\$ (7,122)	\$ 2,695

The estimated actuarial loss for the Pension Plans that will be amortized from OCI into net periodic benefit cost during 2009 is \$0.2 million.

The incremental effect of applying the guidance originally issued in SFAS No. 158, *Employer's Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirements* (codified in FASB ASC Topic 715—*Compensation—Retirement Benefits* as of December 31, 2006, on individual line items in the balance sheet was as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Before application of SFAS No. 158		Adjustments	After application of SFAS No. 158	
	\$	\$		\$	\$
Other long-term liabilities	\$ 10,891	\$ (457)	\$	\$ 10,434	
Deferred income tax	—	—	—	—	
Accumulated other comprehensive income	3	457	—	460	

Effective December 31, 2006, the Company adopted the guidance originally issued in SFAS No. 158. SFAS No. 158 requires the recognition of the funded status of defined-benefit and other postretirement benefit plans in the accompanying balance sheets, with changes in the funded status recognized through OCI, net of tax. SFAS No. 158 also requires the measurement of the funded status to be the same as the balance sheet date. The adoption of SFAS No. 158

did not change the amount of net periodic benefit cost included in the Company's consolidated statements of operations.

Additional information related to the Pension Plans is as follows:

	Year ended December 31, 2008	Year ended December 31, 2007	Successor Period from November 11, 2006 through December 31, 2006	Predecessor Period from January 1, 2006 through November 10, 2006
(Dollars in thousands)				
Components of net periodic pension expense:				
Service cost	\$ 2,477	\$ 2,454	\$ 400	\$ 2,170
Interest cost	2,452	2,172	352	1,732
Expected return on plan assets	(2,733)	(2,661)	(424)	(1,964)
Amortization of net loss	—	—	—	460
Amortization of prior service cost	—	—	—	119
Net periodic pension expense	\$ 2,196	\$ 1,965	\$ 328	\$ 2,517

Weighted-average assumptions used to determine benefit obligation are as follows:

	December 31	
	2008	2007
Discount rate	6.28%	6.48%
Rate of compensation increase	(1)	4.25%

(1) No compensation increase was assumed, as the plans were frozen effective December 31, 2008.

Weighted-average assumptions used to determine net periodic pension expense are as follows:

	Year ended December 31, 2008	Year ended December 31, 2007	Successor Period from November 11, 2006 through December 31, 2006	Predecessor Period from January 1, 2006 through November 10, 2006
Discount rate	6.48%	5.75%	5.75%	5.75%
Expected long-term rate of return on plan assets	9.00	9.25	9.25	9.25
Rate of compensation increase	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25

To determine the long-term rate of return assumption for plan assets, the Company studies historical markets and preserves the long-term historical relationships between equities and fixed-income securities consistent with the widely accepted capital market principle that assets with higher volatility generate a greater return over the long run. The Company evaluates current market factors such as inflation and interest rates before it determines long-term capital market assumptions and reviews peer data and historical returns to check for reasonableness and appropriateness.

The Pension Plan's weighted-average asset allocation at December 31, 2008 and 2007, by asset category, is as follows:

	2008	2007
Equity securities	48.0%	55.0%
Debt securities	36.0	37.0
Real estate	9.0	8.0
Other	7.0	—
	100.0%	100.0%

The Company's target allocation for equity securities and real estate is generally between 55%–65%, with the remainder allocated primarily to bonds. The Company regularly reviews its actual asset allocation and periodically rebalances its investments to the targeted allocation when considered appropriate.

The Company expects to contribute \$850,000 to the Pension Plans in 2009.

The following benefit payments are expected to be paid from the Pension Plans (dollars in thousands):

Year	
2009	\$ 1,086
2010	1,230
2011	1,370
2012	1,490
2013	1,778
Years 2014 - 2018	11,798

Effective January 1, 1999, the Predecessor Company established the Equity Appreciation Share Plan (the "Plan") for select individuals to promote the long-term success of the Predecessor. The Plan allowed for certain individuals to share in non-tax related distributions and/or redemption of equity appreciation upon termination or a change in control. Grants under the Plan vested according to a graduated vesting schedule over an eight-year period. Each agreement also contained provisions providing for immediate vesting upon the participant's death or disability or in the event of a change in control during the participant's employment. The Equity Appreciation Share Plan provided for plan participants to receive a calculated amount which was derived based on the increase in book value of the Predecessor's equity. At January 1, 2006, the Predecessor had a liability accrued of \$1,650,000 related to the Plan. Prior to the CCMP change in control transaction, the amount charged to net earnings, which represents amortization of the book value at the issuance date for newly granted shares and the estimated change in book value of existing shares, was approximately \$1,377,000 for the Predecessor Period ended November 10, 2006, and was recorded in the consolidated statements of operations.

As a result of the CCMP change in control transaction, which triggered immediate vesting, the Predecessor Company expensed \$149,348,000 in the consolidated statements of operations for the increase in the book value, and paid \$152,375,000 to Plan participants during the

Predecessor Period ended November 10, 2006. This Plan was terminated following the CCMP change of control transaction.

10. Commitments and contingencies

The Company leases certain computer equipment and warehouse space under operating leases with initial lease terms ranging up to three years.

The approximate aggregate minimum rental commitments at December 31, 2008, are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Year	Amount
2009	\$ 297
2010	173
2011	32
Total	\$ 502

Total rent expense for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, the Successor Period and the Predecessor Period which includes short-term data processing equipment rentals, was approximately \$415,000, \$633,000, \$191,000, and \$1,258,000, respectively.

The Company has an arrangement with a finance company to provide floor plan financing for selected dealers. The Company receives payment from the finance company within a few days of shipment of product to the dealer. The Company participates in the cost of dealer financing up to certain limits. The Company has agreed to repurchase products repossessed by the finance company. The Company's financial exposure when repurchasing product is limited to the difference between the outstanding balance due and the amount received on the resale of the repossessed product. In the event of default, the Company is liable for up to 50% of the financed balance. The amount financed by dealers which remained outstanding under this arrangement at December 31, 2008 and 2007 was approximately \$7,547,000 and \$6,811,000, respectively.

Minimal losses have been incurred under this agreement, and a minimal reserve accrual for future losses has been recorded. However, an adverse change in dealer retail sales could cause this situation to change and thereby require the Company to repurchase repossessed units.

In the normal course of business, the Company is named as a defendant in various lawsuits in which claims are asserted against the Company. In the opinion of management, the liabilities, if any, which may result from such lawsuits are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial position, results of operations, or cash flows of the Company.

11. Related-party transactions

The Company has entered into an agreement to pay CCMP Capital Advisors, LLC and affiliates of Unitas Capital Ltd. an annual advisory fee of \$500,000. The Company expensed \$500,000 in advisory fees for 2008 and 2007, and \$70,000 in the Successor Period.

The Company also paid CCMP Capital Advisors, LLC and affiliates of Unitas Capital Ltd. a transaction fee of \$30,000,000 related to the November 10, 2006, merger transaction. This fee was a direct transaction cost and, therefore, was included as part of the purchase price.

During the Predecessor Period, the Predecessor Company leased a facility from the then majority stockholder. The lease provided for annual rentals of approximately \$76,000 through November 2007. This lease was terminated prior to the acquisition on November 10, 2006. There was no lease termination penalty incurred.

12. Quarterly financial information (unaudited)

Unaudited quarterly financial information for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively (in thousands, except per share data):

	Quarters ended 2008			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Net sales	\$ 112,367	\$ 124,183	\$ 165,054	\$ 172,625
Gross profit	42,488	45,555	55,825	58,162
Operating income (loss)	11,327	14,154	22,531	(560,313)
Net loss	(11,417)	(15,628)	(13,144)	(515,766)
Less: accretion of Series A preferred stock	—	—	—	(785)
Less: accretion of Class B common stock	(21,681)	(22,381)	(22,965)	(23,539)
Net loss attributable to Class A common stock	(33,098)	(38,009)	(36,109)	(540,090)
Income attributable to Class B common stock	21,681	22,381	22,965	23,539
Net (loss) income per common share, basic and diluted:				
Class A common stock	\$ (5,281)	\$ (6,217)	\$ (6,231)	\$ (94,037)
Class B common stock	\$ 276	\$ 283	\$ 290	\$ 298

	Quarters ended 2007			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Net sales	\$ 139,506	\$ 135,204	\$ 144,111	\$ 136,884
Gross profit	51,778	53,095	60,571	56,833
Operating income	22,390	22,230	29,751	20,465
Net (loss) income	(7,507)	(8,859)	(2,398)	9,050
Less: accretion of Class B common stock	(17,394)	(17,850)	(18,401)	(20,031)
Net loss attributable to Class A common stock	(24,901)	(26,709)	(20,799)	(10,981)
Income attributable to Class B common stock	17,394	17,850	18,401	20,031
Net (loss) income per common share, basic and diluted:				
Class A common stock	\$ (3,177)	\$ (3,249)	\$ (2,530)	\$ (1,575)
Class B common stock	\$ 253	\$ 260	\$ 266	\$ 271

13. Valuation and qualifying accounts

For the fiscal years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, Successor Period and Predecessor Period (dollars in thousands):

	Balance at beginning of period	Reserves assumed in acquisition	Additions charged to earnings	Charges to reserve, net	Balance at end of year
Year ended December 31, 2008					
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 808	\$ —	\$ 394	\$ (182)	\$ 1,020
Allowance for doubtful notes	850	—	115	—	965
Reserves for inventory valuation	3,656	—	1,689	(437)	4,908
Valuation of deferred tax assets	86,097	—	206,275	—	292,372
Year ended December 31, 2007					
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 726	\$ —	\$ 108	\$ (26)	\$ 808
Allowance for doubtful notes	—	—	850	—	850
Reserves for inventory valuation	3,117	—	1,145	(606)	3,656
Valuation of deferred tax assets	81,915	—	4,182	—	86,097
Successor Period					
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ —	\$ 755	\$ (41)	\$ 12	\$ 726
Reserves for inventory valuation	—	3,314	240	(437)	3,117
Valuation of deferred tax assets	—	—	81,915	—	81,915
Predecessor Period					
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 1,076	\$ —	\$ (281)	\$ (40)	\$ 755
Reserves for inventory valuation	2,794	—	1,752	(1,232)	3,314

14. Subsequent events

Subsequent to December 31, 2008, CCMP acquired \$9,898,000 par value of First Lien term loans and \$20,000,000 par value of Second Lien term loans for approximately \$14,755,000. CCMP exchanged this debt for 1,475.4596 additional shares of Series A Preferred stock issued by the Company. The Company has effected the extinguishment of this debt by holding it in treasury.

Subsequent to December 31, 2008, the Company issued 2,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$20,000,000 in cash. Additionally, in accordance with the preemptive rights provisions of the Shareholders' Agreement, CCMP sold shares of Series A Preferred Stock it had purchased previously to various investment funds affiliated with CCMP and certain members of management at the same price.

These subsequent Series A preferred stock transactions result in 11,310.8845 shares of outstanding Series A preferred stock.

On October 16, 2009, the board of directors approved the name change of the Company from GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp to Generac Holdings Inc.

The Company evaluated subsequent events through October 20, 2009.

Unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

Generac Holdings Inc.
Consolidated balance sheets
(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)

	September 30, 2009	December 31, 2008
	(Unaudited)	
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 134,119	\$ 81,229
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$981 at September 30, 2009 and \$1,020 at December 31, 2008	59,924	66,107
Notes receivable, less allowance of \$965 at September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008	29	134
Inventories	143,691	123,980
Prepaid expenses and other assets	2,306	3,547
Total current assets	340,069	274,997
Property and equipment:		
Land and improvements	3,913	3,913
Buildings and improvements	48,438	48,148
Machinery and equipment	25,251	24,010
Dies and tools	9,541	9,077
Vehicles	857	984
Office equipment	5,551	4,542
Construction-in-progress	—	139
	93,551	90,813
Less accumulated depreciation	19,885	14,139
Property and equipment, net	73,666	76,674
Customer lists, net	144,360	173,104
Patents, net	94,724	100,574
Other intangible assets, net	8,132	9,142
Deferred financing costs, net	13,924	16,885
Trade names	145,506	148,765
Goodwill	525,875	525,875
Other assets	70	198
Total assets	\$ 1,346,326	\$ 1,326,214
Liabilities and stockholders' equity (deficit)		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 63,946	\$ 54,525
Accrued wages and employee benefits	5,050	5,064
Other accrued liabilities	50,644	58,892
Current portion of long-term debt	7,125	9,500
Total current liabilities	126,765	127,981
Long-term debt	1,084,414	1,121,437
Other long-term liabilities	17,834	43,539
Total liabilities	1,229,013	1,292,957
Class B convertible voting common stock, par value \$0.01, 110,000 shares authorized, 79,114 shares issued at September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively	765,096	765,096
Series A convertible non-voting preferred stock, par value \$0.01, 20,000 shares authorized, 11,311 and 7,835 shares issued at September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively	113,109	78,355
Stockholders' equity (deficit):		
Class A non-voting common stock, par value \$0.01, 31,200 shares authorized, 5,717 shares issued at September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively	—	—
Additional paid-in capital	2,384	2,356
Excess purchase price over predecessor basis	(202,116)	(202,116)
Accumulated deficit	(550,519)	(581,626)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(10,483)	(28,650)
Stockholder notes receivable	(158)	(158)
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	(760,892)	(810,194)
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity (deficit)	\$ 1,346,326	\$ 1,326,214

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

Generac Holdings Inc.
Consolidated statements of operations
(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2009	2008
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Net sales	\$ 434,284	\$ 401,605
Costs of goods sold	262,078	257,736
Gross profit	172,206	143,869
Operating expenses:		
Selling and service	44,863	41,068
Research and development	7,752	7,477
General and administrative	11,538	11,708
Amortization of intangibles	38,863	35,604
Total operating expenses	103,016	95,857
Income from operations	69,190	48,012
Other (expense) income:		
Interest expense	(53,652)	(81,466)
Gain on extinguishment of debt	14,745	5,311
Investment income	2,089	1,578
Other, net	(941)	(856)
Total other expense, net	(37,759)	(75,433)
Income (loss) before provision for income taxes	31,431	(27,421)
Provision for income taxes	324	12,769
Net income (loss)	31,107	(40,190)
Preferential distribution to:		
Series A preferred stockholders	(9,821)	—
Class B common stockholders	(74,208)	(67,027)
Net loss attributable to Class A common stockholders	\$ (52,922)	\$ (107,217)
Net (loss) income per common share, basic and diluted		
Class A common stock	\$ (9,257)	\$ (17,766)
Class B common stock	\$ 938	\$ 850
Weighted average common shares outstanding		
Class A common stock	5,717	6,035
Class B common stock	79,114	78,856

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

Generac Holdings Inc.
Consolidated statements of redeemable stock and stockholders' equity (deficit)
(Dollars in thousands, except share data)

	Redeemable				Preferred stock	Class A		Class B		Additional paid-in capital	Excess purchase price over predecessor basis	Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	Stockholder notes receivable	Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	Comprehensive income (loss)
	Series A preferred stock		Class B common stock			common stock		common stock								
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount		Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount							
Balance at December 31, 2007	—	—	76,737	747,070	—	—	6,272	—	—	2,505	(202,116)	(25,671)	(15,813)	(195)	(241,290)	
Unrealized loss on interest rate swaps	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(5,715)	—	(5,715)	\$(5,715)
Repayment of stockholder notes receivable	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	37	37	—
Contribution of capital related to debt extinguishment	6,285	62,855	2,400	18,249	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Contribution of capital	1,550	15,500	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Repurchase of shares from management	—	—	(23)	(223)	—	—	(555)	—	—	(189)	—	—	—	—	(189)	—
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(555,955)	—	—	(555,955)	(555,955)
Amortization of restricted stock expense	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	40	—	—	—	—	40	—
Pension liability adjustment	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(7,122)	—	(7,122)	(7,122)
																<u>\$(568,792)</u>
Balance at December 31, 2008	7,835	\$ 78,355	79,114	\$765,096	—	\$—	5,717	\$—	\$—	\$2,356	\$(202,116)	\$(581,626)	\$(28,650)	\$ (158)	\$(810,194)	
Amortization of unrealized loss on interest rate swaps	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	18,167	—	18,167	\$18,167
Contribution of capital related to debt extinguishment	1,476	14,754	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Proceeds from shares issued to management and directors	50	497	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Proceeds from shares issued to shareholders	1,950	19,503	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net income	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	31,107	—	—	31,107	31,107
Amortization of restricted stock expense	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	28	—	—	—	—	28	—
																<u>\$ 49,274</u>
Balance at September 30, 2009 (unaudited)	11,311	\$113,109	79,114	\$765,096	—	\$—	5,717	\$—	\$—	\$2,384	\$(202,116)	\$(550,519)	\$(10,483)	\$ (158)	\$(760,892)	

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

Generac Holdings Inc.
Consolidated statements of cash flows
(Dollars in thousands)

	Nine months ended	
	September 30,	
	2009	2008
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Operating activities		
Net income (loss)	\$ 31,107	\$ (40,190)
Adjustment to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	5,818	5,286
Amortization	38,863	35,604
Gain on extinguishment of debt	(14,745)	(5,311)
Amortization of deferred finance costs	2,562	2,927
Amortization of unrealized loss on interest rate swaps	18,167	—
Provision for losses on accounts receivable	89	244
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	36	189
Stock-based compensation expense— restricted stock	28	30
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	6,094	(35,187)
Inventories	(19,711)	(11,018)
Other assets	1,369	721
Accounts payable	9,421	17,821
Accrued wages and employee benefits	(14)	(1,658)
Other accrued liabilities	(33,953)	11,697
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	45,131	(18,845)
Investing activities		
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	56	82
Expenditures for property and equipment	(2,902)	(3,877)
Collections on receivable notes	105	37
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,741)	(3,758)
Financing activities		
Payment of long-term debt	(9,500)	(10,396)
Stockholders' contributions of capital—		
Series A preferred stock	20,000	—
Repurchase of shares from management—		
Class B common stock	—	(223)
Repurchase of shares from management—		
Class A common stock	—	(124)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	10,500	(10,743)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	52,890	(33,346)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	81,229	71,314
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 134,119	\$ 37,968

See notes to consolidated financial statements

Generac Holdings Inc.
Notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

1. Basis of presentation

Description of business

Effective October 19, 2009, GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. changed its name to Generac Holdings Inc.

Generac Holdings Inc. (the Company) owns all of the common stock of Generac Acquisition Corp., which in turn, owns all of the common stock of Generac Power Systems, Inc. (the Subsidiary). The Company designs, manufactures, and markets a complete line of automatic standby generators for residential, light-commercial, and industrial usage, as well as portable generators and air-cooled engines, for domestic and international markets.

The Company is a Delaware corporation, the outstanding common stock of which is owned by affiliates of CCMP Capital Advisors, LLC (collectively, CCMP), affiliates of Unitas Capital Ltd., and certain members of management of the Subsidiary and board of directors of the Company.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All intercompany amounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2009 and the consolidated statements of operations and cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 have been prepared by the Company and have not been audited. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of only normal recurring adjustments necessary for the fair presentation of the financial position, results of operation and cash flows, have been made.

Certain information and footnote disclosure normally included in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2008.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Demand for our products is significantly affected by unpredictable major power-outage events that can lead to substantial variations in, and uncertainties regarding, our financial results from period to period. This can result in different seasonality trends from year to year. As a result, the results of the consolidated statement of operations for nine months ended September 30, 2009 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full fiscal year.

During the fourth quarter of 2008, the Company committed to a re-branding strategy, whereby a certain trade name will be phased out over time. At that time, the Company recognized an impairment and recharacterized this trade name from an indefinite lived intangible asset to a finite lived intangible asset with an estimated remaining useful life of two years. For the nine month period ended September 30, 2009, the Company recorded \$3,259,000 in amortization expense related to this trade name. This increased basic loss per share to Class A common stock by \$570 per share.

Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)

Accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI) includes unrealized gains (losses) on certain cash flow hedges and the pension liability. The components of AOCI at September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008 were (dollars in thousands):

	September 30, 2009	December 31, 2008
Pension liability	\$ (4,427)	\$ (4,427)
Unrealized losses on cash flow hedges	(6,056)	(24,223)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$ (10,483)	\$ (28,650)

2. Derivative instruments and hedging activities

The Company accounts for its derivative contracts in accordance with ASC 815, *Derivatives and Hedging*, which requires all derivative instruments be reported on the consolidated balance sheets at fair value and establishes criteria for designation and effectiveness of hedging relationships. The Company is exposed to market risk such as changes in commodity prices, foreign currencies, and interest rates. The Company does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes.

Commodities

The primary objectives of the commodity risk management activities are to understand and mitigate the impact of potential price fluctuations on the Company's financial results and its economic well-being. While the Company's risk management objectives and strategies will be driven from an economic perspective, the Company attempts, where possible and practical, to ensure that the hedging strategies it engages in can be treated as "hedges" from an accounting perspective or otherwise result in accounting treatment where the earnings effect of the hedging instrument provides substantial offset (in the same period) to the earnings effect of the hedged item. Generally, these risk management transactions will involve the use of commodity derivatives to protect against exposure resulting from significant price fluctuations.

The Company primarily utilizes commodity contracts with maturities of less than 12 months. These are intended to offset the effect of price fluctuations on actual inventory purchases. At September 30, 2009 and September 30, 2008 there were no outstanding commodity contracts. Total gains recognized in the consolidated statements of operations on commodity contracts were \$137,000 and \$722,000 for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Foreign currencies

The Company is exposed to foreign currency exchange risk as a result of transactions in other currencies. The Company utilizes foreign currency forward purchase and sales contracts to manage the volatility associated with foreign currency purchases in the normal course of business. Contracts typically have maturities of one year or less. There were no outstanding foreign currency hedge contracts outstanding as of September 30, 2009 or December 31, 2008. There were no gains or losses recorded in the consolidated statement of operations for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008.

Interest rates

The Company previously entered into various interest rate swap agreements (the Swaps) with certain banks. The Swaps, which were effective January 2, 2007, October 3, 2007, and January 3, 2008, have notional amounts totaling \$825,000,000, \$100,000,000, and \$275,000,000, respectively. The total notional amount of \$1,200,000,000 declined to \$675,000,000 at January 3, 2009, and terminate January 4, 2010.

Effective January 3, 2009, the Company, within the terms of the Credit Agreements, changed the interest rate election from three-month LIBOR to one-month LIBOR. The Company has concluded that as of January 3, 2009, the Swaps no longer meet hedge effectiveness criteria and are therefore, no longer highly effective as a hedge against the impact on interest payments of changes in the LIBOR interest rate. The effective portion of the Swaps prior to the change will remain in AOCI and will be amortized as interest expense over the period of the originally designated hedged transactions. Future changes in the fair value of the Swaps are immediately recognized in the consolidated statement of operations as interest expense. For the nine month period ended September 30, 2009, the Company recognized in earnings \$18,167,000 of unrealized losses that were previously recorded in AOCI when the swaps were deemed highly effective. The Company recorded in earnings a gain of \$16,928,000 related to the change in fair value in the Swaps, as the Swaps are deemed fully ineffective, for the nine months ended September 30, 2009.

Upon entering into those hedge arrangements, the Company formally documented all relationships between interest rate hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk-management objectives and strategies for undertaking various hedge transactions. During 2008, the Company's interest rate swap agreements qualified as cash flow hedges. For derivatives that are designated and qualify as a cash flow hedge, the effective portion of the gain or loss on the derivative is reported as a component of AOCI and reclassified into earnings in the same period or periods during which the hedged transaction affects earnings. The ineffective portion of the derivatives' change in fair value, if any, is immediately recognized in earnings. The Company assesses on an ongoing basis whether derivatives used in hedging transactions are highly effective in offsetting changes in cash flows of hedged items. The impact of hedge ineffectiveness on earnings was not material for the nine month period ended September 30, 2008.

The following table presents, in thousands, the fair value of the Company's derivatives:

	September 30, 2009	December 31, 2008
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:		
Interest rate swaps	—	\$ 24,223
	—	24,223
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:		
Commodity contracts	—	1,425
Interest rate swaps	7,294	—
Total derivatives	\$ 7,294	\$ 25,648

As of September 30, 2009, all derivatives that are not designated as hedging instruments are included in other current liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet. There were no derivatives that were designated as hedging instruments at September 30, 2009.

All derivatives designated as hedging instruments are included in other long-term liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2008.

The fair value of the derivative contracts of \$7,294,000 and \$25,648,000 considers the Company's credit risk as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively. Excluding the impact of credit risk, the fair value of the derivatives at September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008 was \$8,299,000 and \$29,000,000, respectively, and this represents the amount the Company would need to pay to exit the agreements on those dates.

Cash flow hedges are recorded at fair value with a corresponding entry, net of taxes, recorded in earnings. At September 30, 2009, the notional amount of debt under interest rate swap agreements outstanding was \$675.0 million.

The following presents the impact of interest rate swaps and commodity contracts on the consolidated statement of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 (dollars in thousands):

	Amount of gain (loss) recognized in AOCI For the nine months ended September 30,		Location of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into net income (loss)	Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into net income (loss) for the nine months ended September 30,		Amount of gain (loss) recognized in net income (loss) on hedges (ineffective portion) for the nine months ended September 30,	
	2009	2008		2009	2008	2009	2008
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments							
Interest rate swaps	\$ —	\$ (2,267)	Interest expense	\$ (18,167)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments							
Commodity contracts	\$ —	\$ —	Cost of goods sold	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 137	\$ 722
Interest rate swaps	\$ —	\$ —	Interest expense	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 16,928	\$ —

During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the impact of derivative instruments on the consolidated statement of operations for the interest rate swap agreements not designated as hedging instruments was a gain of \$16,928,000. There was no impact of derivative instruments on the consolidated statement of operations for the comparable period last year. During the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, the impact of derivative instruments on the consolidated statement of operations for the commodity contracts not designated as hedging instruments was a gain of \$137,000 and \$722,000, respectively.

3. Fair value measurements

ASC 820-10 Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (formerly SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*) among other things, defines fair value, establishes a consistent framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosure for each major asset and liability category measured at fair value on either a recurring basis or nonrecurring basis. ASC 820-10 clarifies that fair value is an exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. As such, fair value is a market-based measurement that should be determined based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. As a basis for considering such assumptions, the pronouncement establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows: (Level 1) observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets; (Level 2) inputs, other than the quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and (Level 3) unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value are based on the market approach, which is prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities.

Liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Total September 30, 2009	Fair value measurement using	
		Quoted prices in active markets for identical contracts (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)
Net derivative contracts	\$7,294	\$—	\$7,294

The fair value of derivative contracts above consider the Company's credit risk in accordance with ASC 820-10. Excluding the impact of credit risk, the fair value of derivatives at September 30, 2009, was \$8,299,000 and this represents the amount the Company would need to pay to exit the agreements on this date.

4. Balance sheet details

Inventories consist of the following (dollars in thousands):

	September 30, 2009	December 31, 2008
Raw material	\$ 82,443	\$ 104,310
Work-in-process	515	1,217
Finished goods	65,075	23,361
Reserves for excess and obsolescence	(4,342)	(4,908)
	<u>\$ 143,691</u>	<u>\$ 123,980</u>

Other accrued liabilities consist of the following (dollars in thousands):

	September 30, 2009	December 31, 2008
Accrued commissions	\$ 4,978	\$ 6,444
Accrued interest	10,564	25,228
Accrued warranties—short term	16,045	14,015
Derivative contract obligations	7,294	—
Other accrued liabilities	11,763	13,205
	<u>\$ 50,644</u>	<u>\$ 58,892</u>

5. Product warranty obligations

The Company records a liability for product warranty obligations at the time of sale to a customer based upon historical warranty experience. The Company also records a liability for specific warranty matters when they become known and are reasonably estimatable. The Company's product warranty obligations are included in other accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets.

Changes in the product warranty obligations are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Nine months ended	
	September 30, 2009	September 30, 2008
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 17,539	\$ 14,807
Payments	(10,701)	(11,580)
Charged to operations	12,731	11,447
Balance at end of period	<u>\$ 19,569</u>	<u>\$ 14,674</u>

The product warranty obligations are included in the consolidated balance sheets as follows (dollars in thousands):

	September 30, 2009	December 31, 2008
Other accrued liabilities	\$ 16,045	\$ 14,015
Other long-term liabilities	3,524	3,524
	<u>\$ 19,569</u>	<u>\$ 17,539</u>

6. Credit agreements

Long-term debt consists of the following (dollars in thousands):

	September 30, 2009	December 31, 2008
First lien term loan	\$ 920,604	\$ 930,104
Second lien term loan	430,000	430,000
	<u>1,350,604</u>	<u>1,360,104</u>
Less treasury debt—first lien	9,898	—
Less treasury debt—second lien	249,167	229,167
Less current portion	7,125	9,500
	<u>\$ 1,084,414</u>	<u>\$ 1,121,437</u>

At September 30, 2009, the Company had credit agreements which provided for borrowings under a revolving credit facility and two term loans (collectively, the Credit Agreements). The Credit Agreements require the Company, among other things, to meet certain financial and nonfinancial covenants and maintain financial ratios in such amounts and for such periods as set forth therein. The Company is required to maintain a leverage ratio (EBITDA divided by net debt, as defined within the Credit Agreements) of 7.25 as of September 30, 2009. The leverage ratio decreases quarterly, and for the remainder of 2009, the Company will be required to maintain a leverage ratio of 6.75 for the fourth quarter. The Company was in compliance with all requirements as of September 30, 2009.

The Credit Agreements restrict the circumstances in which distributions and dividends can be paid by the Subsidiary. Payments can be made to the Company for certain expenses, and dividends can be used to repurchase equity interests, subject to an annual limitation. Additionally, the Credit Agreements restrict the aggregate amount of dividends and distributions that can be paid and require the maintenance of certain leverage ratios.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, CCMP acquired \$9,898,000 par value of First Lien term loans and \$20,000,000 par value of Second Lien term loans for approximately \$14,754,000. CCMP exchanged this debt for 1,475.4596 shares of Series A Preferred stock. The Company subsequently contributed this debt to its Subsidiary, except for \$2,000,000 par value of Second Lien term loans which are still held by the Company. The fair value of the shares exchanged was \$14,754,000. These shares have beneficial conversion features which are contingent upon a future event. The Company recorded this transaction as Series A Preferred Stock of \$14,754,000 based on the fair value of the debt contributed by CCMP which

approximated the fair value of shares exchanged. The debt is now held in treasury at face value. Consequently, the Company recorded a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$14,745,000, which includes the write-off of deferred financing costs and other closing costs in the consolidated statement of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2009.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2008, CCMP acquired \$24,000,000 par value of Second Lien term loans for approximately \$18,249,000. CCMP exchanged this debt for 2,400 shares of Class B Common stock. The Company subsequently contributed this debt to its Subsidiary. The fair value of the shares exchanged was \$18,249,000. These shares have beneficial conversion features which are contingent upon a future event. The Company recorded this transaction as Class B Common Stock of \$18,249,000 based on the fair value of the debt contributed by CCMP which approximated the fair value of shares exchanged. The debt is now held in treasury at face value. Consequently, the Company recorded a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$5,311,000, which includes the write-off of deferred financing costs and other closing costs, in the consolidated statement of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2008.

As of September 30, 2009, the fair value of long-term debt was approximately \$939,051,000 as calculated based on current quotations.

7. Earnings per share

The Company has one class of preferred stock (Series A) and two classes of common stock (Class B stock and Class A stock). Each Series A Preferred share is entitled to a priority return preference equal to the sum of \$10,000 per share base amount plus an amount sufficient to generate a 14% return on that base amount compounded quarterly from the date of the transaction in which the Series A Preferred shares were originally issued until the priority return preference is paid in full. Each Series A Preferred share also participates in any equity appreciation beyond the Series A Preferred priority return equal to 24.3% of remaining proceeds (Series A Equity Participation). Class B Common shares participate in the equity appreciation after the Series A preferred priority return is satisfied. Each Class B share is entitled to a priority return preference equal to the sum of \$10,000 per share base amount plus an amount sufficient to generate a 10% return on that base amount compounded quarterly from the date of the transaction in which the Class B shares were originally issued until the priority return preference is paid in full. Each Class B share also participates in any equity appreciation beyond the priority return. Class A shares participate in the equity appreciation after the Class B priority return is satisfied.

The Class B stock is considered a participating stock security requiring use of the "two-class" method for the computation of basic net income (loss) per share in accordance with ASC 260 *Earnings Per Share*. Losses are not allocated to the Class B stock in the computation of basic earnings per share as the Class B stock is not obligated to share in losses.

Basic earnings per share excludes the effect of common stock equivalents and is computed using the "two-class" computation method, which divides earnings attributable to the Class B preference from total earnings. Any remaining loss is attributed to the Class A shares.

Dollars in thousands, except per share data:

	Nine months ended	
	September 30, 2009	September 30, 2008
Net income (loss)	\$ 31,107	\$ (40,190)
Less: accretion of Series A preferred stock	(9,821)	—
Less: accretion of Class B common stock	(74,208)	(67,027)
Net loss attributable to Class A common stock	(52,922)	(107,217)
Income attributable to Class B common stock	74,208	67,027
Earnings (loss) per common share, basic:		
Class A common stock	\$ (9,257)	\$ (17,766)
Class B common stock	\$ 938	\$ 850
Weighted average number of shares outstanding:		
Class A common stock	5,717	6,035
Class B common stock	79,114	78,856

The Series A preferred and Class B common stock are only convertible to Class A common stock immediately prior to an initial public offering. The impact of the conversion of Series A preferred and Class B common stock are excluded from diluted earnings per share calculations for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, as this contingent event did not occur by the end of the respective reporting periods.

The number of shares of Class A common stock which will be issued upon conversion of the Series A preferred and Class B common stock is dependent upon the initial public offering price of the Class A common stock on the date of conversion as well as the unpaid priority return.

8. Income taxes

The Company is a C Corporation and, therefore, accounts for income taxes pursuant to the liability method. Accordingly, the current or deferred tax consequences of a transaction are measured by applying the provision of enacted tax laws to determine the amount of taxes payable currently or in future years. Deferred income taxes are provided for temporary differences between the income tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. Due to historical taxable losses, the Company provides reserves against its U.S. deferred tax assets.

For the nine month period ended September 30, 2009, the Company recorded tax expense of \$324,000 related to state income taxes.

During the nine month period ended September 30, 2008, the Company's tax basis in goodwill was lower than its book basis. As such, a deferred tax liability was recognized in the consolidated balance sheet. These deferred tax liabilities were considered to have an indefinite life and therefore were ineligible to be considered as a source of future taxable income in assessing the realization of deferred tax assets. This resulted in a tax expense of \$12,769,000 recorded in the consolidated statement of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2008. The recognition of an impairment related to goodwill and indefinite-lived

intangibles in the fourth quarter of 2008 resulted in a deferred tax asset and tax benefit in the fourth quarter of 2008.

At September 30, 2009, the Company has estimated federal net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$156,900,000, which expire between 2026 and 2028, and various state net operating loss carryforwards, which expire between 2016 and 2028.

9. Benefit plans

The components of net periodic benefit cost for the Company's pension plans were as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Nine months ended	
	September 30, 2009	September 30, 2008
Components of net periodic benefit cost:		
Service cost	\$ —	\$ 1,858
Interest cost	1,754	1,839
Expected return on plan assets	(1,353)	(2,049)
Amortization of:		
Unrecognized net loss	180	—
	<u>\$ 581</u>	<u>\$ 1,648</u>

10. Commitments and contingencies

The Company has an arrangement with a finance company to provide floor plan financing for selected dealers. The Company receives payment from the finance company within a few days of shipment of product to the dealer. The Company participates in the cost of dealer financing up to certain limits. The Company has agreed to repurchase products repossessed by the finance company. The Company's financial exposure when repurchasing product is limited to the difference between the outstanding balance due and the amount received on the resale of the repossessed product. In the event of default, the Company is liable for up to 50% of the financed balance. The amount financed by dealers which remained outstanding under this arrangement at September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008 was approximately \$1,250,000 and \$7,547,000, respectively.

Effective February 27, 2009 the arrangement between the Company and the finance company was terminated. Minimal losses have been incurred under this agreement, and a minimal reserve for future losses has been recorded.

Effective May 29, 2009 the Company entered into an arrangement with a different finance company. This arrangement is similar to the previous arrangement, however, the Company does not indemnify the finance company for any credit losses they incur. The amount financed by dealers which remained outstanding under this new arrangement at September 30, 2009 was approximately \$5,618,000.

11. Redeemable stock and stockholders' equity (deficit)

On July 17, 2009, affiliates of CCMP acquired \$2,000,000 par value of second lien term loans for approximately \$765,000. CCMP's affiliates exchanged this debt for 76.5447 additional shares of Series A Preferred Stock.

On September 2, 2009, in accordance with the preemptive rights provisions of the Shareholders' Agreement with respect to prior issuances of Series A Preferred Stock to affiliates of CCMP, the Company issued 2,000 shares of Series A preferred stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$20,000,000 in cash to an entity affiliated with CCMP and certain members of management and the board of directors, and affiliates of CCMP sold shares of Series A preferred stock they had purchased previously to an entity affiliated with CCMP at the same price per share.

These Series A preferred stock transactions result in 11,310.8845 shares of outstanding Series A preferred stock.

12. Subsequent events

Subsequent to September 30, 2009, the stockholders of the Company increased the total number of shares of all classes of stock that the Company has authority to issue to 500,140,000, which included an increase of Class A non-voting common stock to 500,000,000 shares.

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through January 11, 2010.

shares

GENERAC[®]



Generac Holdings Inc.

Common stock

Prospectus

J.P. Morgan

Goldman, Sachs & Co.

**BofA Merrill Lynch
Baird
William Blair & Company
KeyBanc Capital Markets
Stephens Inc.**

, 2010

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with information different from that contained in this prospectus. We are offering to sell, and seeking offers to buy, common shares only in jurisdictions where offers and sales are permitted. The information contained in this prospectus is accurate only as of the date of this prospectus, regardless of the time of delivery of this prospectus or of any sale of our common shares.

No action is being taken in any jurisdiction outside the United States to permit a public offering of the common shares or possession or distribution of this prospectus in that jurisdiction. Persons who come into possession of this prospectus in jurisdictions outside the United States are required to inform themselves about and to observe any restrictions as to this offering and the distribution of this prospectus applicable to that jurisdiction.

Until 25 days after the date of this prospectus, all dealers that buy, sell or trade in our common shares, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This is in addition to the dealers' obligation to deliver a prospectus when acting as underwriters and with respect to their unsold allotments or subscriptions.

Part II

Information not required in prospectus

Item 13. Other expenses of issuance and distribution.

The expenses, other than underwriting commissions, expected to be incurred by Generac Holdings Inc. (the "Registrant") in connection with the issuance and distribution of the securities being registered under this Registration Statement are estimated to be as follows:

Securities and Exchange Commission Registration Fee	\$ 25,842
Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. Filing Fee	30,500
NYSE Listing Fee	250,000
Printing and Engraving	300,000
Legal Fees and Expenses	2,674,125
Accounting Fees and Expenses	1,015,405
Blue Sky Fees and Expenses	30,000
Transfer Agent and Registrar Fees	11,000
Miscellaneous	113,128
Total	\$ 4,450,000

* To be provided by amendment.

Item 14. Indemnification of directors and officers.

Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, or DGCL, provides that a corporation may indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (other than an action by or in the right of the corporation by reason of the fact that he is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection with such action, suit or proceeding if he acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful. Section 145 further provides that a corporation similarly may indemnify any such person serving in any such capacity who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action or suit by or in the right of the corporation to procure a judgment in its favor by reason of the fact that he is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against expenses (including attorney's fees) actually and reasonably incurred in connection with the defense or settlement of such action or suit if he acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation and except that no indemnification shall be made in respect of any claim, issue or matter as to which such person shall have been adjudged to be liable to the corporation unless and only to the extent that the Delaware Court of Chancery or such other court in which such action or suit was brought shall determine upon

application that, despite the adjudication of liability but in view of all of the circumstances of the case, such person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses which the Delaware Court of Chancery or such other court shall deem proper.

The Registrant's Bylaws authorize the indemnification of our officers and directors, consistent with Section 145 of the DGCL, as amended. The Registrant intends to enter into indemnification agreements with each of its directors and executive officers. These agreements, among other things, will require the Registrant to indemnify each director and executive officer to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law, including indemnification of expenses such as attorneys' fees, judgments, fines and settlement amounts incurred by the director or executive officer in any action or proceeding, including any action or proceeding by or in right of us, arising out of the person's services as a director or executive officer.

Reference is made to Section 102(b)(7) of the DGCL which enables a corporation in its original certificate of incorporation or an amendment thereto to eliminate or limit the personal liability of a director for violations of the director's fiduciary duty, except (i) for any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the corporation or its stockholders, (ii) for acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law, (iii) pursuant to Section 174 of the DGCL, which provides for liability of directors for unlawful payments of dividends of unlawful stock purchase or redemptions or (iv) for any transaction from which a director derived an improper personal benefit.

Reference is also made to Section 145 of the DGCL, which provides that a corporation may indemnify any person, including an officer or director, who is, or is threatened to be made, party to any threatened, pending or completed legal action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, other than an action by or in the right of such corporation, by reason of the fact that such person was an officer, director, employee or agent of such corporation or is or was serving at the request of such corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation or enterprise. The indemnity may include expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection with such action, suit or proceeding, provided such officer, director, employee or agent acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the corporation's best interest and, for criminal proceedings, had no reasonable cause to believe that his conduct was unlawful. A Delaware corporation may indemnify any officer or director in an action by or in the right of the corporation under the same conditions, except that no indemnification is permitted without judicial approval if the officer or director is adjudged to be liable to the corporation. Where an officer or director is successful on the merits or otherwise in the defense of any action referred to above, the corporation must indemnify him against the expenses that such officer or director actually and reasonably incurred.

The Registrant expects to maintain standard policies of insurance that provide coverage (i) to its directors and officers against loss rising from claims made by reason of breach of duty or other wrongful act and (ii) to the Registrant with respect to indemnification payments that it may make to such directors and officers.

The proposed form of Underwriting Agreement to be filed as Exhibit 1.1 to this Registration Statement provides for indemnification to the Registrant's directors and officers by the underwriters against certain liabilities.

Item 15. Recent sales of unregistered securities.

In November 2006, we sold an aggregate of 9,716.7382 shares of our Class B Voting Common Stock for \$10,000 per share to certain members of our management and certain of our employees as part of the CCMP Transactions, and we sold an aggregate of 58,850 shares of our Class B Voting Common Stock for \$10,000 per share to certain CCMP affiliates, together with affiliates of Unitas Capital Ltd.

In November 2006, we sold an aggregate of 8,298.1332 shares of our Class A Nonvoting Common Stock to certain members of management or employees at \$341.36 per share. In March 2007, we sold an aggregate of 233.7502 shares of our Class A Nonvoting Common Stock to certain members of management and employees at \$341.36 per share.

In February 2007, we sold 145 shares of our Class B Voting Common Stock to three individuals in connection with their appointments to our board of directors for \$10,000 per share.

In December 2007, we sold 389.5799 shares of our Class A Nonvoting Common Stock to certain members of management and employees at \$341.36 per share. All such shares were issued pursuant to our 2006 Equity Incentive Plan.

Between September 2007 and April 2008, we issued an aggregate of 10,425 shares of our Class B Voting Common Stock to CCMP in exchange for certain term loans under our second lien credit facility that CCMP had purchased. The exchange ratio in connection with the exchange was one share of our Class B Voting Common Stock per \$10,000 of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the loans that were so exchanged. Such purchased term loans had an aggregate outstanding principal amount equal to \$104,250,000.

In November 2008, we issued 1,550 shares of our Series A Preferred Stock to CCMP for an aggregate purchase price of \$15,500,000. Between December 2008 and July 2009, we issued an aggregate of 7,760.8845 shares of our Series A Preferred Stock to CCMP in exchange for certain term loans under our second lien credit facility that CCMP had purchased. The exchange ratio in connection with the exchange was one share of our Series A Preferred Stock per \$10,000 of the amount paid by CCMP for the loans that were so exchanged. Such purchased term loans had an aggregate outstanding principal amount equal to \$154,814,528.

In September 2009, we sold 2,000 shares of our Series A Preferred Stock to certain stockholders for an aggregate purchase price of \$20,000,000. The September 2009 issuance of Series A Preferred Stock was the consummation of a contractual preemptive right exercised in September 2009 that was triggered by our sales of shares to affiliates of CCMP beginning in late 2008 and ending in July 2009. Each of the purchasers of these shares of Series A Preferred Stock had a pre-existing relationship with us as a stockholder (and, in many cases, also as an employee) and had a contractual right to acquire such shares pursuant to the Shareholders Agreement. The offering and sale of these shares of preferred stock did not involve any solicitation beyond the parties to the Shareholders Agreement. There were no underwriters employed in connection with the transaction, and the recipients of securities in the transaction represented their intention to acquire the securities for investment only and not with a view to any distribution thereof. Appropriate legends were affixed to the share certificates and other instruments issued in the transaction. All purchasers were given the opportunity to ask questions and receive answers from our representatives concerning our business and financial affairs. Based on the foregoing, and the fact that the transaction giving rise to the exercise of the preemptive right, as well as the exercise of preemptive rights themselves, took place well in

advance and was independent of the filing of the Registration Statement for our initial public offering, we concluded that these transactions were exempt from registration.

Each of these transactions was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act, as it was a transaction by an issuer that did not involve a public offering of securities. There were no underwriters employed in connection with any of the transactions set forth in this Item 15. The recipients of securities in each such transactions represented their intention to acquire the securities for investment only and not with a view to any distribution thereof. Appropriate legends were affixed to the share certificates and other instruments issued in such transactions. All recipients were given the opportunity to ask questions and receive answers from representatives of the registrant concerning the business and financial affairs of the registrant. Each of the recipients that were employees of the registrant had access to such information through their employment with the registrant.

Item 16. Exhibits and financial statement schedules

(a) Exhibits

Exhibit number	Description of exhibits
1.1	Form of Underwriting Agreement
2.1**	Agreement and Plan of Merger by and among Generac Power Systems, Inc., the representative named therein, GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp., and GPS CCMP Merger Corp., dated as of September 13, 2006
2.2**	Amendment to Agreement and Plan of Merger by and among Generac Power Systems, Inc., the representative named therein, GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp., and GPS CCMP Merger Corp.
3.1	Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Generac Holdings Inc
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Generac Holdings Inc
4.1	Form of Common Stock Certificate
4.2**	Shareholders Agreement, dated as of November 10, 2006, by and among Generac Holdings Inc., certain stockholders of Generac Holdings Inc., including CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., various of it affiliated funds, various funds affiliated with Unitas Capital Ltd. and the Management Shareholders (as defined in Shareholders Agreement)
5.1	Opinion of Weil, Gotshal & Manges L.L.P
10.1	Generac Holdings Inc. 2010 Equity Incentive Plan
10.2**	Employment Agreement, dated as of November 10, 2006, between Generac and Aaron Jagdfeld
10.3**	Employment Agreement, dated as of November 10, 2006, between Generac and Dawn Tabat
10.4**	Offer Letter to Clement Feng, dated August 7, 2007
10.5**	Credit Agreement, dated as of November 10, 2006, by and among Generac, GPS CCMP Merger Corp., Goldman Sachs Credit Partners L.P., as administrative agent, JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. as syndication agent, Barclays Bank PLC, as documentation agent, and Goldman Sachs Credit Partners L.P. and J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. as joint lead arrangers and joint bookrunners

Exhibit number	Description of exhibits
10.5.1**	First Lien Guarantee and Collateral Agreement, dated November 10, 2006, among Generac Acquisition Corp., GPS CCMP Merger Corp., certain Subsidiaries of GPS CCMP Merger Corp. and Goldman Sachs Credit Partners L.P., as Administrative Agent
10.6**	Credit Agreement, dated as of November 10, 2006, by and among Generac, GPS CCMP Merger Corp., JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, Goldman Sachs Credit Partners L.P., as syndication agent, Barclays Bank PLC, as documentation agent, and Goldman Sachs Credit Partners L.P. and J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. as joint lead arrangers and joint bookrunners
10.6.1**	Second Lien Lien Guarantee and Collateral Agreement, dated November 10, 2006, among Generac Acquisition Corp., GPS CCMP Merger Corp., certain Subsidiaries of GPS CCMP Merger Corp., Wilmington Trust Company, as Collateral Agent, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent
10.7**	Advisory Services and Monitoring Agreement, dated November 10, 2006
10.8**	2006 Management Equity Incentive Plan, effective as of November 10, 2006
10.9**	Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of September 2, 2009, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and John Bowlin
10.10**	Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of September 2, 2009, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and Ed Leblanc
10.11**	Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of September 2, 2009, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and Roger W. Schaus, Jr.
10.12**	Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of September 2, 2009, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and Allen D. Gillette
10.13**	Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of September 2, 2009, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and York A. Ragen
10.14**	Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of September 2, 2009, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and CCMP Generac Co-Invest, L.P.
10.15**	Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of November 25, 2008, by and among GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp., CCMP Capital Investors II L.P. and CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P.
10.16**	Letter Agreement dated July 17, 2009, to the Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreement by and among GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp., CCMP Capital Investors II L.P. and CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P.
10.17**	Restricted Stock Agreement dated as of November 10, 2006, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and Aaron P. Jagdfeld
10.18**	Restricted Stock Agreement dated as of November 10, 2006, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and Allen D. Gillette
10.19**	Restricted Stock Agreement dated as of November 10, 2006, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and Dawn A. Tabat
10.20**	Restricted Stock Agreement dated as of November 10, 2006, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and Roger F. Pascavis
10.21**	Restricted Stock Agreement dated as of November 10, 2006, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and Roger W. Schaus, Jr.
10.22**	Restricted Stock Agreement dated as of November 10, 2006, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and York A. Ragen
10.23**	Management Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreements dated as of February 23, 2007, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and Ed LeBlanc
10.24**	Management Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreements dated as of February 23, 2007, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and John Bowlin

Exhibit number	Description of exhibits
10.25**	Management Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreements dated as of February 23, 2007, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and Harry K. Hornish, Jr.
10.26**	Exchange Agreement dated as of September 24, 2007, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P., and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.27**	Exchange Agreement dated as of September 25, 2007, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P., and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.28**	Amendment to Exchange Agreements dated as of October 22, 2007, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P., and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.29**	Exchange Agreement dated as of October 19, 2007, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P., and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.30**	Exchange Agreement dated as of October 30, 2007, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P., and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.31**	Exchange Agreement dated as of November 13, 2007, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P., and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.32**	Exchange Agreement dated as of November 21, 2007, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P., and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.33**	Exchange Agreement dated as of December 4, 2007, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P., and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.34**	Exchange Agreement dated as of December 5, 2007, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P., and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.35**	Exchange Agreement dated as of December 6, 2007, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P., and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.36**	Exchange Agreement dated as of January 11, 2008, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P., and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.37**	Exchange Agreement dated as of April 18, 2008, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P., and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.38**	Exchange Agreement dated as of November 25, 2008, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P. and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.39**	Purchase Agreement dated as of November 12, 2007, by and between William Treffert, The William and Selma Treffert Living Trust Dated February 21, 1998, and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.40**	Form of Confidentiality, Non-Competition and Intellectual Property Agreement
10.41**	Employee Nondisclosure and Noncompete Agreement, by and between Generac Power Systems, Inc. and Clement Feng, dated as of September 5, 2007

Exhibit number	Description of exhibits
10.42**	Restricted Stock Agreement dated as of December 27, 2007, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and Clement Feng.
10.43**	Promissory Note dated December 27, 2007 between Generac Power Systems, Inc. and Clement Feng
10.44	Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement
10.45	Form of Nonqualified Stock Option Award Agreement
10.46**	2009 Executive Management Incentive Compensation Program
10.47**	Employment Letter to Clement Feng, dated December 29, 2009
10.48**	Promissory Note Repayment Letter to Clement Feng, dated December 28, 2009
10.49**	Severance Agreement with Edward LeBlanc, dated September 22, 2008
10.50**	Form of Generac Holdings Inc. Director Indemnification Agreement for Stephen Murray, Timothy Walsh and Stephen V. McKenna
10.51**	Form of Generac Holdings Inc. Director Indemnification Agreement for Barry Goldstein, John D. Bowlin and Edward A. LeBlanc
10.52**	Form of Generac Holdings Inc. Officer Indemnification Agreement
10.53	Form of Generac Power Systems, Inc. Director Indemnification Agreement for Stephen Murray, Timothy Walsh and Stephen V. McKenna
10.54	Form of Generac Power Systems, Inc. Indemnification Agreement for Barry Goldstein, John D. Bowlin, Edward A. LeBlanc, Aaron Jagdfeld, York A. Ragen, Dawn Tabat, Clement Feng, Allen Gillette, Roger Schaus, Jr. and Roger Pascavis
10.55**	Management Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreements dated as of November 10, 2006, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and Aaron P. Jagdfeld
10.56**	Management Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreements dated as of November 10, 2006, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and Allen D. Gillette
10.57**	Management Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreements dated as of November 10, 2006, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and Dawn A. Tabat
10.58**	Management Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreements dated as of November 10, 2006, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and Roger F. Pascavis
10.59**	Management Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreements dated as of November 10, 2006, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and Roger W. Schaus, Jr.
10.60**	Management Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreements dated as of November 10, 2006, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and William W. Treffert and trusts affiliated with Mr. Treffert
10.61**	Management Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreements dated as of November 10, 2006, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and York A. Ragen
10.62	Employment Letter with Terrance Dolan
10.63	Generac Holdings Inc. Annual Performance Bonus Plan
10.64	Form of Change in Control Severance Agreement
10.65	Form of Amended and Restated Employment Agreement between Generac and Aaron Jagdfeld
10.66	Form of Amendment to Employment Agreement, between Generac and Dawn Tabat
10.67	Severance Letter, dated October 22, 2007, between Generac Power Systems, Inc. and William Treffert
21.1**	List of Subsidiaries of Generac Holdings Inc.
23.1	Consent of Ernst & Young, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm, relating to Generac Holdings Inc.
23.2	Consent of Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP (included in the opinion filed as Exhibit 5.1 hereto).
24.1**	Power of Attorney of Aaron Jagdfeld.
24.2**	Power of Attorney of York A. Ragen.
24.3**	Power of Attorney of Stephen Murray.

Exhibit number	Description of exhibits
24.4**	Power of Attorney of Timothy Walsh.
24.5**	Power of Attorney of Stephen V. McKenna.
24.6**	Power of Attorney of John D. Bowlin.
24.7**	Power of Attorney of Edward A. LeBlanc.
24.8**	Power of Attorney of Barry J. Goldstein.

* To be filed by amendment.

** Previously filed

(b) Financial Statement Schedules

None.

Item 17. Undertakings

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes to provide to the underwriters at the closing specified in the underwriting agreements, certificates in such denominations and registered in such names as required by the underwriters to permit prompt delivery to each purchaser.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the provisions referenced in Item 14 of this registration statement, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer, or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered hereunder, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question of whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

Each prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) as part of a registration statement relating to an offering, other than registration statements relying on Rule 430B or other than prospectuses filed in reliance on Rule 430A, shall be deemed to be part of and included in the registration statement as of the date it is first used after effectiveness. Provided, however, that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement or made in a document incorporated or deemed incorporated by reference into the registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such first use, supersede or modify any statement that was made in the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or made in any such document immediately prior to such date of first use.

For the purpose of determining liability of the registrant under the Securities Act of 1933 to any purchaser in the initial distribution of the securities: The undersigned registrant undertakes that in a primary offering of securities of the undersigned registrant pursuant to this

registration statement, regardless of the underwriting method used to sell the securities to the purchaser, if the securities are offered or sold to such purchaser by means of any of the following communications, the undersigned registrant will be a seller to the purchaser and will be considered to offer or sell such securities to such purchaser:

- i. Any preliminary prospectus or prospectus of the undersigned registrant relating to the offering required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424;
- ii. Any free writing prospectus relating to the offering prepared by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant or used or referred to by the undersigned registrant;
- iii. The portion of any other free writing prospectus relating to the offering containing material information about the undersigned registrant or its securities provided by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant; and
- iv. Any other communication that is an offer in the offering made by the undersigned registrant to the purchaser.

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes that:

(1) For purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this registration statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in a form of prospectus filed by the registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b)(1) or (4) or 497(h) under the Securities Act shall be deemed to be part of this registration statement as of the time it was declared effective.

(2) For the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this amendment No. 4 to the registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Waukesha, State of Wisconsin, on the 25th day of January, 2010.

GENERAC HOLDINGS INC.

By: /s/ AARON JAGDFELD

Name: Aaron Jagdfeld
Title: Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, this registration statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated on the 25th day of January, 2010.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>
<u>/s/ AARON JAGDFELD</u> Aaron Jagdfeld	Chief Executive Officer and Director
<u>/s/ YORK A. RAGEN</u> York A. Ragen	Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer
<u>*</u> John D. Bowlin	Director
<u>*</u> Barry J. Goldstein	Director
<u>*</u> Edward A. LeBlanc	Director
<u>*</u> Stephen V. McKenna	Director
<u>*</u> Stephen Murray	Director
<u>*</u> Timothy Walsh	Director
*By: <u>/s/ AARON JAGDFELD</u> Attorney- in- Fact	

Exhibit Index

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3.1	Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Generac Holdings Inc
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Generac Holdings Inc
4.1	Form of Common Stock Certificate
4.2**	Shareholders Agreement, dated as of November 10, 2006, by and among Generac Holdings Inc., certain stockholders of Generac Holdings Inc., including CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., various of its affiliated funds, various funds affiliated with Unitas Capital Ltd. and the Management Shareholders (as defined in Shareholders Agreement)
5.1	Opinion of Weil, Gotshal & Manges L.L.P
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10.5.1**	First Lien Guarantee and Collateral Agreement, dated November 10, 2006, among Generac Acquisition Corp., GPS CCMP Merger Corp., certain Subsidiaries of GPS CCMP Merger Corp. and Goldman Sachs Credit Partners L.P., as Administrative Agent
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10.6.1**	Second Lien Lien Guarantee and Collateral Agreement, dated November 10, 2006, among Generac Acquisition Corp., GPS CCMP Merger Corp., certain Subsidiaries of GPS CCMP Merger Corp., Wilmington Trust Company, as Collateral Agent, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent
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10.25**	Management Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreements dated as of February 23, 2007, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and Harry K. Hornish, Jr.
10.26**	Exchange Agreement dated as of September 24, 2007, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P., and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.27**	Exchange Agreement dated as of September 25, 2007, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P., and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.28**	Amendment to Exchange Agreements dated as of October 22, 2007, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P., and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.29**	Exchange Agreement dated as of October 19, 2007, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P., and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.30**	Exchange Agreement dated as of October 30, 2007, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P., and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.

Exhibit number	Description of exhibits
10.31**	Exchange Agreement dated as of November 13, 2007, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P., and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.32**	Exchange Agreement dated as of November 21, 2007, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P., and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.33**	Exchange Agreement dated as of December 4, 2007, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P., and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.34**	Exchange Agreement dated as of December 5, 2007, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P., and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.35**	Exchange Agreement dated as of December 6, 2007, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P., and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.36**	Exchange Agreement dated as of January 11, 2008, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P., and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.37**	Exchange Agreement dated as of April 18, 2008, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P., and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.38**	Exchange Agreement dated as of November 25, 2008, by and among CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P., CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P. and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.39**	Purchase Agreement dated as of November 12, 2007, by and between William Treffert, The William and Selma Treffert Living Trust Dated February 21, 1998, and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp.
10.40**	Form of Confidentiality, Non-Competition and Intellectual Property Agreement
10.41**	Employee Nondisclosure and Noncompete Agreement, by and between Generac Power Systems, Inc. and Clement Feng, dated as of September 5, 2007
10.42**	Restricted Stock Agreement dated as of December 27, 2007, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and Clement Feng.
10.43**	Promissory Note dated December 27, 2007 between Generac Power Systems, Inc. and Clement Feng
10.44	Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement
10.45	Form of Nonqualified Stock Option Award Agreement
10.46**	2009 Executive Management Incentive Compensation Program
10.47**	Employment Letter to Clement Feng, dated December 29, 2009
10.48**	Promissory Note Repayment Letter to Clement Feng, dated December 28, 2009
10.49**	Severance Agreement with Edward LeBlanc, dated September 22, 2008
10.50**	Form of Generac Holdings Inc. Director Indemnification Agreement for Stephen Murray, Timothy Walsh and Stephen V. McKenna
10.51**	Form of Generac Holdings Inc. Director Indemnification Agreement for Barry Goldstein, John D. Bowlin and Edward A. LeBlanc
10.52**	Form of Generac Holdings Inc. Officer Indemnification Agreement
10.53	Form of Generac Power Systems, Inc. Director Indemnification Agreement for Stephen Murray, Timothy Walsh and Stephen V. McKenna

Exhibit number	Description of exhibits
10.54	Form of Generac Power Systems, Inc. Indemnification Agreement for Barry Goldstein, John D. Bowlin, Edward A. LeBlanc, Aaron Jagdfeld, York A. Ragen, Dawn Tabat, Clement Feng, Allen Gillette, Roger Schaus, Jr. and Roger Pascavis
10.55**	Management Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreements dated as of November 10, 2006, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and Aaron P. Jagdfeld
10.56**	Management Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreements dated as of November 10, 2006, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and Allen D. Gillette
10.57**	Management Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreements dated as of November 10, 2006, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and Dawn A. Tabat
10.58**	Management Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreements dated as of November 10, 2006, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and Roger F. Pascavis
10.59**	Management Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreements dated as of November 10, 2006, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and Roger W. Schaus, Jr.
10.60**	Management Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreements dated as of November 10, 2006, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and William W. Treffert and trusts affiliated with Mr. Treffert
10.61**	Management Subscription and Stock Purchase Agreements dated as of November 10, 2006, by and between GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and York A. Ragen
10.62	Employment Letter with Terrance Dolan
10.63	Generac Holdings Inc. Annual Performance Bonus Plan
10.64	Form of Change in Control Severance Agreement
10.65	Form of Amended and Restated Employment Agreement between Generac and Aaron Jagdfeld
10.66	Form of Amendment to Employment Agreement, between Generac and Dawn Tabat
10.67	Severance Letter, dated October 22, 2007, between Generac Power Systems, Inc. and William Treffert
21.1**	List of Subsidiaries of Generac Holdings Inc.
23.1	Consent of Ernst & Young, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm, relating to Generac Holdings Inc.
23.2	Consent of Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP (included in the opinion filed as Exhibit 5.1 hereto).
24.1**	Power of Attorney of Aaron Jagdfeld.
24.2**	Power of Attorney of York A. Ragen.
24.3**	Power of Attorney of Stephen Murray.
24.4**	Power of Attorney of Timothy Walsh.
24.5**	Power of Attorney of Stephen V. McKenna.
24.6**	Power of Attorney of John D. Bowlin.
24.7**	Power of Attorney of Edward A. LeBlanc.
24.8**	Power of Attorney of Barry J. Goldstein.

* To be filed by amendment.

** Previously filed

GENERAC HOLDINGS INC.

[] Shares of Common Stock

Underwriting Agreement

[], 2010

J.P. Morgan Securities Inc.
Goldman, Sachs & Co.
as Representatives of the
several Underwriters listed
in Schedule 1 hereto

J.P. Morgan Securities Inc.
383 Madison Avenue
New York, New York 10179

Goldman, Sachs & Co.
85 Broad Street
New York, New York 10004

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Generac Holdings Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), proposes to issue and sell to the several Underwriters listed in Schedule 1 hereto (the "Underwriters"), for whom you are acting as representatives (the "Representatives"), an aggregate of [] shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of the Company (the "Underwritten Shares") and, at the option of the Underwriters, up to an additional [] shares of common stock of the Company (the "Option Shares"). The Underwritten Shares and the Option Shares are herein referred to as the "Shares". The shares of common stock of the Company to be outstanding after giving effect to the sale of the Shares are referred to herein as the "Stock."

The Company hereby confirms its agreement with the several Underwriters concerning the purchase and sale of the Shares, as follows:

1. Registration Statement. The Company has prepared and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder (collectively, the "Securities Act"), a registration statement (File No. 333-162590), including a prospectus, relating to the Shares. Such registration statement, as amended at the time it became effective, including the information, if any, deemed pursuant to Rule 430A, 430B or 430C under the Securities Act to be part of the registration statement at the time of its effectiveness ("Rule 430 Information"), is referred to herein as the "Registration Statement"; and as used herein, the term "Preliminary Prospectus" means each prospectus included in such registration statement (and any amendments thereto) before effectiveness, any prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(a) under the Securities Act and the prospectus included in the Registration Statement at the time of its effectiveness that omits Rule 430 Information, and the term "Prospectus" means the prospectus in the form first used (or made available upon request of purchasers pursuant to Rule 173 under the Securities Act) in connection with confirmation of sales of the Shares. If the Company has filed an

abbreviated registration statement pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act (the "Rule 462 Registration Statement"), then any reference herein to the term "Registration Statement" shall be deemed to include such Rule 462 Registration Statement. Capitalized terms used but not defined herein shall have the meanings given to such terms in the Registration Statement and the Prospectus.

At or prior to the Applicable Time (as defined below), the Company had prepared the following information (collectively with the pricing information set forth on Annex D, the "Pricing Disclosure Package"): a Preliminary Prospectus dated [], 2010 and each "free-writing prospectus" (as defined pursuant to Rule 405 under the Securities Act) listed on Annex D hereto.

"Applicable Time" means [] [A/P].M., New York City time, on [], 2010.

2. Purchase of the Shares by the Underwriters.

(a) The Company agrees to issue and sell the Underwritten Shares to the several Underwriters as provided in this Agreement, and each Underwriter, on the basis of the representations, warranties and agreements set forth herein and subject to the conditions set forth herein, agrees, severally and not jointly, to purchase from the Company the respective number of Underwritten Shares set forth opposite such Underwriter's name in Schedule 1 hereto at a price per share (the "Purchase Price") of \$[].

In addition, the Company agrees to issue and sell the Option Shares to the several Underwriters as provided in this Agreement, and the Underwriters, on the basis of the representations, warranties and agreements set forth herein and subject to the conditions set forth herein, shall have the option to purchase, severally and not jointly, from the Company the Option Shares at the Purchase Price less an amount per share equal to any dividends or distributions declared by the Company and payable on the Underwritten Shares but not payable on the Option Shares.

If any Option Shares are to be purchased, the number of Option Shares to be purchased by each Underwriter shall be the number of Option Shares which bears the same ratio to the aggregate number of Option Shares being purchased as the number of Underwritten Shares set forth opposite the name of such Underwriter in Schedule 1 hereto (or such number increased as set forth in Section 10 hereof) bears to the aggregate number of Underwritten Shares being purchased from the Company by the several Underwriters, subject, however, to such adjustments to eliminate any fractional Shares as the Representatives in their sole discretion shall make.

The Underwriters may exercise the option to purchase Option Shares at any time in whole, or from time to time in part, on or before the thirtieth day following the date of the Prospectus, by written notice from the Representatives to the Company. Such notice shall set forth the aggregate number of Option Shares as to which the option is being exercised and the date and time when the Option Shares are to be delivered and paid for, which may be the same date and time as the Closing Date (as hereinafter defined) but shall not be earlier than the Closing Date or later than the tenth full business day (as hereinafter defined) after the date of such notice (unless such time and date are postponed in accordance with the provisions of Section 10 hereof). Any such notice shall be given at least two business days prior to the date and time of delivery specified therein; provided that such notice may be delivered one business day prior to the date and time of delivery if such date and time of delivery is the Closing Date.

(b) The Company understands that the Underwriters intend to make a public offering of the Shares as soon after the effectiveness of this Agreement as in the judgment of the Representatives is advisable, and initially to offer the Shares on the terms set forth in the Prospectus. The Company

acknowledges and agrees that the Underwriters may offer and sell Shares to or through any affiliate of an Underwriter.

(c) Payment for the Shares shall be made by wire transfer in immediately available funds to the account specified by the Company to the Representatives in the case of the Underwritten Shares, at the offices of Simpson Thacher & Bartlett LLP, 425 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York at 10:00 A.M., New York City time, on [], 2010, or at such other time or place on the same or such other date, not later than the third business day thereafter, as the Representatives and the Company may agree upon in writing or, in the case of the Option Shares, on the date and at the time and place specified by the Representatives in the written notice of the Underwriters' election to purchase such Option Shares. The time and date of such payment for the Underwritten Shares is referred to herein as the "Closing Date," and the time and date for such payment for the Option Shares, if other than the Closing Date, is herein referred to as the "Additional Closing Date."

Payment for the Shares to be purchased on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, shall be made against delivery to the Representatives for the respective accounts of the several Underwriters of the Shares to be purchased on such date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, with any transfer taxes payable in connection with the sale of such Shares duly paid by the Company. Delivery of the Shares shall be made through the facilities of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC") unless the Representatives shall otherwise instruct. The certificates for the Shares will be made available for inspection and packaging by the Representatives at the office of DTC or its designated custodian not later than 1:00 P.M., New York City time, on the business day prior to the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be.

(d) The Company acknowledges and agrees that the Underwriters are acting solely in the capacity of an arm's length contractual counterparty to the Company with respect to the offering of Shares contemplated hereby (including in connection with determining the terms of the offering) and not as a financial advisor or a fiduciary to, or an agent of, the Company or any other person. Additionally, neither the Representatives nor any other Underwriter is advising the Company or any other person as to any legal, tax, investment, accounting or regulatory matters in any jurisdiction. The Company shall consult with its own advisors concerning such matters and shall be responsible for making its own independent investigation and appraisal of the transactions contemplated hereby, and the Underwriters shall

3. **Representations and Warranties of the Company.** The Company represents and warrants to each Underwriter that:

(a) **Preliminary Prospectus.** No order preventing or suspending the use of any Preliminary Prospectus has been issued by the Commission, and each Preliminary Prospectus included in the Pricing Disclosure Package, at the time of filing thereof, complied in all material respects with the Securities Act, and no Preliminary Prospectus, at the time of filing thereof, contained any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided that the Company makes no representation and warranty with respect to any statements or omissions made in reliance upon and in conformity with information relating to any Underwriter furnished to the Company in writing by such Underwriter through the Representatives expressly for use in any Preliminary

3

Prospectus, it being understood and agreed that the only such information furnished by any Underwriter consists of the information described as such in Section 7(b) hereof.

(b) **Pricing Disclosure Package.** The Pricing Disclosure Package as of the Applicable Time did not, and as of the Closing Date and as of the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, will not, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided that the Company makes no representation and warranty with respect to any statements or omissions made in reliance upon and in conformity with information relating to any Underwriter furnished to the Company in writing by such Underwriter through the Representatives expressly for use in such Pricing Disclosure Package, it being understood and agreed that the only such information furnished by any Underwriter consists of the information described as such in Section 7(b) hereof.

(c) **Issuer Free Writing Prospectus.** Other than the Registration Statement, the Preliminary Prospectus and the Prospectus, the Company (including its agents and representatives, other than the Underwriters in their capacity as such) has not prepared, used, authorized, approved or referred to and will not prepare, use, authorize, approve or refer to any "written communication" (as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act) that constitutes an offer to sell or solicitation of an offer to buy the Shares (each such communication by the Company or its agents and representatives (other than a communication referred to in clause (i) below) an "Issuer Free Writing Prospectus") other than (i) any document not constituting a prospectus pursuant to Section 2(a)(10)(a) of the Securities Act or Rule 134 under the Securities Act or (ii) the documents listed on Annex D hereto, each electronic road show and any other written communications approved in writing in advance by the Representatives. Each such Issuer Free Writing Prospectus complied in all material respects with the Securities Act, has been or will be (within the time period specified in Rule 433) filed in accordance with the Securities Act (to the extent required thereby) and, when taken together with the Preliminary Prospectus accompanying, or delivered prior to delivery of, such Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, did not, and as of the Closing Date and as of the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, will not, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided that the Company makes no representation and warranty with respect to any statements or omissions made in each such Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or Preliminary Prospectus in reliance upon and in conformity with information relating to any Underwriter furnished to the Company in writing by such Underwriter through the Representatives expressly for use in such Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or Preliminary Prospectus, it being understood and agreed that the only such information furnished by any Underwriter consists of the information described as such in Section 7(b) hereof.

(d) **Registration Statement and Prospectus.** The Registration Statement has been declared effective by the Commission. No order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement has been issued by the Commission, and no proceeding for that purpose or pursuant to Section 8A of the Securities Act against the Company or related to the offering of the Shares has been initiated or, to the knowledge of the Company, threatened by the Commission; as of the applicable effective date of the Registration Statement and any post-effective amendment thereto, the Registration Statement and any such post-effective amendment complied and will comply in all material respects with the Securities Act, and did not and will not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein not misleading; and as of the date of the Prospectus and any amendment or supplement thereto and as of the Closing Date and as of the Additional Closing

4

Date, as the case may be, the Prospectus will not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided that the Company makes no representation and warranty with respect to any statements or omissions made in reliance upon and in conformity with information relating to any Underwriter furnished to the Company in writing by such Underwriter through the Representatives expressly for use in the Registration Statement and the Prospectus and any amendment or supplement thereto, it being understood and agreed that the only such information furnished by any Underwriter consists of the information described as such in Section 7(b) hereof.

(e) **Financial Statements.** The financial statements (including the related notes thereto) of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries included in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus comply in all material respects with the applicable requirements of the Securities Act and present fairly in all material respects the financial position of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries as of the dates indicated and the results of their operations and the changes in their cash flows for the periods specified; such financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States applied on a consistent basis throughout the periods covered thereby, and any supporting schedules included in the Registration Statement present fairly in all material respects the information required to be stated therein; and the other financial information included in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus has been derived from the accounting records of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries and presents fairly in all material respects the information shown thereby.

(f) **No Material Adverse Change.** Since the date of the most recent financial statements of the Company included in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, (i) there has not been any change in the capital stock (other than the corporate reorganization and the grant of options and awards under existing equity incentive plans described in, the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus), short-term debt or long-term debt of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, or any dividend or distribution of any kind declared, set aside for payment, paid or made by the Company on any class of capital stock, or any material adverse change, in or affecting the business, properties, management, financial position, stockholders' equity, results of operations or prospects of the Company and its subsidiaries taken as a whole; (ii) neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has entered into any transaction or agreement (whether or not in the ordinary course of business) that is material to the Company and its subsidiaries taken as a whole or incurred any liability or obligation, direct or contingent, that is material to the Company and its subsidiaries taken as a whole; and (iii) neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has sustained any loss or interference with its business that is material to the Company and its subsidiaries taken as a whole and that is either from fire, explosion, flood or other calamity, whether or not covered by insurance, or from any labor disturbance or dispute or any action, order or decree of any court or arbitrator or governmental or regulatory authority, except in each case as otherwise disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus.

(g) **Organization and Good Standing.** The Company and each of its subsidiaries have been duly organized and are validly existing and in good standing under the laws of their respective jurisdictions of organization, are duly qualified to do business and are in good standing in each jurisdiction in which their respective ownership or lease of property or the conduct of their respective businesses requires such qualification, and have all power and authority necessary to own or hold their respective properties and to conduct the businesses in which they are

5

engaged, except where the failure to be so qualified or in good standing or have such power or authority would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect on the business, properties, management, financial position, stockholders' equity, results of operations or prospects of the Company and its subsidiaries taken as a whole or on the performance by the Company of its obligations under this Agreement (a "Material Adverse Effect"). The Company does not own or control, directly or indirectly, any corporation, association or other entity other than the subsidiaries listed in Exhibit 21 to the Registration Statement.

(h) **Capitalization.** The Company has an authorized capitalization as set forth in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus under the heading "Capitalization"; all the outstanding shares of capital stock of the Company have been duly and validly authorized and issued and are fully paid and non-assessable and are not subject to any preemptive or similar rights; except as otherwise described in or expressly contemplated by the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, there are no outstanding rights (including, without limitation, pre-emptive rights), warrants or options to acquire, or instruments convertible into or exchangeable for, any shares of capital stock or other equity interest in the Company or any of its subsidiaries, or any contract, commitment, agreement, understanding or arrangement of any kind relating to the issuance of any capital stock of the Company or any such subsidiary, any such convertible or exchangeable securities or any such rights, warrants or options; the capital stock of the Company conforms in all material respects to the description thereof contained in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus; and all the outstanding shares of capital stock or other equity interests of each subsidiary owned, directly or indirectly, by the Company have been duly and validly authorized and issued, are fully paid and non-assessable and are owned directly or indirectly by the Company, free and clear of any lien, charge, encumbrance, security interest, restriction on voting or transfer or any other claim of any third party (except as otherwise described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus).

(i) **Stock Options.** Except as otherwise described in the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has at any time granted to employees or directors, or has or had any liability or obligation with respect of, any compensatory stock options to purchase shares of Common Stock of the Company.

(j) *Due Authorization.* The Company has full right, power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and to perform its obligations hereunder; and all action required to be taken for the due and proper authorization, execution and delivery by it of this Agreement and the consummation by it of the transactions contemplated hereby has been duly and validly taken.

(k) *Underwriting Agreement.* This Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Company.

(l) *The Shares.* The Shares to be issued and sold by the Company hereunder have been duly authorized and, when issued and delivered and paid for as provided herein, will be duly and validly issued, will be fully paid and nonassessable and will conform to the descriptions thereof in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus; and the issuance of the Shares is not subject to any preemptive or similar rights.

(m) *No Violation or Default.* Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries is (i) in violation of its charter or by-laws or similar organizational documents; (ii) in default, and, to the knowledge of the Company, no event has occurred that, with notice or lapse of time or both, would constitute such a default, in the due performance or observance of any term, covenant or condition

6

contained in any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement or other agreement or instrument to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries is a party or by which the Company or any of its subsidiaries is bound or to which any of the property or assets of the Company or any of its subsidiaries is subject; or (iii) in violation of any law or statute or any judgment, order, rule or regulation of any court or arbitrator or governmental or regulatory authority, except, in the case of clauses (ii) and (iii) above, for any such default or violation that would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect.

(n) *No Conflicts.* The execution, delivery and performance by the Company of this Agreement, the issuance and sale of the Shares and the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement will not (i) conflict with or result in a breach or violation of any of the terms or provisions of, or constitute a default under, or result in the creation or imposition of any lien, charge or encumbrance upon any property or assets of the Company or any of its subsidiaries pursuant to, any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement or other agreement or instrument to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries is a party or by which the Company or any of its subsidiaries is bound or to which any of the property or assets of the Company or any of its subsidiaries is subject, (ii) result in any violation of the provisions of the charter or by-laws or similar organizational documents of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or (iii) result in the violation of any law or statute or any judgment, order, rule or regulation of any court or arbitrator or governmental or regulatory authority, except, in the case of clauses (i) and (iii) above, for any such conflict, breach, violation or default that would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect.

(o) *No Consents Required.* No consent, approval, authorization, order, license, registration or qualification of or with any court or arbitrator or governmental or regulatory authority is required for the execution, delivery and performance by the Company of this Agreement, the issuance and sale of the Shares and the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, except for (i) the registration of the Shares under the Securities Act (ii) such consents, approvals, authorizations, orders and registrations or qualifications as may be required by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA") and under applicable state securities laws in connection with the purchase and distribution of the Shares by the Underwriters and (iii) such consents, approvals, authorizations or qualifications as may be required by the New York Stock Exchange (the "Exchange").

(p) *Legal Proceedings.* Except as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, there are no legal, governmental or regulatory investigations, actions, claims, litigations, suits or proceedings pending to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries is a party or to which any property rights or assets of the Company or any of its subsidiaries is the subject that, individually or in the aggregate, if determined adversely to the Company or any of its subsidiaries, could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect; to the knowledge of the Company, no such investigations, actions, suits or proceedings are threatened or contemplated by any governmental or regulatory authority or threatened by others; and (i) there are no current or pending legal, governmental or regulatory actions, suits or proceedings that are required under the Securities Act to be described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package or the Prospectus that are not so described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus and (ii) there are no statutes, regulations or contracts or other documents that are required under the Securities Act to be filed as exhibits to the Registration Statement or described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package or the Prospectus that are not so filed as exhibits to the Registration Statement or described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus.

7

(q) *Independent Accountants.* Ernst & Young LLP, who have certified certain financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries, is an independent registered public accounting firm with respect to the Company and its subsidiaries within the applicable rules and regulations adopted by the Commission and the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) and as required by the Securities Act.

(r) *Title to Real and Personal Property.* Each of the Company and each of its subsidiaries has good and marketable title in fee simple (in the case of real property) to, or has valid and marketable rights to lease or otherwise use, all items of real and personal property and assets that are material to the respective businesses of the Company and its subsidiaries, in each case free and clear of all liens, encumbrances, claims and defects and imperfections of title except those that (i) are described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus relating to the Company's assets subject to security interests in connection with its senior secured credit facilities, (ii) do not materially interfere with the use made and proposed to be made of such property by the Company and its subsidiaries or (iii) could not reasonably be expected, individually or in the aggregate, to have a Material Adverse Effect.

(s) *Intellectual Property.* Except as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus with respect to the Company's assets subject to security interests in connection with its senior secured credit facilities, (i) subject to subsection 3(s)(iii) below, each of the Company and each of its subsidiaries owns or possesses rights to use all patents, trademarks, service marks, trade names and other indicia of origin, copyrights, works of authorship, all applications and registrations for the foregoing, domain names, know-how, trade secrets and other proprietary or confidential information, systems or procedures and other intellectual property ("Intellectual Property"), necessary for the conduct of their respective businesses as currently conducted, free and clear of all material liens, (ii) to the knowledge of the Company, the conduct of their respective businesses does not and will not violate, misappropriate or infringe any Intellectual Property of any third party in any material respect, (iii) to the knowledge of the Company, no third party misappropriates, infringes or violates the Intellectual Property owned by the Company or any of its subsidiaries in any material respect and (iv) none of the Company and its subsidiaries has received any written notice of any claim of infringement, misappropriation or violation of any Intellectual Property of any third party that could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect.

(t) *No Undisclosed Relationships.* No relationship, direct or indirect, exists between or among the Company or any of its subsidiaries, on the one hand, and the directors, officers or stockholders of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, on the other, that is required by the Securities Act to be described in the Registration Statement and the Prospectus and that is not so described in such documents and in the Pricing Disclosure Package.

(u) *Investment Company Act.* The Company is not and, after giving effect to the offering and sale of the Shares and the application of the proceeds thereof as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, will not be required to register as an "investment company" or an entity "controlled" by an "investment company" within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder (collectively, the "Investment Company Act").

(v) *Taxes.* Except as could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, (i) each of the Company and each of its subsidiaries has paid or, with respect to amounts contested in good faith in appropriate proceedings, made provisions in conformity with GAAP for all federal, state, local and foreign taxes and filed all tax returns required to be paid or filed

8

through the date hereof, and (ii) except as otherwise disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, there is no tax deficiency that has been, or could reasonably be expected to be, asserted against the Company or any of its subsidiaries or any of their respective properties or assets.

(w) *Licenses and Permits.* Each of the Company and each of its subsidiaries possesses all licenses, certificates, permits and other authorizations issued by, and has made all declarations and filings with, the appropriate federal, state, local or foreign governmental or regulatory authorities that are necessary for the ownership or lease of their respective properties or the conduct of their respective businesses as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, except where the failure to possess or make the same would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect; and except as described in each of the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has received notice of any revocation or modification of any such license, certificate, permit or authorization or has any reason to believe that any such license, certificate, permit or authorization will not be renewed in the ordinary course of its business.

(x) *No Labor Disputes.* No labor disturbance by or dispute with employees of the Company or any of its subsidiaries exists or, to the knowledge of the Company, is contemplated or threatened, and the Company is not aware of any existing or imminent labor disturbance by, or dispute with, the employees of any of its or its subsidiaries' principal suppliers, contractors or customers, except as would not have a Material Adverse Effect.

(y) *Compliance with and Liability under Environmental Laws.* (i) Each of the Company and each of its subsidiaries (a) is, and at all prior times was, in compliance with any and all applicable federal, state, local and foreign laws, rules, regulations, requirements, decisions, judgments, decrees, orders and the common law relating to pollution or the protection of the environment, natural resources, or human health or safety to the extent related to environmental protection or to occupational exposure to hazardous substances, including those relating to the generation, storage,

treatment, use, handling, transportation, Release or threat of Release of Hazardous Materials (collectively, "Environmental Laws"), (b) has received and is in compliance with all permits, licenses, certificates or other authorizations or approvals required of it under applicable Environmental Laws to conduct its business, (c) has not received notice of any actual or potential liability under or relating to, or actual or potential violation of, any Environmental Laws, including for the investigation or remediation of any Release or threat of Release of Hazardous Materials, and has no knowledge of any existing condition that would reasonably be expected to result in any such notice, (d) is not conducting or paying for, in whole or in part, any investigation, remediation or other corrective action pursuant to any Environmental Law at any location, and (e) is not a party to any order, decree or agreement that imposes any obligation or liability under any Environmental Law, and (ii) there are no costs or liabilities associated with Environmental Laws of or relating to the Company or its subsidiaries, except in the case of each of (i) and (ii) above, for any such matter, as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect; and (iii) except as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, (a) there are no proceedings that are pending, or, to the knowledge of the Company, threatened against the Company or any of its subsidiaries under any Environmental Law in which a governmental entity is also a party, other than such proceedings regarding which it is reasonably believed that a monetary sanction of \$100,000 or more will not be imposed against the Company or any of its subsidiaries, (b) neither the Company nor its subsidiaries knows of any existing conditions regarding compliance with Environmental Laws, or liabilities or other obligations under

9

Environmental Laws, including the Release or threat of Release of Hazardous Materials, that could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, and (c) neither Company nor any of its subsidiaries currently anticipates material capital expenditures to comply with any existing Environmental Laws.

(z) *Hazardous Materials.* There has been no storage, generation, transportation, use, handling, treatment, Release or threat of Release of Hazardous Materials by, relating to or caused by the Company or any of its subsidiaries (or, to the knowledge of the Company, any other entity (including any predecessor) for whose acts or omissions the Company or any of its subsidiaries is or could reasonably be expected to be liable) at, on, under or from any property or facility now or, to the knowledge of the Company and its subsidiaries, previously owned, operated or leased by the Company or any of its subsidiaries, or at, on, under or from any other property or facility, in violation of any Environmental Laws or in a manner or amount or to a location that could reasonably be expected to result in any liability under any Environmental Law, except for any violation or liability which would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. "Hazardous Materials" means any material, chemical, substance or waste that is classified, characterized or otherwise regulated under any Environmental Law as hazardous, toxic, a pollutant or contaminant, or any compound, mixture, or constituent thereof, in any form or amount, including petroleum (including crude oil or any fraction thereof) and petroleum products, natural gas liquids, asbestos and asbestos containing materials and any other substance that can give rise to liability under any Environmental Law. "Release" means any spilling, leaking, seepage, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, discharging, injecting, escaping, leaching, dumping, disposing, depositing, dispersing, or migrating in, into or through the environment.

(aa) *Compliance with ERISA.* (i) Each employee benefit plan, within the meaning of Section 3(3) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA"), for which the Company or any member of its "Controlled Group" (defined as any organization which is a member of a controlled group of corporations within the meaning of Section 414 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code")) would have any liability (each, a "Plan") has been maintained in compliance with its terms and the requirements of any applicable statutes, orders, rules and regulations, including but not limited to ERISA and the Code, except for noncompliance that could not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect; (ii) no prohibited transaction, within the meaning of Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code, has occurred with respect to any Plan (excluding transactions effected pursuant to a statutory or administrative exemption) that could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect; (iii) for each Plan that is subject to the funding rules of Section 412 of the Code or Section 302 of ERISA, the minimum funding standard of Section 412 of the Code or Section 302 of ERISA, as applicable, has been satisfied (without taking into account any waiver thereof or extension of any amortization period) and is reasonably expected to be satisfied in the future (without taking into account any waiver thereof or extension of any amortization period), except as could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect; (iv) the present value of all accumulated benefit obligations (based on the assumptions used for purposes of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 87) of all underfunded Plans subject to Title IV of ERISA ("Pension Plans") did not, as of the date of the most recent financial statements reflecting such amounts, exceed by more than \$15,000,000 the fair market value of the assets of all such underfunded Pension Plans; (v) no "reportable event" (within the meaning of Section 4043(c) of ERISA) has occurred or is reasonably expected to occur that either has resulted, or could reasonably be expected to result, in a Material Adverse Effect; (vi) neither the Company nor any member of the Controlled Group has incurred, nor reasonably expects to incur, any liability under Title IV of ERISA (other than contributions to the Plan or premiums to Pension Benefit Guaranty

10

Corporation ("PBGC"), in the ordinary course and without default) in respect of a Plan (including a "multiemployer plan", within the meaning of Section 4001(a)(3) of ERISA), except as could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect; and (vii) there is no pending audit or investigation by the Internal Revenue Service, the U.S. Department of Labor, the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation or any other governmental agency or any foreign regulatory agency with respect to any Plan that could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect. None of the following events has occurred or is reasonably likely to occur: (x) an increase in the aggregate amount of contributions required to be made to all Plans by the Company or its subsidiaries in the current fiscal year of the Company and its subsidiaries compared to the amount of such contributions made in the Company and its subsidiaries' most recently completed fiscal year, except as could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect; or (y) an increase in the Company and its subsidiaries' "accumulated post-retirement benefit obligations" (within the meaning of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards 106) compared to the amount of such obligations in the Company and its subsidiaries' most recently completed fiscal year, except as could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

(bb) *Disclosure Controls.* The Company and its subsidiaries maintain an effective system of "disclosure controls and procedures" (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Exchange Act) that has been designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms, including controls and procedures designed to ensure that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

(cc) *Accounting Controls.* The Company and its subsidiaries maintain systems of "internal control over financial reporting" (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Exchange Act) that have been designed by, or under the supervision of, their respective principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, including, but not limited to, internal accounting controls sufficient to provide reasonable assurance that (i) transactions are executed in accordance with management's general or specific authorizations; (ii) transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and to maintain asset accountability; (iii) access to assets is permitted only in accordance with management's general or specific authorization; and (iv) the recorded accountability for assets is compared with the existing assets at reasonable intervals and appropriate action is taken with respect to any differences. Except as disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, the Company is not aware of any material weaknesses in the Company's internal controls (it being understood that the Company is not required as of the date hereof to comply with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (as defined below)). The Company's auditors and the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company have been advised of: (i) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting, known by the Company's management, which have adversely affected or are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and (ii) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

11

(dd) *Insurance.* Each of the Company and its subsidiaries have insurance covering its properties, operations, personnel and businesses, including business interruption insurance, which insurance is in amounts and insures against such losses and risks as are prudent and customary in the businesses in which they are engaged; and neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has (i) received notice from any insurer or agent of such insurer that capital improvements or other expenditures are required or necessary to be made in order to continue such insurance or (ii) any reason to believe that it will not be able to renew its existing insurance coverage as and when such coverage expires or to obtain similar coverage at reasonable cost from similar insurers as may be necessary to continue its business.

(ee) *No Unlawful Payments.* Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries nor, to the knowledge of the Company, any director, officer, agent, employee or other person associated with or acting on behalf of the Company or any of its subsidiaries has (i) used any corporate funds for any unlawful contribution, gift, entertainment or other unlawful expense relating to political activity; (ii) made any direct or indirect unlawful payment to any foreign or domestic government official or employee from corporate funds; (iii) violated or is in violation of any provision of the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977; or (iv) made any bribe, rebate, payoff, influence payment, kickback or other unlawful payment.

(ff) *Compliance with Money Laundering Laws.* The operations of the Company and its subsidiaries are and, to the Company's knowledge, have been conducted at all times in compliance with applicable financial recordkeeping and reporting requirements of the Currency and Foreign Transactions Reporting Act of 1970, as amended, the money laundering statutes of all jurisdictions, the rules and regulations thereunder and any related or similar rules, regulations or guidelines, issued, administered or enforced by any governmental agency (collectively, the "Money Laundering Laws") and no action, suit or proceeding by or before any court or governmental agency, authority or body or any arbitrator involving the Company or any of its subsidiaries with respect to the Money Laundering Laws is pending or, to the knowledge of the Company, threatened.

(gg) *Compliance with OFAC.* None of the Company, any of its subsidiaries or, to the knowledge of the Company, any director, officer, agent, employee or affiliate of the Company or any of its subsidiaries is currently subject to any U.S. sanctions administered by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the U.S. Department of the Treasury ("OFAC"); and the Company will not, directly or indirectly, use the proceeds of the offering of the Shares hereunder, or lend, contribute or otherwise make available such proceeds to any subsidiary, joint venture partner or other person or entity, for the purpose of financing the activities of any person currently subject to any U.S. sanctions administered by OFAC.

(hh) *No Restrictions on Subsidiaries.* Except as disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, as of the Closing Date or Additional Closing Date, as applicable, no subsidiary of the Company is prohibited, directly or indirectly, under any agreement or other instrument to which it is a party or is subject, from paying any dividends to the Company, from making any other distribution on such subsidiary's capital stock, from repaying to the Company any loans or advances to such subsidiary from the Company or from transferring any of such subsidiary's properties or assets to the Company or any other subsidiary of the Company.

(ii) *No Broker's Fees.* Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries is a party to any contract, agreement or understanding with any person (other than this Agreement) that would give rise to a valid claim against the Company or any of its subsidiaries or any Underwriter for a

12

brokerage commission, finder's fee or like payment in connection with the offering and sale of the Shares.

(jj) *No Registration Rights.* Except as disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, as of the Closing Date or Additional Closing Date, as applicable, no person has the right to require the Company or any of its subsidiaries to register any securities for sale under the Securities Act by reason of the filing of the Registration Statement with the Commission or the issuance and sale of the Shares.

(kk) *No Stabilization.* The Company has not taken, directly or indirectly, any action designed to or that could reasonably be expected to cause or result in any stabilization or manipulation of the price of the Shares.

(ll) *Margin Rules.* The application of the proceeds received by the Company from the issuance, sale and delivery of the Shares as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus will not violate Regulation T, U or X of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System or any other regulation of such Board of Governors.

(mm) *Forward-Looking Statements.* No forward-looking statement (within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act) contained in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package or the Prospectus has been made or reaffirmed without a reasonable basis or has been disclosed other than in good faith.

(nn) *Statistical and Market Data.* The statistical and market-related data included in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus are based on or derived from sources that the Company reasonably believes are reliable and accurate in all material respects.

(oo) *Sarbanes Oxley Act.* There is and has been no failure on the part of the Company or, to the knowledge of the Company, any of the Company's directors or officers, in their capacities as such, to comply with any provisions of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002 and the rules and regulations promulgated in connection therewith (the "Sarbanes Oxley Act"), applicable as of the effective date of the Registration Statement, including without limitation, the requirement that the Company has at least one independent member of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors pursuant to Rule 10A-3 under the Exchange Act.

(pp) *Status under the Securities Act.* At the time of filing the Registration Statement and any post-effective amendment thereto, at the earliest time thereafter that the Company or any offering participant made a *bona fide* offer (within the meaning of Rule 164(h)(2) under the Securities Act) of the Shares and at the date hereof, the Company was not and is not an "ineligible issuer," as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act. The Company has paid the registration fee for this offering pursuant to Rule 456(b)(1) under the Securities Act or will pay such fee within the time period required by such rule (without giving effect to the proviso therein) and in any event prior to the Closing Date.

(qq) *Adjusted EBITDA.* The adjustments to calculate Adjusted EBITDA, as set forth in the Prospectus in the notes under the caption "Prospectus Summary—Summary historical consolidated financial and other data," comply with Item 10(e) of Regulation S-K of the Commission and the interpretations of the Staff of the Commission thereunder.

13

(rr) *Distribution of Offering Material.* The Company has not distributed and will not distribute, prior to the Additional Closing Date, any offering material in connection with the offering and sale of the Shares other than the Preliminary Prospectus, the Prospectus, any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus reviewed and consented to by the Representatives or included in [Annex D](#) hereto or the Registration Statement.

(ss) *No Rated Debt Securities.* Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has any debt securities or preferred stock that are rated by a "nationally recognized statistical rating organization," as such term is defined by the Commission for purposes of Rule 436(g)(2) under the Securities Act.

4. Further Agreements of the Company. The Company covenants and agrees with each Underwriter that:

(a) *Required Filings.* The Company will file the final Prospectus with the Commission within the time periods specified by Rule 424(b) and Rule 430A under the Securities Act, will file any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus to the extent required by Rule 433 under the Securities Act; and will furnish copies of the Prospectus and each Issuer Free Writing Prospectus (to the extent not previously delivered) to the Underwriters in New York City prior to 10:00 A.M., New York City time, on the business day next succeeding the date of this Agreement in such quantities as the Representatives may reasonably request.

(b) *Delivery of Copies.* The Company will deliver, without charge, (i) to the Representatives, three signed copies of the Registration Statement as originally filed and each amendment thereto, in each case including all exhibits and consents filed therewith; and (ii) to each Underwriter (A) a conformed copy of the Registration Statement as originally filed and each amendment thereto (without exhibits) and (B) during the Prospectus Delivery Period (as defined below), as many copies of the Prospectus (including all amendments and supplements thereto and each Issuer Free Writing Prospectus) as the Representatives may reasonably request. As used herein, the term "Prospectus Delivery Period" means such period of time after the first date of the public offering of the Shares as in the opinion of counsel for the Underwriters a prospectus relating to the Shares is required by law to be delivered (or required to be delivered but for Rule 172 under the Securities Act) in connection with sales of the Shares by any Underwriter or dealer.

(c) *Amendments or Supplements, Issuer Free Writing Prospectuses.* Before preparing, using, authorizing, approving, referring to or filing any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, and before filing any amendment or supplement to the Registration Statement or the Prospectus, the Company will furnish to the Representatives and counsel for the Underwriters a copy of the proposed Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, amendment or supplement for review and will not prepare, use, authorize, approve, refer to or file any such Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or file any such proposed amendment or supplement to which the Representatives reasonably objects.

(d) *Notice to the Representatives.* The Company will advise the Representatives promptly, and confirm such advice in writing, (i) when the Registration Statement has become effective; (ii) when any amendment to the Registration Statement has been filed or becomes effective; (iii) when any supplement to the Prospectus or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or any amendment to the Prospectus has been filed; (iv) of any request by the Commission for any amendment to the Registration Statement or any amendment or supplement to the Prospectus or the receipt of any comments from the Commission relating to the Registration Statement or any other request by the Commission for any additional information; (v) of the issuance by the Commission of any order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement or

14

preventing or suspending the use of any Preliminary Prospectus, any of the Pricing Disclosure Package or the Prospectus or the initiation or threatening of any proceeding for that purpose or pursuant to Section 8A of the Securities Act; (vi) of the occurrence of any event within the Prospectus Delivery Period as a result of which the Prospectus, the Pricing Disclosure Package or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus as then amended or supplemented would include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances existing when the Prospectus, the Pricing Disclosure Package or any such Issuer Free Writing Prospectus is delivered to a purchaser, not misleading; and (vii) of the receipt by the Company of any notice with respect to any suspension of the qualification of the Shares for offer and sale in any jurisdiction or the initiation or threatening of any proceeding for such purpose; and the Company will use its best efforts to prevent the issuance of any such order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement, preventing or suspending the use of any Preliminary Prospectus, any of the Pricing Disclosure Package or the Prospectus or suspending any such qualification of the Shares and, if any such order is issued, will obtain as soon as possible the withdrawal thereof.

(e) *Ongoing Compliance.* (1) If during the Prospectus Delivery Period (i) any event shall occur or condition shall exist as a result of which the Prospectus as then amended or supplemented would include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances existing when the Prospectus is delivered to a purchaser, not misleading or (ii) it is necessary to amend or supplement the Prospectus to comply with law, the Company will immediately notify the Underwriters thereof and forthwith prepare and, subject to paragraph (c) above, file with the Commission and furnish to the Underwriters and to such dealers as the Representatives may designate such amendments or supplements to the Prospectus as may be necessary so that the statements in the Prospectus as so amended or supplemented will not, in the light of the circumstances existing when the Prospectus is delivered to a purchaser, be misleading or so that the Prospectus will comply with law and (2) if at any time prior to the Closing Date (i) any event shall occur or condition shall exist as a result of which the Pricing Disclosure Package as then amended or supplemented would include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the

statements therein, in the light of the circumstances existing when the Pricing Disclosure Package is delivered to a purchaser, not misleading or (ii) it is necessary to amend or supplement the Pricing Disclosure Package to comply with law, the Company will immediately notify the Underwriters thereof and forthwith prepare and, subject to paragraph (c) above, file with the Commission (to the extent required) and furnish to the Underwriters and to such dealers as the Representatives may designate such amendments or supplements to the Pricing Disclosure Package as may be necessary so that the statements in the Pricing Disclosure Package as so amended or supplemented will not, in the light of the circumstances existing when the Pricing Disclosure Package is delivered to a purchaser, be misleading or so that the Pricing Disclosure Package will comply with law.

(f) *Blue Sky Compliance.* The Company will qualify the Shares for offer and sale under the securities or Blue Sky laws of such jurisdictions as the Representatives shall reasonably request and will continue such qualifications in effect so long as required for distribution of the Shares; provided that the Company shall not be required to (i) qualify as a foreign corporation or other entity or as a dealer in securities in any such jurisdiction where it would not otherwise be required to so qualify, (ii) file any general consent to service of process in any such jurisdiction or (iii) subject itself to taxation in any such jurisdiction if it is not otherwise so subject.

(g) *Earning Statement.* The Company will make generally available to its security holders and the Representatives as soon as practicable an earning statement (which need not be

15

audited) that satisfies the provisions of Section 11(a) of the Securities Act and Rule 158 of the Commission promulgated thereunder covering a period of at least twelve months beginning with the first fiscal quarter of the Company occurring after the "effective date" (as defined in Rule 158) of the Registration Statement.

(h) *Clear Market.* For a period of 180 days after the date of the Prospectus, the Company will not (i) offer, pledge, announce the intention to sell, sell, contract to sell, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, or file with the Securities and Exchange Commission a registration statement under the Securities Act relating to, any shares of Stock or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for Stock or publicly disclose the intention to make any offer, sale, pledge, disposition or filing, or (ii) enter into any swap or other agreement that transfers, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of the Stock or any such other securities, whether any such transaction described in clause (i) or (ii) above is to be settled by delivery of Stock or such other securities, in cash or otherwise, without the prior written consent of the Representatives, other than (a) the Shares to be sold hereunder, (b) any shares of Stock of the Company or shares issued pursuant to stock options granted under Company stock plans that are in effect as of the Closing Date, (c) the filing of any registration statement on Form S-8 (or any successor form) with respect to any stock incentive plan, stock ownership plan or dividend reinvestment plan of the Company described or contemplated in the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, or (d) issuances of common stock pursuant to the conversion or exchange of other capital stock of the Company pursuant to the corporate reorganization as described or contemplated in the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if (1) during the last 17 days of the 180-day restricted period, the Company issues an earnings release or material news or a material event relating to the Company occurs; or (2) prior to the expiration of the 180-day restricted period, the Company announces that it will release earnings results during the 16-day period beginning on the last day of the 180-day period, the restrictions imposed by this Agreement shall continue to apply until the expiration of the 18-day period beginning on the issuance of the earnings release or the occurrence of the material news or material event. The Company will provide the Representatives and each individual subject to the lock-up letters described in Section 6(l) with prior notice of any such announcement that gives rise to an extension of the restricted period.

(i) *Use of Proceeds.* The Company will apply the net proceeds from the sale of the Shares as described in each of the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus under the heading "Use of proceeds."

(j) *No Stabilization.* The Company will not take, directly or indirectly, any action designed to or that could reasonably be expected to cause or result in any stabilization or manipulation of the price of the Stock.

(k) *Exchange Listing.* The Company will use its best efforts to list, subject to notice of issuance, the Shares on the Exchange.

(l) *Reports.* For a period of three years from the date of this Agreement, the Company will furnish to the Representatives, as soon as they are available, copies of all reports or other communications (financial or other) furnished to holders of the Shares, and copies of any reports and financial statements furnished to or filed with the Commission or any national securities exchange or automatic quotation system; provided the Company will be deemed to

16

have furnished such reports and financial statements to the Representatives to the extent they are filed on the Commission's Electronic Data Gathering, Analysis and Retrieval system.

(m) *Record Retention.* The Company will, pursuant to reasonable procedures developed in good faith, retain copies of each Issuer Free Writing Prospectus that is not filed with the Commission in accordance with Rule 433 under the Securities Act.

(n) *Filings.* The Company will file with the Commission such reports as may be required by Rule 463 under the Securities Act.

(o) *Compliance with Sarbanes-Oxley Act.* The Company will comply with all applicable securities and other laws, rules and regulations, including, without limitation, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, and use its best efforts to cause the Company's directors and officers, in their capacities as such, to comply with such laws, rules and regulations, including, without limitation, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

5. Certain Agreements of the Underwriters. Each Underwriter hereby represents and agrees that:

(a) It has not used, authorized use of, referred to or participated in the planning for use of, and will not use, authorize use of, refer to or participate in the planning for use of, any "free writing prospectus," as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act (which term includes use of any written information furnished to the Commission by the Company and not incorporated by reference into the Registration Statement and any press release issued by the Company) other than (i) a free writing prospectus that contains no "issuer information" (as defined in Rule 433(h) (2) under the Securities Act) that was not included (including through incorporation by reference) in the Preliminary Prospectus or a previously filed Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, (ii) any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus listed on Annex D or prepared pursuant to Section 3(c) or Section 4(c) above (including any electronic road show), or (iii) any free writing prospectus prepared by such underwriter and approved by the Company in advance in writing (each such free writing prospectus referred to in clauses (i) or (iii), an "Underwriter Free Writing Prospectus").

(b) It has not and will not, without the prior written consent of the Company, use any free writing prospectus that contains the final terms of the Shares unless such terms have previously been included in a free writing prospectus filed with the Commission; provided that Underwriters may use a term sheet substantially in the form of Annex E hereto without the consent of the Company; provided further that any Underwriter using such term sheet shall notify the Company, and provide a copy of such term sheet to the Company, prior to, or substantially concurrently with, the first use of such term sheet.

(c) It is not subject to any pending proceeding under Section 8A of the Securities Act with respect to the offering (and will promptly notify the Company if any such proceeding against it is initiated during the Prospectus Delivery Period).

6. Conditions of Underwriters' Obligations. The obligation of each Underwriter to purchase the Underwritten Shares on the Closing Date or the Option Shares on the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, as provided herein is subject to the performance by the Company of its covenants and other obligations hereunder and to the following additional conditions:

17

(a) *Registration Compliance; No Stop Order.* No order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement shall be in effect, and no proceeding for such purpose or pursuant to Section 8A under the Securities Act shall be pending before or threatened by the Commission; the Prospectus and each Issuer Free Writing Prospectus shall have been timely filed with the Commission under the Securities Act (in the case of an Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, to the extent required by Rule 433 under the Securities Act) and in accordance with Section 4(a) hereof; and all requests by the Commission for additional information shall have been complied with to the reasonable satisfaction of the Representatives.

(b) *Representations and Warranties.* The representations and warranties of the Company contained herein shall be true and correct on the date hereof and on and as of the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be; and the statements of the Company and its officers made in any certificates delivered pursuant to this Agreement shall be true and correct on and as of the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be.

(c) *No Material Adverse Change.* No Material Adverse Effect or any other event or condition of a type described in Section 3(f) hereof shall have occurred or shall exist, which event or condition is not described in the Pricing Disclosure Package (excluding any amendment or supplement thereto) and the Prospectus (excluding any amendment or supplement thereto) and the effect of which in the judgment of the Representatives makes it impracticable or inadvisable to proceed with the offering, sale or delivery of the Shares on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, on the terms and in the manner contemplated by this Agreement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus.

(d) *Officers' Certificate.* The Representatives shall have received on and as of the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, a certificate of the chief financial officer or chief accounting officer of the Company and one additional senior executive officer of the Company who is satisfactory to the Representatives (i) confirming that such officers have carefully reviewed the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus and, to the knowledge of such officers, the representations set forth in Sections 3(b) and 3(d) hereof are true and correct, (ii) confirming that the other representations and warranties of the Company in this Agreement are true and correct and that the Company has complied with all agreements and satisfied all conditions on its part to be performed or satisfied hereunder at or prior to the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, and (iii) to the effect set forth in paragraphs (a) and (c) above.

(e) *Comfort Letter of Ernst & Young LLP.* On the date of this Agreement and on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, Ernst & Young LLP shall have furnished to the Representatives, at the request of the Company, letters, dated the respective dates of delivery thereof and addressed to the Underwriters, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representatives, containing statements and information of the type customarily included in accountants' "comfort letters" to underwriters with respect to the financial statements and certain financial information contained in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus; provided, that the letter delivered on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, shall use a "cut-off" date no more than three business days prior to such Closing Date or such Additional Closing Date, as the case may be.

(f) *Opinions of Counsel to the Company.* Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP, counsel for the Company, shall have furnished to the Representatives, at the request of the Company, their written opinion and negative assurance letter, dated the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, and addressed to the Underwriters, in form and substance reasonably

18

satisfactory to the Representatives, to the effect set forth in Annex A hereto. Reinhart Boerner Van Deuren s.c., Wisconsin counsel for the Company, shall have furnished to the Representatives, at the request of the Company, their written opinion, dated the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, and addressed to the Underwriters, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representatives, to the effect set forth in Annex B hereto. Rod Rogahn, Vice President and General Counsel for Generac Power Systems, Inc. (the "Wisconsin Subsidiary"), shall have furnished to the Representatives, at the request of the Company, his written opinion, dated the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, and addressed to the Underwriters, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representatives, to the effect set forth in Annex C hereto.

(g) *Opinion and Negative Assurance Letter of Counsel for the Underwriters.* The Representatives shall have received on and as of the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, an opinion and negative assurance letter of Simpson Thacher & Bartlett LLP, counsel for the Underwriters, with respect to such matters as the Representatives may reasonably request, and such counsel shall have received such documents and information as they may reasonably request to enable them to pass upon such matters.

(h) *No Legal Impediment to Issuance and/or Sale.* No action shall have been taken and no statute, rule, regulation or order shall have been enacted, adopted or issued by any federal, state or foreign governmental or regulatory authority that would, as of the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, prevent the issuance or sale of the Shares; and no injunction or order of any federal, state or foreign court shall have been issued that would, as of the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, prevent the issuance or sale of the Shares.

(i) *Good Standing.* The Representatives shall have received on and as of the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, satisfactory evidence of the good standing of the Company and its subsidiaries in their respective jurisdictions of organization and their good standing as foreign entities in such other jurisdictions as the Representatives may reasonably request, in each case in writing or any standard form of telecommunication from the appropriate governmental authorities of such jurisdictions.

(j) *Exchange Listing.* The Shares to be delivered on the Closing Date or Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, shall have been approved for listing on the Exchange, subject to official notice of issuance.

(k) *Lock-up Agreements.* The "lock-up" agreements, each substantially in the form of Exhibit A hereto, from each director, executive officer and shareholder of the Company listed on Schedule 2 hereto, relating to sales and certain other dispositions of shares of Stock or certain other securities, delivered to you on or before the date hereof, shall be full force and effect on the Closing Date or Additional Closing Date, as the case may be.

(l) *Additional Documents.* On or prior to the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, the Company shall have furnished to the Representatives such further certificates and documents as the Representatives may reasonably request.

All opinions, letters, certificates and evidence mentioned above or elsewhere in this Agreement shall be deemed to be in compliance with the provisions hereof only if they are in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to counsel for the Underwriters.

19

7. Indemnification and Contribution.

(a) *Indemnification of the Underwriters.* The Company agrees to indemnify and hold harmless each Underwriter, its affiliates, directors and officers and each person, if any, who controls such Underwriter within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act, from and against any and all losses, claims, damages and liabilities (including, without limitation, legal fees and other expenses incurred in connection with any suit, action or proceeding or any claim asserted, as such fees and expenses are incurred), joint or several, that arise out of, or are based upon, (i) any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in the Registration Statement or caused by any omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein, not misleading or (ii) or any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in the Prospectus (or any amendment or supplement thereto), any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, any "issuer information" filed or required to be filed pursuant to Rule 433(d) under the Securities Act or any Pricing Disclosure Package (including any Pricing Disclosure Package that has subsequently been amended), or caused by any omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, in each case except insofar as such losses, claims, damages or liabilities arise out of, or are based upon, any untrue statement or omission or alleged untrue statement or omission made in reliance upon and in conformity with any information relating to any Underwriter furnished to the Company in writing by such Underwriter through the Representatives expressly for use therein, it being understood and agreed that the only such information furnished by any Underwriter consists of the information described as such in subsection (b) below.

The Company also agrees to indemnify and hold harmless Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated (the "QIU"), its affiliates, directors and officers and each person, if any, who controls the QIU within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act, from and against any and all losses, claims, damages and liabilities incurred as a result of the QIU participation as a "qualified independent underwriter" within the meaning of NASD Rule 2720 of FINRA in connection with the offering of the Shares.

(b) *Indemnification of the Company.* Each Underwriter agrees, severally and not jointly, to indemnify and hold harmless the Company, its directors, its officers who signed the Registration Statement and each person, if any, who controls the Company within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act to the same extent as the indemnity set forth in paragraph (a) above, but only with respect to any losses, claims, damages or liabilities that arise out of, or are based upon, any untrue statement or omission or alleged untrue statement or omission made in reliance upon and in conformity with any information relating to such Underwriter furnished to the Company in writing by such Underwriter through the Representatives expressly for use in the Registration Statement, the Prospectus (or any amendment or supplement thereto), any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or any Pricing Disclosure Package, it being understood and agreed upon that the only such information furnished by any Underwriter consists of the following information in the Prospectus furnished on behalf of each Underwriter: the concession and reallowance figures appearing in the third paragraph under the caption "Underwriting", the information contained in the twelfth, thirteenth and fourteenth paragraphs under the caption "Underwriting."

(c) *Notice and Procedures.* If any suit, action, proceeding (including any governmental or regulatory investigation), claim or demand shall be brought or asserted against any person in respect of which indemnification may be sought pursuant to either paragraph (a) or (b) above, such person (the "Indemnified Person") shall promptly notify the person against whom such indemnification may be sought (the "Indemnifying Person") in writing; provided that the failure to notify the Indemnifying Person shall not relieve it from any liability that it may have under paragraph (a) or (b) above except to the extent

20

that it has been materially prejudiced (through the forfeiture of substantive rights or defenses) by such failure; and provided, further, that the failure to notify the Indemnifying Person shall not relieve it from any liability that it may have to an Indemnified Person otherwise than under paragraph (a) or (b) above. If any such proceeding shall be brought or asserted against an Indemnified Person and it shall have notified the Indemnifying Person thereof, the Indemnifying Person shall retain counsel reasonably satisfactory to the Indemnified Person (who shall not, without the consent of the Indemnified Person, be counsel to the Indemnifying Person) to represent the Indemnified Person in such proceeding and shall pay the fees and expenses of such counsel related to such proceeding, as incurred. In any such proceeding, any Indemnified Person shall have the right to retain its own counsel, but the fees and expenses of such counsel shall be at the expense of such Indemnified Person unless (i) the Indemnifying Person and the Indemnified Person shall have mutually agreed to the contrary; (ii) the Indemnifying Person has failed within a reasonable time to retain counsel reasonably satisfactory to the Indemnified Person; (iii) the Indemnified Person shall have reasonably concluded that there may be legal defenses available to it that are different from or in addition to those available to the Indemnifying Person; or (iv) the named parties in any such proceeding (including any impleaded parties) include both the Indemnifying Person and the Indemnified Person and representation of both parties by the same counsel would

be inappropriate due to actual or potential differing interest between them. It is understood and agreed that the Indemnifying Person shall not, in connection with any proceeding or related proceedings in the same jurisdiction, be liable for the fees and expenses of more than one separate firm (in addition to any local counsel) for all Indemnified Persons, and that all such fees and expenses shall be paid or reimbursed as they are incurred; provided, however that if indemnity may be sought pursuant to the second paragraph of Section 7(a) above in respect of such proceeding, then in addition to such separate firm of the Underwriters, their affiliates and such control persons of the Underwriters the Indemnifying Person shall be liable for the fees and expenses of not more than one separate firm (in addition to any local counsel) for the QIU in its capacity as a "qualified independent underwriter", its affiliates, directors, officers and all persons, if any, who control the QIU within the meaning of either Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act. Any such separate firm for any Underwriter, its affiliates, directors and officers and any control persons of such Underwriter shall be designated in writing by J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and any such separate firm for the Company, its directors, its officers who signed the Registration Statement and any control persons of the Company shall be designated in writing by the Company. The Indemnifying Person shall not be liable for any settlement of any proceeding effected without its written consent, but if settled with such consent or if there be a final judgment for the plaintiff, the Indemnifying Person agrees to indemnify each Indemnified Person from and against any loss or liability by reason of such settlement or judgment. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence, if at any time an Indemnified Person shall have requested that an Indemnifying Person reimburse the Indemnified Person for fees and expenses of counsel as contemplated by this paragraph, the Indemnifying Person shall be liable for any settlement of any proceeding effected without its written consent if (i) such settlement is entered into more than 30 days after receipt by the Indemnifying Person of such request and (ii) the Indemnifying Person shall not have reimbursed the Indemnified Person in accordance with such request prior to the date of such settlement. No Indemnifying Person shall, without the written consent of the Indemnified Person, effect any settlement of any pending or threatened proceeding in respect of which any Indemnified Person is or could have been a party and indemnification could have been sought hereunder by such Indemnified Person, unless such settlement (x) includes an unconditional release of such Indemnified Person, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to such Indemnified Person, from all liability on claims that are the subject matter of such proceeding and (y) does not include any statement as to or any admission of fault, culpability or a failure to act by or on behalf of any Indemnified Person.

(d) **Contribution.** If the indemnification provided for in paragraphs (a) and (b) above is unavailable to an Indemnified Person or insufficient in respect of any losses, claims, damages or liabilities referred to therein, then each Indemnifying Person under such paragraph, in lieu of indemnifying such Indemnified Person thereunder, shall contribute to the amount paid or payable by such Indemnified

21

Person as a result of such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (i) in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect the relative benefits received by the Company, on the one hand, and the Underwriters or the QIU in its capacity as a "qualified independent underwriter", as the case may be, on the other, from the offering of the Shares or (ii) if the allocation provided by clause (i) is not permitted by applicable law, in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect not only the relative benefits referred to in clause (i) but also the relative fault of the Company, on the one hand, and the Underwriters or the QIU in its capacity as a "qualified independent underwriter", as the case may be, on the other, in connection with the statements or omissions that resulted in such losses, claims, damages or liabilities, as well as any other relevant equitable considerations. The relative benefits received by the Company, on the one hand, and the Underwriters or the QIU in its capacity as a "qualified independent underwriter", as the case may be, on the other, shall be deemed to be in the same respective proportions as the net proceeds (before deducting expenses) received by the Company from the sale of the Shares and the total underwriting discounts and commissions received by the Underwriters in connection therewith, in each case as set forth in the table on the cover of the Prospectus bear to the aggregate offering price of the Shares. The relative fault of the Company, on the one hand, and the Underwriters or the QIU in its capacity as a "qualified independent underwriter", as the case may be, on the other, shall be determined by reference to, among other things, whether the untrue or alleged untrue statement of a material fact or the omission or alleged omission to state a material fact relates to information supplied by the Company or by the Underwriters and the parties' relative intent, knowledge, access to information and opportunity to correct or prevent such statement or omission.

(e) **Limitation on Liability.** The Company and the Underwriters agree that it would not be just and equitable if contribution pursuant to this Section 7 were determined by pro rata allocation (even if the Underwriters were treated as one entity for such purpose) or by any other method of allocation that does not take account of the equitable considerations referred to in paragraph (d) above. The amount paid or payable by an Indemnified Person as a result of the losses, claims, damages and liabilities referred to in paragraph (d) above shall be deemed to include, subject to the limitations set forth above, any legal or other expenses incurred by such Indemnified Person in connection with any such action or claim. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section 7, in no event shall an Underwriter be required to contribute any amount in excess of the amount by which the total underwriting discounts and commissions received by such Underwriter with respect to the offering of the Shares exceeds the amount of any damages that such Underwriter has otherwise been required to pay by reason of such untrue or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission. No person guilty of fraudulent misrepresentation (within the meaning of Section 11(f) of the Securities Act) shall be entitled to contribution from any person who was not guilty of such fraudulent misrepresentation. The Underwriters' obligations to contribute pursuant to this Section 7 are several in proportion to their respective purchase obligations hereunder and not joint.

(f) **Non-Exclusive Remedies.** The remedies provided for in this Section 7 are not exclusive and shall not limit any rights or remedies which may otherwise be available to any Indemnified Person at law or in equity.

8. **Effectiveness of Agreement.** This Agreement shall become effective upon the execution and delivery hereof by the parties hereto.

9. **Termination.** This Agreement may be terminated in the absolute discretion of the Representatives, by notice to the Company, if after the execution and delivery of this Agreement and prior to the Closing Date or, in the case of the Option Shares, prior to the Additional Closing Date (i) trading generally shall have been suspended or materially limited on or by any of the Exchange or the Nasdaq Stock Market; (ii) trading of any securities issued or guaranteed by the Company shall have been suspended on any exchange or in any over-the-counter market; (iii) a general moratorium on commercial

22

banking activities shall have been declared by federal or New York State authorities; or (iv) there shall have occurred any outbreak or escalation of hostilities or any change in financial markets or any calamity or crisis, either within or outside the United States, that, in the judgment of the Representatives, is material and adverse and makes it impracticable or inadvisable to proceed with the offering, sale or delivery of the Shares on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, on the terms and in the manner contemplated by this Agreement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus.

10. **Defaulting Underwriter.**

(a) If, on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, any Underwriter defaults on its obligation to purchase the Shares that it has agreed to purchase hereunder on such date, the non-defaulting Underwriters may in their discretion arrange for the purchase of such Shares by other persons satisfactory to the Company on the terms contained in this Agreement. If, within 36 hours after any such default by any Underwriter, the non-defaulting Underwriters do not arrange for the purchase of such Shares, then the Company shall be entitled to a further period of 36 hours within which to procure other persons satisfactory to the non-defaulting Underwriters to purchase such Shares on such terms. If other persons become obligated or agree to purchase the Shares of a defaulting Underwriter, either the non-defaulting Underwriters or the Company may postpone the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, for up to five full business days in order to effect any changes that in the opinion of counsel for the Company or counsel for the Underwriters may be necessary in the Registration Statement and the Prospectus or in any other document or arrangement, and the Company agrees to promptly prepare any amendment or supplement to the Registration Statement and the Prospectus that effects any such changes. As used in this Agreement, the term "Underwriter" includes, for all purposes of this Agreement unless the context otherwise requires, any person not listed in Schedule 1 hereto that, pursuant to this Section 10, purchases Shares that a defaulting Underwriter agreed but failed to purchase.

(b) If, after giving effect to any arrangements for the purchase of the Shares of a defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters by the non-defaulting Underwriters and the Company as provided in paragraph (a) above, the aggregate number of Shares that remain unpurchased on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, does not exceed one-eleventh of the aggregate number of Shares to be purchased on such date, then the Company shall have the right to require each non-defaulting Underwriter to purchase the number of Shares that such Underwriter agreed to purchase hereunder on such date plus such Underwriter's pro rata share (based on the number of Shares that such Underwriter agreed to purchase on such date) of the Shares of such defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters for which such arrangements have not been made.

(c) If, after giving effect to any arrangements for the purchase of the Shares of a defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters by the non-defaulting Underwriters and the Company as provided in paragraph (a) above, the aggregate number of Shares that remain unpurchased on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, exceeds one-eleventh of the aggregate amount of Shares to be purchased on such date, or if the Company shall not exercise the right described in paragraph (b) above, then this Agreement or, with respect to any Additional Closing Date, the obligation of the Underwriters to purchase Shares on the Additional Closing Date shall terminate without liability on the part of the non-defaulting Underwriters. Any termination of this Agreement pursuant to this Section 10 shall be without liability on the part of the Company, except that the Company will continue to be liable for the payment of expenses as set forth in Section 11 hereof and except that the provisions of Section 7 hereof shall not terminate and shall remain in effect.

23

(d) Nothing contained herein shall relieve a defaulting Underwriter of any liability it may have to the Company or any non-defaulting Underwriter for damages caused by its default.

11. **Payment of Expenses.**

(a) Whether or not the transactions contemplated by this Agreement are consummated or this Agreement is terminated, the Company will pay or cause to be paid all costs and expenses incident to the performance of its obligations hereunder, including without limitation, (i) the costs incident to the authorization, issuance, sale, preparation and delivery of the Shares and any taxes payable in that connection; (ii) the costs incident to the preparation, printing and filing under the Securities Act of the Registration Statement, the Preliminary Prospectus, any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, any Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus (including all exhibits, amendments and supplements thereto) and the distribution thereof; (iii) the fees and expenses of the Company's counsel and independent

accountants; (iv) the fees and expenses incurred in connection with the registration or qualification of the Shares under the state or foreign securities or blue sky laws of such jurisdictions as the Representatives may designate and the preparation, printing and distribution of a Blue Sky Memorandum (including the related fees and expenses of counsel for the Underwriters under this clause (iv) and clause (vii) below not to exceed \$30,000); (v) the cost of preparing stock certificates; (vi) the costs and charges of any transfer agent and any registrar; (vii) all expenses and application fees incurred in connection with any filing with, and clearance of the offering by, FINRA; (viii) all expenses incurred by the Company in connection with any "road show" presentation to potential investors, except as set forth in the following sentence; and (ix) all expenses and application fees related to the listing of the Shares on the Exchange. It is understood that, except as specifically provided in this Section 11, the Underwriters will pay all of their own costs and expenses, including the fees of their counsel, stock transfer taxes on resale of any of the Shares by them, any advertising expense connected with any offers they make and one-half the cost of any aircraft chartered in connection with any "road show" presentation to potential investors.

(b) If (i) this Agreement is terminated pursuant to Section 9, (ii) the Company for any reason fails to tender the Shares for delivery to the Underwriters or (iii) the Underwriters decline to purchase the Shares for any reason permitted under this Agreement, the Company agrees to reimburse the Underwriters for all out-of-pocket costs and expenses (including the fees and expenses of their counsel) reasonably incurred by the Underwriters in connection with this Agreement and the offering contemplated hereby.

12. Persons Entitled to Benefit of Agreement. This Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the parties hereto and their respective successors and the officers and directors and any controlling persons referred to in Section 7 hereof. Nothing in this Agreement is intended or shall be construed to give any other person any legal or equitable right, remedy or claim under or in respect of this Agreement or any provision contained herein. No purchaser of Shares from any Underwriter shall be deemed to be a successor merely by reason of such purchase.

13. Survival. The respective indemnities, rights of contribution, representations, warranties and agreements of the Company and the Underwriters contained in this Agreement or made by or on behalf of the Company or the Underwriters pursuant to this Agreement or any certificate delivered pursuant hereto shall survive the delivery of and payment for the Shares and shall remain in full force and effect, regardless of any termination of this Agreement or any investigation made by or on behalf of the Company or the Underwriters.

14. Certain Defined Terms. For purposes of this Agreement, (a) except where otherwise expressly provided, the term "affiliate" has the meaning set forth in Rule 405 under the Securities Act; (b) the term "business day" means any day other than a day on which banks are permitted or required to be

24

closed in New York City; and (c) the term "subsidiary" has the meaning set forth in Rule 405 under the Securities Act.

15. Miscellaneous.

(a) Authority of J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Goldman, Sachs & Co. Any action by the Underwriters hereunder may be taken by J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Goldman, Sachs & Co. on behalf of the Underwriters, and any such action taken by J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. or Goldman, Sachs & Co. shall be binding upon the Underwriters.

(b) Notices. All notices and other communications hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly given if mailed or transmitted and confirmed by any standard form of telecommunication. Notices to the Underwriters shall be given to the Representatives c/o J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., 383 Madison Avenue, New York, New York 10179 (fax: (212) 622-8358); Attention: Equity Syndicate Desk.; and c/o Goldman, Sachs & Co. 200 West Street, New York, NY 10282-2198 (fax: 212-902-3000) Attention: Registration Department. Notices to the Company shall be given to it at Generac Holdings Inc., S45 W29290 Hwy. 59, Waukesha, Wisconsin (fax: (262) 968-3374); Attention: Aaron Jagdfeld.

(c) Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York applicable to agreements made and to be performed in such state.

(d) Counterparts. This Agreement may be signed in counterparts (which may include counterparts delivered by any standard form of telecommunication), each of which shall be an original and all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

(e) Amendments or Waivers. No amendment or waiver of any provision of this Agreement, nor any consent or approval to any departure therefrom, shall in any event be effective unless the same shall be in writing and signed by the parties hereto.

(f) Headings. The headings herein are included for convenience of reference only and are not intended to be part of, or to affect the meaning or interpretation of, this Agreement.

25

If the foregoing is in accordance with your understanding, please indicate your acceptance of this Agreement by signing in the space provided below.

Very truly yours,

GENERAC HOLDINGS INC.

By: _____

Name:
Title:

[Signature Page — Underwriting Agreement]

Accepted: [], 2010

J.P. MORGAN SECURITIES INC.
GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO.

For themselves and on behalf of the
several Underwriters listed
in Schedule 1 hereto.

J.P. MORGAN SECURITIES INC.

By: _____

Name:
Title:

GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO.

(Goldman, Sachs & Co.)

[Signature Page — Underwriting Agreement]

Underwriter	Number of Shares
J.P. Morgan Securities Inc.	
Goldman, Sachs & Co.	
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated	
Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated	
KeyBanc Capital Markets Inc.	
Stephens Inc.	
William Blair & Company, LLC	
Total	

1

Schedule 2

**Persons Required
to Sign Lock-up Letters**

Directors

Aaron Jagfeld
Stephen Murray
Timothy Walsh
Stephen V. McKenna
John D. Bowlin
Edward A. LeBlanc
Barry J. Goldstein

Executive Officers (other than those included above)

York A. Ragen
Dawn Tabat
Clement Feng
Allen Gillette
Roger Schaus, Jr.
Roger Pascavis

Former Officers

Willam W. Treffert
The William and Selma Treffert Living Trust Dated February 21, 1998
The William W. Treffert Grantor Retained Annuity Trust

Significant Shareholders

CCMP Capital, LLC
CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P.
CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman) II, L.P.
CCMP Generac Co-Invest, L.P.
CCMP Capital Associates, L.P.
CCMP Capital Associates GP, LLC
Generac Co-Invest GP, LLC
Unitas Capital Ltd.
Asia Opportunity Fund II, L.P.
AOF II Employee Co-Invest Fund, L.P.
Unitas Capital Equity Partners II, L.P.
Liu Asia Equity Company II

1

Annex A

Form of Opinion of Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP, Counsel for the Company

- Each of the Company and Generac Acquisition Corp. (the "Delaware Subsidiary") has been duly incorporated, is a corporation validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware and has all requisite corporate power and authority to own, lease and operate its properties and to carry on its business as described in the Prospectus and the Pricing Disclosure Package.
- The Company has an authorized capitalization as set forth in the Registration Statement, the Prospectus and the Pricing Disclosure Package under the heading "Capitalization." All issued and outstanding shares of capital stock of the Company are duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable, with no personal liability attaching to the ownership thereof. The capital stock of the Company conforms in all material respects to the description thereof contained in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus.
- The Shares to be issued pursuant to the Agreement have been duly authorized and, when issued and paid for as contemplated by the Agreement, will be validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable and free of preemptive rights pursuant to law or in the Company's Certificate of Incorporation.
- All of the outstanding shares of capital stock of the Delaware Subsidiary are owned of record by the Company. To our knowledge, such shares are also owned beneficially by the Company and are free and clear of all adverse claims, limitations on voting rights, options and other encumbrances and are duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable.
- The Company has all requisite corporate power and authority to execute and deliver the Agreement and to perform its obligations thereunder. The execution, delivery and performance of the Agreement by the Company have been duly authorized by all necessary corporate action on the part of the Company. The Agreement has been duly and validly executed and delivered by the Company.
- The execution and delivery by the Company of the Agreement and the performance by the Company of its obligations thereunder and the issuance and sale of the Shares will not conflict with, constitute a default under or violate (i) any of the terms, conditions or provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation or by-laws of the Company or the Delaware Subsidiary, (ii) any of the terms, conditions or provisions of any document, agreement or other instrument listed on Schedule 1(1), (iii) New York, Delaware corporate or federal law or regulation (other than federal and state securities or blue sky laws, as to which we express no opinion in this paragraph) or (iv) any judgment, writ, injunction, decree, order or ruling of any court or governmental authority binding on the Company or the Delaware Subsidiary or any of their properties or assets of which we are aware.

(1) Schedule 1 will list all documents filed as an exhibit to the Registration Statement.

1

7. No consent, approval, waiver, license or authorization or other action by or filing with any New York, Delaware corporate or federal governmental authority is required in connection with the execution and delivery by the Company of the Agreement, the consummation by the Company of the transactions contemplated thereby (including the issuance and sale of the Shares), or the performance by the Company of its obligations thereunder, except for filings and other actions required pursuant to federal and state securities or blue sky laws, as to which we express no opinion in this paragraph.

8. The Registration Statement has become effective under the Securities Act at _____ p.m. on _____, 20____, and we are not aware of any stop order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement or of any notice objecting to its use. To our knowledge, no proceedings therefor have been initiated or overtly threatened by the Commission and any required filing of the Prospectus and any supplement thereto pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Securities Act has been made in the manner and within the time period required by the Securities Act or the rules thereunder.

9. The statements in the Registration Statement, the Prospectus and the Pricing Disclosure Package under the caption "Description of capital stock," insofar as such statements constitute summaries of the legal matters, documents or proceedings referred to therein, fairly present the information called for with respect to such legal matters, documents and proceedings and fairly summarize the matters referred to therein in all material respects.

10. The statements in the Registration Statement, the Prospectus and the Pricing Disclosure Package under the caption "Certain material U.S. federal income and estate tax considerations" insofar as they constitute statements of United States federal tax law and regulation or legal conclusions with respect thereto, and subject to the limitations set forth therein, are correct in all material respects.

11. To our knowledge, there are no legal or governmental proceedings pending or overtly threatened to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries is a party or to which any of the properties of the Company or any of its subsidiaries is subject that are required to be described in the Registration Statement, the Prospectus or the Pricing Disclosure Package and are not so described.

12. The Company is not, and immediately after giving effect to the sale of the Shares and the application of the proceeds thereof as described in the Prospectus and the Pricing Disclosure Package will not be, required to register as an "investment company" under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.

13. To our knowledge, except as disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Prospectus and the Pricing Disclosure Package, there are no agreements between the Company and any person granting such person the right to require the Company to file a registration statement under the Securities Act with respect to any securities of the Company owned or to be owned by such person or to require the Company to include such securities in the securities registered pursuant to the Registration Statement.

We confirm to you that, on the basis of the information we gained in the course of performing the services referred to above, (a) the Registration Statement, as of its effective date, and the Prospectus, as of its date, appeared on their face to be appropriately responsive, in all material respects relevant to the offering of the Securities, to the applicable requirements of the Securities Act and the rules and regulations thereunder, and (b) no facts have come to our attention which cause us to believe that (i) the Registration Statement, as of its effective date, contained an untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not

2

misleading, (ii) the Pricing Disclosure Package, as of [:00 [A]/[P]M on _____, 20____], contained any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, or (iii) the Prospectus, as of its date or as of the date hereof, contained or contains any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted or omits to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

3

Annex B

Form of Opinion of Reinhart Boerner Van Deuren s.c., Counsel for the Company

1. The Wisconsin Subsidiary is a corporation validly existing under the laws of Wisconsin and, based solely on a certificate issued by the Wisconsin Department of Financial Institutions (the "Department"), (a) the Wisconsin Subsidiary has filed with the Department during its most recently completed report year the required annual report; (b) the Wisconsin Subsidiary is not the subject of a proceeding under Wisconsin Statutes section 180.1421 to cause its administrative dissolution; (c) no determination has been made by the Department that grounds exist for such action with respect to the Wisconsin Subsidiary; (d) no filing has been made with the Department of a decree of dissolution with respect to the Wisconsin Subsidiary; and (e) Articles of Dissolution of the Wisconsin Subsidiary have not been filed with the Department. Based solely on a certificate from the applicable secretary of state, or other applicable office, of each state set forth on an exhibit to the opinion hereto, the status of the Wisconsin Subsidiary as a foreign corporation in such states is as stated on an exhibit to the opinion.

2. The Wisconsin Subsidiary has the corporate power and authority to own, lease and operate its properties and assets and to carry on all business activities which it now conducts, except where the failure to have such power or authority would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect.

3. The execution, delivery and performance by the Company of the Underwriting Agreement, the compliance by the Company with the terms thereof, the issuance and sale of the Shares being delivered on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, and the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Underwriting Agreement will not (a) result in a violation of any provision of the Articles of Incorporation or the By-Laws of the Wisconsin Subsidiary, (b) result in the violation of any law, statute or regulation of the State of Wisconsin which is known by us to be applicable to the Wisconsin Subsidiary, but we express no opinion in this paragraph 3(b) concerning any federal or state securities laws, (c) result in a violation of any judgment or order of which we have knowledge to which the Wisconsin Subsidiary is subject or (d) require any registration or filing by the Company with, or any permit, license, consent, authorization or approval of, or the giving of any notice by the Company to, any governmental or regulatory body, agency or authority in the State of Wisconsin, but we express no opinion in this paragraph 3(d) concerning any federal or state securities laws.

4. All of the outstanding shares of capital stock of the Wisconsin Subsidiary have been duly and validly authorized and issued, and are fully paid and non-assessable. The outstanding shares of capital stock of the Wisconsin Subsidiary are owned directly or indirectly by the Company and, to our knowledge, free and clear of any lien, charge, encumbrance, security interest, restriction on voting or transfer or any other claim of any third party (except as otherwise described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus).

1

Annex C

Form of Opinion of the General Counsel for the Wisconsin Subsidiary

1. Except as disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Prospectus and the Pricing Disclosure Package, to my knowledge, there is no litigation, proceeding (including, without limitation, arbitral proceedings), investigation or other legal or administrative proceeding pending or overtly threatened in writing against the Company or any of its subsidiaries or any of their respective properties or assets which, individually or in the aggregate, if determined adversely to the Company or any of its subsidiaries, could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

2. The execution, delivery and performance by the Company of the Underwriting Agreement, the compliance by the Company with the terms thereof, the issuance and sale of the Shares and the consummation of the transactions contemplated thereunder will not conflict with or result in a breach or violation of any of the terms or provisions of, or constitute a default under, or result in the creation or imposition of any lien, charge or encumbrance upon any property or assets of the Wisconsin Subsidiary pursuant to, any document, agreement or instrument to which the Wisconsin Subsidiary is a party or by which the Wisconsin Subsidiary is bound or to which any of the property or assets of the Wisconsin Subsidiary is subject, except for any such breach, violation, default, lien, charge or encumbrance that could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

1

Annex D

(a) **Pricing Disclosure Package**

(b) **Pricing Information Provided Orally by the Underwriters**

1

GENERAC HOLDINGS INC.

Pricing Term Sheet

[to be included at pricing if necessary]

1

Exhibit A

FORM OF LOCK-UP AGREEMENT

[], 2010

J.P. Morgan Securities Inc.
 Goldman, Sachs & Co.
 as Representatives of the
 several Underwriters listed
 in Schedule 1 of the
 Underwriting Agreement

c/o J.P. Morgan Securities Inc.
 383 Madison Avenue
 New York, New York 10179

Goldman, Sachs & Co.
 85 Broad Street
 New York, New York 10004

Re: GENERAC HOLDINGS INC. — Initial Public Offering

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The undersigned understands that you, as Representatives of the several Underwriters, propose to enter into an Underwriting Agreement (the "Underwriting Agreement") with Generac Holdings Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), providing for the public offering (the "Public Offering") by the several Underwriters named in Schedule 1 to the Underwriting Agreement (the "Underwriters"), of shares of common stock of the Company (the "Securities"). Capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings set forth in the Underwriting Agreement.

In consideration of the Underwriters' agreement to purchase and make the Public Offering of the Securities, and for other good and valuable consideration receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the undersigned hereby agrees that, without the prior written consent of J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Goldman, Sachs & Co. on behalf of the Underwriters, the undersigned will not, during the period beginning from the date hereof and continuing to and including the date that is 180 days after the date of the final prospectus relating to the Public Offering (the "Lock-Up Period"), (1) offer, pledge, announce the intention to sell, sell, contract to sell, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase, or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, any shares of common stock, \$0.01 per share par value, of the Company (the "Common Stock") or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for Common Stock (including without limitation, Common Stock or such other securities which may be deemed to be beneficially owned by the undersigned in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and securities which may be issued upon exercise of a stock option or warrant) or (2) enter into any swap or other agreement that transfers, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of the Common Stock or such other securities, whether any such transaction described in clause (1) or (2) above is to be settled by delivery of Common Stock or such other securities, in cash or otherwise or (3) make any demand for or exercise any right with respect to the registration of any shares of Common Stock or any security convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for Common Stock, in each case other than (A) transfers of shares of Common Stock as a bona fide gift or gifts, (B) distributions

1

of shares of Common Stock to members, partners or stockholders of the undersigned, (C) transfers to any beneficiary of the undersigned pursuant to a will or other testamentary document or applicable laws of descent, (D) transfers to any "affiliate" (as such term is defined in Rule 144(a)(1) under the Act) of the undersigned, (E) transfers to any immediate family member (any relationship by blood, marriage or adoption, not more remote than first cousin) of the undersigned or (F) transfers to any trust for the direct or indirect benefit of the undersigned or the immediate family of the undersigned; provided that in the case of any transfer or distribution pursuant to clauses (A) through (F) above, each such donee, distributee, beneficiary, affiliate or immediate family member shall execute and deliver to the Representatives a lock-up letter in the form of this paragraph; and provided, further, that in the case of any transfer or distribution pursuant to clauses (A) through (F) above, no filing by any such party (donor, donee, transferor, transferee) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or other public announcement shall be required or shall be made voluntarily in connection with such transfer or distribution (other than a filing on a Form 5 made after the expiration of the Lock-Up Period). Notwithstanding the foregoing, if (1) during the last 17 days of the Lock-Up Period, the Company issues an earnings release or material news or a material event relating to the Company occurs; or (2) prior to the expiration of the Lock-Up Period, the Company announces that it will release earnings results during the 16-day period beginning on the last day of the Lock-Up Period, the restrictions imposed by this Letter Agreement shall continue to apply until the expiration of the 18-day period beginning on the issuance of the earnings release or the occurrence of the material news or material event.

In furtherance of the foregoing, the Company, and any duly appointed transfer agent for the registration or transfer of the securities described herein, are hereby authorized to decline to make any transfer of securities if such transfer would constitute a violation or breach of this Letter Agreement.

The undersigned hereby represents and warrants that the undersigned has full power and authority to enter into this Letter Agreement. All authority herein conferred or agreed to be conferred and any obligations of the undersigned shall be binding upon the successors, assigns, heirs or personal representatives of the undersigned.

This Letter Agreement shall automatically terminate upon the earliest to occur, if any, of (i) termination of the Underwriting Agreement prior to the Closing Date, (ii) the Company's withdrawal of the Registration Statement or (iii) [], 2010 [six months after signing of Underwriting Agreement], if the Public Offering has not been consummated by such date. The undersigned understands that the Underwriters are entering into the Underwriting Agreement and proceeding with the Public Offering in reliance upon this Letter Agreement.

This Letter Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York.

Very truly yours,

[NAME]

By: _____

Name:

Title:

2

**THIRD AMENDED AND RESTATED
CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION
OF GENERAC HOLDINGS INC.**

**(Under Sections 242 and 245 of the
Delaware General Corporation Law)**

Generac Holdings Inc. (the "Corporation"), a corporation organized and existing under the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, as amended (the "DGCL"), does hereby certify as follows:

1. The name of the Corporation is Generac Holdings Inc. The Corporation was originally incorporated under the name GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. The original certificate of incorporation of the Corporation was filed with the office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on September 12, 2006.
2. This Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation was duly adopted by the Board of Directors of the Corporation (the "Board of Directors") and by the stockholders of the Corporation in accordance with Sections 242 and 245 of the DGCL and by the written consent of its stockholders in accordance with Section 228 of the DGCL.
3. This Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation restates and integrates and further amends the certificate of incorporation of the Corporation, as heretofore amended or supplemented.
4. The Certificate of Incorporation is hereby amended and restated to read in its entirety as follows:

ARTICLE I

Section 1.1. **Name.** The name of the Corporation is Generac Holdings Inc.

ARTICLE II

Section 2.1. **Address.** The address of the Corporation's registered office in the State of Delaware is Corporate Service Company, 2711 Centerville Road, Suite 400, in the City of Wilmington, County of New Castle, 19808. The name of its registered agent at such address is Corporation Service Company.

ARTICLE III

Section 3.1. **Purpose.** The purpose of the Corporation is to engage in any lawful act or activity for which corporations may be organized under the DGCL. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Corporation shall have all of the powers conferred on corporations by the DGCL and other applicable law.

ARTICLE IV

Section 4.1. **Authorized Shares.** The total number of shares of stock which the Corporation shall have authority to issue is FIVE HUNDRED FIFTY MILLION (550,000,000) shares, of which (i) FIVE HUNDRED MILLION (500,000,000) shares shall be shares of Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the "Common Stock") and (ii) FIFTY MILLION (50,000,000) shares shall be shares of Preferred Stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the "Preferred Stock"). Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, the rights and preferences of the Common Stock shall at all times be subject to the rights and preferences of the Preferred Stock as may be set forth in one or more certificates of designations filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware from time to time in accordance with the DGCL and this Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation. The number of authorized shares of Preferred Stock and Common Stock may be increased or decreased (but not below the number of shares thereof then outstanding) from time to time by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least a majority of the voting power of the Corporation's then outstanding shares of stock entitled to vote thereon, voting together as a single class, irrespective of the provisions of Section 242(b)(2) of the DGCL (or any successor provision thereto), and no vote of the holders of any of the Common Stock or the Preferred Stock voting separately as a class or series shall be required therefor.

Upon this Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation becoming effective pursuant to the DGCL (the "Effective Time"), each share of Class A Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of the Corporation, outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time (including treasury shares) ("Old Common Stock") shall automatically, without further action on the part of the Corporation or any holder of such Old Common Stock, be reclassified as and shall become one (1) new validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable share of Common Stock. The reclassification of the Old Common Stock into Common Stock will occur at the Effective Time, regardless of when any certificates previously representing such shares of Old Common Stock (if such shares are held in certificated form) are physically surrendered to the Corporation in exchange for certificates representing such new shares of Common Stock. Until surrendered, each certificate that theretofore represented shares of Old Common Stock shall thereafter represent such number of shares of Common Stock into which the shares of Old Common Stock represented by such certificate have been reclassified.

No fractional shares of Common Stock shall be issued upon reclassification of the Old Common Stock hereby. If the reclassification would result in the issuance of a fractional share, such fractional share shall be rounded up to the next whole share.

Section 4.2. **Common Stock.** The Common Stock shall have the following powers, designations, preferences and rights and qualifications, limitations and restrictions:

(a) **Voting.** Each holder of record of shares of Common Stock shall be entitled to vote at all meetings of the stockholders of the Corporation and shall have one vote for each share of Common Stock held of record by such holder of record as of the applicable record date on any matter that is submitted to a vote of the stockholders of the Corporation; provided, however, that to the fullest extent permitted by law, holders of Common Stock, as such, shall have no voting power with respect to, and shall not be

2

entitled to vote on, any amendment to this Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (including any certificate of designations relating to any series or class of Preferred Stock) that relates solely to the terms of one or more outstanding series or class(es) of Preferred Stock if the holders of such affected series or class(es) of Preferred Stock are entitled, either separately or together with the holders of one or more other such series or class(es), to vote thereon pursuant to applicable law or this Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (including any certificate of designations relating to any series or class of Preferred Stock).

(b) **Dividends and Distributions.** Subject to the prior rights of all classes or series of stock at the time outstanding having prior rights as to dividends or other distributions, the holders of shares of Common Stock shall be entitled to receive such dividends and other distributions in cash, property, or stock as may be declared on the Common Stock by the Board of Directors from time to time out of assets or funds of the Corporation legally available therefor and shall share equally on a per share basis in all such dividends and other distributions.

(c) **Liquidation, etc.** Subject to the prior rights of creditors of the Corporation and the holders of all classes or series of stock at the time outstanding having prior rights as to distributions upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Corporation, in the event of any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Corporation, either voluntary or involuntary, the holders of shares of Common Stock shall be entitled to receive their ratable and proportionate share of the remaining assets of the Corporation.

(d) No holder of shares of Common Stock shall have cumulative voting rights.

(e) No holder of shares of Common Stock shall be entitled to preemptive, subscription, redemption, or conversion rights. The shares of Common Stock shall not be subject to any sinking fund provisions.

Section 4.3. **Preferred Stock.** The Board of Directors is hereby expressly authorized, by resolution or resolutions, at any time and from time to time, to provide for the issuance of a share or shares of Preferred Stock in one or more series or classes and to fix for each such series or class the number of shares constituting such series or class and the designation of such series or class, the voting powers (if any), whether full or limited, of the shares of such series or class, and the powers, preferences, and relative, participating, optional or other special rights of the shares of each such series or class and the qualifications, limitations, and restrictions thereof and to cause to be filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware a certificate of designation with respect thereto. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, to the fullest extent as may now or hereafter be permitted by the DGCL the authority of the Board of Directors with respect to the Preferred Stock and any series or class thereof shall include, but not be limited to, determination of the following:

(a) the number of shares constituting any series or class and the distinctive designation of that series or class;

shall be cumulative and, if so, from which date or dates, and the relative rights of priority, if any, of payment of dividends on shares of that series or class;

(c) whether any series or class shall have voting rights, in addition to the voting rights provided by applicable law, and, if so, the number of votes per share and the terms and conditions of such voting rights;

(d) whether any series or class shall have conversion privileges and, if so, the terms and conditions of conversion, including provision for adjustment of the conversion rate upon such events as the Board of Directors shall determine;

(e) whether the shares of any series or class shall be redeemable and, if so, the terms and conditions of such redemption, including the date or dates upon or after which they shall be redeemable and the amount per share payable in case of redemption, which amount may vary under different conditions and at different redemption dates;

(f) whether any series or class shall have a sinking fund for the redemption or purchase of shares of that series or class, and, if so, the terms and amount of such sinking fund;

(g) the rights of the shares of any series or class in the event of voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Corporation, and the relative rights of priority, if any, of payment of shares of that series or class; and

(h) any other powers, preferences, rights, qualifications, limitations, and restrictions of any series or class.

The powers, preferences and relative, participating, optional and other special rights of the shares of each series or class of Preferred Stock, and the qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof, if any, may differ from those of any and all other series or classes at any time outstanding. Unless otherwise provided in the resolution or resolutions providing for the issuance of such series or class of Preferred Stock, shares of Preferred Stock, regardless of series or class, which shall be issued and thereafter acquired by the Corporation through purchase, redemption, exchange, conversion or otherwise shall return to the status of authorized but unissued Preferred Stock, without designation as to series or class of Preferred Stock, and the Company shall have the right to reissue such shares.

Section 4.4. Power to Sell and Purchase Shares. Subject to the requirements of applicable law, the Corporation shall have the power to issue and sell all or any part of any shares of any class of stock herein or hereafter authorized to such persons, and for such consideration and for such corporate purposes, as the Board of Directors shall from time to time, in its discretion, determine, whether or not greater consideration could be received upon the issue or sale of the same number of shares of another class, and as otherwise permitted by law. Subject to the requirements of applicable law, the Corporation shall have the power to purchase any shares of any class of stock herein or hereafter authorized from such persons, and for such consideration and for such corporate purposes, as the Board of Directors shall from time to time, in its discretion, determine, whether or not less consideration could be paid upon the purchase of the same number of shares of another class, and as otherwise permitted by law.

ARTICLE V

Section 5.1. Powers of the Board. The business and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed by or under the direction of the Board of Directors. In addition to the powers and authority expressly conferred upon them by applicable law or by this Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (including any certificate of designations relating to any series or class of Preferred Stock) or the Bylaws of the Corporation, the Board of Directors is hereby empowered to exercise all such powers and do all such acts and things as may be exercised or done by the Corporation, except as otherwise specifically required by law or as otherwise provided in this Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (including any certificate of designations relating to any series or class of Preferred Stock).

Section 5.2. Number of Directors. Upon the Effective Time, the total number of directors constituting the entire Board of directors shall be eight (8). Thereafter, subject to the terms of any one or more series or classes of Preferred Stock, the total number of directors constituting the entire Board of Directors shall consist of not less than one nor more than fifteen members, the exact number of which shall be fixed from time to time exclusively by resolution adopted by the affirmative vote of a majority of the entire Board of Directors.

Section 5.3. Classification of the Board. Effective upon the Effective Time, the directors of the Corporation shall be divided into three classes designated Class I, Class II and Class III. Each class shall consist, as nearly as may be possible, of one-third of the total number of directors constituting the entire Board of Directors. The Board of Directors may assign members of the Board of Directors already in office to such classes as of the Effective Time. The term of office of the initial Class I directors shall expire at the first annual meeting of the stockholders following the Effective Time; the term of office of the initial Class II directors shall expire at the second annual meeting of the stockholders following the Effective Time; and the term of office of the initial Class III directors shall expire at the third annual meeting of the stockholders following the Effective Time. At each annual meeting of stockholders, commencing with the first annual meeting of stockholders following the Effective Time, successors to the class of directors whose term expires at that annual meeting shall be elected to hold office until the third annual meeting next succeeding his or her election and until his or her respective successor shall have been duly elected and qualified. If the number of directors is changed, any increase or decrease shall be apportioned among the classes in such a manner as the Board of Directors shall determine so as to maintain the number of directors in each class as nearly equal as possible, but in no case will a decrease in the number of directors shorten the term of any incumbent director.

Section 5.4. Removal of Directors. Subject to the terms of any one or more series or classes of Preferred Stock, any director or the entire Board of Directors may be removed from office at any time, but only for cause and only by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least a majority of the voting power of the Corporation's outstanding shares of stock entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, voting together as a single class. For purposes of this Article V, "cause" shall mean, with respect to any director, (i) the willful failure by such director to perform, or the gross negligence of such director in performing, the duties of a director, (ii) the engaging by such director in willful or serious misconduct that is injurious to the Corporation or

(iii) the conviction of such director of, or the entering by such director of a plea of *nolo contendere* to, a crime that constitutes a felony.

Section 5.5. Term. A director shall hold office until the annual meeting for the year in which his or her term expires and until his or her successor shall be elected and shall qualify, subject, however, to prior death, resignation, retirement or removal from office. A director may resign at any time upon notice to the Corporation.

Section 5.6. Vacancies. Subject to the terms of any one or more series or classes of Preferred Stock, any vacancies in the Board of Directors for any reason and any newly created directorships resulting by reason of any increase in the number of directors shall be filled only by the Board of Directors (and not by the stockholders), acting by a majority of the remaining directors then in office, even if less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director, and any directors so appointed shall hold office until the next election of the class of directors to which such directors have been appointed and until their successors are duly elected and qualified.

Section 5.7. Director Elections by Holders of Preferred Stock. Notwithstanding the foregoing, whenever the holders of any one or more series or classes of Preferred Stock shall have the right, voting separately by series or class, to elect one or more directors at an annual or special meeting of stockholders, the election, filling of vacancies, removal of directors and other features of such one or more directorships shall be governed by the terms of such one or more series or classes of Preferred Stock to the extent permitted by law.

Section 5.8. Officers. Except as otherwise expressly delegated by resolution of the Board of Directors, the Board of Directors shall have the exclusive power and authority to appoint and remove officers of the Corporation.

ARTICLE VI

Section 6.1. Elections of Directors. Elections of directors need not be by written ballot except and to the extent provided in the Bylaws of the Corporation.

Section 6.2. Advance Notice. Advance notice of nominations for the election of directors or proposals of other business to be considered by stockholders, made other than by the Board of Directors or a duly authorized committee thereof or any authorized officer of the Corporation to whom the Board of Directors or such committee shall have delegated such authority, shall be given in the manner provided in the Bylaws of the Corporation. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Bylaws may require that such advance notice include such information as the Board of Directors may deem appropriate or useful.

Section 6.3. No Stockholder Action by Consent. Subject to the terms of any one or more series or classes of Preferred Stock, if CCMP Capital Advisors, LLC and its affiliates (collectively, "CCMP") collectively, beneficially own (as shall be determined in accordance with Rules 13d-3 and 13d-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) less than fifty percent (50.0%) of the then outstanding shares of the Common Stock, then any action required or permitted to be taken by the stockholders of the Corporation must be effected at a duly called annual or special meeting of such stockholders of the Corporation and may not be effected by any written consent in lieu of a meeting by such stockholders, unless the

directors then in office unanimously recommend that such action be permitted to be taken by written consent of stockholders. For purposes of this Section 6.3 and Article XII, "affiliates" shall mean, with respect to a given person, all other persons that, directly or indirectly, control, are controlled by or are under common control with, such person; provided, however, that for the purposes of this definition none of the Corporation, its subsidiaries and any entities (including corporations, partnerships, limited liability companies or other persons) in which the Corporation or its subsidiaries hold, directly or indirectly, an ownership interest, on the one hand, or (ii) CCMP and its affiliates (excluding the Corporation, its subsidiaries or other entities described in clause (i)), on the other hand, shall be deemed to be "affiliates" of one another. For purposes of this definition, "control" (including, with correlative meanings, the terms "controlled by" and "under common control with") as applied to any person means the possession, directly or indirectly, of beneficial ownership of, or the power to vote, ten percent (10%) or more of the securities having voting power for the election of directors (or other persons acting in similar capacities) of such person or the power otherwise to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of such person, whether through the ownership of securities, by contract or otherwise.

Section 6.4. Postponement, Conduct and Adjournment of Meetings. Any meeting of stockholders may be postponed by action of the Board of Directors at any time in advance of such meeting. The Board of Directors shall have the power to adopt such rules and regulations for the conduct of the meetings and management of the affairs of the Corporation as they may deem proper and the power to adjourn any meeting of stockholders without a vote of the stockholders, which powers may be delegated by the Board of Directors to the chairman of such meeting in either such rules and regulations or pursuant to the Bylaws of the Corporation.

Section 6.5. Special Meetings of Stockholders. Special meetings of the stockholders of the Corporation, for any purpose or purposes, may be called at any time, but only by or at the direction of a majority of the directors then in office or the Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation. The ability of stockholders to call a special meeting of stockholders is specifically denied.

ARTICLE VII

Section 7.1. Limited Liability of Directors. To the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL, as the same exists or as may hereafter be amended, no director of the Corporation shall have any personal liability to the Corporation or any of its stockholders for monetary damages for any breach of fiduciary duty as a director. If the DGCL is amended hereafter to permit the further elimination or limitation of the liability of directors, then the liability of a director of the Corporation shall be eliminated or limited to the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL, as so amended. Any alteration, amendment, addition to or repeal of this Section 7.1, or adoption of any provision of this Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (including any certificate of designations relating to any series or class of Preferred Stock) inconsistent with this Section 7.1, shall not adversely affect any right or protection of a director of the Corporation existing at the time of such alteration, amendment, addition to, repeal or adoption with respect to acts or omissions occurring prior to such alteration, amendment, addition to, repeal or adoption.

7

Section 7.2. Mandatory Indemnification and Advancement of Expenses. The Corporation shall indemnify its directors and officers to the fullest extent authorized or permitted by law, as now or hereafter in effect, and such right to indemnification shall continue as to a person who has ceased to be a director or officer of the Corporation and shall inure to the benefit of his or her heirs, executors and personal and legal representatives. The right to indemnification conferred by this Article VII shall include the right to be paid by the Corporation the expenses incurred in defending or otherwise participating in any proceeding in advance of its final disposition upon receipt by the Corporation of an undertaking by or on behalf of the director or officer receiving advancement to repay the amount advanced if it shall ultimately be determined that such person is not entitled to be indemnified by the Corporation under this Article VII.

Section 7.3. Employees and Agents. The Corporation may, to the extent authorized from time to time by the Board of Directors, provide rights to indemnification and to the advancement of expenses to employees and agents of the Corporation similar to those conferred in this Article VII to directors and officers of the Corporation.

Section 7.4. Non-Exclusivity. The rights to indemnification and to the advance of expenses conferred in this Article VII shall not be exclusive of any other right which any person may have or hereafter acquire under this Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (including any certificate of designations relating to any series or class of Preferred Stock), the Bylaws of the Corporation, any statute, agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise.

Section 7.5. Insurance. The Corporation shall have the power to purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was or has agreed to become a director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation against any liability asserted against him or her and incurred by him or her or on his or her behalf in such capacity, or arising out of his or her status as such, whether or not the Corporation would have the power to indemnify him or her against such liability.

Section 7.6. Exception to Right of Indemnification. Notwithstanding any provision in this Article VII, the Corporation shall not be obligated by this Article VII to make any indemnity in connection with any claim made against a current or former director or officer of the Corporation (an "Indemnitee"):

- (a) for which payment has actually been made to or on behalf of such Indemnitee under any insurance policy or other indemnity provision, except with respect to any excess beyond the amount paid under any insurance policy or other indemnity provision; or
- (b) for an accounting of profits made from the purchase and sale (or sale and purchase) by such Indemnitee of securities of the Corporation within the meaning of Section 16(b) of the Exchange Act or similar provisions of state statutory law or common law; or
- (c) in connection with any proceeding (or any part of any proceeding)

8

initiated by such Indemnitee, including any proceeding (or any part of any proceeding) initiated by such Indemnitee against the Corporation or its directors, officers, employees or other indemnitees, unless (i) the Corporation has joined in or the Board of Directors authorized the proceeding (or any part of any proceeding) prior to its initiation, (ii) the Corporation provides the indemnification, in its sole discretion, pursuant to the powers vested in the Corporation under applicable law, or (iii) the proceeding is one to enforce such Indemnitee's rights to indemnification or the advancement of expenses.

Section 7.7. Amendment of Article VII. No alteration, amendment, addition to or repeal of this Article VII, nor the adoption of any provision of this Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (including any certificate of designations relating to any series or class of Preferred Stock) inconsistent with this Article VII, shall adversely affect any rights to indemnification and to the advancement of expenses of a director or officer of the Corporation existing at the time of such alteration, amendment, addition to, repeal or adoption with respect to any acts or omissions occurring prior to such alteration, amendment, addition to, repeal or adoption.

ARTICLE VIII

Section 8.1. Delaware. Meetings of stockholders may be held within or without the State of Delaware, as the Bylaws may provide. The books of the Corporation may be kept (subject to any provision contained in the DGCL) outside the State of Delaware at such place or places as may be designated from time to time by the Board of Directors or in the Bylaws of the Corporation.

ARTICLE IX

Section 9.1. Bylaws. In furtherance and not in limitation of the powers conferred upon it by the laws of the State of Delaware, the Board of Directors is expressly authorized and empowered to make, alter, amend, add to or repeal any and all Bylaws of the Corporation by a majority of the directors then in office. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (including any certificate of designations relating to any series or class of Preferred Stock), the affirmative vote of the holders of at least sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66 2/3%) of the voting power of the Corporation's then outstanding shares entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, voting together as a single class, shall be required for the stockholders to make, alter, amend, add to or repeal any or all Bylaws of the Corporation or to adopt any provision inconsistent therewith.

ARTICLE X

Section 10.1. Creditors. Whenever a compromise or arrangement is proposed between this corporation and its creditors or any class of them and/or between this corporation and its stockholders or any class of them, any court of equitable jurisdiction within the State of Delaware may, on the application in a summary way of this corporation or of any creditor or stockholder thereof or on the application of any receiver or receivers appointed for this corporation under § 291 of Title 8 of the Delaware Code or on the application of trustees in dissolution or of any receiver or receivers appointed for this corporation under § 279 of Title 8 of

the Delaware Code order a meeting of the creditors or class of creditors, and/or of the stockholders or class of stockholders of this corporation, as the case may be, to be summoned in such manner as the said court directs. If a majority in number representing three fourths in value of the creditors or class of creditors, and/or of the stockholders or class of stockholders of this corporation, as the case may be, agree to any compromise or arrangement and to any reorganization of this corporation as consequence of such compromise or arrangement, the said compromise or arrangement and the said reorganization shall, if sanctioned by the court to which the said application has been made, be binding on all the creditors or class of creditors, and/or on all the stockholders or class of stockholders, of this corporation, as the case may be, and also on this corporation.

ARTICLE XI

Section 11.1. **Section 203 of the DGCL.** The Corporation hereby elects not to be governed by Section 203 of the DGCL.

ARTICLE XII

Section 12.1. **Corporate Opportunities.** To the fullest extent permitted by Section 122(17) of the DGCL and except as may be otherwise expressly agreed in writing by the Corporation and CCMP, the Corporation, on behalf of itself and its subsidiaries, renounces any interest or expectancy of the Corporation and its subsidiaries in, or in being offered an opportunity to participate in, business opportunities, which are from time to time presented to CCMP or any of its managers, officers, directors, agents, stockholders, members, partners, affiliates and subsidiaries (other than the Corporation and its subsidiaries), even if the opportunity is one that the Corporation or its subsidiaries might reasonably be deemed to have pursued or had the ability or desire to pursue if granted the opportunity to do so, and no such person or entity shall be liable to the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries for breach of any fiduciary or other duty, as a director or officer or otherwise, by reason of the fact that such person or entity pursues or acquires such business opportunity, directs such business opportunity to another person or entity or fails to present such business opportunity, or information regarding such business opportunity, to the Corporation or its subsidiaries unless, in the case of any such person who is a director or officer of the Corporation, such business opportunity is expressly offered to such director or officer in writing solely in his or her capacity as a director or officer of the Corporation. Neither the alteration, amendment, addition to or repeal of this Article XII, nor the adoption of any provision of this Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (including any certificate of designations relating to any series or class of Preferred Stock) inconsistent with this Article XII, shall eliminate or reduce the effect of this Article XII in respect of any business opportunity first identified or any other matter occurring, or any cause of action, suit or claim that, but for this Article XII, would accrue or arise, prior to such alteration, amendment, addition, repeal or adoption.

ARTICLE XIII

Section 13.1. **Amendment.** The Corporation reserves the right, at any time and from time to time, to alter, amend, add to or repeal any provision contained in this Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (including any certificate of designations relating to any

series or class of Preferred Stock) in any manner now or hereafter prescribed by law, and all rights, preferences, privileges and powers of any nature conferred upon stockholders, directors or any other persons herein are granted subject to this reservation; provided, however, that notwithstanding any other provision of this Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (including any certificate of designations relating to any series or class of Preferred Stock), and in addition to any other vote that may be required by law, the affirmative vote of the holders of at least sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66 2/3%) of the voting power of the Corporation's then outstanding shares of stock entitled to vote thereon, voting together as a single class, shall be required to alter, amend, add to or repeal, or to adopt any provision inconsistent with, Sections 5.3 and 5.4 of Article V, Sections 6.3 and 6.5 of Article VI, Article VII, Article IX, Article XII hereof or this Article XIII.

AMENDED AND RESTATED BYLAWS
OF
GENERAC HOLDINGS INC.
(a Delaware corporation)

Effective , 2010

ARTICLE I
STOCKHOLDERS

Section 1.01. Annual Meetings. The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Corporation for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as properly may come before such meeting shall be held at such place, either within or without the State of Delaware, or, within the sole discretion of the Board of Directors, and subject to such guidelines and procedures as the Board of Directors may adopt, by means of remote communication and at such date and at such time, as may be fixed from time to time by resolution of the Board of Directors and set forth in the notice or waiver of notice of the meeting.

Section 1.02. Special Meetings. Special meetings of the stockholders of the Corporation, for any purpose or purposes, may be called at any time, but only by or at the direction of a majority of the Directors then in office or the Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation. Such special meetings of the stockholders shall be held at such places, within or without the State of Delaware, or, within the sole discretion of the Board of Directors, and subject to such guidelines and procedures as the Board of Directors may adopt, by means of remote communication, as shall be specified in the respective notices or waivers of notice thereof. The ability of stockholders to call a special meeting of stockholders is specifically denied.

Section 1.03. No Stockholder Action by Consent. Subject to the terms of any one or more series or classes of Preferred Stock, if CCMP Capital Advisors, LLC and its affiliates (collectively, "CCMP") collectively, beneficially own (as determined in accordance with Rules 13d-3 and 13d-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) less than fifty percent (50.0%) of the then outstanding shares of the common stock, then any action required or permitted to be taken by the stockholders of the Corporation must be effected at a duly called annual or special meeting of such stockholders of the Corporation and may not be effected by any written consent in lieu of a meeting by such stockholders, unless the directors then in office unanimously recommend that such action be permitted to be taken by written consent of stockholders. In the event that an action is permitted to be taken by written consent of stockholders in accordance with this Section 1.03 and a signed written consent(s) (and any related revocation(s)) is(are) delivered to the Corporation in the manner provided by applicable law, the Corporation may engage independent inspectors of elections for the purpose of performing promptly a ministerial review of the validity of the consents and revocations. In the event the Corporation engages such inspectors, then for the purpose of permitting the inspectors to perform such review no action by written consent in lieu of a meeting of stockholders shall be effective until such inspectors have completed their review, determined that the requisite number of valid and unrevoked consents delivered to the Corporation in accordance with applicable law have been obtained to take the action specified in the consents, and certified such determination for entry in the records of the Corporation kept for the purpose of recording the proceedings of

meetings of stockholders, and such action by written consent will take effect as of the date and time of the certification of the written consents and will not relate back to the date the written consents to take action were delivered to the Corporation. For purposes of this Article I, "affiliates" shall mean, with respect to a given person, all other persons that, directly or indirectly, control, are controlled by or are under common control with, such person; provided, however, that for the purposes of this definition none of the Corporation, its subsidiaries and any entities (including corporations, partnerships, limited liability companies or other persons) in which the Corporation or its subsidiaries hold, directly or indirectly, an ownership interest, on the one hand, or (ii) CCMP and its affiliates (excluding the Corporation, its subsidiaries or other entities described in clause (i)), on the other hand, shall be deemed to be "affiliates" of one another. For purposes of this definition, "control" (including, with correlative meanings, the terms "controlled by" and "under common control with") as applied to any person shall mean the possession, directly or indirectly, of beneficial ownership of, or the power to vote, ten percent (10%) or more of the securities having voting power for the election of directors (or other persons acting in similar capacities) of such person or the power otherwise to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of such person, whether through the ownership of securities, by contract or otherwise.

Section 1.04. Notice of Meetings; Waiver.

(a) The Secretary of the Corporation or any Assistant Secretary shall cause written notice of the place, if any, date and hour of each meeting of the stockholders, and, in the case of a special meeting, the purpose or purposes for which such meeting is called, and the means of remote communication, if any, by which stockholders and proxyholders may be deemed to be present in person and vote at such meeting, to be given personally by mail or by electronic transmission, or as otherwise provided in these Bylaws, not fewer than ten (10) nor more than sixty (60) days prior to the meeting, to each stockholder of record entitled to vote at such meeting. If such notice is mailed, it shall be deemed to have been given personally to a stockholder when deposited in the United States mail, postage prepaid, directed to the stockholder at his or her address as it appears on the record of stockholders of the Corporation, or, if a stockholder shall have filed with the Secretary of the Corporation a written request that notices to such stockholder be mailed to some other address, then directed to such stockholder at such other address. Such further notice shall be given as may be required by law.

(b) A written waiver of any notice of any annual or special meeting signed by the person entitled thereto, or a waiver by electronic transmission by the person entitled to notice, shall be deemed equivalent to notice. Neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, any annual or special meeting of the stockholders need be specified in a written waiver of notice. Attendance of a stockholder at a meeting of stockholders shall constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting, except when the stockholder attends a meeting for the express purpose of objecting, at the beginning of the meeting, to the transaction of any business on the ground that the meeting is not lawfully called or convened.

(c) For notice given by electronic transmission to a stockholder to be effective, such stockholder must consent to the Corporation's giving notice by that particular form of electronic transmission. A stockholder may revoke consent to receive notice by electronic transmission

2

by written notice to the Corporation. A stockholder's consent to notice by electronic transmission is automatically revoked if the Corporation is unable to deliver two consecutive electronic transmission notices and such inability becomes known to the Secretary of the Corporation, any Assistant Secretary, the transfer agent or other person responsible for giving notice.

(d) Notices are deemed given (i) if by facsimile, when faxed to a number where the stockholder has consented to receive notice; (ii) if by electronic mail, when mailed electronically to an electronic mail address at which the stockholder has consented to receive such notice; (iii) if by posting on an electronic network (such as a website or chatroom) together with a separate notice to the stockholder of such specific posting, upon the later to occur of (A) such posting or (B) the giving of the separate notice of such posting; or (iv) if by any other form of electronic communication, when directed to the stockholder in the manner consented to by the stockholder.

(e) If a stockholder meeting is to be held by means of remote communication and stockholders will take action at such meeting, the notice of such meeting must: (i) specify the means of remote communication, if any, by which stockholders and proxyholders may be deemed to be present and vote at such meeting; and (ii) provide the information required to access the stockholder list. A waiver of notice may be given by electronic transmission.

Section 1.05. Quorum. Except as otherwise required by law or by the Certificate of Incorporation, at each meeting of stockholders the presence in person or by proxy of the holders of record of a majority in voting power of the shares entitled to vote at a meeting of stockholders shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at such meeting. Shares of its own stock belonging to the Corporation or to another corporation, if a majority of the shares entitled to vote in the election of directors of such other corporation is held, directly or indirectly, by the Corporation, shall neither be entitled to vote nor be counted for quorum purposes; provided, however, that the foregoing shall not limit the right of the Corporation or any subsidiary of the Corporation to vote stock, including but not limited to its own stock, held by it in a fiduciary capacity.

Section 1.06. Voting. If, pursuant to Section 5.05 of these Bylaws, a record date has been fixed, every holder of record of shares entitled to vote at a meeting of stockholders shall, subject to the terms of any one or more series or classes of Preferred Stock, be entitled to one (1) vote for each share outstanding in his or her name on the books of the Corporation at the close of business on such record date. If no record date has been fixed, then every holder of record of shares entitled to vote at a meeting of stockholders shall, subject to the terms of any one or more series or classes of Preferred Stock, be entitled to one (1) vote for each share of stock standing in his or her name on the books of the Corporation at the close of business on the day next preceding the day on which notice of the meeting is given, or, if notice is waived, at the close of business on the day next preceding the day on which the meeting is held. Except as otherwise required by law, the Certificate of Incorporation or these Bylaws, Directors shall be elected by a plurality of the votes of the shares present in person or represented by proxy at a meeting and voting for nominees in the election of Directors, and in all other matters, the

3

affirmative vote of the majority of shares present in person or represented by proxy at a meeting and voting on the subject matter shall be the act of the stockholders.

Section 1.07. Voting by Ballot. No vote of the stockholders on an election of Directors need be taken by written ballot or by electronic transmission unless otherwise required by law. Any vote not required to be taken by ballot or by electronic transmission may be conducted in any manner approved by the Board of Directors prior to the meeting at which such vote is taken.

Section 1.08. Postponement and Adjournment. Any meeting of stockholders may be postponed by action of the Board of Directors at any time in advance of such meeting. If a quorum is not present at any meeting of the stockholders, the chairman of such meeting shall have the power to adjourn the meeting without a vote of the stockholders. Notice of any adjourned meeting of the stockholders of the Corporation need not be given if the place, if any, date and hour thereof are announced at the meeting at which the adjournment is taken, provided, however, that if the adjournment is for more than thirty (30) days, or if after the adjournment a new record date for the adjourned meeting is fixed pursuant to Section 5.05 of these Bylaws, a notice of the adjourned meeting, conforming to the requirements of Section 1.04 of these Bylaws, shall be given to each stockholder of record entitled to vote at such meeting. At any adjourned meeting at which a quorum is present, any business may be transacted that might have been transacted on the original date of the meeting.

Section 1.09. Proxies. Any stockholder entitled to vote at any meeting of the stockholders may authorize another person or persons to vote at any such meeting and express such vote on behalf of him or her by proxy. A stockholder may authorize a valid proxy by executing a written instrument signed by such stockholder, or by causing his or her signature to be affixed to such writing by any reasonable means including, but not limited to, by facsimile signature, or by transmitting or authorizing the transmission of a telegram, cablegram or other means of electronic transmission to the person designated as the holder of the proxy, a proxy solicitation firm or a like authorized agent. No such proxy shall be voted or acted upon after the expiration of three (3) years from the date of such proxy, unless such proxy provides for a longer period. Every proxy shall be revocable at the pleasure of the stockholder executing it, except in those cases where applicable law provides that a proxy shall be irrevocable. A stockholder may revoke any proxy which is not irrevocable by attending the meeting and voting in person or by filing with the Secretary of the Corporation either an instrument in writing revoking the proxy or another duly executed proxy bearing a later date. Proxies by telegram, cablegram or other electronic transmission must either set forth or be submitted with information from which it can be determined that the telegram, cablegram or other electronic transmission was authorized by the stockholder. Any copy, facsimile telecommunication or other reliable reproduction of a writing or transmission created pursuant to this section may be substituted or used in lieu of the original writing or transmission for any and all purposes for which the original writing or transmission could be used, provided that such copy, facsimile telecommunication or other reproduction shall be a complete reproduction of the entire original writing or transmission.

Section 1.10. Organization; Procedure. At every meeting of stockholders the chairman of such meeting shall be the Chairman of the Board or, if no Chairman of the Board has been elected or in the event of his or her absence or disability, a chairman chosen by the Board of

4

Directors. The Secretary of the Corporation, or in the event of his or her absence or disability, an Assistant Secretary, if any, or if there be no Assistant Secretary, in the absence of the Secretary of the Corporation, an appointee of the chairman of the meeting, shall act as Secretary of the meeting. The order of business and all other matters of procedure at every meeting of stockholders may be determined by the chairman of such meeting.

Section 1.11. Business at Annual and Special Meetings. No business may be transacted at an annual or special meeting of shareholders other than business that is:

(a) specified in a notice of meeting (or any supplement thereto) given by or at the direction of the Board of Directors or a duly authorized committee thereof,

(b) otherwise brought before the meeting by or at the direction of the Board of Directors or a duly authorized committee thereof or any authorized officer of the Corporation to whom the Board of Directors or such committee shall have delegated such authority, or

(c) otherwise brought before the meeting by a "Noticing Shareholder" who complies with the notice procedures set forth in Section 1.12 of these Bylaws.

A "Noticing Shareholder" must be either a "Record Holder" or a "Nominee Holder." A "Record Holder" is a shareholder that holds record stock of the Corporation entitled to vote at the meeting on the business (including any election of a director) to be appropriately conducted at the meeting. A "Nominee Holder" is a shareholder that holds such stock through a nominee or "street name" holder of record and can demonstrate to the Corporation such indirect ownership of such stock and such Nominee Holder's entitlement to vote such stock on such business. Clause (c) of this Section 1.11 shall be the exclusive means for a Noticing Shareholder to make director nominations or submit other business before a meeting of shareholders (other than proposals brought under Rule 14a-8 under the Exchange Act and included in the Corporation's notice of meeting, which proposals are not governed by these Bylaws). Notwithstanding anything in these Bylaws to the contrary, no business shall be conducted at a shareholders' meeting except in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section 1.11 and Section 1.12 of these Bylaws.

Section 1.12. Notice of Stockholder Business and Nominations. In order for a Noticing Shareholder to properly bring any item of business before a meeting of shareholders, the Noticing Shareholder must give timely notice thereof in writing to the Secretary of the Corporation in compliance with the requirements of this Section 1.12. Section 1.12 shall constitute an "advance notice provision" for annual meetings for purposes of Rule 14a-4(c)(1) under the Exchange Act.

(a) To be timely, a Noticing Shareholder's notice shall be delivered to the Secretary at the principal executive offices of the Corporation:

(i) in the case of an annual meeting of shareholders, not earlier than the close of business on the 120th day and not later than the close of business on the 90th day prior to the first anniversary of the preceding year's annual meeting; provided, however, that in the

5

event the date of the annual meeting is more than 30 days before or more than 60 days after such anniversary date, notice by the shareholder to be timely must be so delivered not earlier than the close of business on the 120th day prior to the date of such annual meeting and not later than the close of business on the later of the 90th day prior to the date of such annual meeting or, if the first public announcement of the date of such annual meeting is less than 100 days prior to the date of such annual meeting, the 10th day following the day on which public announcement of the date of such meeting is first made by the Corporation; and

(ii) in the case of a special meeting of shareholders called for the purpose of electing directors, not earlier than the close of business on the one-hundred twentieth (120th) day prior to such special meeting and not later than the close of business on the later of the ninetieth (90th) day prior to such special meeting or the tenth (10th) day following the date on which notice of the date of the special meeting was mailed or public disclosure of the date of the special meeting was made, whichever first occurs. In no event shall any adjournment or postponement of an annual or special meeting, or the announcement thereof, commence a new time period for the giving of a shareholder's notice as described above.

(b) To be in proper form, whether in regard to a nominee for election to the Board of Directors or other business, a Noticing Shareholder's notice to the Secretary must:

(i) set forth, as to the Noticing Shareholder and, if the Noticing Shareholder holds for the benefit of another, the beneficial owner on whose behalf the nomination or proposal is made, the following information together with a representation as to the accuracy of the information:

(A) the name and address of the Noticing Shareholder as they appear on the Corporation's books and, if the Noticing Shareholder holds for the benefit of another, the name and address of such beneficial owner (collectively "Holder");

(B) the class or series and number of shares of the Corporation that are, directly or indirectly, owned beneficially and/or of record, and the date such ownership was acquired;

(C) any option, warrant, convertible security, stock appreciation right, or similar right with an exercise or conversion privilege or a settlement payment or mechanism at a price related to any class or series of shares of the Corporation or with a value derived in whole or in part from the value of any class or series of shares of the Corporation, whether or not the instrument or right shall be subject to settlement in the underlying class or series of capital stock of the Corporation or otherwise (a "Derivative Instrument") that is directly or indirectly owned beneficially by the Holder or any Shareholder Associated Person of the Noticing Shareholder and any other direct or indirect opportunity to profit or share in any profit derived from any increase or decrease in the value of shares of the Corporation;

6

(D) any proxy, contract, arrangement, understanding, or relationship pursuant to which the Holder has a right to vote or has granted a right to vote any shares of any security of the Corporation;

(E) any short interest in any security of the Corporation (for purposes of these Bylaws a person shall be deemed to have a short interest in a security if the Holder or any Shareholder Associated Person of the Noticing Shareholder directly or indirectly, through any contract, arrangement, understanding, relationship or otherwise, has the opportunity to profit or share in any profit derived from any decrease in the value of the subject security);

(F) any rights to dividends on the shares of the Corporation owned beneficially by the Holder that are separated or separable from the underlying shares of the Corporation;

(G) any proportionate interest in shares of the Corporation or Derivative Instruments held, directly or indirectly, by a general or limited partnership or limited liability company or similar entity in which the Holder or any Shareholder Associated Person of the Noticing Shareholder is a general partner or, directly or indirectly, beneficially owns an interest in a general partner, is the manager, managing member or directly or indirectly beneficially owns an interest in the manager or managing member of a limited liability company or similar entity;

(H) any performance-related fees (other than an asset-based fee) that the Holder or any Shareholder Associated Person of the Noticing Shareholder is entitled to based on any increase or decrease in the value of shares of the Corporation or Derivative Instruments, if any;

(I) any arrangements, rights, or other interests described in Sections 1.12(b)(i)(C)-(H) held by members of such Holder's immediate family sharing the same household;

(J) a representation that the Noticing Shareholder intends to appear in person or by proxy at the meeting to nominate the person(s) named or propose the business specified in the notice and whether or not such shareholder intends to deliver a proxy statement and/or form of proxy to holders of at least the percentage of the Corporation's outstanding shares required to approve the nomination(s) or the business proposed and/or otherwise to solicit proxies from shareholders in support of the nomination(s) or the business proposed;

(K) a certification regarding whether or not such shareholder and Shareholder Associated Persons have complied with all applicable federal, state and other legal requirements in connection with such shareholder's and/or Shareholder Associated Persons' acquisition of shares or other securities of the Corporation and/or such shareholder's and/or Shareholder Associated Persons' acts or omissions as a shareholder of the Corporation;

7

(L) any other information relating to the Holder that would be required to be disclosed in a proxy statement or other filings required to be made in connection with solicitations of proxies for, as applicable, the proposal and/or for the election of directors in a contested election pursuant to Section 14 of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder; and

(M) any other information as reasonably requested by the Corporation.

Such information shall be provided as of the date of the notice and shall be supplemented by the Holder not later than 10 days after the record date for the meeting to disclose such ownership as of the record date.

(ii) If the notice relates to any business other than a nomination of a director or directors that the shareholder proposes to bring before the meeting, the notice must set forth:

(A) a brief description of the business desired to be brought before the meeting (including the text of any resolutions proposed for consideration), the reasons for conducting such business at the meeting, and any material direct or indirect interest of the Holder or any Shareholder Associated Persons in such business; and

(B) a description of all agreements, arrangements and understandings, direct and indirect, between the Holder, and any other person or persons (including their names) in connection with the proposal of such business by the Holder.

(iii) set forth, as to each person, if any, whom the Holder proposes to nominate for election or reelection to the Board of Directors:

(A) all information relating to the nominee (including, without limitation, the nominee's name, age, business and residence address and principal occupation or employment and the class or series and number of shares of capital stock of the Corporation that are owned beneficially or of record by the nominee) that would be required to be disclosed in a proxy statement or other filings required to be made in connection with solicitations of proxies for election of directors in a contested election pursuant to Section 14 of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder (including such person's written consent to being named in the proxy statement as a nominee and to serving as a director if elected);

(B) a description of any agreements, arrangements and understandings between or among such shareholder or any Shareholder Associated Person, on the one hand, and any other persons (including any Shareholder Associated Person), on the other hand, in connection with the nomination of such person for election as a director; and

8

(C) a description of all direct and indirect compensation and other material monetary agreements, arrangements, and understandings during the past three years, and any other material relationships, between or among the Holder and respective affiliates and associates, or others acting in concert therewith, on the one hand, and each proposed nominee, and his or her respective affiliates and associates, or others acting in concert therewith, on the other hand, including, without limitation all information that would be required to be disclosed pursuant to Item 404 of Regulation S-K if the Holder making the nomination or on whose behalf the nomination is made, if any, or any affiliate or associate thereof or person acting in concert therewith, were the "registrant" for purposes of Item 404 and the nominee were a director or executive officer of such registrant.

(iv) with respect to each nominee for election or reelection to the Board of Directors, the Noticing Shareholder shall include a completed and signed questionnaire, representation, and agreement required by Section 1.13 of these Bylaws. The Corporation may require any proposed nominee to furnish such other information as may reasonably be required by the Corporation to determine the eligibility of the proposed nominee to serve as an independent director of the Corporation or that could be material to a reasonable shareholder's understanding of the independence, or lack thereof, of the nominee.

(c) Notwithstanding anything in Section 1.12(a) to the contrary, if the number of directors to be elected to the Board of Directors is increased and there is no public announcement by the Corporation naming all of the nominees for director or specifying the size of the increased Board of Directors at least 100 days prior to the first anniversary of the preceding year's annual meeting, a shareholder's notice required by these Bylaws shall also be considered timely, but only with respect to nominees for any new positions created by such increase, if it shall be delivered to the Secretary at the principal executive offices of the Corporation not later than the close of business on the 10th day following the day on which the public announcement naming all nominees or specifying the size of the increased Board of Directors is first made by the Corporation.

(d) For purposes of these Bylaws:

(i) "public announcement" shall mean disclosure in a press release reported by a national news service or in a document publicly filed by the Corporation with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Section 13, 14, or 15(d) of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder;

(ii) "Shareholder Associated Person" means, with respect to any shareholder, (i) any person acting in concert with such shareholder, (ii) any beneficial owner of shares of stock of the Corporation owned of record or beneficially by such shareholder (other than a shareholder that is a depository) and (iii) any person controlling, controlled by or under common control with any shareholder, or any Shareholder Associated Person identified in clauses (i) or (ii) above; and

(iii) "Affiliate" and "Associate" are defined by reference to Rule 12b-2 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. An "affiliate" is any "person that directly, or indirectly

9

through one or more intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with, the person specified." "Control" is defined as the "possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management policies of a person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract, or otherwise." The term "associate" of a person means: (i) any corporation or organization (other than the registrant or a majority-owned subsidiary of the registrant) of which such person is an officer or partner or is, directly or indirectly, the beneficial owner of 10 percent or more of any class of equity securities, (ii) any trust or other estate in which such person has a substantial beneficial interest or as to which such person serves as trustee or in a similar fiduciary capacity, and (iii) any relative or spouse of such person, or any relative of such spouse, who has the same home as such person or who is a director or officer of the registrant or any of its parents or subsidiaries.

(e) Only those persons who are nominated in accordance with the procedures set forth in these Bylaws shall be eligible to serve as directors. Only such business shall be conducted at a meeting of shareholders as shall have been brought before the meeting in accordance with the procedures set forth in these Bylaws, provided, however, that, once business has been properly brought before the meeting in accordance with Section 1.12, nothing in this Section 1.12(e) shall be deemed to preclude discussion by any shareholder of such business. If any information submitted pursuant to this Section 1.12 by any shareholder proposing a nominee(s) for election as a director at a meeting of shareholders is inaccurate in any material respect, such information shall be deemed not to have been provided in accordance with Section 1.12. Except as otherwise provided by law, the Certificate of Incorporation, or these Bylaws, the chairman of the meeting shall have the power and duty to determine whether a nomination or any business proposed to be brought before the meeting was made or proposed, as the case may be, in compliance with the procedures set forth in these Bylaws and, if he or she should determine that any proposed nomination or business is not in compliance with these Bylaws, he or she shall so declare to the meeting and any such nomination or business not properly brought before the meeting shall be disregarded or not be transacted.

(f) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of these Bylaws, a Noticing Shareholder also shall comply with all applicable requirements of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder with respect to the matters set forth in these Bylaws; provided, however, that any references in these Bylaws to the Exchange Act or the rules thereunder are not intended to and shall not limit the requirements applicable to nominations or proposals as to any other business to be considered pursuant to Section 1.11 or Section 1.12 of these Bylaws.

(g) Nothing in these Bylaws shall be deemed to (i) affect any rights of (A) stockholders to request inclusion of proposals in the Corporation's proxy statement pursuant to Rule 14a-8 under the Exchange Act or (B) the holders of any series or class of Preferred Stock, if any, if so provided under any applicable certificate of designation for such Preferred Stock or (ii) affect any rights of any holders of common stock pursuant to a shareholders' agreement with the Company or impose any requirements, restrictions or limitations under Sections 1.11, 1.12 or 1.13 of these Bylaws unless expressly imposed by such shareholders' agreement.

10

Section 1.13. Submission of Questionnaire, Representation and Agreement. To be eligible to be a nominee for election or reelection as a director of the Corporation by a Holder, a person must complete and deliver (in accordance with the time periods prescribed for delivery of notice under Section 1.12 of these Bylaws) to the Secretary at the principal executive offices of the Corporation a written questionnaire providing the information requested about the background and qualifications of such person and the background of any other person or entity on whose behalf the nomination is being made and a written representation and agreement (the questionnaire, representation, and agreement to be in the form provided by the Secretary upon written request) that such person:

(a) is not and will not become a party to:

(i) any agreement, arrangement or understanding with, and has not given any commitment or assurance to, any person or entity as to how the person, if elected as a director of the Corporation, will act or vote on any issue or question (a "Voting Commitment") that has not been disclosed to the Corporation, or

(ii) any Voting Commitment that could limit or interfere with the person's ability to comply, if elected as a director of the Corporation, with the person's fiduciary duties under applicable law,

(b) is not and will not become a party to any agreement, arrangement or understanding with any person or entity other than the Corporation with respect to any direct or indirect compensation, reimbursement, or indemnification in connection with service or action as a director that has not been disclosed therein, and

(c) in the person's individual capacity and on behalf of any person or entity on whose behalf the nomination is being made, would be in compliance, if elected as a director of the Corporation, and will comply with all applicable publicly disclosed corporate governance, conflict of interest, confidentiality, and stock ownership and trading policies and guidelines of the Corporation.

Section 1.14. Inspectors of Elections. Preceding any meeting of the stockholders, the Board of Directors shall appoint one (1) or more persons to act as "inspectors" of elections, and may designate one (1) or more alternate inspectors. In the event no inspector or alternate is able to act, the chairman of such meeting shall appoint one (1) or more inspectors to act at the meeting. Each inspector, before entering upon the discharge of the duties of an inspector, shall take and sign an oath faithfully to execute the duties of inspector with strict impartiality and according to the best of his or her ability. The inspector shall:

(a) ascertain the number of shares outstanding and the voting power of each;

(b) determine the shares represented at a meeting and the validity of proxies and ballots;

(c) specify the information relied upon to determine the validity of electronic transmissions in accordance with Section 1.09 of these Bylaws;

11

(d) count all votes and ballots;

(e) determine and retain for a reasonable period a record of the disposition of any challenges made to any determination by the inspectors;

(f) certify his or her determination of the number of shares represented at the meeting, and his or her count of all votes and ballots;

(g) appoint or retain other persons or entities to assist in the performance of the duties of inspector; and

(h) when determining the shares represented and the validity of proxies and ballots, be limited to an examination of the proxies, any envelopes submitted with those proxies, any information provided in accordance with Section 1.09 of these Bylaws, ballots and the regular books and records of the Corporation. The inspector may consider other reliable information for the limited purpose of reconciling proxies and ballots submitted by or on behalf of banks, brokers or their nominees or a similar person which represent more votes than the holder of a proxy is authorized by the record owner to cast or more votes than the stockholder holds of record. If the inspector considers other reliable information as outlined in this section, the inspector, at the time of his or her certification pursuant to paragraph (f) of this section, shall specify the precise information considered, the person or persons from whom the information was obtained, when this information was obtained, the means by which the information was obtained, and the basis for the inspector's belief that such information is accurate and reliable.

Section 1.15. Opening and Closing of Polls. The date and time for the opening and the closing of the polls for each matter to be voted upon at a stockholder meeting shall be announced at the meeting. The inspector shall be prohibited from accepting any ballots, proxies or votes or any revocations thereof or changes thereto after the closing of the polls, unless the Delaware Court of Chancery upon application by a stockholder shall determine otherwise.

Section 1.16. List of Stockholders Entitled to Vote. The officer of the Corporation who has charge of the stock ledger of the Corporation shall prepare and make, at least ten (10) days before every meeting of the stockholders, a complete list of the stockholders entitled to vote at the meeting, arranged in alphabetical order, and showing the address of each stockholder and the number of shares registered in the name of each stockholder. Such list shall be open to the examination of any stockholder, for any purpose germane to the meeting, during ordinary business hours, for a period of at least ten (10) days prior to the meeting either (i) on a reasonably accessible electronic network, provided that the information required to gain access to such list is provided with the notice of the meeting, or (ii) during ordinary business hours, at the principal place of business of the Corporation. In the event that the Corporation determines to make the list available on an electronic network, the Corporation may take reasonable steps to ensure that such information is available only to stockholders of the Corporation. If the meeting is to be held at a place, then the list shall be produced and kept at the time and place of the meeting during the whole time thereof, and may be inspected by any stockholder who is present.

12

Section 1.17. Stock Ledger. The stock ledger of the Corporation shall be the only evidence as to who are the stockholders entitled to examine the stock ledger, the list required by Section 1.16 of this Article I or the books of the Corporation, or to vote in person or by proxy at any meeting of the stockholders.

ARTICLE II

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Section 2.01. General Powers. Except as may otherwise be provided by law, the Certificate of Incorporation or these Bylaws, the business and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed by or under the direction of the Board of Directors. In addition to the powers and authority expressly conferred upon them by applicable law or by the Certificate of Incorporation or these Bylaws of the Corporation, the Board of Directors is hereby empowered to exercise all such powers and do all such acts and things as may be exercised or done by the Corporation, except as otherwise specifically required by law or as otherwise provided in the Certificate of Incorporation.

Section 2.02. Number of Directors. Upon the Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation becoming effective pursuant to the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the "Effective Time"), the total number of directors constituting the entire Board of Directors shall be eight (8). Thereafter, subject to the terms of any one or more series or classes of Preferred Stock, the total number of directors constituting the entire Board of Directors shall consist of not less than one nor more than fifteen members, the exact number of which shall be fixed from time to time exclusively by resolution adopted by the affirmative vote of a majority of the entire Board of Directors.

Section 2.03. Classified Board of Directors; Election of Directors. Effective upon the Effective Time, the directors of the Corporation shall be divided into three classes designated Class I, Class II and Class III. Each class shall consist, as nearly as may be possible, of one-third of the total number of directors constituting the entire Board of Directors. The Board of Directors may assign members of the Board of Directors already in office to such classes as of the Effective Time. The term of office of the initial Class I directors shall expire at the first annual meeting of the stockholders following the Effective Time; the term of office of the initial Class II directors shall expire at the second annual meeting of the stockholders following the Effective Time; and the term of office of the initial Class III directors shall expire at the third annual meeting of the stockholders following the Effective Time. At each annual meeting of stockholders, commencing with the first annual meeting of stockholders following the Effective Time, successors to the class of directors whose term expires at that annual meeting shall be elected to hold office until the third annual meeting next succeeding his or her election and until his or her respective successor shall have been duly elected and qualified. If the number of directors is changed, any increase or decrease shall be apportioned among the classes in such a manner as the

Section 2.04. The Chairman of the Board. The Directors may elect from among the members of the Board a "Chairman of the Board." The Chairman of the Board shall be deemed an officer of the Corporation and shall have such duties and powers as set forth in these Bylaws or as shall otherwise be conferred upon the Chairman of the Board from time to time by the Board of Directors. Except where by law the signature of the Chief Executive Officer is required, the Chairman of the Board shall possess the same power as the Chief Executive Officer to sign all contracts, certificates and other instruments of the Corporation which may be authorized by the Board of Directors. The Chairman of the Board may be the Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation. The Chairman of the Board shall, if present, preside over all meetings of the stockholders and of the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors shall by resolution establish a procedure to provide for an acting Chairman of the Board in the event the most recently elected Chairman of the Board is unable to serve or act in that capacity.

Section 2.05. Annual and Regular Meetings. The annual meeting of the Board of Directors for the purpose of electing officers and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting shall be held after the annual meeting of the stockholders and may be held at such places within or without the State of Delaware and at such times as the Board may from time to time determine, and if so determined notice thereof need not be given. Notice of such annual meeting of the Board of Directors need not be given. The Board of Directors from time to time may by resolution provide for the holding of regular meetings and fix the place (which may be within or without the State of Delaware) and the date and hour of such meetings. Notice of regular meetings need not be given, provided, however, that if the Board of Directors shall fix or change the time or place of any regular meeting, notice of such action shall be mailed promptly, or sent by telephone, including a voice messaging system or other system or technology designed to record and communicate messages, telegraph, facsimile, electronic mail or other electronic means, to each Director who shall not have been present at the meeting at which such action was taken, addressed to him or her at his or her usual place of business, or shall be delivered to him or her personally. Notice of such action need not be given to any Director who attends the first regular meeting after such action is taken without protesting the lack of notice to him or her, prior to or at the commencement of such meeting, or to any Director who submits a signed waiver of notice, whether before or after such meeting.

Section 2.06. Special Meetings; Notice. Special meetings of the Board of Directors shall be held whenever called by the Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer (or, in the event of his or her absence or disability, by the President or any Executive Vice President), or by the Board of Directors pursuant to the following sentence, at such place (within or without the State of Delaware), date and hour as may be specified in the respective notices or waivers of notice of such meetings. Special meetings of the Board of Directors also may be held whenever called pursuant to a resolution approved by a majority of the entire Board of Directors. Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be called on twenty-four (24) hours' notice, if notice is given to each Director personally or by telephone, including a voice messaging system, or other system or technology designed to record and communicate messages, telegraph, facsimile, electronic mail or other electronic means, or on five (5) days' notice, if notice is mailed to each Director, addressed to him or her at his or her usual place of business or to such other address as any Director may request by notice to the Secretary. Notice of any special meeting need not be given to any Director who attends such meeting without protesting the lack of notice to him or

her, prior to or at the commencement of such meeting, or to any Director who submits a signed waiver of notice, whether before or after such meeting, and any business may be transacted thereat.

Section 2.07. Quorum; Voting. At all meetings of the Board of Directors, the presence of at least a majority of the total authorized number of Directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Except as otherwise required by law or by the Certificate of Incorporation or these Bylaws, the vote of at least a majority of the Directors present at any meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the Board of Directors.

Section 2.08. Adjournment. A majority of the Directors present, whether or not a quorum is present, may adjourn any meeting of the Board of Directors to another time or place. No notice need be given of any adjourned meeting unless the time and place of the adjourned meeting are not announced at the time of adjournment, in which case notice conforming to the requirements of Section 2.05 of these Bylaws shall be given to each Director.

Section 2.09. Action Without a Meeting. Any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of the Board of Directors may be taken without a meeting if all members of the Board of Directors consent thereto in writing or by electronic transmission, and such writing, writings or electronic transmission or transmissions are filed with the minutes of proceedings of the Board of Directors. Such filing shall be in paper form if the minutes are maintained in paper form and shall be in electronic form if the minutes are maintained in electronic form.

Section 2.10. Regulations; Manner of Acting. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the Certificate of Incorporation and these Bylaws, the Board of Directors may adopt by resolution such rules and regulations for the conduct of meetings of the Board of Directors and for the management of the property, affairs and business of the Corporation as the Board of Directors may deem appropriate. The Directors shall act only as a Board of Directors and the individual Directors shall have no power in their individual capacities unless expressly authorized by the Board of Directors.

Section 2.11. Action by Telephonic Communications. Members of the Board of Directors may participate in a meeting of the Board of Directors by means of conference telephone or other communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other, and participation in a meeting pursuant to this provision shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.

Section 2.12. Resignations. Any Director may resign at any time by submitting an electronic transmission or by delivering a written notice of resignation, signed by such Director, to the Chairman of the Board or the Secretary. Unless otherwise specified therein, such resignation shall take effect upon delivery.

Section 2.13. Removal of Directors. Subject to the terms of any one or more series or classes of Preferred Stock, any director or the entire Board of Directors may be removed from office at any time, but only for cause and only by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least a majority of the voting power of the Corporation's outstanding shares of stock entitled to vote

generally in the election of directors, voting together as a single class. For purposes of this Article II, "cause" shall mean, with respect to any director, (i) the willful failure by such director to perform, or the gross negligence of such director in performing, the duties of a director, (ii) the engaging by such director in willful or serious misconduct that is injurious to the Corporation or (iii) the conviction of such director of, or the entering by such director of a plea of *nolo contendere* to, a crime that constitutes a felony.

Section 2.14. Vacancies and Newly Created Directorships. Subject to the terms of any one or more series or classes of Preferred Stock, any vacancies in the Board of Directors for any reason and any newly created directorships resulting by reason of any increase in the number of directors shall be filled only by the Board of Directors (and not by the stockholders), acting by a majority of the remaining directors then in office, even if less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director, and any directors so appointed shall hold office until the next election of the class of directors to which such directors have been appointed and until their successors are duly elected and qualified.

Section 2.15. Compensation. The amount, if any, which each Director shall be entitled to receive as compensation for such Director's services, shall be fixed from time to time by resolution of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof. The directors may be paid their expenses, if any, of attendance at each meeting of the Board of Directors and may be paid a fixed sum for attendance at each meeting of the Board of Directors or a stated salary for service as director, payable in cash or securities. No such payment shall preclude any director from serving the Corporation in any other capacity and receiving compensation therefor. Members of special or standing committees may be allowed like compensation for service as committee members.

Section 2.16. Reliance on Accounts and Reports, Etc. A Director, or a member of any committee designated by the Board of Directors, shall, in the performance of such Director's or member's duties, be fully protected in relying in good faith upon the records of the Corporation and upon information, opinions, reports or statements presented to the Corporation by any of the Corporation's officers or employees, or committees designated by the Board of Directors, or by any other person as to the matters the Director or the member reasonably believes are within such other person's professional or expert competence and who the Director or member reasonably believes or determines has been selected with reasonable care by or on behalf of the Corporation.

Section 2.17. Director Elections by Holders of Preferred Stock. Notwithstanding the foregoing, whenever the holders of any one or more series or classes of Preferred Stock shall have the right, voting separately by series or class, to elect one or more directors at an annual or special meeting of stockholders, the election, filling of vacancies, removal of directors and other features of such one or more directorships shall be governed by the terms of such one or more series or classes of Preferred Stock to the extent permitted by law.

Section 3.01. Committees. The Board of Directors, by resolution adopted by the affirmative vote of a majority of Directors then in office, may designate from among its members one (1) or more committees of the Board of Directors, each committee to consist of such number of Directors as from time to time may be fixed by the Board of Directors. Any such committee shall serve at the pleasure of the Board of Directors. Each such committee shall have the powers and duties delegated to it by the Board of Directors, subject to the limitations set forth in applicable Delaware law. The Board of Directors may appoint a Chairman of any committee, who shall preside at meetings of any such committee. The Board of Directors may elect one (1) or more of its members as alternate members of any such committee who may take the place of any absent member or members at any meeting of such committee, upon request of the Chairman of the Board or the Chairman of such committee.

Section 3.02. Powers. Each committee shall have and may exercise such powers of the Board of Directors as may be provided by resolution or resolutions of the Board of Directors. No committee shall have the power or authority: to approve or adopt, or recommend to the stockholders, any action or matter expressly required by the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware to be submitted to the stockholders for approval; or to adopt, amend or repeal the Bylaws of the Corporation.

Section 3.03. Proceedings. Each committee may fix its own rules of procedure and may meet at such place (within or without the State of Delaware), at such time and upon such notice, if any, as it shall determine from time to time. Each committee shall keep minutes of its proceedings and shall report such proceedings to the Board of Directors at the meeting of the Board of Directors next following any such proceedings.

Section 3.04. Quorum and Manner of Acting. Except as may be otherwise provided in the resolution creating such committee or in the rules of such committee, at all meetings of any committee, the presence of members (or alternate members) constituting a majority of the total authorized membership of such committee shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The act of the majority of the members present at any meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of such committee. Any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of any committee may be taken without a meeting, if all members of such committee shall consent to such action in writing or by electronic transmission and such writing, writings or electronic transmission or transmissions are filed with the minutes of the proceedings of the committee. Such filing shall be in paper form if the minutes are maintained in paper form and shall be in electronic form if the minutes are maintained in electronic form. The members of any committee shall act only as a committee, and the individual members of such committee shall have no power in their individual capacities unless expressly authorized by the Board of Directors.

Section 3.05. Action by Telephonic Communications. Unless otherwise provided by the Board of Directors, members of any committee may participate in a meeting of such committee by means of conference telephone or other communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other, and participation in a meeting pursuant to this provision shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.

17

Section 3.06. Absent or Disqualified Members. In the absence or disqualification of a member of any committee, if no alternate member is present to act in his or her stead, the member or members thereof present at any meeting and not disqualified from voting, whether or not he, she or they constitute a quorum, may unanimously appoint another member of the Board of Directors to act at the meeting in the place of any such absent or disqualified member.

Section 3.07. Resignations. Any member (and any alternate member) of any committee may resign at any time by delivering a written notice of resignation, signed by such member, to the Board of Directors or the Chairman of the Board. Unless otherwise specified therein, such resignation shall take effect upon delivery.

Section 3.08. Removal. Any member (and any alternate member) of any committee may be removed at any time, either for or without cause, by resolution adopted by a majority of the entire Board of Directors.

Section 3.09. Vacancies. If any vacancy shall occur in any committee, by reason of disqualification, death, resignation, removal or otherwise, the remaining members (and any alternate members) shall continue to act, and any such vacancy may be filled by the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE IV OFFICERS

Section 4.01. Chief Executive Officer. The Board of Directors shall select a Chief Executive Officer to serve at the pleasure of the Board of Directors. The Chief Executive Officer shall (a) supervise the implementation of policies adopted or approved by the Board of Directors, (b) exercise a general supervision and superintendence over all the business and affairs of the Corporation, and (c) possess such other powers and perform such other duties as may be assigned to him or her by these Bylaws, as may from time to time be assigned by the Board of Directors and as may be incident to the office of Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation. The Chief Executive Officer shall have general authority to execute bonds, deeds and contracts in the name of the Corporation and affix the corporate seal thereto, except where required or permitted by law to be otherwise signed and executed and except that the other officers of the Corporation may sign and execute documents when so authorized by these Bylaws, the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer.

Section 4.02. Secretary of the Corporation. The Board of Directors shall appoint a Secretary of the Corporation to serve at the pleasure of the Board of Directors. The Secretary of the Corporation shall (a) keep minutes of all meetings of the stockholders and of the Board of Directors, (b) authenticate records of the Corporation, (c) give, or cause to be given, notice of all meetings of the stockholders and special meetings of the Board of Directors, and (d) in general, have such powers and perform such other duties as may be assigned to him or her by these Bylaws, as may from time to time be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer and as may be incident to the office of Secretary of the Corporation. If the Secretary shall be unable or shall refuse to cause to be given notice of all meetings of the stockholders and special meetings of the Board of Directors, and if there be no Assistant

18

Secretary, then the Board of Directors may choose another officer to cause such notice to be given. The Secretary shall have custody of the seal of the Corporation and the Secretary or any Assistant Secretary, if there be one, shall have authority to affix the same to any instrument requiring it and when so affixed, it may be attested by the signature of the Secretary or by the signature of any such Assistant Secretary. The Board of Directors may give general authority to any other officer to affix the seal of the Corporation and to attest to the affixing by such officer's signature. The Secretary shall see that all books, reports, statements certificates and other documents and records required by law to be kept or filed are properly kept or filed, as the case may be.

Section 4.03. Other Officers Elected by Board Of Directors. At any meeting of the Board of Directors, the Board of Directors may elect a President, Vice Presidents, a Chief Financial Officer, a Treasurer, Assistant Treasurers, Assistant Secretaries, or such other officers of the Corporation as the Board of Directors may deem necessary, to serve at the pleasure of the Board of Directors. Other officers elected by the Board of Directors shall have such powers and perform such duties as may be assigned to such officers by or pursuant to authorization of the Board of Directors or by the Chief Executive Officer.

Section 4.04. Removal and Resignation; Vacancies. Any officer may be removed for or without cause at any time by the Board of Directors. Any officer may resign at any time by delivering a written notice of resignation, signed by such officer, to the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer or the Secretary. Unless otherwise specified therein, such resignation shall take effect upon delivery. Any vacancy occurring in any office of the Corporation by death, resignation, removal or otherwise, shall be filled by or pursuant to authorization of the Board of Directors.

Section 4.05. Authority and Duties of Officers. The officers of the Corporation shall have such authority and shall exercise such powers and perform such duties as may be specified in these Bylaws, except that in any event each officer shall exercise such powers and perform such duties as may be required by law.

Section 4.06. Salaries of Officers. The salaries of all officers of the Corporation shall be fixed by the Board of Directors or any duly authorized committee thereof.

ARTICLE V CAPITAL STOCK

Section 5.01. Certificates of Stock. The Board of Directors may authorize that some or all of the shares of any or all of the Corporation's classes or series of stock be evidenced by a certificate or certificates of stock. The Board of Directors may also authorize the issue of some or all of the shares of any or all of the Corporation's classes or series of stock without certificates. The rights and obligations of shareholders with the same class and/or series of stock shall be identical whether or not their shares are represented by certificates.

(a) Shares with Certificates. If the Board of Directors chooses to issue shares of stock evidenced by a certificate or certificates, each individual certificate shall include the following

19

on its face: (i) the Corporation's name, (ii) the fact that the Corporation is organized under the laws of Delaware, (iii) the name of the person to whom the certificate is issued, (iv) the number of shares represented thereby, (v) the class of shares and the designation of the series, if any, which the certificate represents, and (vi) such other information as applicable law may require or as may be lawful. If the Corporation is authorized to issue different classes of shares or different series within a class, the designations, relative rights, preferences and limitations determined for each series (and the authority of the Board of Directors to determine variations for future series) shall be summarized on the front or back of each certificate. Alternatively, each certificate shall state on its front or back that the Corporation will

furnish the shareholder this information in writing, without charge, upon request. Each certificate of stock issued by the Corporation shall be signed (either manually or in facsimile) by any two officers of the Corporation. If the person who signed a certificate no longer holds office when the certificate is issued, the certificate is nonetheless valid.

(b) Shares without Certificates. If the Board of Directors chooses to issue shares of stock without certificates, the Corporation, if required by the Exchange Act, shall, within a reasonable time after the issue or transfer of shares without certificates, send the shareholder a written notice containing the information required to be set forth or stated on certificates pursuant to the laws of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware. The Corporation may adopt a system of issuance, recordation and transfer of its shares of stock by electronic or other means not involving the issuance of certificates, provided the use of such system by the Corporation is permitted in accordance with applicable law.

Section 5.02. Signatures; Facsimile. All signatures on the certificate referred to in Section 5.01 of these Bylaws may be in facsimile, engraved or printed form, to the extent permitted by law. In case any officer, transfer agent or registrar who has signed, or whose facsimile, engraved or printed signature has been placed upon a certificate, shall have ceased to be such officer, transfer agent or registrar before such certificate is issued, it may be issued by the Corporation with the same effect as if he or she were such officer, transfer agent or registrar at the date of issue.

Section 5.03. Lost, Stolen or Destroyed Certificates. The Board of Directors may direct that a new certificate be issued in place of any certificate theretofore issued by the Corporation alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed, upon delivery to the Corporation of an affidavit of the owner or owners of such certificate, setting forth such allegation. The Corporation may require the owner of such lost, stolen or destroyed certificate, or his or her legal representative, to give the Corporation a bond sufficient to indemnify it against any claim that may be made against it on account of the alleged loss, theft or destruction of any such certificate or the issuance of any such new certificate.

Section 5.04. Transfer of Stock. Upon surrender to the Corporation or the transfer agent of the Corporation of a certificate for shares, duly endorsed or accompanied by appropriate evidence of succession, assignment or authority to transfer, the Corporation shall issue a new certificate to the person entitled thereto, cancel the old certificate and record the transaction upon its books. Within a reasonable time after the transfer of uncertificated stock, the Corporation shall send to the registered owner thereof a written notice containing the information required to

20

be set forth or stated on certificates pursuant to the laws of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware. Subject to the provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation and these Bylaws, the Board of Directors may prescribe such additional rules and regulations as it may deem appropriate relating to the issue, transfer and registration of shares of the Corporation.

Section 5.05. Record Date. In order to determine the stockholders entitled to notice of or to vote at any meeting of stockholders or any adjournment thereof, the Board of Directors may fix, in advance, a record date, which record date shall not precede the date on which the resolution fixing the record date is adopted by the Board of Directors, and which shall not be more than sixty (60) nor fewer than ten (10) days before the date of such meeting. A determination of stockholders of record entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of stockholders shall apply to any adjournment of the meeting, provided, however, that the Board of Directors may fix a new record date for the adjourned meeting. In order that the Corporation may determine the stockholders entitled to receive payment of any dividend or other distribution or allotment of any rights of the stockholders entitled to exercise any rights in respect of any change, conversion or exchange of stock, or for the purpose of any other lawful action, the Board of Directors may fix a record date, which record date shall not precede the date upon which the resolution fixing the record date is adopted, and which record date shall be not more than sixty (60) days prior to such action. If no record date is fixed, the record date for determining stockholders for any such purpose shall be at the close of business on the day on which the Board of Directors adopts the resolution relating thereto.

Section 5.06. Registered Stockholders. Prior to due surrender of a certificate for registration of transfer of any certificated shares, the Corporation may treat the registered owner as the person exclusively entitled to receive dividends and other distributions, to vote, to receive notice and otherwise to exercise all the rights and powers of the owner of the shares represented by such certificate, and the Corporation shall not be bound to recognize any equitable or legal claim to or interest in such shares on the part of any other person, whether or not the Corporation shall have notice of such claim or interests. Whenever any transfer of shares shall be made for collateral security, and not absolutely, it shall be so expressed in the entry of the transfer if, when the certificates are presented to the Corporation for transfer or uncertificated shares are requested to be transferred, both the transferor and transferee request the Corporation to do so.

Section 5.07. Transfer Agent and Registrar. The Board of Directors may appoint one (1) or more transfer agents and one (1) or more registrars, and may require all certificates representing shares to bear the signature of any such transfer agents or registrars.

ARTICLE VI INDEMNIFICATION

Section 6.01. Mandatory Indemnification. The Corporation shall indemnify any Indemnitee to the fullest extent permitted by law, as such may be amended from time to time. In furtherance of the foregoing indemnification, and without limiting the generality thereof:

(a) Proceedings Other Than Proceedings by or in the Right of the Corporation. Any Indemnitee shall be entitled to the rights of indemnification provided in this Section 6.01(a) if,

21

by reason of his or her Corporate Status, Indemnitee is, or is threatened to be made, a party to or participant in any Proceeding other than a Proceeding by or in the right of the Corporation. Pursuant to this Section 6.01(a), any Indemnitee shall be indemnified against all Expenses, judgments, penalties, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him or her, or on his or her behalf, in connection with such Proceeding or any claim, issue or matter therein, if Indemnitee acted in good faith and in a manner Indemnitee reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the Corporation, and with respect to any criminal Proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe Indemnitee's conduct was unlawful. The termination of any Proceeding by judgment, order, settlement, conviction, or upon a plea of *nolo contendere* or its equivalent, shall not, of itself, create a presumption that Indemnitee did not act in good faith and in a manner which Indemnitee reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the Corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that Indemnitee's conduct was unlawful.

(b) Proceedings by or in the Right of the Corporation. Any Indemnitee shall be entitled to the rights of indemnification provided in this Section 6.01(b) if, by reason of his or her Corporate Status, Indemnitee is, or is threatened to be made, a party to or participant in any Proceeding brought by or in the right of the Corporation. Pursuant to this Section 6.01(b), any Indemnitee shall be indemnified against all Expenses actually and reasonably incurred by Indemnitee, or on Indemnitee's behalf, in connection with such Proceeding if Indemnitee acted in good faith and in a manner Indemnitee reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the Corporation; provided, however, if applicable law so provides, no indemnification against such Expenses shall be made in respect of any claim, issue or matter in such Proceeding as to which Indemnitee shall have been adjudged to be liable to the Corporation unless and to the extent that the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware or the court in which such Proceeding was brought shall determine that such indemnification may be made.

Section 6.02. Indemnification for Expenses of a Party Who is Wholly or Partly Successful. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article VI, to the extent that any Indemnitee is, by reason of his or her Corporate Status, a party to and is successful, on the merits or otherwise, in any Proceeding, he or she shall be indemnified to the maximum extent permitted by law, as such may be amended from time to time, against all Expenses actually and reasonably incurred by him or her or on his or her behalf in connection therewith. If such Indemnitee is not wholly successful in such Proceeding but is successful, on the merits or otherwise, as to one or more but less than all claims, issues or matters in such Proceeding, the Corporation shall indemnify Indemnitee against all Expenses actually and reasonably incurred by him or her or on his or her behalf in connection with each successfully resolved claim, issue or matter. For purposes of this Section 6.02 and without limitation, the termination of any claim, issue or matter in such a Proceeding by dismissal, with or without prejudice, shall be deemed to be a successful result as to such claim, issue or matter.

Section 6.03. Advancement of Expenses. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article VI, the Corporation shall advance all Expenses incurred by or on behalf of any Indemnitee in connection with any Proceeding by reason of Indemnitee's Corporate Status within thirty (30) days after the receipt by the Corporation of a statement or statements from Indemnitee requesting such advance or advances from time to time, whether prior to or after final

22

disposition of such Proceeding. Such statement or statements shall reasonably evidence the Expenses incurred by Indemnitee and shall include or be preceded or accompanied by a written undertaking by or on behalf of Indemnitee to repay any Expenses advanced if it shall ultimately be determined that Indemnitee is not entitled to be indemnified against such Expenses. Any advances and undertakings to repay pursuant to this Section 6.03 shall be unsecured and interest free.

Section 6.04. Non-Exclusivity; Insurance.

(a) The rights of indemnification and to receive advancement of expenses as provided by this Article VI shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which Indemnitee may at any time be entitled under applicable law, the Certificate of Incorporation, these Bylaws, any agreement, a vote of stockholders, a resolution of directors or otherwise. No right or remedy conferred in this Article VI is intended to be exclusive of any other right or remedy, and every other right and remedy shall be cumulative and in addition to every other right and remedy given in this Article VI or now or hereafter existing at law or in equity or otherwise. The assertion or employment of any right or remedy in this Article VI, or otherwise, shall not prevent the concurrent assertion or employment of any other right or remedy; and

(b) The Corporation shall have the power to purchase and maintain insurance to the fullest extent permitted by law, as such may be amended from time to time. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Corporation shall have the power to purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was or has agreed to become a director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation against any liability asserted against him or her and incurred by him or her or on his or her behalf in such capacity, or arising out of his or her status as such, whether or not the Corporation would have the power to indemnify him or her against such liability.

Section 6.05. Exception to Right of Indemnification. Notwithstanding any provision in this Article VI, the Corporation shall not be obligated by this Article VI to make any indemnity in connection with any claim made against an Indemnitee:

(a) for which payment has actually been made to or on behalf of such Indemnitee under any insurance policy or other indemnity provision, except with respect to any excess beyond the amount paid under any insurance policy or other indemnity provision; or

(b) for an accounting of profits made from the purchase and sale (or sale and purchase) by such Indemnitee of securities of the Corporation within the meaning of Section 16(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or similar provisions of state statutory law or common law; or

(c) in connection with any Proceeding (or any part of any Proceeding) initiated by such Indemnitee, including any Proceeding (or any part of any Proceeding) initiated by such Indemnitee against the Corporation or its directors, officers, employees or other indemnitees, unless (i) the Corporation has joined in or the Board of Directors authorized the Proceeding (or any part of any Proceeding) prior to its initiation, (ii) the Corporation provides the

23

indemnification, in its sole discretion, pursuant to the powers vested in the Corporation under applicable law, or (iii) the Proceeding is one to enforce such Indemnitee's rights under this Article VI.

Section 6.06. Permissive Indemnification. The Corporation may, to the extent authorized from time to time by the Board of Directors, provide rights to indemnification and advancement of expenses to employees and agents of the Corporation.

Section 6.07. Definitions. For purposes of this Article VI:

(a) "Corporate Status" describes the status of a person who is or was a director, officer, employee, agent or fiduciary of the Corporation, any direct or indirect subsidiary of the Company, or of any other corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise that such person is or was serving at the express written request of the Corporation;

(b) "Enterprise" shall mean the Corporation and any other corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise that Indemnitee is or was serving at the express written request of the Company as a director, officer, employee, agent or fiduciary;

(c) "Expenses" shall include all reasonable attorneys' fees, retainers, court costs, transcript costs, fees of experts, witness fees, travel expenses, duplicating costs, printing and binding costs, telephone charges, postage, delivery service fees and all other disbursements or expenses of the types customarily incurred in connection with prosecuting, defending, preparing to prosecute or defend, investigating, participating, or being or preparing to be a witness in a Proceeding, or responding to, or objecting to, a request to provide discovery in any Proceeding. Expenses also shall include Expenses incurred in connection with any appeal resulting from any Proceeding and any federal, state, local or foreign taxes imposed on Indemnitee as a result of the actual or deemed receipt of any payments under this Article VI, including without limitation the premium, security for, and other costs relating to any cost bond, supersede as bond, or other appeal bond or its equivalent. Expenses, however, shall not include amounts paid in settlement by Indemnitee or the amount of judgments or fines against Indemnitee;

(d) "Indemnitee" means any current or former director or officer of the Corporation; and

(e) "Proceeding" includes any threatened, pending or completed action, suit, arbitration, alternate dispute resolution mechanism, investigation, inquiry, administrative hearing or any other actual, threatened or completed proceeding, whether brought by or in the right of the Corporation or otherwise and whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, in which Indemnitee was, is or will be involved as a party or otherwise, by reason of the fact that Indemnitee is or was an officer or director of the Corporation, by reason of any action taken by him or her or of any inaction on his or her part while acting as an officer or director of the Corporation, or by reason of the fact that he or she is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director, officer, employee, agent or fiduciary of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other Enterprise; in each case whether or not he or she is

24

acting or serving in any such capacity at the time any liability or expense is incurred for which indemnification can be provided under this Article VI.

Section 6.08. Authorization of Indemnification. Any indemnification provided by Section 6.01 of this Article VI (unless ordered by a court) shall be made by the Corporation only as authorized in the specific case upon a determination that indemnification of the Indemnitee is proper in the circumstances because Indemnitee has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in Section 6.01(a) or Section 6.01(b) of this Article VI, as the case may be. Such determination shall be made, with respect to an Indemnitee who is a director or officer at the time of such determination, (i) by a majority vote of the directors who are not parties to such Proceeding, even though less than a quorum, or (ii) by a committee of such directors designated by a majority vote of such directors, even though less than a quorum, or (iii) if there are no such directors, or if such directors so direct, by independent legal counsel in a written opinion or (iv) by the stockholders. Such determination shall be made, with respect to former directors and officers, by any person or persons having the authority to act on the matter on behalf of the Corporation.

Section 6.09. Indemnification by a Court. Notwithstanding any contrary determination in the specific case under Section 6.08 of this Article VI, and notwithstanding the absence of any determination thereunder, any Indemnitee may apply to the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware or any other court of competent jurisdiction in the State of Delaware for indemnification to the extent otherwise permissible under Section 6.01 of this Article VI. The basis of such indemnification by a court shall be a determination by such court that indemnification of Indemnitee is proper in the circumstances because such person has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in Section 6.01(a) or Section 6.01(b) of this Article VI, as the case may be. Neither a contrary determination in the specific case under Section 6.08 of this Article VI nor the absence of any determination thereunder shall be a defense to such application or create a presumption that Indemnitee has not met any applicable standard of conduct. Notice of any application for indemnification pursuant to this Section 6.09 shall be given to the Corporation promptly upon the filing of such application. If successful, in whole or in part, Indemnitee shall also be entitled to be paid the Expenses of prosecuting such application.

Section 6.10. Survival of Indemnification and Advancement of Expenses. The indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by, or granted pursuant to, this Article VI shall, unless otherwise provided when authorized or ratified, continue as to a person who has ceased to be a director or officer and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors and administrators of such a person.

25

ARTICLE VII OFFICES

Section 7.01. Initial Registered Office. The registered office of the Corporation in the State of Delaware shall be located at Corporation Service Company, 2711 Centerville Road, Suite 400, in the City of Wilmington, County of New Castle, 19808.

Section 7.02. Other Offices. The Corporation may maintain offices or places of business at such other locations within or without the State of Delaware as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine or as the business of the Corporation may require.

ARTICLE VIII GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 8.01. Dividends. Subject to any applicable provisions of law and the Certificate of Incorporation, dividends upon the shares of the Corporation may be declared by the Board of Directors at any regular or special meeting of the Board of Directors and any such dividend may be paid in cash, property, or shares of the Corporation's capital stock. A member of the Board of Directors, or a member of any committee designated by the Board of Directors, shall be fully protected in relying in good faith upon the records of the Corporation and upon such information, opinions, reports or statements presented to the Corporation by any of its officers or employees, or committees of the Board of Directors, or by any other person as to matters the Director reasonably believes are within such other person's professional or expert competence and who has been selected with reasonable care by or on behalf of the Corporation, as to the value and amount of the assets, liabilities and/or net profits of the Corporation, or any other facts pertinent to the existence and amount of surplus or other funds from which dividends might properly be declared and paid.

Section 8.02. Execution of Instruments. The Board of Directors may authorize, or provide for the authorization of, officers, employees or agents to enter into any contract or execute and deliver any instrument in the name and on behalf of the Corporation. Any such authorization must be in writing or by electronic transmission and may be general or limited to specific contracts or instruments.

Section 8.03. Voting as Stockholder. Unless otherwise determined by resolution of the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, the President, if any, the Chief Financial Officer, any Executive Vice President or any other person authorized by the Board of Directors shall have full power and authority on behalf of the Corporation to attend any meeting of stockholders of any corporation in which the Corporation may hold stock, and to act, vote (or execute proxies to vote) and exercise in person or by proxy all other rights, powers and privileges incident to the ownership of such stock. Such officers acting on behalf of the Corporation shall have full power and authority to execute any instrument expressing consent to or dissent from any action of any such corporation without a meeting. The Board of Directors may by resolution from time to time confer such power and authority upon any other person or persons.

26

Section 8.04. Corporate Seal. The corporate seal shall be in such form as the Board of Directors shall prescribe.

Section 8.05. Fiscal Year. The fiscal year of the Corporation shall be fixed, and shall be subject to change, by the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE IX
AMENDMENT OF BYLAWS

Subject to the provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation, (i) the Board of Directors may make, alter, amend, add to or repeal any and all of these Bylaws by resolution adopted by a majority of the directors then in office, or (ii) the affirmative vote of the holders of at least sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66 2/3%) of the voting power of the Corporation's then outstanding shares entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, voting together as a single class, shall be required for the stockholders to make, alter, amend, add to or repeal any or all Bylaws of the Corporation or to adopt any provision inconsistent therewith.

ARTICLE X
CONSTRUCTION

In the event of any conflict between the provisions of these Bylaws as in effect from time to time and the provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation as in effect from time to time, the provisions of such Certificate of Incorporation shall be controlling.

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27

GENERAC HOLDINGS INC.

THE COMPANY WILL FURNISH WITHOUT CHARGE TO EACH SHAREHOLDER WHO SO REQUESTS, A SUMMARY OF THE POWERS, DESIGNATIONS, PREFERENCES AND RELATIVE, PARTICIPATING, OPTIONAL OR OTHER SPECIAL RIGHTS OF EACH CLASS OF STOCK OF THE COMPANY AND THE QUALIFICATIONS, LIMITATIONS OR RESTRICTIONS OF SUCH PREFERENCES AND RIGHTS, AND THE VARIATIONS IN RIGHTS, PREFERENCES AND LIMITATIONS DETERMINED FOR EACH SERIES, WHICH ARE FIXED BY THE ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION OF THE COMPANY AS AMENDED, AND THE RESOLUTIONS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY, AND THE AUTHORITY OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS TO DETERMINE VARIATIONS FOR FUTURE SERIES. SUCH REQUEST MAY BE MADE TO THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMPANY OR TO THE TRANSFER AGENT. THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS MAY REQUIRE THE OWNER OF A LOST OR DESTROYED STOCK CERTIFICATE, OR HIS LEGAL REPRESENTATIVES, TO GIVE THE COMPANY A BOND TO INDEMNIFY IT AND ITS TRANSFER AGENTS AND REGISTRARS AGAINST ANY CLAIM THAT MAY BE MADE AGAINST THEM ON ACCOUNT OF THE ALLEGED LOSS OR DESTRUCTION OF ANY SUCH CERTIFICATE.

The following abbreviations, when used in the inscription on the face of this certificate, shall be construed as though they were written out in full according to applicable laws or regulations:

TEN COM - as tenants in common	UNIF GIFT MIN ACTCustodian.....	(Minor)
TEN ENT - as tenants by the entireties		under Uniform Gifts to Minors Act.....	(State)
JT TEN - as joint tenants with right of survivorship	UNIF TRF MIN ACTCustodian (until age.....)	(Minor)
	under Uniform Transfers to Minors Act.....	(State)

Additional abbreviations may also be used though not in the above list.

For value received, _____ hereby sell, assign and transfer unto _____ PLEASE INSERT SOCIAL SECURITY OR OTHER IDENTIFYING NUMBER OF ASSIGNEE

(PLEASE PRINT OR TYPEWRITE NAME AND ADDRESS, INCLUDING POSTAL ZIP CODE, OF ASSIGNEE)

_____ Shares
 of the common stock represented by the within Certificate, and do hereby irrevocably constitute and appoint _____ Attorney
 to transfer the said stock on the books of the within-named Corporation with full power of substitution in the premises.

Dated: _____ 20____

Signature: _____

Signature: _____

Notice: The signature to this assignment must correspond with the name as written upon the face of the certificate, in every particular, without alteration or enlargement, or any change whatever.

Signature(s) Guaranteed: Medallion Guarantee Stamp
 THE SIGNATURE(S) SHOULD BE GUARANTEED BY AN ELIGIBLE GUARANTEE INSTITUTION (Bank, Stockbroker, Savings and Loan Association and Credit Union) WITH MEMBERSHIP IN AN APPROVED SIGNATURE GUARANTEE MEDALLION PROGRAM, PURSUANT TO S.E.C. RULE 17A-15.

SECURITY INSTRUCTIONS

THIS IS WATERMARKED PAPER. DO NOT ACCEPT WITHOUT NOTING WATERMARK. HOLD TO LIGHT TO VERIFY WATERMARK.



1534291

Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP
767 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York 10153

January 22, 2010

Generac Holdings Inc.
S45 W29290 Hwy. 59
Waukesha, Wisconsin 53187

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as counsel to Generac Holdings Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), in connection with the preparation and filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1, File No. 333-162590 (as amended, and including any subsequent registration statement on Form S-1 filed pursuant to Rule 462(b), the "Registration Statement"), under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"), relating to the registration of the offer, issuance and sale by the Company of shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of the Company (together with any additional shares that may be sold by the Company pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Act (the "Shares")). The Shares are to be sold by the Company pursuant to an underwriting agreement among the Company and the Underwriters named therein (the "Underwriting Agreement"), the form of which has been filed as Exhibit 1.1 to the Registration Statement.

In so acting, we have examined originals or copies (certified or otherwise identified to our satisfaction) of (i) the Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the Registration Statement; (ii) the Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Company, filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the Registration Statement; (iii) the Registration Statement; (iv) the prospectus contained within the Registration Statement; (v) the form of the Underwriting Agreement; (vi) the form of Common Stock Certificate of the Company and (vii) such corporate records, agreements, documents and other instruments, and such certificates or comparable documents of public officials and of officers and representatives of the Company, and have made such inquiries of such officers and representatives, as we have deemed relevant and necessary as a basis for the opinion hereinafter set forth.

In such examination, we have assumed the genuineness of all signatures, the legal capacity of all natural persons, the authenticity of all documents submitted to us as originals, the conformity to original documents of all documents submitted to us as certified, conformed or photostatic copies, and the authenticity of the originals of such latter documents. As to all questions of fact material to this opinion that have not been independently established, we have relied upon certificates or comparable documents of officers and representatives of the Company.

Based on the foregoing, and subject to the qualifications stated herein, we are of the opinion that the Shares, when issued and sold as contemplated in the Registration Statement, and upon payment and delivery in accordance with the Underwriting Agreement, will be validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable.

We hereby consent to the filing of this letter as an exhibit to the Registration Statement and to the reference to our firm under the caption "Legal matters" in the prospectus which is a part of the Registration Statement. This opinion and consent may be incorporated by reference in a subsequent registration statement on Form S-1 filed pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Act with respect to the Shares.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP

Generac Holdings Inc.

2010 Equity Incentive Plan

Article 1. Establishment & Purpose

1.1 **Establishment.** Generac Holdings Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), hereby establishes the 2010 Equity Incentive Plan (the “Plan”) as set forth herein.

1.2 **Purpose of Plan.** The purpose of this Plan is to attract, retain and motivate officers, employees, non-employee directors, and consultants of the Company and its Subsidiaries and Affiliates and to promote the success of the Company’s business by providing the Participants with appropriate incentives.

Article 2. Definitions

Whenever capitalized in this Plan, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below.

2.1 “**Affiliate**” means any entity that the Company, either directly or indirectly, is in common control with, is controlled by or controls, or any other entity designated by the Board in which the Company or an Affiliate has a substantial direct or indirect equity interest.

2.2 “**Annual Award Limit**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 5.1(b) hereof.

2.3 “**Award**” means any Option, Stock Appreciation Right, Restricted Stock, Other Stock-Based Award, or Performance-Based Compensation that is granted under this Plan.

2.4 “**Award Agreement**” means either (a) a written agreement entered into by the Company and a Participant setting forth the terms and provisions applicable to an Award granted under this Plan, or (b) a written statement issued by the Company, a Subsidiary, or Affiliate to a Participant describing the terms and conditions of the actual grant of such Award.

2.5 “**Board**” means the Board of Directors of the Company.

2.6 “**CCMP**” means CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P.

2.7 “**CCMP Affiliate**” means any Person who, directly or indirectly, controls any CCMP Person or is controlled by any CCMP Person or is under common control with any CCMP Person, where “control” means the power and ability to direct, directly or indirectly, or share equally in or cause the direction of, the management and/or policies of a CCMP Person, whether through ownership of voting shares or other equivalent interests of the controlled CCMP Person, by contract (including proxy) or otherwise.

2.8 “**CCMP Cayman**” means CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman), L.P.

2.9 “**CCMP Co-Invest**” means CCMP Generac Co-Invest, L.P.

2.10 “**CCMP Entity**” means, collectively, CCMP, CCMP Cayman, CCMP Co-Invest and any CCMP Affiliate.

2.11 “**CCMP Person**” means any of CCMP, CCMP Cayman and CCMP Co-Invest.

2.12 “**Change of Control**” unless otherwise specified in the Award Agreement, means an event or series of events that results in any of the following:

- (a) **Change in Ownership of the Company.** A change in the ownership of the Company occurs on the date that any one Person or more than one Person acting as a group (as determined under Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(5)(v)(B)), other than a Subsidiary or one or more CCMP Entities or a “group” (as such term is used in Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act) in which a CCMP Entity is a member, acquires ownership of stock of the Company that, together with stock held by such Person or group, constitutes more than 50% of the total fair market value or total voting power of stock of the Company;
- (b) **Change in Board of Directors of the Company.** A change in the effective control of the Company occurs on the date individuals who, as of the Effective Date, constitute the Board (the “Incumbent Board”) cease for any reason to constitute at least a majority of the Board during any twelve month period, provided, however, that if the election, or nomination for election by the Company’s stockholders, of any new director was approved by a vote of at least a majority of the Incumbent Board, such new director shall be considered a member of the Incumbent Board, and provided further that any reductions in the size of the Board that are instituted voluntarily by the Incumbent Board shall not constitute a “Change of Control”, and after any such reduction the “Incumbent Board” shall mean the Board as so reduced; or
- (c) **Change in Ownership of a Substantial Portion of the Company’s Assets.** A change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the Company’s assets occurs on the date that any one Person, or more than one Person acting as a group (as determined under Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(5)(v)(B)), other than a Subsidiary or one or more CCMP Entities or a “group” (as such term is used in Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act) in which a CCMP Entity is a member, acquires (or has acquired during the 12-month period ending on the date of the most recent acquisition by such Person or Persons) assets from the Company that have a total gross fair market value of more than 50% of the total gross fair market value of all of the assets of the Company immediately prior to such acquisition or acquisitions. For this purpose, gross fair market value means the value of the assets of the Company, or the value of the assets being disposed of, determined in good faith by the Board without regard to any liabilities associated with such assets.

2.13 “**Code**” means the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time to time.

2.14 “**Committee**” means the Compensation Committee of the Board or any other committee designated by the Board to administer this Plan. To the extent applicable, the Committee shall have at least two members, each of whom shall be (a) a Non-Employee Director, (b) an Outside Director, and (c) an “independent director” within the meaning of the listing requirements of any exchange on which the Company is listed.

2.15 “**Consultant**” means any person who provides bona fide services to the Company or any Subsidiary or Affiliate as a consultant or advisor, excluding any Employee or Director.

2

2.16 “**Covered Employee**” means for any Plan Year, a Participant designated by the Company as a potential “covered employee” as such term is defined in Section 162(m) of the Code.

2.17 “**Director**” means a member of the Board who is not an Employee.

2.18 “**Effective Date**” means the date set forth in Section 14.14 hereof.

2.19 “**Employee**” means an officer or other employee of the Company, a Subsidiary or Affiliate, including a member of the Board who is an employee of the Company, a Subsidiary or Affiliate.

2.20 “**Exchange Act**” means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended from time to time, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

2.21 “**Fair Market Value**” means, as of any date, the per Share value determined as follows, in accordance with applicable provisions of Section 409A of the Code:

- (a) The average of the high and low trading price on a recognized stock exchange or any established over-the-counter trading system on which dealings take place, or if no trades were made on any such day, the immediately preceding day on which trades were made; or
- (b) In the absence of an established market for the Shares of the type described in (a) above, the per Share Fair Market Value thereof shall be determined by the Committee in good faith and in accordance with the applicable provisions of Section 409A of the Code.

2.22 “**Incentive Stock Option**” means an Option intended to meet the requirements of an incentive stock option as defined in Section 422 of the Code and designated as an Incentive Stock Option.

- 2.23 **“Non-Employee Director”** means a person defined in Rule 16b-3(b)(3) promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Exchange Act, or any successor definition adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- 2.24 **“Nonqualified Stock Option”** means an Option that is not an Incentive Stock Option.
- 2.25 **“Other Stock-Based Award”** means any right granted under Article 9 hereof.
- 2.26 **“Option”** means any stock option granted from time to time under Article 6 hereof.
- 2.27 **“Option Price”** means the purchase price per Share subject to an Option, as determined pursuant to Section 6.2 hereof.
- 2.28 **“Outside Director”** means a member of the Board who is an “outside director” within the meaning of Section 162(m) of the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder.
- 2.29 **“Participant”** means any eligible person as set forth in Section 4.1 hereof to whom an Award is granted.
- 2.30 **“Performance-Based Compensation”** means compensation under an Award that is intended to constitute “qualified performance-based compensation” within the meaning of the regulations promulgated under Section 162(m) of Code or any successor provision.

3

- 2.31 **“Performance Measures”** means measures as described in Section 10.2 on which the performance goals are based in order to qualify Awards as Performance-Based Compensation.
- 2.32 **“Performance Period”** means the period of time during which the performance goals must be met in order to determine the degree of payout and/or vesting with respect to an Award.
- 2.33 **“Person”** means any natural person, sole proprietorship, general partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust, unincorporated organization, association, corporation, governmental authority, or any other organization, irrespective of whether it is a legal entity and includes any successor (by merger or otherwise) of such entity.
- 2.34 **“Plan Year”** means the applicable fiscal year of the Company.
- 2.35 **“Restricted Stock”** means any Award granted under Article 8 hereof.
- 2.36 **“Restriction Period”** means the period during which Restricted Stock awarded under Article 8 of this Plan is subject to forfeiture.
- 2.37 **“Share”** means a share of common stock of the Company, par value \$0.01 per share, or such other class or kind of shares or other securities resulting from the application of Article 12 hereof.
- 2.38 **“Stock Appreciation Right”** means any right granted under Article 7 hereof.
- 2.39 **“Subsidiary”** means any corporation (other than the Company) in an unbroken chain of corporations beginning with the Company (or any parent of the Company) if each of the corporations, other than the last corporation in each unbroken chain owns stock possessing 50% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock in one of the other corporations in such chain.
- 2.40 **“Ten Percent Shareholder”** means a person who on any given date owns, either directly or indirectly (taking into account the attribution rules contained in Section 424(d) of the Code), stock possessing more than ten percent of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or a Subsidiary or Affiliate.

Article 3. Administration

3.1 **Authority of the Committee.** This Plan shall be administered by the Committee, which shall have full power to interpret and administer this Plan and Award Agreements and full authority to select the Participants to whom Awards will be granted, to determine the type and amount of Awards to be granted to each such Participant and the terms and conditions of Awards and Award Agreements, and to make such Award grants to such Participants and enter into the related Award Agreements. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, but subject to the limitations in Article 11, Section 6.6, and Section 10.6 hereof, clarify, construe or resolve any ambiguity in any provision of this Plan or any Award Agreement, extend the term or period of exercisability of any Awards, or waive any terms or conditions applicable to any Award. Awards may, in the discretion of the Committee, be made under this Plan in assumption of, or in substitution for, outstanding awards previously granted by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates or a company acquired by the Company or with which the Company combines. The Committee shall have full and exclusive discretionary power to adopt rules, forms, instruments, and guidelines for administering this Plan as the Committee deems necessary or proper. Notwithstanding anything in this Section 3.1 to the contrary, the Board, or any other committee or sub-committee established by the Board, is hereby authorized (in addition to any necessary action by the Committee) to grant or approve Awards as necessary to satisfy the

4

requirements of Section 16 of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder and to act in lieu of the Committee with respect to Awards made to Non-Employee Directors under this Plan. All actions taken and all interpretations and determinations made by the Committee or by the Board (or any other committee or sub-committee thereof), as applicable, shall be final and binding upon the Participants, the Company, and all other interested individuals.

3.2 **Delegation.** The Committee may delegate to one or more of its members, one or more officers of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates, and one or more agents or advisors such administrative duties or powers as it may deem advisable; provided, that, the Committee shall not delegate to officers of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates the power to make grants of Awards to officers of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates; provided, further, that, no delegation shall be permitted under this Plan that is prohibited by applicable law.

Article 4. Eligibility and Participation

4.1 **Eligibility.** Participants will consist of such Employees, Directors and Consultants as the Committee in its sole discretion determines and whom the Committee may designate from time to time to receive Awards. Designation of a Participant in any year shall not require the Committee to designate such person to receive an Award in any other year or, once designated, to receive the same type or amount of Award as granted to the Participant in any other year.

4.2 **Type of Awards.** Awards under this Plan may be granted in any one or a combination of: (a) Options, (b) Stock Appreciation Rights, (c) Restricted Stock, (d) Other Stock-Based Awards, and (e) Performance-Based Compensation Awards. This Plan sets forth the performance goals and procedural requirements to permit the Company to design Awards that qualify as Performance-Based Compensation, as described in Article 10 hereof. Awards granted under this Plan shall be evidenced by Award Agreements (which need not be identical) that provide additional terms and conditions associated with such Awards, as determined by the Committee in its sole discretion; provided, however, that in the event of any conflict between the provisions of this Plan and any such Award Agreement, the provisions of this Plan shall prevail.

Article 5. Shares Subject to Plan and Maximum Awards

5.1 Number of Shares Available for Awards.

- (a) **General.** Subject to adjustment as provided in Article 12 hereof, the maximum number of Shares available for issuance to Participants pursuant to Awards under this Plan shall be [](1) Shares. The number of Shares available for granting Incentive Stock Options under this Plan shall not exceed 1,500,000 Shares, subject to Article 12 hereof and the provisions of Sections 422 and 424 of the Code and any successor provisions. The Shares available for issuance under this Plan may consist of either authorized and unissued Shares or treasury Shares.
- (b) **Annual Award Limits.** The maximum number of Shares with respect to Awards denominated in Shares that may be granted to any Participant in any Plan

(1) 9.25% of the fully diluted Shares to be issued and outstanding immediately upon the consummation of the proposed initial public offering of Shares as contemplated by the Corporation’s Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Reg. No. 333-162590).

5

Year shall be 3,000,000 Shares, subject to adjustments made in accordance with Article 12 hereof (the “Annual Award Limit”).

- (c) **Additional Shares.** In the event that any outstanding Award expires, is forfeited, cancelled or otherwise terminated, the Shares subject to such Award, to the extent of any such forfeiture, cancellation, expiration, or termination, shall again be available for Awards. Any Shares delivered to the Company as part or full payment for the purchase price of an Award, or to satisfy the Company’s withholding obligation with respect to an Award, shall again be available for Awards to the extent the Committee determines that the availability of Incentive Stock Options will not be compromised; provided, however, that such Shares shall continue to be counted as outstanding for purposes of determining whether an Annual Award Limit has been attained. If the Committee authorizes the assumption under this Plan, in connection with any merger, consolidation, acquisition of property or stock, or reorganization, of awards granted under another plan, such assumption shall not (i) reduce the maximum number of Shares available for issuance under this Plan or (ii) be subject to or counted against a Participant’s Annual Award Limit.

Article 6. Stock Options

6.1 Grant of Options. The Committee is hereby authorized to grant Options to Participants. Each Option shall permit a Participant to purchase from the Company a stated number of Shares at an Option Price established by the Committee, subject to the terms and conditions described in this Article 6 and to such additional terms and conditions, as established by the Committee, in its sole discretion, that are consistent with the provisions of this Plan. Options shall be designated as either Incentive Stock Options or Nonqualified Stock Options, provided that Options granted to Directors shall be Nonqualified Stock Options. An Option granted as an Incentive Stock Option shall, to the extent it fails to qualify as an Incentive Stock Option, be treated as a Nonqualified Stock Option. Neither the Committee nor the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates shall be liable to any Participant or to any other Person if it is determined that an Option intended to be an Incentive Stock Option does not qualify as an Incentive Stock Option. Options shall be evidenced by Award Agreements which shall state the number of Shares covered by such Option. Such Award Agreements shall conform to the requirements of this Plan, and may contain such other provisions, as the Committee shall deem advisable.

6.2 Terms of Option Grant. The Option Price shall be determined by the Committee at the time of grant, but shall not be less than 100% of the Fair Market Value of a Share on the date of grant. In the case of any Incentive Stock Option, the Option Price shall be (a) if granted to a person other than a Ten Percent Shareholder, not less than 100% of the Fair Market Value of a Share on the date of grant or (b) if granted to a Ten Percent Shareholder, not less than 110% of the Fair Market Value of a Share on the date of grant.

6.3 Option Term. The term of each Option shall be determined by the Committee at the time of grant and shall be stated in the Award Agreement, but in no event shall such term be greater than ten years (or, in the case on an Incentive Stock Option granted to a Ten Percent Shareholder, five years).

6.4 Time of Exercise. Options granted under this Article 6 shall be exercisable at such times and be subject to such restrictions and conditions as the Committee shall in each instance approve, which terms and restrictions need not be the same for each grant or for each Participant.

6

6.5 Method of Exercise. Except as otherwise provided in this Plan or in an Award Agreement, an Option may be exercised for all, or from time to time any part, of the Shares for which it is then exercisable. For purposes of this Article 6, the exercise date of an Option shall be the later of the date a notice of exercise is received by the Company and, if applicable, the date full payment is received by the Company pursuant to clauses: (a), (b), (c) (d), or (e) in the following sentence (including the applicable tax withholding pursuant to Section 14.3 hereof). The aggregate Option Price for the Shares as to which an Option is exercised shall be paid to the Company at the election of the Participant (a) in cash or its equivalent (e.g., by cashier’s check), (b) to the extent permitted by the Committee, in Shares (whether or not previously owned by the Participant) having a Fair Market Value equal to the aggregate Option Price for the Shares being purchased and satisfying such other requirements as may be imposed by the Committee, (c) partly in cash and, to the extent permitted by the Committee, partly in such Shares (as described in (b) above), (d) to the extent permitted by the Committee, by reducing the number of Shares otherwise deliverable upon the exercise of the Option by the number of Shares having a Fair Market Value equal to the Option Price, or (e) if there is a public market for the Shares at such time, subject to such requirements as may be imposed by the Committee, through the delivery of irrevocable instructions to a broker to sell Shares obtained upon the exercise of the Option and to deliver promptly to the Company an amount out of the proceeds of such sale equal to the aggregate Option Price for the Shares being purchased. The Committee may prescribe any other method of payment that it determines to be consistent with applicable law and the purpose of this Plan.

6.6 Limitations on Incentive Stock Options. Incentive Stock Options may be granted only to employees of the Company or of a “parent corporation” or “subsidiary corporation” (as such terms are defined in Section 424 of the Code) at the date of grant. To the extent the aggregate Fair Market Value (generally determined as of the time the Option is granted) of the Shares with respect to which Incentive Stock Options are exercisable for the first time by a Participant during any calendar year under all plans of the Company and of any “parent corporation” or “subsidiary corporation” exceeds \$100,000, the amount in excess of \$100,000 (and the portion of any Option relating thereto) shall be treated as a Nonqualified Stock Option. For purposes of the preceding sentence, Incentive Stock Options will be taken into account generally in the order in which they are granted. Each provision of this Plan and each Award Agreement relating to an Incentive Stock Option shall be construed so that each Incentive Stock Option shall be an incentive stock option as defined in Section 422 of the Code, and any provisions of the Award Agreement thereof that cannot be so construed shall be disregarded.

Article 7. Stock Appreciation Rights

7.1 Grant of Stock Appreciation Rights. The Committee is hereby authorized to grant Stock Appreciation Rights to Participants. Stock Appreciation Rights shall be evidenced by Award Agreements that shall conform to the requirements of this Plan and may contain such other provisions, as the Committee shall deem advisable. Subject to the terms of this Plan and any applicable Award Agreement, a Stock Appreciation Right granted under this Plan shall confer on the holder thereof a right to receive, upon exercise thereof, the excess of (a) the Fair Market Value of a specified number of Shares on the date of exercise over (b) the grant price of the right as specified by the Committee on the date of the grant. Such payment may be in the form of cash, Shares, other property or any combination thereof, as the Committee shall determine in its sole discretion.

7.2 Terms of Stock Appreciation Right. Subject to the terms of this Plan and any applicable Award Agreement, the grant price (which shall not be less than 100% of the Fair Market Value of a Share on the date of grant), term, methods of exercise, methods of settlement, and any other terms and conditions of any Stock Appreciation Right shall be as determined by the Committee. The Committee may impose such other conditions or restrictions on the exercise of any Stock Appreciation

7

Right as it may deem appropriate. No Stock Appreciation Right shall have a term of more than ten years from the date of grant.

Article 8. Restricted Stock

8.1 Grant of Restricted Stock. The Committee is hereby authorized to grant and otherwise issue Restricted Stock to Participants. An Award of Restricted Stock is a grant by the Committee of a specified number of Shares to the Participant, which Shares are subject to forfeiture upon the occurrence of specified events. Participants shall be awarded Restricted Stock in exchange for consideration not less than the minimum consideration required by applicable law. Restricted Stock shall be evidenced by an Award Agreement, which shall conform to the requirements of this Plan and may contain such other provisions, as the Committee shall deem advisable.

8.2 Terms of Restricted Stock Awards. Each Award Agreement evidencing a Restricted Stock grant shall specify Restriction Period(s), the number of Shares of Restricted Stock subject to the Award, the performance, employment or other conditions (including the termination of a Participant’s service whether due to death, disability or other reason) under which the Restricted Stock may be forfeited to the Company and such other provisions as the Committee shall determine. Any Restricted Stock granted under this Plan shall be evidenced in such manner as the Committee may deem appropriate, including book-entry registration or issuance of a stock certificate or certificates (in which case, the certificate(s) representing such Shares shall be legended as to sale, transfer, assignment, pledge or other encumbrances during the Restriction Period and deposited by the Participant, together with a stock power endorsed in blank, with the Company, to be held in escrow during the Restriction Period). At the end of the Restriction Period, the restrictions imposed hereunder and under the Award Agreement shall lapse with respect to the number of Shares of Restricted Stock as determined by the Committee, and the legend shall be removed and such number of Shares delivered to the Participant (or, where appropriate, the Participant’s legal representative).

8.3 Voting and Dividend Rights. The Committee shall determine and set forth in a Participant’s Award Agreement whether or not a Participant holding Restricted Stock granted hereunder shall have the right to exercise voting rights with respect to the Restricted Stock during the Restriction Period (the Committee may require a Participant to grant an irrevocable proxy and power of substitution) and/or have the right to receive dividends on the Restricted Stock during the Restriction Period (and, if so, on what terms).

8.4 Performance Goals. The Committee may condition the grant of Restricted Stock or the expiration of the Restriction Period upon the Participant’s achievement of one or more performance goal(s) specified in the Award Agreement. If the Participant fails to achieve the specified performance goal(s), the Committee shall not grant the Restricted Stock to such Participant or the Participant shall forfeit the Award of Restricted Stock to the Company, as applicable.

8.5 Section 83(b) Election. If a Participant makes an election pursuant to Section 83(b) of the Code concerning Restricted Stock, the Participant shall be required to file promptly a copy of such election with the Company.

Article 9. Other Stock-Based Awards

The Committee, in its sole discretion, may grant Awards of Shares and Awards that are valued, in whole or in part, by reference to, or are otherwise based on the Fair Market Value of Shares (the "Other Stock-Based Awards"), including without limitation, restricted stock units, dividend equivalent rights, and other phantom awards. Such Other Stock-Based Awards shall be in such form, and dependent on

such conditions, as the Committee shall determine, including, without limitation, the right to receive one or more Shares (or the equivalent cash value of such Shares) upon the completion of a specified period of service, the occurrence of an event and/or the attainment of performance objectives. Each Other Stock-Based Award shall be evidenced by an Award Agreement which shall conform to the requirements of this Plan. Subject to the provisions of this Plan, the Committee shall determine to whom and when Other Stock-Based Awards will be made, the number of Shares to be awarded under (or otherwise related to) such Other Stock-Based Awards, whether such Other Stock-Based Awards shall be settled in cash, Shares or a combination of cash and Shares, and all other terms and conditions of such Awards (including, without limitation, the vesting provisions thereof and provisions ensuring that all Shares so awarded and issued shall be fully paid and non-assessable).

Article 10. Performance-Based Compensation

10.1 Grant of Performance-Based Compensation Awards. To the extent permitted by Section 162(m) of the Code, the Committee is authorized to design any Award so that the amounts or Shares payable or distributed pursuant to such Award are treated as "qualified performance-based compensation" within the meaning of Section 162(m) of the Code and related regulations.

10.2 Performance Measures. The vesting, crediting and/or payment of Performance-Based Compensation shall be based on the achievement of objective performance goals based on one or more of the following Performance Measures: (a) sales or revenue; (b) earnings per share; (c) measurable achievement in quality, operation and compliance initiatives; (d) objectively determinable measure of non-financial operating and management performance objectives; (e) net earnings (either before or after interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization); (f) economic value-added (as determined by the Committee); (g) net income (either before or after taxes); (h) operating earnings; (i) cash flow (including, but not limited to, operating cash flow and free cash flow); (j) cash flow return on capital; (k) return on net assets; (l) return on stockholders' equity; (m) return on assets; (n) return on capital; (o) stockholder returns, dividends and/or other distributions; (p) return on sales; (q) gross or net profit margin; (r) productivity; (s) expenses; (t) margins; (u) operating efficiency; (v) customer satisfaction; (w) measurable achievement in quality and compliance initiatives; (x) working capital; (y) debt; (z) debt reduction; (aa) price per share of stock; (bb) market share; (cc) completion of acquisitions; (dd) business expansion; (ee) product diversification; and (ff) new or expanded market penetration. The foregoing criteria shall have any reasonable definitions that the Committee may specify, which may include or exclude any or all of the following items, as the Committee may specify: (pp) extraordinary, unusual or non-recurring items; (qq) effects of changes in tax law, accounting principles or other such laws or provisions affecting reported results; (rr) effects of currency fluctuations; (ss) effects of financing activities (e.g., effect on earnings per share of issuing convertible debt securities); (tt) expenses for restructuring, productivity initiatives or new business initiatives; (uu) impairment of tangible or intangible assets; (vv) litigation or claim judgments or settlements; (ww) non-operating items; (xx) acquisition expenses; (yy) discontinued operations; and (zz) effects of assets sales or divestitures. Any Performance Measure may be used to measure the performance of the Company and/or any of the Subsidiaries or Affiliates as a whole, any business unit thereof or any combination thereof against any goal including past performance or compared to the performance of a group of comparable companies, or a published or special index, in each case that the Committee, in its sole discretion, deems appropriate.

10.3 Establishment of Performance Goals for Covered Employees. No later than 90 days after the commencement of a Performance Period (but in no event after 25% of such Performance Period has elapsed), the Committee shall establish in writing: (a) the performance goals applicable to the Performance Period; (b) the targets to be used to measure the performance goals in terms of an objective formula or standard; (c) the formula for computing the amount of compensation payable to the Participant if such performance goals are obtained; and (d) the Participants or class of Participants to which such

performance goals apply. The outcome of such performance goals must be substantially uncertain when the Committee establishes the goals.

10.4 Adjustment of Performance-Based Compensation. Awards that are designed to qualify as Performance-Based Compensation may not be adjusted upward. The Committee shall retain the discretion to adjust such Awards downward, either on a formula or discretionary basis or any combination, as the Committee determines.

10.5 Approval of Performance-Based Compensation. The vesting and settlement of Performance-Based Compensation Awards shall be contingent upon the approval of this Plan by a majority of the stockholders of the Company, including the applicable Performance Measures relating thereto. To the extent necessary for purposes of Section 162(m) of the Code, this Plan shall be resubmitted to stockholders for their reapproval with respect to bonuses payable for the taxable years of the Company commencing on and after the fifth (5th) anniversary of the initial stockholder approval, or at such earlier time required by Section 162(m) of the Code.

10.6 Certification of Performance. Except for Awards that pay compensation attributable solely to an increase in the value of Shares, no Award designed to qualify as Performance-Based Compensation shall be vested, credited or paid, as applicable, with respect to any Participant until the Committee certifies in writing that the performance goals and any other material terms applicable to such Performance Period have been satisfied.

10.7 Terms of Performance-Based Compensation Awards. Each provision of this Plan and each Award Agreement relating to Performance-Based Compensation shall be construed so that each such Award shall be "qualified performance-based compensation" within the meaning of Section 162(m) of the Code and related regulations, and any provisions of the Award Agreement thereof that cannot be so construed shall be disregarded.

Article 11. Compliance with Section 409A of the Code

11.1 General. The Company intends that all Awards be structured in compliance with, or to satisfy an exemption from, Section 409A of the Code and all regulations, guidance, compliance programs and other interpretative authority thereunder ("Section 409A"), such that there are no adverse tax consequences, interest, or penalties under Section 409A as a result of the payments. Notwithstanding the Company's intention, in the event any Award is subject to Section 409A, the Committee may, in its sole discretion and without a Participant's prior consent, amend this Plan and/or Awards, adopt policies and procedures, or take any other actions (including amendments, policies, procedures and actions with retroactive effect) as are necessary or appropriate to (a) exempt this Plan and/or any Award from the application of Section 409A, (b) preserve the intended tax treatment of any such Award, or (c) comply with the requirements of Section 409A, including without limitation any such regulations guidance, compliance programs and other interpretative authority that may be issued after the date of the grant.

11.2 Payments to Specified Employees. Notwithstanding any contrary provision in this Plan or Award Agreement, any payment(s) of nonqualified deferred compensation (within the meaning of Section 409A) that are otherwise required to be made under this Plan to a "specified employee" (as defined under Section 409A) as a result of his or her separation from service (other than a payment that is not subject to Section 409A) shall be delayed for the first six months following such separation from service (or, if earlier, until the date of death of the specified employee) and shall instead be paid (in a manner set forth in the Award Agreement) on the day that immediately follows the end of such six-month period or as soon as administratively practicable thereafter. Any remaining payments of nonqualified

deferred compensation shall be paid without delay and at the time or times such payments are scheduled to be made.

11.3 Separation from Service. A termination of service shall not be deemed to have occurred for purposes of any provision of this Plan or any Award Agreement providing for the payment of any amounts or benefits that are considered nonqualified deferred compensation under Section 409A upon or following a termination of service, unless such termination is also a "separation from service" within the meaning of Section 409A and the payment thereof prior to a "separation from service" would violate Section 409A. For purposes of any such provision of this Plan or any Award Agreement relating to any such payments or benefits, references to a "termination," "termination of employment," "termination of service," or like terms shall mean "separation from service."

Article 12. Adjustments

12.1 Adjustments in Authorized Shares. In the event of any corporate event or transaction involving the Company, a Subsidiary and/or an Affiliate (including, but not limited to, a change in the Shares of the Company or the capitalization of the Company) such as a merger, consolidation, reorganization, recapitalization, separation, stock dividend, stock split, reverse stock split, split up, spin-off, combination of Shares, exchange of Shares, dividend in kind, amalgamation, or other like change in capital structure (other than normal cash dividends to stockholders of the Company), or any similar corporate event or transaction, the Committee, to prevent dilution or enlargement of Participants' rights under this Plan, shall substitute or adjust, in its sole discretion, the number and kind of Shares or other property that may be issued under this Plan or under particular forms of Awards, the number and kind of Shares or other property subject to outstanding Awards, the Option Price, grant price or purchase price applicable to outstanding Awards, the Annual Award Limits, and/or other value determinations applicable to this Plan or outstanding Awards.

12.2 Change of Control. Upon the occurrence of a Change of Control after the Effective Date, unless otherwise specifically prohibited under applicable laws or by the rules and regulations of any governing governmental agencies or national securities exchanges, or unless the Committee shall determine otherwise in the Award Agreement, the Committee is authorized (but not obligated) to make adjustments in the terms and conditions of outstanding Awards, including without limitation the following (or any combination thereof): (a) continuation or assumption of such outstanding Awards under this Plan by the Company (if it is the surviving company or corporation) or by the surviving company or corporation or its parent; (b) substitution by the surviving company or corporation or its parent of awards

with substantially the same terms for such outstanding Awards (excluding the consideration payable upon settlement of the Awards); (c) accelerated exercisability, vesting and/or lapse of restrictions under outstanding Awards immediately prior to the occurrence of such event; (d) upon written notice, provide that any outstanding Awards must be exercised, to the extent then exercisable, during a reasonable period of time immediately prior to the scheduled consummation of the event, or such other period as determined by the Committee (contingent upon the consummation of the event), and at the end of such period, such Awards shall terminate to the extent not so exercised within the relevant period; and (e) cancellation of all or any portion of outstanding Awards for fair value (as determined in the sole discretion of the Committee and which may be zero) which, in the case of Options and Stock Appreciation Rights or similar Awards, may equal the excess, if any, of the value of the consideration to be paid in the Change of Control transaction to holders of the same number of Shares subject to such Awards (or, if no such consideration is paid, Fair Market Value of the Shares subject to such outstanding Awards or portion thereof being canceled) over the aggregate Option Price or grant price, as applicable, with respect to such Awards or portion thereof being canceled.

Article 13. Duration, Amendment, Modification, Suspension, and Termination

13.1 Duration of Plan. Unless sooner terminated as provided in [Section 13.2](#) hereof, this Plan shall terminate on the tenth anniversary of the Effective Date.

13.2 Amendment, Modification, Suspension, and Termination of Plan. Subject to the terms of this Plan, the Committee may amend, alter, suspend, discontinue or terminate this Plan or any portion thereof or any Award (or Award Agreement) hereunder at any time, in its sole discretion. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Committee may in its sole discretion amend the terms of outstanding Awards to reduce the Option Price of outstanding Options or Stock Appreciation Rights or cancel outstanding Options or Stock Appreciation Rights in exchange for cash, other Awards or Options or Stock Appreciation Rights with an Option Price that is less than the Option Price of the original Options or Stock Appreciation Rights, and may take such any such action without stockholder approval.

Article 14. General Provisions

14.1 No Right to Service or Award. The granting of an Award under this Plan shall impose no obligation on the Company, any Subsidiary or any Affiliate to continue the service of a Participant and shall not lessen or affect any right that the Company, any Subsidiary or any Affiliate may have to terminate the service of such Participant. No Participant or other Person shall have any claim to be granted any Award, and there is no obligation for uniformity of treatment of Participants, or holders or beneficiaries of Awards. The terms and conditions of Awards and the Committee's determinations and interpretations with respect thereto need not be the same with respect to each Participant (whether or not such Participants are similarly situated).

14.2 Settlement of Awards; Fractional Shares. Each Award Agreement shall establish the form in which the Award shall be settled. The Committee shall determine whether cash, Awards, other securities or other property shall be issued or paid in lieu of fractional Shares or whether such fractional Shares or any rights thereto shall be issued, rounded, forfeited, or otherwise eliminated.

14.3 Tax Withholding. The Company shall have the power and the right to deduct or withhold automatically from any amount deliverable under the Award or otherwise, or require a Participant to remit to the Company, the minimum statutory amount to satisfy federal, state, and local taxes, domestic or foreign, required by law or regulation to be withheld with respect to any taxable event arising as a result of this Plan. With respect to required withholding, Participants may elect (subject to the Company's automatic withholding right set out above), subject to the approval of the Committee, to satisfy the withholding requirement, in whole or in part, by having the Company withhold Shares having a Fair Market Value on the date the tax is to be determined equal to the minimum statutory total tax that could be imposed on the transaction.

14.4 No Guarantees Regarding Tax Treatment. Participants (or their beneficiaries) shall be responsible for all taxes with respect to any Awards under this Plan. The Committee and the Company make no guarantees to any Person regarding the tax treatment of Awards or payments made under this Plan. Neither the Committee nor the Company has any obligation to take any action to prevent the assessment of any tax on any Person with respect to any Award under Section 409A of the Code or Section 457A of the Code or otherwise and none of the Company, any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates, or any of their employees or representatives shall have any liability to a Participant with respect thereto.

14.5 Non-Transferability of Awards. Unless otherwise determined by the Committee, an Award shall not be transferable or assignable by the Participant except in the event of his death (subject to the applicable laws of descent and distribution) and any such purported assignment, alienation, pledge,

attachment, sale, transfer or encumbrance shall be void and unenforceable against the Company or any Affiliate. No transfer shall be permitted for value or consideration. An award exercisable after the death of a Participant may be exercised by the legatees, personal representatives or distributees of the Participant. Any permitted transfer of the Awards to heirs or legatees of the Participant shall not be effective to bind the Company unless the Committee shall have been furnished with written notice thereof and a copy of such evidence as the Committee may deem necessary to establish the validity of the transfer and the acceptance by the transferee or transferees of the terms and conditions hereof.

14.6 Conditions and Restrictions on Shares. The Committee may impose such other conditions or restrictions on any Shares received in connection with an Award as it may deem advisable or desirable. These restrictions may include, but shall not be limited to, a requirement that the Participant hold the Shares received for a specified period of time or a requirement that a Participant represent and warrant in writing that the Participant is acquiring the Shares for investment and without any present intention to sell or distribute such Shares. The certificates for Shares may include any legend which the Committee deems appropriate to reflect any conditions and restrictions applicable to such Shares.

14.7 Awards to Non-U.S. Employees or Directors. To comply with the laws in countries other than the United States in which the Company or any Subsidiary or Affiliate operates or has Employees, Directors or Consultants, the Committee, in its sole discretion, shall have the power and authority to: (a) determine which Subsidiaries or Affiliates shall be covered by this Plan; (b) determine which Employees, Directors or Consultants outside the United States are eligible to participate in this Plan; (c) modify the terms and conditions of any Award granted to Employees, Directors or Consultants outside the United States to comply with applicable foreign laws; (d) take any action, before or after an Award is made, that it deems advisable to obtain approval or comply with any necessary local government regulatory exemptions or approvals; and (e) establish subplans and modify exercise procedures and other terms and procedures, to the extent such actions may be necessary or advisable.

14.8 Rights as a Stockholder. Except as otherwise provided herein or in the applicable Award Agreement, a Participant shall have none of the rights of a stockholder with respect to Shares covered by any Award until the Participant becomes the record holder of such Shares.

14.9 Severability. If any provision of this Plan or any Award is or becomes or is deemed to be invalid, illegal, or unenforceable in any jurisdiction, or as to any Person or Award, or would disqualify this Plan or any Award under any law deemed applicable by the Committee, such provision shall be construed or deemed amended to conform to applicable laws, or if it cannot be so construed or deemed amended without, in the determination of the Committee, materially altering the intent of this Plan or the Award, such provision shall be stricken as to such jurisdiction, Person, or Award, and the remainder of this Plan and any such Award shall remain in full force and effect.

14.10 Unfunded Plan. Participants shall have no right, title, or interest whatsoever in or to any investments that the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates may make to aid it in meeting its obligations under this Plan. Nothing contained in this Plan, and no action taken pursuant to its provisions, shall create or be construed to create a trust of any kind, or a fiduciary relationship between the Company and any Participant, beneficiary, legal representative, or any other Person. To the extent that any Person acquires a right to receive payments from the Company under this Plan, such right shall be no greater than the right of an unsecured general creditor of the Company. All payments to be made hereunder shall be paid from the general funds of the Company and no special or separate fund shall be established and no segregation of assets shall be made to assure payment of such amounts. This Plan is not subject to the U.S. Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended from time to time.

14.11 No Constraint on Corporate Action. Nothing in this Plan shall be construed to (a) limit, impair, or otherwise affect the Company's right or power to make adjustments, reclassifications, reorganizations, or changes of its capital or business structure, or to merge or consolidate, or dissolve, liquidate, sell, or transfer all or any part of its business or assets, or (b) limit the right or power of the Company to take any action which such entity deems to be necessary or appropriate.

14.12 Successors. All obligations of the Company under this Plan with respect to Awards granted hereunder shall be binding on any successor to the Company, whether the existence of such successor is the result of a direct or indirect purchase, merger, consolidation, or otherwise, of all or substantially all of the business or assets of the Company.

14.13 Governing Law. This Plan and each Award Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, excluding any conflicts or choice of law rule or principle that might otherwise refer construction or interpretation of this Plan to the substantive law of another jurisdiction.

14.14 Effective Date. This Plan shall be effective as of the date of adoption by the Board, which date is set forth below (the "[Effective Date](#)").

14.15 Stockholder Approval. This Plan will be submitted for approval by the stockholders of the Company at an annual meeting or any special meeting of stockholders of the Company within 12 months of the Effective Date. Any Awards granted under this Plan prior to such approval of stockholders shall be effective as of the date of grant, but no such Award may be exercised or settled and no

restrictions relating to any Award may lapse prior to such stockholder approval, and if stockholders fail to approve this Plan as specified hereunder, this Plan and any Award shall be terminated and cancelled without consideration.

* * *

This Plan was duly adopted and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company by resolution at a meeting held on the 14th day of January, 2010.

**Generac Holdings Inc.
2010 Equity Incentive Plan**

RESTRICTED STOCK AWARD AGREEMENT

THIS RESTRICTED STOCK AWARD AGREEMENT (this “Award Agreement”) is made effective as of the _____ day of _____, 2010 (the “Date of Grant”), between Generac Holdings Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), and _____ (the “Participant”):

R E C I T A L S:

WHEREAS, the Company has adopted the Generac Holdings Inc. 2010 Equity Incentive Plan (the “Plan”), which Plan is incorporated herein by reference and made a part of this Award Agreement. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the same meanings as in the Plan; and

WHEREAS, the Committee has determined that it would be in the best interests of the Company and its stockholders to grant the restricted stock provided for herein to the Participant pursuant to the Plan and the terms set forth herein.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants hereinafter set forth, the parties agree as follows:

1. **Restricted Stock Award.** Subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and this Agreement, the Company hereby grants to the Participant _____ Shares (the “Restricted Shares”), which shall vest and become nonforfeitable in accordance with Section 3 hereof.

2. **Certificates.** A certificate or certificates representing the Restricted Shares shall be issued by the Company and shall be registered in the name of the Participant on the stock transfer books of the Company promptly following execution of this Award Agreement by the Participant, but shall remain in the physical custody of the Company or its designee at all times prior to the vesting of such Restricted Shares pursuant to Section 3 hereof. As a condition to the receipt of this Award Agreement, the Participant shall deliver to the Company a Stock Power in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A, duly endorsed in blank, relating to the Restricted Shares. Each certificate representing the Restricted Shares shall bear the following legend:

“The ownership and transferability of this certificate and these shares are subject to the terms and conditions (including forfeiture) of the Generac Holdings Inc. 2010 Equity Incentive Plan and a Restricted Stock Award Agreement entered into between the registered owner and Generac Holdings Inc. Copies of such Plan and Agreement are on file in the executive offices of Generac Holdings Inc.”

As soon as administratively practicable, but not later than sixty (60) days, following the vesting of the Restricted Shares (as described in Section 3 hereof), and upon the satisfaction of all other applicable conditions, including, but not limited to, the payment by the Participant of all applicable withholding taxes, the Company shall deliver or cause to be delivered to the Participant, or in the case of Participant’s death, Participant’s beneficiary, a certificate or certificates for the applicable Shares of Restricted Stock which shall not bear the legend described

above, but may bear such other legends as the Company deems advisable pursuant to Section 7 below.

3. **Vesting of Restricted Stock.**

(a) **Vesting Schedule.** Subject to the Participant’s continued service through the vesting date, the Restricted Shares shall all vest on the third (3rd) anniversary of the Date of Grant.

(b) **Acceleration of Vesting.** Notwithstanding Section 3(a) hereof, if within the one (1) year period following a Change of Control, the Participant’s service is terminated by the Company or any Affiliate without Cause, the Restricted Shares shall immediately vest as of the date of such termination of service, subject to the Participant’s execution of an effective general release and waiver of all claims against the Company, its Affiliates and their respective officers and directors, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit B.

(c) **Termination of Service.** If the Participant’s Service is terminated for any reason, other than as described in Section 3(b) above, the Restricted Shares, to the extent not then-vested, shall be forfeited by the Participant without any consideration.

(d) **Definition of Cause.** “Cause” shall mean, (i) a material breach by the Participant of any of the Participant’s obligations under any written agreement with the Company or any of its Affiliates, (ii) a material violation by the Participant of any of the Company’s policies, procedures, rules and regulations applicable to employees generally or to similarly situated employees, in each case, as they may be amended from time to time in the Company’s sole discretion; (iii) the failure by the Participant to reasonably and substantially perform his or her duties to the Company or its Affiliates (other than as a result of physical or mental illness or injury); (iv) the Participant’s willful misconduct or gross negligence that has caused or is reasonably expected to result in material injury to the business, reputation or prospects of the Company or any of its Affiliates; (v) the Participant’s fraud or misappropriation of funds; or (vi) the commission by the Participant of a felony or other serious crime involving moral turpitude; provided, that, in the case of the failures described in (i), (ii) and (iii) above, such failures shall only constitute “Cause” after a written notice of such failure is delivered to the Participant that specifically identifies the specific failure that could lead to the Participant’s termination, and the Participant does not remedy such failure within fifteen (15) business days after receipt of such written notice, as prescribed within the notice. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Participant is a party to an employment agreement with the Company or any Affiliate at the time of his or her termination of employment and such employment agreement contains a different definition of “cause” (or any derivation thereof), the definition in such employment agreement will control for purposes of this Agreement.

4. **Rights as a Stockholder.** The Participant shall have none of the rights of a stockholder of the Company until the Restricted Shares vest, provided, that, the Participant shall have the right to receive dividends on the Restricted Shares (the “Dividends”) subject to the remainder of this Section 4. The Dividends, if any, shall be held by the Company and shall be subject to forfeiture until such time that the Restricted Shares on which the Dividends were distributed vest in accordance with Section 3 above. The Dividends shall be released to the Participant as soon as administratively practicable, but not later than the time of delivery to the

Participant, in accordance with Section 2 above, of certificates representing the Restricted Shares on which the Dividends were distributed.

5. **Restrictive Covenant Agreement.** The Participant and the Company have previously entered into a restrictive covenant agreement. Participant hereby reaffirms his obligations under such restrictive covenant agreement and nothing contained in this Award Agreement shall cancel, change or modify Participant’s obligations thereunder.

6. **Non-Disparagement.** The Participant, while providing services to the Company and thereafter, shall not make any oral or written communication to any Person that disparages, or has the effect of damaging the reputation of, the Company, the Affiliates or their respective directors, officers, agents, employees, former employees, representatives or stockholders; provided, that, nothing in the foregoing shall preclude the Participant from disclosing any information to Participant’s attorney or in response to a lawful subpoena or court order requiring disclosure of information.

7. **Adjustment of Shares.** In the event of any corporate event or transaction (as described in Section 12.1 of the Plan), the terms of this Award Agreement (including, without limitation, the number and kind of Shares subject to this Agreement) may be adjusted as set forth in Section 12.1 of the Plan.

8. **No Right to Continued Service.** The granting of the Restricted Stock evidenced hereby and this Award Agreement shall impose no obligation on the Company or any Affiliate to continue the Service of the Participant and shall not lessen or affect any right that the Company or any Affiliate may have to terminate the service of such Participant.

9. **Securities Laws/Legend on Certificates.** The issuance and delivery of Shares shall comply (or be exempt from) all applicable requirements of law, including (without limitation) the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, state securities laws and regulations, and the regulations of any stock exchange or other securities market on which the Company’s securities may then be traded. The Company shall not be obligated to file any registration statement under any applicable securities laws to permit the purchase or issuance of any Shares under the Plan or Awards, and accordingly any certificates for Shares or documents granting Awards may have an appropriate legend or statement of applicable restrictions endorsed thereon. If the Company deems it necessary to ensure that the issuance of Shares under the Plan is not required to be registered under any applicable securities laws, each Participant to whom such Shares would be issued shall deliver to the Company an agreement or certificate containing such representations, warranties and covenants as the Company may reasonably request which satisfies such requirements.

10. **Transferability.** Unless otherwise provided by the Committee, the Restricted Shares may not be assigned, alienated, pledged, attached, sold or otherwise transferred or encumbered by the Participant other than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution, and any such purported assignment, alienation, pledge, attachment, sale, transfer or encumbrance shall be void and unenforceable against the Company or any Affiliate; provided, that, the designation of a beneficiary shall not constitute an assignment, alienation, pledge, attachment, sale, transfer or encumbrance. No such permitted

may deem necessary to establish the validity of the transfer and the acceptance by the transferee or transferees of the terms and conditions hereof.

- 11. **Withholding.** The Participant may be required to pay to the Company or any Affiliate and the Company shall have the right and is hereby authorized to withhold, any applicable withholding taxes in respect of the Restricted Shares, their vesting or transfer and to take such other action as may be necessary in the opinion of the Committee to satisfy all obligations for the payment of such withholding taxes.
- 12. **Notices.** Any notification required by the terms of this Award Agreement shall be given in writing and shall be deemed effective upon personal delivery or within three (3) days of deposit with the United States Postal Service, by registered or certified mail, with postage and fees prepaid. A notice shall be addressed to the Company, Attention: General Counsel, at its principal executive office and to the Participant at the address that he or she most recently provided to the Company.
- 13. **Entire Agreement.** This Award Agreement and the Plan constitute the entire contract between the parties hereto with regard to the subject matter hereof. They supersede any other agreements, representations or understandings (whether oral or written and whether express or implied) which relate to the subject matter hereof.
- 14. **Waiver.** No waiver of any breach or condition of this Award Agreement shall be deemed to be a waiver of any other or subsequent breach or condition whether of like or different nature.
- 15. **Successors and Assigns.** The provisions of this Award Agreement shall inure to the benefit of, and be binding upon, the Company and its successors and assigns and upon the Participant, the Participant's assigns and the legal representatives, heirs and legatees of the Participant's estate, whether or not any such person shall have become a party to this Award Agreement and have agreed in writing to be joined herein and be bound by the terms hereof.
- 16. **Choice of Law.** This Award Agreement shall be governed by the law of the State of Delaware (regardless of the laws that might otherwise govern under applicable Delaware principles of conflicts of law) as to all matters, including but not limited to matters of validity, construction, effect, performance and remedies.
- 17. **Restricted Shares Subject to Plan.** By entering into this Award Agreement the Participant agrees and acknowledges that the Participant has received and read a copy of the Plan. The Restricted Shares are subject to the Plan. The terms and provisions of the Plan as it may be amended from time to time are hereby incorporated herein by reference. In the event of a conflict between any term or provision contained herein and a term or provision of the Plan, the applicable terms and provisions of the Plan will govern and prevail.
- 18. **No Guarantees Regarding Tax Treatment.** Participants (or their beneficiaries) shall be responsible for all taxes with respect to the Restricted Shares. The Committee and the Company make no guarantees regarding the tax treatment of the Restricted Shares. Neither the Committee nor the Company has any obligation to take any action to prevent the assessment of any tax under Section 409A of the Code or Section 457A of the Code or otherwise and none of the Company, any Subsidiary or Affiliate, or any of their employees or representatives shall have any liability to a Participant with respect thereto.

- 19. **Amendment.** The Committee may amend or alter this Award Agreement and the Restricted Shares granted hereunder at any time, subject to the terms of the Plan.
- 20. **Section 83(b) Election.** In the event the Participant determines to make an election with the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") under Section 83(b) of the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder (the "83(b) Election"), the Participant shall provide a copy of such form to the Company promptly following its filing, which is required under current law to be filed with the IRS no later than thirty (30) days after the Date of Grant of the Restricted Shares. The form for making an 83(b) Election is attached hereto as Exhibit C. The Participant is advised to consult with his or her own tax advisors regarding the purchase and holding of the Restricted Shares, and the Company shall bear no liability for any consequence of the Participant making an 83(b) Election or failing to make an 83(b) Election.
- 21. **Severability.** The provisions of this Award Agreement are severable and if any one or more provisions are determined to be illegal or otherwise unenforceable, in whole or in part, the remaining provisions shall nevertheless be binding and enforceable.
- 22. **Signature in Counterparts.** This Award Agreement may be signed in counterparts, each of which shall be an original, with the same effect as if the signatures thereto and hereto were upon the same instrument.

* * *

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Award Agreement.

GENERAC HOLDINGS INC.

Name:
Title:

Agreed and acknowledged as
of the date first above written:

PARTICIPANT

SIGNATURE PAGE TO
AWARD AGREEMENT

EXHIBIT A

STOCK POWER(1)

FOR VALUE RECEIVED the undersigned hereby sells, assigns and transfers unto Generac Holdings Inc. (the "Company"), () shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of the Company standing in his/her/their/its name on the books of the Company represented by Certificate No. herewith and does hereby irrevocably constitute and appoint his/her/their/its attorney-in-fact, with full power of substitution, to transfer such shares on the books of the Company.

Dated: _____ Signature: _____

Print Name and Mailing Address

Instructions: Please do not fill in any blanks other than the signature line and printed name and mailing address. Please print your name exactly as you would like your name to appear on the issued stock certificate(s). The purpose of this assignment is to enable the forfeiture of the shares without requiring additional signatures on your part.

(1) This stock power is not effective if executed in New York State.

EXHIBIT B
FORM OF RELEASE

A release is required as a condition for receiving the benefits provided pursuant to the Restricted Stock Award Agreement between GENERAC HOLDINGS INC. (the "**Company**") and [] ("**Participant**") dated [], 2010, (the "**Agreement**"); thus, by executing this release ("**Release**"), you have advised us that you hold no claims against the Company, its predecessors, successors or assigns, affiliates, shareholders or members and each of their respective officers, directors, agents and employees (collectively, the "**Releasees**"), and by execution of this Release you agree to waive and release any such claims, except relating to any compensation, severance pay and benefits described in any written agreement between you and the Company.

You understand and agree that this Release will extend to all claims, demands, liabilities and causes of action of every kind, nature and description whatsoever, whether known, unknown or suspected to exist, which you ever had or may now have against the Releasees in your capacity as an employee of the Company, including, without limitation, any claims, demands, liabilities and causes of action arising from your employment with the Releasees and the termination of that employment, including any claims for severance or vacation pay, business expenses, and/or pursuant to any federal, state, county, or local employment laws, regulations, executive orders, or other requirements, including, but not limited to, Title VII of the 1964 Civil Rights Act, the 1866 Civil Rights Act, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act as amended by the Older Workers Benefit Protection Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Civil Rights Act of 1991, the Workers Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act and any other local, state or federal fair employment laws, and any contract or tort claims.

You understand and agree that this Release is intended to include all claims by you or on your behalf alleging discrimination on the basis of race, sex, religion, national origin, age, disability, marital status, or any other protected status or involving any contract or tort claims based on your termination from the Company. It is also acknowledged that your termination is not in any way related to any work-related injury.

It also is understood and agreed that the remedy at law for breach of the Award Agreement, any restrictive covenant agreements between you and the Company, and/or this Release shall be inadequate, and the Company shall be entitled to injunctive relief in respect thereof.

Your ability to receive payments and benefits under the terms of the Award Agreement will remain open for a 21-day period after your Termination Date to give you an opportunity to consider the effect of this Release. At your option, you may elect to execute this Release on an earlier date. Additionally, you have seven days after the date you execute this Release to revoke it. As a result, this Release will not be effective until eight days after you execute it. We also want to advise you of your right to consult with legal counsel prior to executing a copy of this Release.

Finally, this is to expressly acknowledge:

· You understand that you are not waiving any claims or rights that may arise after the date you execute this Release.

· You understand and agree that the compensation and benefits described in the Award Agreement offer you consideration greater than that to which you would otherwise be entitled.

I hereby state that I have carefully read this Release and that I am signing this Release knowingly and voluntarily with the full intent of releasing the Releasees from any and all claims, except as set forth herein. Further, if signed prior to the completion of the 21 day review period, this is to acknowledge that I knowingly and voluntarily signed this Release on an earlier date.

Date: _____ []

EXHIBIT C
SECTION 83(b) ELECTION

This statement is being made under Section 83(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, pursuant to Treas. Reg. Section 1.83-2.

- (1) The taxpayer who performed the services is:
Name:
Address:
Social Security Number:
- (2) The property with respect to which the election is being made is _____ shares of the common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of Generac Holdings Inc.
- (3) The transferor of the property is Generac Holdings Inc.
- (4) The property was transferred on _____.
- (5) The taxable year in which the election is being made is the calendar year 2010.
- (6) The property will vest upon the third anniversary of the date of transfer, subject to the taxpayer's continued service to Generac Holdings Inc or its affiliates.
- (7) The fair market value at the time of transfer (determined without regard to any restriction other than a restriction which by its terms will never lapse) is \$ _____ per share.
- (8) The amount paid for such property is \$ _____ per share.
- (9) A copy of this statement was furnished to Generac Holdings Inc. for whom taxpayer rendered the services underlying the transfer of property.
- (10) This statement is executed on _____.

Signature: _____
[Taxpayer's name]

This election must be filed with the Internal Revenue Service Center with which taxpayer files his Federal income tax returns and must be made within thirty days after the Date of Grant. This filing should be made by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested. The taxpayer shall also provide a copy of such form to the Company promptly following its filing. The taxpayer should retain two (2) additional copies of the completed form for filing with Federal and state tax returns for the taxpayer's current tax year and an additional copy for the taxpayer's records.

**Generac Holdings Inc.
2010 Equity Incentive Plan**

NONQUALIFIED STOCK OPTION AWARD AGREEMENT

THIS NONQUALIFIED STOCK OPTION AWARD AGREEMENT (the “Award Agreement”) is made effective as of the _____ day of _____, 2010 (the “Date of Grant”), between Generac Holdings Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), and _____ (the “Participant”):

R E C I T A L S:

WHEREAS, the Company has adopted the Generac Holdings Inc. 2010 Equity Incentive Plan (the “Plan”), which Plan is incorporated herein by reference and made a part of this Award Agreement. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the same meanings as in the Plan; and

WHEREAS, the Committee has determined that it would be in the best interests of the Company and its stockholders to grant the option provided for herein to the Participant pursuant to the Plan and the terms set forth herein.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants hereinafter set forth, the parties agree as follows:

1. Grant of the Option. The Company hereby grants to the Participant the right and option (the “Option”) to purchase, on the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth, all or any part of an aggregate of _____ Shares. The Option is intended to be a Non-Qualified Stock Option.
2. Option Price. The purchase price of the Shares subject to the Option shall be _____ per Share (the “Option Price”).
3. Option Term. The term of the Option shall be ten (10) years, commencing on the Date of Grant (the “Option Term”). The Option shall automatically terminate upon the expiration of the Option Term, or at such earlier time specified herein or in the Plan.
4. Vesting of the Option. Subject to the Participant’s continued service to the Company through the applicable vesting date, the Option shall vest in equal installments on each of the first five (5) anniversaries of the Date of Grant, such that twenty percent (20%) of the Option vests on each such anniversary. At any time, the portion of the Option which has become vested in accordance with the terms hereof shall be called the “Vested Portion”.
5. Acceleration of Vesting. Notwithstanding Section 4 hereof, if within the one (1) year period following a Change of Control, the Participant’s service is terminated by the Company or any Affiliate without Cause, the Option shall immediately vest as of the date of such termination of service.

6. Termination of Service.

- (a) Termination of Service for Cause. Upon a termination of the Participant’s service by the Company for Cause the Option, including the Vested Portion, shall immediately terminate and be forfeited without consideration.
- (b) Termination of Service for Retirement, death or Disability. Upon a termination of the Participant’s service by reason of Retirement, death or Disability any unvested portion of the Option shall immediately terminate and be forfeited without consideration and the Vested Portion shall remain exercisable until the earlier of (i) one (1) year following such termination of service and (ii) the expiration of the Option Term.
- (c) Termination of Service following a Change of Control. Upon a termination of the Participant’s service pursuant to Section 5 above, the Option shall remain exercisable until the earlier of (i) one (1) year following such termination of service and (ii) the expiration of the Option Term.
- (d) Other Terminations of Service. Upon a termination of the Participant’s service for any reason, other than pursuant to Sections 6(a), 6(b) and 6(c) above, any unvested portion of the Option shall immediately terminate and be forfeited without consideration and the Vested Portion shall remain exercisable until the earlier of (i) Ninety (90) days following such termination of service and (ii) the expiration of the Option Term.

7. Exercise Procedures.

- (a) Notice of Exercise. The Participant or the Participant’s representative may exercise the Vested Portion or any part thereof prior to the expiration of the Option Term by giving written notice to the Company in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A (the “Notice of Exercise”). The Notice of Exercise shall be signed by the person exercising such Option. In the event that such Option is being exercised by the Participant’s representative, the Notice of Exercise shall be accompanied by proof (satisfactory to the Company) of such representative’s right to exercise such Option. In the event the Option is being exercised following the termination of the Participant’s service, exercise shall be subject to the Participant’s execution of an effective general release and waiver of all claims against the Company, its Affiliates and their respective officers and directors substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit B.
- (b) Method of Exercise. The Participant or the Participant’s representative shall deliver to the Company, at the time the Notice of Exercise is given, payment in a form permissible under Section 6.5 of the Plan for the full amount of the aggregate Option Price for the exercised Option.
- (c) Issuance of Shares. Provided the Company receives a properly completed and executed Notice of Exercise, payment for the full amount of the aggregate Option Price, and, if applicable, an effective release and waiver of all claims as required by this Section 7, the Company shall promptly cause to be issued certificates for the Shares underlying the exercised Option, registered in the name of the person exercising the applicable Option.

8. Restrictive Covenant Agreement. The Participant and the Company have previously entered into a restrictive covenant agreement. Participant hereby reaffirms his

obligations under such restrictive covenant agreement and nothing contained in this Award Agreement shall cancel, change or modify Participant’s obligations thereunder.

9. Non-Disparagement. The Participant, while providing services to the Company and thereafter, shall not make any oral or written communication to any Person that disparages, or has the effect of damaging the reputation of, the Company, the Affiliates or their respective directors, officers, agents, employees, former employees, representatives or stockholders; provided, that, nothing in the foregoing shall preclude the Participant from disclosing any information to Participant’s attorney or in response to a lawful subpoena or court order requiring disclosure of information.
10. Adjustment of Shares. In the event of any corporate event or transaction (as described in Section 12.1 of the Plan), the terms of this Award Agreement (including, without limitation, the number and kind of Shares subject to this Agreement and the Option Price) may be adjusted as set forth in Section 12.1 of the Plan.
11. Definitions.

“Cause” shall mean, (i) a material breach by the Participant of any of the Participant’s obligations under any written agreement with the Company or any of its Affiliates, (ii) a material violation by the Participant of any of the Company’s policies, procedures, rules and regulations applicable to employees generally or to similarly situated employees, in each case, as they may be amended from time to time in the Company’s sole discretion; (iii) the failure by the Participant to reasonably and substantially perform his or her duties to the Company or its Affiliates (other than as a result of physical or mental illness or injury); (iv) the Participant’s willful misconduct or gross negligence that has caused or is reasonably expected to result in material injury to the business, reputation or prospects of the Company or any of its Affiliates; (v) the Participant’s fraud or misappropriation of funds; or (vi) the commission by the Participant of a felony or other serious crime involving moral turpitude; provided, that, in the case of the failures described in (i), (ii) and (iii) above, such failures shall only constitute “Cause” after a written notice of such failure is delivered to the Participant that specifically identifies the specific failure that could lead to the Participant’s termination, and the Participant does not remedy such failure within fifteen (15) business days after receipt of such written notice, as prescribed within the notice. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Participant is a party to an employment agreement with the Company or any Affiliate at the time of his or her termination of employment and such employment agreement contains a different definition of “cause” (or any derivation thereof), the definition in such employment agreement will control for purposes of this Agreement.

“Disability” shall mean the failure or inability of the Participant to perform duties with the Company or any Affiliate for a period of at least 180 consecutive days (or 180 days during any twelve (12) month period) by reason of any physical or mental condition, as determined reasonably and in good faith by the Committee; provided, that, if the Company’s long term disability plan contains a

definition of "disability," the definition in such plan will control for purposes of this Agreement.

"Retirement" shall mean retirement from employment or service as a Director with the Company or any Affiliate, as determined by the Committee in its sole discretion.

12. No Right to Continued Service. The granting of the Option evidenced hereby and this Award Agreement shall impose no obligation on the Company or any Affiliate to continue the Service of the Participant and shall not lessen or affect any right that the Company or any Affiliate may have to terminate the service of such Participant.

13. Securities Laws/Legend on Certificates. The issuance and delivery of Shares shall comply (or be exempt from) all applicable requirements of law, including (without limitation) the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, state securities laws and regulations, and the regulations of any stock exchange or other securities market on which the Company's securities may then be traded. The Company shall not be obligated to file any registration statement under any applicable securities laws to permit the purchase or issuance of any Shares under the Plan or Awards, and accordingly any certificates for Shares or documents granting Awards may have an appropriate legend or statement of applicable restrictions endorsed thereon. If the Company deems it necessary to ensure that the issuance of Shares under the Plan is not required to be registered under any applicable securities laws, each Participant to whom such Shares would be issued shall deliver to the Company an agreement or certificate containing such representations, warranties and covenants as the Company may reasonably request which satisfies such requirements.

14. Transferability. Unless otherwise provided by the Committee, the Option may not be assigned, alienated, pledged, attached, sold or otherwise transferred or encumbered by the Participant other than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution, and any such purported assignment, alienation, pledge, attachment, sale, transfer or encumbrance shall be void and unenforceable against the Company or any Affiliate; provided, that, the designation of a beneficiary shall not constitute an assignment, alienation, pledge, attachment, sale, transfer or encumbrance. No such permitted transfer of the Option to heirs or legatees of the Participant shall be effective to bind the Company unless the Committee shall have been furnished with written notice thereof and a copy of such evidence as the Committee may deem necessary to establish the validity of the transfer and the acceptance by the transferee or transferees of the terms and conditions hereof. During the Participant's lifetime, the Option is exercisable only by the Participant.

15. Withholding. The Participant may be required to pay to the Company or any Affiliate and the Company shall have the right and is hereby authorized to withhold, any applicable withholding taxes in respect of the Option, its exercise or transfer and to take such other action as may be necessary in the opinion of the Committee to satisfy all obligations for the payment of such withholding taxes.

16. Notices. Any notification required by the terms of this Award Agreement shall be given in writing and shall be deemed effective upon personal delivery or within three (3) days of deposit with the United States Postal Service, by registered or certified mail, with postage and fees prepaid. A notice shall be addressed to the Company, Attention: General Counsel, at its principal executive office and to the Participant at the address that he or she most recently provided to the Company.

17. Entire Agreement. This Award Agreement and the Plan constitute the entire contract between the parties hereto with regard to the subject matter hereof. They supersede any other agreements, representations or understandings (whether oral or written and whether express or implied) which relate to the subject matter hereof.

18. Waiver. No waiver of any breach or condition of this Award Agreement shall be deemed to be a waiver of any other or subsequent breach or condition whether of like or different nature.

19. Successors and Assigns. The provisions of this Award Agreement shall inure to the benefit of, and be binding upon, the Company and its successors and assigns and upon the Participant, the Participant's assigns and the legal representatives, heirs and legatees of the Participant's estate, whether or not any such person shall have become a party to this Award Agreement and have agreed in writing to be joined herein and be bound by the terms hereof.

20. Choice of Law. This Award Agreement shall be governed by the law of the State of Delaware (regardless of the laws that might otherwise govern under applicable Delaware principles of conflicts of law) as to all matters, including but not limited to matters of validity, construction, effect, performance and remedies.

21. Option Subject to Plan. By entering into this Award Agreement the Participant agrees and acknowledges that the Participant has received and read a copy of the Plan. The Option is subject to the Plan. The terms and provisions of the Plan as it may be amended from time to time are hereby incorporated herein by reference. In the event of a conflict between any term or provision contained herein and a term or provision of the Plan, the applicable terms and provisions of the Plan will govern and prevail.

22. No Guarantees Regarding Tax Treatment. The Participant (or their beneficiaries) shall be responsible for all taxes with respect to the Option. The Committee and the Company make no guarantees regarding the tax treatment of the Option. Neither the Committee nor the Company has any obligation to take any action to prevent the assessment of any tax under Section 409A of the Code or Section 457A of the Code or otherwise and none of the Company, any Affiliate, or any of their employees or representatives shall have any liability to the Participant with respect thereto.

23. Amendment. The Committee may amend or alter this Award Agreement and the Option granted hereunder at any time, subject to the terms of the Plan.

24. Severability. The provisions of this Award Agreement are severable and if any one or more provisions are determined to be illegal or otherwise unenforceable, in whole or in part, the remaining provisions shall nevertheless be binding and enforceable.

25. Signature in Counterparts. This Award Agreement may be signed in counterparts, each of which shall be an original, with the same effect as if the signatures thereto and hereto were upon the same instrument.

* * * *

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Award Agreement.

GENERAC HOLDINGS INC.

Name:
Title:

Agreed and acknowledged as
of the date first above written:

PARTICIPANT

SIGNATURE PAGE TO
AWARD AGREEMENT

Date of Exercise:

Ladies & Gentlemen:

1. *Exercise of Option.* This constitutes notice to Generac Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") that pursuant to my Nonqualified Stock Option Award Agreement (the "Award Agreement") under the Company's 2010 Equity Incentive Plan (the "Plan") I elect to purchase the number of Shares of Company common stock set forth below and for the price set forth below. By signing and delivering this notice to the Company, I hereby acknowledge that I am the holder of the stock option (the "Option") exercised by this notice and have full power and authority to exercise the same.

Date of Grant:

Number of Shares as to which the Option is exercised ("Optioned Shares"):

Certificates to be issued in name of:

Total exercise price: \$

Cash Exercise

Cash payment delivered herewith: \$

2. *Form of Payment.* Forms of payment other than cash or its equivalent (e.g. by cashier's check) are limited by the Plan and are permissible only to the extent approved by the compensation committee of the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Committee") or any committee designated thereby, in its sole discretion.

3. *Delivery of Payment.* With this notice, I hereby deliver to the Company the full purchase price of the Optioned Shares and any and all withholding taxes due in connection with the exercise of my Option.

4. *Rights as Stockholder.* While the Company will endeavor to process this notice in a timely manner, I acknowledge that until the issuance of the shares underlying the Optioned Shares (as evidenced by the appropriate entry on the books of the Company or of a duly authorized transfer agent of the Company), no right to vote or receive dividends or any other rights as a stockholder shall exist with respect to such shares, notwithstanding the exercise of my

option(s). No adjustment shall be made for a dividend or other right for which the record date is prior to the date of issuance of the optioned stock.

5. *Interpretation.* Any dispute regarding the interpretation of this notice shall be submitted promptly by me or by the Company to the Committee, which shall review such dispute at its next regular meeting. The resolution of such a dispute by such administrator of the Plan shall be final and binding on all parties.

6. *Governing Law; Severability.* This notice is governed by the internal substantive laws but not the choice of law rules, of Delaware. In the event that any provision hereof becomes or is declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be illegal, unenforceable or void, this notice will continue in full force and effect without said provision.

7. *Entire Agreement.* The Plan and the Award Agreement under which the Optioned Shares were granted are incorporated herein by reference, and together with this notice constitute the entire agreement of the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof.

Very truly yours,

(social security number)

EXHIBIT B

FORM OF RELEASE

A release is required as a condition for receiving the benefits provided pursuant to the Nonqualified Stock Option Award Agreement between GENERAC HOLDINGS INC. (the "Company") and [] ("Participant") dated [], 2010, (the "Agreement"); thus, by executing this release ("Release"), you have advised us that you hold no claims against the Company, its predecessors, successors or assigns, affiliates, shareholders or members and each of their respective officers, directors, agents and employees (collectively, the "Releasees"), and by execution of this Release you agree to waive and release any such claims, except relating to any compensation, severance pay and benefits described in any written agreement between you and the Company.

You understand and agree that this Release will extend to all claims, demands, liabilities and causes of action of every kind, nature and description whatsoever, whether known, unknown or suspected to exist, which you ever had or may now have against the Releasees in your capacity as an employee of the Company, including, without limitation, any claims, demands, liabilities and causes of action arising from your employment with the Releasees and the termination of that employment, including any claims for severance or vacation pay, business expenses, and/or pursuant to any federal, state, county, or local employment laws, regulations, executive orders, or other requirements, including, but not limited to, Title VII of the 1964 Civil Rights Act, the 1866 Civil Rights Act, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act as amended by the Older Workers Benefit Protection Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Civil Rights Act of 1991, the Workers Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act and any other local, state or federal fair employment laws, and any contract or tort claims.

You understand and agree that this Release is intended to include all claims by you or on your behalf alleging discrimination on the basis of race, sex, religion, national origin, age, disability, marital status, or any other protected status or involving any contract or tort claims based on your termination from the Company. It is also acknowledged that your termination is not in any way related to any work-related injury.

It also is understood and agreed that the remedy at law for breach of the Award Agreement, any restrictive covenant agreements between you and the Company, and/or this Release shall be inadequate, and the Company shall be entitled to injunctive relief in respect thereof.

Your ability to receive payments and benefits under the terms of the Award Agreement will remain open for a 21-day period after your Termination Date to give you an opportunity to consider the effect of this Release. At your option, you may elect to execute this Release on an earlier date. Additionally, you have seven days after the date you execute this Release to revoke it. As a result, this Release will not be effective until eight days after you execute it. We also want to advise you of your right to consult with legal counsel prior to executing a copy of this Release.

Finally, this is to expressly acknowledge:

· You understand that you are not waiving any claims or rights that may arise after the date you execute this Release.

· You understand and agree that the compensation and benefits described in the Award Agreement offer you consideration greater than that to which you would otherwise be entitled.

I hereby state that I have carefully read this Release and that I am signing this Release knowingly and voluntarily with the full intent of releasing the Releases from any and all claims, except as set forth herein. Further, if signed prior to the completion of the 21 day review period, this is to acknowledge that I knowingly and voluntarily signed this Release on an earlier date.

Date:

INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT

THIS INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT (the "Agreement") is made and entered into as of [], 2010 between GENERAC POWER SYSTEMS, INC., a Wisconsin corporation (the "Company"), and [] ("Indemnitee"). Capitalized terms not defined elsewhere in this Agreement are used as defined in Section 14.

WHEREAS, highly competent persons have become more reluctant to serve corporations as directors or officers or in other capacities unless they are provided with adequate protection through insurance or adequate indemnification against inordinate risks of claims and actions against them arising out of their service to and activities on behalf of the corporation;

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") has determined that, in order to attract and retain qualified individuals, the Company will attempt to maintain on an ongoing basis, at its sole expense, liability insurance to protect persons serving the Company and its affiliates (including, without limitation, Generac Holdings Inc., a Delaware corporation and the Company's indirect parent ("Holdings")) from certain liabilities. Although the furnishing of such insurance has been a customary and widespread practice among United States-based corporations and other business enterprises, the Company believes that, given current market conditions and trends, such insurance may be available to it in the future only at higher premiums and with more exclusions. At the same time, directors, officers, and other persons in service to corporations or business enterprises are being increasingly subjected to expensive and time-consuming litigation relating to, among other things, matters that traditionally would have been brought only against the Company or business enterprise itself. The Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Company (the "Charter") and the Amended and Restated By-Laws of the Company (the "By-Laws") require indemnification of the officers and directors of the Company. Indemnitee may also be entitled to indemnification pursuant to the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law ("WBCL") or the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware ("DGCL") in the case of officers and directors of Holdings. The Charter, the By-Laws and the WBCL expressly provide that the indemnification provisions set forth therein are not exclusive, and thereby contemplate that contracts may be entered into between the Company and members of the Board, officers and other persons with respect to indemnification;

WHEREAS, the uncertainties relating to such insurance and to indemnification have increased the difficulty of attracting and retaining such persons;

WHEREAS, the Board has determined that the increased difficulty in attracting and retaining such persons is detrimental to the best interests of the Company's shareholders and that the Company should act to assure such persons that there will be increased certainty of such protection in the future;

WHEREAS, it is reasonable, prudent and necessary for the Company contractually to obligate itself to indemnify, and to advance expenses on behalf of, such persons to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law so that they will serve or continue to serve the Company free from undue concern that they will not be so indemnified;

WHEREAS, this Agreement is a supplement to and in furtherance of the Charter and the By-Laws and any resolutions adopted pursuant thereto, and shall not be deemed a substitute therefor, nor to diminish or abrogate any rights of Indemnitee thereunder;

WHEREAS, the Company will receive funds generated by the initial public offering (the "IPO") undertaken by Holdings, which funds will be contributed to the Company and used by the Company for its corporate purposes, including reducing the Company's debt obligations;

WHEREAS, the board of directors and officers of Holdings provide services, guidance and other benefits to the Company;

WHEREAS, Indemnitee does not regard the protection available under the Company's By-Laws and Charter (or the By-laws or certificate of incorporation of Holdings, as applicable) and insurance as adequate in the present circumstances, and may not be willing to serve as an officer or director without adequate protection, and the Company desires Indemnitee to serve in such capacity. Indemnitee is willing to serve, continue to serve and to take on additional service for or on behalf of the Company on the condition that he be so indemnified; and

WHEREAS, Indemnitee has certain rights to indemnification and/or insurance provided by CCMP Capital Advisors, LLC ("CCMP") which Indemnitee and CCMP intends to be secondary to the obligation of the Company to indemnify Indemnitee as provided herein, with the Company's acknowledgement and agreement to the foregoing being a material condition to Indemnitee's willingness to serve on the Board.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of (1) Indemnitee's agreement to serve as a director or officer of the Company and (2) in the case of a director or officer of Holdings, the contribution of the proceeds generated by the IPO and the services, guidance and other benefits such officer or director provides to the Company, from and after the date hereof, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. Indemnity of Indemnitee. The Company hereby agrees to hold harmless and indemnify Indemnitee to the fullest extent permitted by law, as such may be amended from time to time. In furtherance of the foregoing indemnification, and without limiting the generality thereof:

(a) Proceedings Other Than Proceedings by or in the Right of the Company or Holdings. Indemnitee shall be entitled to the rights of indemnification provided in this Section 1(a) if, by reason of his Corporate Status, Indemnitee is, or is threatened to be made, a party to or participant in any Proceeding other than a Proceeding by or in the right of the Company or Holdings, applicable. Pursuant to this Section 1(a), Indemnitee shall be indemnified against all Expenses, judgments, penalties, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him, or on his behalf, in connection with such Proceeding or any claim, issue or matter therein; provided, however no indemnification against such Expenses shall be made if the liability was incurred because Indemnitee breached or failed to perform a duty he owes to the Company or Holdings, as applicable, and the breach or failure to perform constitutes any of the following: (i) a willful failure to deal fairly with the Company, Holdings or their shareholders in connection with a matter in which Indemnitee has a material conflict of interest;

2

(ii) a violation of criminal law, unless Indemnitee had reasonable cause to believe his conduct was lawful or no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful; (iii) a transaction from which Indemnitee derived an improper personal profit; or (iv) willful misconduct.

(b) Proceedings by or in the Right of the Company or Holdings. Indemnitee shall be entitled to the rights of indemnification provided in this Section 1(b) if, by reason of his Corporate Status, Indemnitee is, or is threatened to be made, a party to or participant in any Proceeding brought by or in the right of the Company or Holdings, as applicable. Pursuant to this Section 1(b), Indemnitee shall be indemnified against all Expenses actually and reasonably incurred by Indemnitee, or on Indemnitee's behalf, in connection with such Proceeding; provided, however no indemnification against such Expenses shall be made if the liability was incurred because Indemnitee breached or failed to perform a duty he owes to the Company or Holdings, as applicable, and the breach or failure to perform constitutes any of the following: (i) a willful failure to deal fairly with the Company, Holdings or their shareholders in connection with a matter in which Indemnitee has a material conflict of interest; (ii) a violation of criminal law, unless Indemnitee had reasonable cause to believe his conduct was lawful or no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful; (iii) a transaction from which Indemnitee derived an improper personal profit; or (iv) willful misconduct. The termination of a proceeding by judgment, order, settlement or conviction, or upon a plea of no contest or an equivalent plea, does not, by itself, create a presumption that indemnification of Indemnitee is not required under this subsection.

(c) Indemnification for Expenses of a Party Who is Wholly or Partly Successful. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, to the extent that Indemnitee is, by reason of his Corporate Status, a party to and is successful, on the merits or otherwise, in any Proceeding, he shall be indemnified to the maximum extent permitted by law, as such may be amended from time to time, against all Expenses actually and reasonably incurred by him or on his behalf in connection therewith. If Indemnitee is not wholly successful in such Proceeding but is successful, on the merits or otherwise, as to one or more but less than all claims, issues or matters in such Proceeding, the Company shall indemnify Indemnitee against all Expenses actually and reasonably incurred by him or on his behalf in connection with each but successfully resolved claim, issue or matter. For purposes of this Section 1(c) and without limitation, the termination of any claim, issue or matter in such a Proceeding by dismissal, with or without prejudice, shall be deemed to be a successful result as to such claim, issue or matter.

2. Additional Indemnity. In addition to, and without regard to any limitations on, the indemnification provided for in Section 1 of this Agreement, the Company shall and hereby does indemnify and hold harmless Indemnitee against all Expenses, judgments, penalties, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him or on his behalf if, by reason of his Corporate Status, he is, or is threatened to be made, a party to or participant in any Proceeding (including a Proceeding by or in the right of the Company and/or Holdings, as applicable), including, without limitation, all liability arising out of the negligence or active or passive wrongdoing of Indemnitee. The only limitation that shall exist upon the Company's obligations pursuant to this Agreement shall be that the Company shall not be obligated to make any payment to Indemnitee that is finally determined (under the procedures, and subject to the presumptions, set forth in Sections 6 and 7 hereof) to be unlawful.

3

3. Contribution.

(a) Whether or not the indemnification provided in Sections 1 and 2 hereof is available, in respect of any threatened, pending or completed Proceeding in which the Company and/or Holdings is jointly liable with Indemnitee (or would be if joined in such Proceeding), the Company shall pay, in the first instance, the entire amount of any judgment or settlement of such action, suit or

proceeding without requiring Indemnitee to contribute to such payment and the Company hereby waives and relinquishes any right of contribution it may have against Indemnitee. The Company shall not, without Indemnitee's prior written consent, enter into any such settlement of any Proceeding (in whole or in part) unless such settlement (i) provides for a full and final release of all claims asserted against Indemnitee and (ii) does not impose any Expense, judgment, fine, penalty or limitation on Indemnitee.

(b) Without diminishing or impairing the obligations of the Company set forth in the preceding subparagraph, if, for any reason, Indemnitee shall elect or be required to pay all or any portion of any judgment or settlement in any threatened, pending or completed Proceeding in which the Company and/or Holdings is jointly liable with Indemnitee (or would be if joined in such Proceeding), the Company shall contribute to the amount of Expenses, judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred and paid or payable by Indemnitee in proportion to the relative benefits received by the Company and all officers, directors or employees of the Company, other than Indemnitee, who are jointly liable with Indemnitee (or would be if joined in such Proceeding), on the one hand, and Indemnitee, on the other hand, from the transaction from which such Proceeding arose; provided, however, that the proportion determined on the basis of relative benefit may, to the extent necessary to conform to law, be further adjusted by reference to the relative fault of the Company and/or Holdings and all officers, directors or employees of the Company and/or Holdings other than Indemnitee who are jointly liable with Indemnitee (or would be if joined in such Proceeding), on the one hand, and Indemnitee, on the other hand, in connection with the events that resulted in such expenses, judgments, fines or settlement amounts, as well as any other equitable considerations which the law may require to be considered. The relative fault of the Company and/or Holdings and all officers, directors or employees of the Company and/or Holdings, other than Indemnitee, who are jointly liable with Indemnitee (or would be if joined in such Proceeding), on the one hand, and Indemnitee, on the other hand, shall be determined by reference to, among other things, the degree to which their actions were motivated by intent to gain personal profit or advantage, the degree to which their liability is primary or secondary and the degree to which their conduct is active or passive.

(c) The Company hereby agrees to fully indemnify and hold Indemnitee harmless from any claims of contribution which may be brought by officers, directors or employees of the Company and/or Holdings, other than Indemnitee, who may be jointly liable with Indemnitee.

(d) To the fullest extent permissible under applicable law, if the indemnification provided for in this Agreement is unavailable to Indemnitee for any reason whatsoever, the Company, in lieu of indemnifying Indemnitee, shall contribute to the amount incurred by Indemnitee, whether for judgments, fines, penalties, excise taxes, amounts paid or to be paid in settlement and/or for Expenses, in connection with any claim relating to an

4

indemnifiable event under this Agreement, in such proportion as is deemed fair and reasonable in light of all of the circumstances of such Proceeding in order to reflect (i) the relative benefits received by the Company and Indemnitee as a result of the event(s) and/or transaction(s) giving cause to such Proceeding; and/or (ii) the relative fault of the Company and/or Holdings (and their respective directors, officers, employees and agents) and Indemnitee in connection with such event(s) and/or transaction(s).

4. Indemnification for Expenses of a Witness. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, to the extent that Indemnitee is, by reason of his Corporate Status, a witness, or is made (or asked to) respond to discovery requests, in any Proceeding to which Indemnitee is not a party, he shall be indemnified against all Expenses actually and reasonably incurred by him or on his behalf in connection therewith.

5. Advancement of Expenses. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the Company shall advance all Expenses incurred by or on behalf of Indemnitee in connection with any Proceeding by reason of Indemnitee's Corporate Status within thirty (30) days after the receipt by the Company of a statement or statements from Indemnitee requesting such advance or advances from time to time, whether prior to or after final disposition of such Proceeding. Such statement or statements shall reasonably evidence the Expenses incurred by Indemnitee and shall include or be preceded or accompanied by a written undertaking by or on behalf of Indemnitee to repay any Expenses advanced if it shall ultimately be determined that Indemnitee is not entitled to be indemnified against such Expenses. Any advances and undertakings to repay pursuant to this Section 5 shall be unsecured and interest free.

6. Procedures and Presumptions for Determination of Entitlement to Indemnification. It is the intent of this Agreement to secure for Indemnitee rights of indemnity that are as favorable as may be permitted under the WBCL and public policy of the State of Wisconsin. Accordingly, the parties agree that the following procedures and presumptions shall apply in the event of any question as to whether Indemnitee is entitled to indemnification under this Agreement:

(a) To obtain indemnification under this Agreement, Indemnitee shall make a written request to the Company for indemnification, including therein or therewith such documentation and information as is reasonably available to Indemnitee and is reasonably necessary to determine whether and to what extent Indemnitee is entitled to indemnification, which request shall designate one of the following means for determining his right to indemnification: (i) by a majority vote of a quorum of the Board or a committee of directors, consisting of directors not at the time parties to the same or related Proceedings; (ii) by Independent Counsel selected by a quorum of the Board or its committee in the manner prescribed in subsection (i) or, if unable to obtain such a quorum or committee, by a majority vote of the full Board, including directors who are parties to the same or related Proceedings; (iii) by a panel of three arbitrators consisting of one arbitrator selected by those directors entitled under (ii) to select Independent Counsel, one arbitrator selected by Indemnitee and one arbitrator selected by the two arbitrators previously selected or (iv) by the shareholders of the Company; provided, however, that if a Change in Control has occurred, the determination with respect to Indemnitee's entitlement to indemnification shall be made by Independent Counsel. Indemnitee may apply to a court of competent jurisdiction for review of an adverse determination under this

5

section. The Secretary of the Company shall, promptly upon receipt of such a request for indemnification, advise the Board in writing that Indemnitee has requested indemnification. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any failure of Indemnitee to provide such a request to the Company, or to provide such a request in a timely fashion, shall not relieve the Company of any liability that it may have to Indemnitee unless, and to the extent that, such failure actually and materially prejudices the interests of the Company.

(b) In the event the determination of entitlement to indemnification is to be made by Independent Counsel, the Independent Counsel shall be selected as provided in this Section 6(b). If a Change in Control has not occurred the Independent Counsel shall be selected by the Board (including a vote of a majority of Disinterested Directors if obtainable), and the Company shall give written notice to Indemnitee advising him of the identity of the Independent Counsel so selected. Indemnitee may, within 10 days after such written notice of selection shall have been given, deliver to the Company a written objection to such selection; provided, however, that such objection may be asserted only on the ground that the Independent Counsel so selected does not meet the requirements of "Independent Counsel" as defined in Section 14 of this Agreement, and the objection shall set forth with particularity the factual basis of such assertion. Absent a proper and timely objection, the person so selected shall act as Independent Counsel. If a written objection is made and substantiated, the Independent Counsel selected may not serve as Independent Counsel unless and until such objection is withdrawn or a court has determined that such objection is without merit. If a Change in Control has occurred, the Independent Counsel shall be selected by the Indemnitee (unless the Indemnitee shall request that such selection be made by the Board of Directors, in which event the preceding sentence shall apply), and approved by the Board of Directors (which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld). If (i) an Independent Counsel is to make the determination of entitlement pursuant to this Section 6, and (ii) within 20 days after submission by Indemnitee of a written request for indemnification pursuant to Section 6(a) hereof, no Independent Counsel shall have been selected and not objected to, either the Company or Indemnitee may petition the court conducting the Proceeding or another court of competent jurisdiction in the State of Wisconsin for resolution of any objection which shall have been made by Indemnitee to the Company's selection of Independent Counsel and/or for the appointment as Independent Counsel of a person selected by the court or by such other person as the court shall designate, and the person with respect to whom all objections are so resolved or the person so appointed shall act as Independent Counsel under Section 6(a) hereof. The Company shall pay any and all reasonable fees and expenses of Independent Counsel incurred by such Independent Counsel in connection with acting pursuant to Section 6(a) hereof, and the Company shall pay all reasonable fees and expenses incident to the procedures of this Section 6(b), regardless of the manner in which such Independent Counsel was selected or appointed.

(c) In making a determination with respect to entitlement to indemnification hereunder, the person or persons or entity making such determination shall presume that Indemnitee is entitled to indemnification under this Agreement. Anyone seeking to overcome this presumption shall have the burden of proof and the burden of persuasion by clear and convincing evidence. Neither the failure of the Company (including by its directors or independent legal counsel) to have made a determination prior to the commencement of any action pursuant to this Agreement that indemnification is proper in the circumstances because Indemnitee has met the applicable standard of conduct, nor an actual determination by the

6

Company (including by its directors or independent legal counsel) that Indemnitee has not met such applicable standard of conduct, shall be a defense to the action or create a presumption that Indemnitee has not met the applicable standard of conduct.

(d) Indemnitee shall be deemed to have acted in good faith if Indemnitee's action is based on the records or books of account of the Enterprise, including financial statements, or on information supplied to Indemnitee by the officers of the Enterprise in the course of their duties, or on the advice of legal counsel for the Enterprise or on information or records given or reports made to the Enterprise by an independent certified public accountant or by an appraiser or other expert selected with reasonable care by the Enterprise. In addition, the knowledge and/or actions, or failure to act, of any director, officer, agent or employee of the Enterprise shall not be imputed to Indemnitee for purposes of determining the right to indemnification under this Agreement. Whether or not the foregoing provisions of this Section 6(d) are satisfied, it shall in any event be presumed that Indemnitee has at all times acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the Company or Holdings, as applicable. Anyone seeking to overcome this presumption shall have the burden of proof and the burden of persuasion by clear and convincing evidence.

(e) If the person, persons or entity empowered or selected under this Section 6 to determine whether Indemnitee is entitled to indemnification shall not have made a determination within sixty (60) days after receipt by the Company of the request therefor, the requisite determination of entitlement to indemnification shall be deemed to have been made and Indemnitee shall

be entitled to such indemnification absent (i) a misstatement by Indemnitee of a material fact, or an omission of a material fact necessary to make Indemnitee's statement not materially misleading, in connection with the request for indemnification, or (ii) a prohibition of such indemnification under applicable law; provided, however, that such 60-day period may be extended for a reasonable time, not to exceed an additional thirty (30) days, if the person, persons or entity making such determination with respect to entitlement to indemnification in good faith requires such additional time to obtain or evaluate documentation and/or information relating thereto; and provided, further, that the foregoing provisions of this Section 6(e) shall not apply if the determination of entitlement to indemnification is to be made by the shareholders pursuant to Section 6(a) of this Agreement and if (A) within fifteen (15) days after receipt by the Company of the request for such determination, the Board or the Disinterested Directors, if appropriate, resolve to submit such determination to the shareholders for their consideration at an annual meeting thereof to be held within seventy-five (75) days after such receipt and such determination is made thereat, or (B) a special meeting of shareholders is called within fifteen (15) days after such receipt for the purpose of making such determination, such meeting is held for such purpose within sixty (60) days after having been so called and such determination is made thereat.

(f) Indemnitee shall cooperate with the person, persons or entity making such determination with respect to Indemnitee's entitlement to indemnification, including providing to such person, persons or entity upon reasonable advance request any documentation or information which is not privileged or otherwise protected from disclosure and which is reasonably available to Indemnitee and reasonably necessary to such determination. Any Independent Counsel, member of the Board or shareholder of the Company shall act reasonably and in good faith in making a determination regarding Indemnitee's entitlement to

7

indemnification under this Agreement. Any costs or expenses (including attorneys' fees and disbursements) incurred by Indemnitee in so cooperating with the person, persons or entity making such determination shall be borne by the Company (irrespective of the determination as to Indemnitee's entitlement to indemnification) and the Company hereby indemnifies and agrees to hold Indemnitee harmless therefrom.

(g) The Company acknowledges that a settlement or other disposition short of final judgment may be successful if it permits a party to avoid expense, delay, distraction, disruption and uncertainty. In the event that any action, claim or proceeding to which Indemnitee is a party is resolved in any manner other than by adverse judgment against Indemnitee (including, without limitation, settlement of such action, claim or proceeding with or without payment of money or other consideration) it shall be presumed that Indemnitee has been successful on the merits or otherwise in such action, suit or proceeding. Anyone seeking to overcome this presumption shall have the burden of proof and the burden of persuasion by clear and convincing evidence.

(h) The termination of any Proceeding or of any claim, issue or matter therein, by judgment, order, settlement or conviction, or upon a plea of nolo contendere or its equivalent, shall not (except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement) of itself adversely affect the right of Indemnitee to indemnification or create a presumption that Indemnitee did not act in good faith and in a manner which he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the Company or Holdings, as applicable, or, with respect to any criminal Proceeding, that Indemnitee had reasonable cause to believe that his conduct was unlawful.

7. Remedies of Indemnitee.

(a) In the event that (i) a determination is made pursuant to Section 6 of this Agreement that Indemnitee is not entitled to indemnification under this Agreement, (ii) advancement of Expenses is not timely made pursuant to Section 5 of this Agreement, (iii) no determination of entitlement to indemnification is made pursuant to Section 6(b) of this Agreement within 90 days after receipt by the Company of the request for indemnification, (iv) payment of indemnification is not made pursuant to this Agreement within ten (10) days after receipt by the Company of a written request therefor or (v) payment of indemnification is not made within ten (10) days after a determination has been made that Indemnitee is entitled to indemnification or such determination is deemed to have been made pursuant to Section 6 of this Agreement, Indemnitee shall be entitled to an adjudication in an appropriate court of the State of Wisconsin, or in any other court of competent jurisdiction, of Indemnitee's entitlement to such indemnification, contribution or advancement of Expenses. Alternatively, Indemnitee, at his option, may seek an award in arbitration to be conducted by a single arbitrator pursuant to the Commercial Arbitration Rules of the American Arbitration Association. Except as set forth herein, the provisions of Wisconsin law (without regard to its conflict of law rules) shall apply to any such arbitration. The Company shall not oppose Indemnitee's right to seek any such adjudication or award in arbitration.

(b) In the event that a determination shall have been made pursuant to Section 6(a) of this Agreement that Indemnitee is not entitled to indemnification, any judicial

8

proceeding commenced pursuant to this Section 7 shall be conducted in all respects as a de novo trial, or arbitration, on the merits, and Indemnitee shall not be prejudiced by reason of the adverse determination under Section 6(a). In any judicial proceeding or arbitration commenced pursuant to this Section 7, Indemnitee shall be presumed to be entitled to indemnification under this Agreement and the Company shall have the burden of proving Indemnitee is not entitled to indemnification or advancement of Expenses, as the case may be, and the Company may not refer to or introduce into evidence any determination pursuant to Section 6(a) of this Agreement adverse to Indemnitee for any purpose. If Indemnitee commences a judicial proceeding or arbitration pursuant to this Section 7, Indemnitee shall not be required to reimburse the Company for any advances pursuant to Section 5 until a final determination is made with respect to Indemnitee's entitlement to indemnification (as to which all rights of appeal have been exhausted or lapsed).

(c) If a determination shall have been made pursuant to Section 6(a) of this Agreement that Indemnitee is entitled to indemnification, the Company shall be bound by such determination in any judicial proceeding commenced pursuant to this Section 7, absent (i) a misstatement by Indemnitee of a material fact, or an omission of a material fact necessary to make Indemnitee's misstatement not materially misleading in connection with the application for indemnification, or (ii) a prohibition of such indemnification under applicable law.

(d) In the event that Indemnitee, pursuant to this Section 7, seeks a judicial adjudication of his rights under, or to recover damages for breach of, this Agreement, or to recover under any directors' and officers' liability insurance policies maintained by the Company, the Company shall pay on his behalf, in advance, any and all expenses (of the types described in the definition of Expenses in Section 14 of this Agreement) actually and reasonably incurred by him in such judicial adjudication, regardless of whether Indemnitee ultimately is determined to be entitled to such indemnification, advancement of expenses or insurance recovery.

(e) The Company shall be precluded from asserting in any judicial proceeding commenced pursuant to this Section 7 that the procedures and presumptions of this Agreement are not valid, binding and enforceable and shall stipulate in any such court that the Company is bound by all the provisions of this Agreement. The Company shall indemnify Indemnitee against any and all Expenses and, if requested by Indemnitee, shall (within ten (10) days after receipt by the Company of a written request therefore) advance, to the extent not prohibited by law, such expenses to Indemnitee, which are incurred by Indemnitee in connection with any action brought by Indemnitee for indemnification or advance of Expenses from the Company under this Agreement or under any directors' and officers' liability insurance policies maintained by the Company, regardless of whether Indemnitee ultimately is determined to be entitled to such indemnification, advancement of Expenses or insurance recovery, as the case may be.

(f) Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, no determination as to entitlement to indemnification under this Agreement shall be required to be made prior to the final disposition of the Proceeding.

9

8. Non-Exclusivity; Survival of Rights; Primacy of Indemnification; Subrogation.

(a) The rights of indemnification and to receive advancement of expenses as provided by this Agreement shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which Indemnitee may at any time be entitled under applicable law, the Charter, the By-Laws, any agreement, a vote of shareholders, a resolution of directors or otherwise, of the Company or under applicable law, the certificate of incorporation, the by-Laws, any agreement, a vote of shareholders, a resolution of directors or otherwise, of Holdings, if applicable. No amendment, alteration or repeal of this Agreement or of any provision hereof shall limit or restrict any right of Indemnitee under this Agreement in respect of any action taken or omitted by such Indemnitee in his Corporate Status prior to such amendment, alteration or repeal. To the extent that a change in the WBCL, whether by statute or judicial decision, permits greater indemnification than would be afforded currently under the Charter, By-Laws and this Agreement, it is the intent of the parties hereto that Indemnitee shall enjoy by this Agreement the greater benefits so afforded by such change. No right or remedy herein conferred is intended to be exclusive of any other right or remedy, and every other right and remedy shall be cumulative and in addition to every other right and remedy given hereunder or now or hereafter existing at law or in equity or otherwise. The assertion or employment of any right or remedy hereunder, or otherwise, shall not prevent the concurrent assertion or employment of any other right or remedy.

(b) The Company hereby acknowledges that Indemnitee has certain rights to indemnification, advancement of expenses and/or insurance provided by CCMP and certain affiliates that, directly or indirectly, (i) are controlled by, (ii) control or (iii) are under common control with, CCMP (collectively, the "Fund Indemnitors"). The Company hereby agrees (i) that it is the indemnitor of first resort (i.e., its obligations to Indemnitee are primary and any obligation of the Fund Indemnitors to advance expenses or to provide indemnification for the same expenses or liabilities incurred by Indemnitee are secondary), (ii) that it shall be required to advance the full amount of expenses incurred by Indemnitee and shall be liable for the full amount of all Expenses, judgments, penalties, fines and amounts paid in settlement to the extent legally permitted and as required by the terms of this Agreement and the Charter or By-Laws of the Company (or any other agreement between the Company and Indemnitee), without regard to any rights Indemnitee may have against the Fund Indemnitors, and, (iii) that it irrevocably waives, relinquishes and releases the Fund Indemnitors from any and all claims against the Fund Indemnitors for contribution, subrogation or any other recovery of any kind in respect thereof. The Company further agrees that no advancement or payment by the Fund Indemnitors on behalf of Indemnitee with respect to any claim for which Indemnitee has sought indemnification from the Company shall affect the foregoing and the Fund Indemnitors shall have a right of contribution and/or

be subrogated to the extent of such advancement or payment to all of the rights of recovery of Indemnitee against the Company. The Company and Indemnitee agree that the Fund Indemnitors are express third party beneficiaries of the terms of this Section 8(b).

(c) Except as provided in Section 8(b) above, in the event of any payment under this Agreement, the Company shall be subrogated to the extent of such payment to all of the rights of recovery of Indemnitee, who shall execute all papers required and take all

10

action necessary to secure such rights, including execution of such documents as are necessary to enable the Company to bring suit to enforce such rights.

(d) Except as provided in Section 8(b) above, the Company shall not be liable under this Agreement to make any payment of amounts otherwise indemnifiable hereunder if and to the extent that Indemnitee has otherwise actually received such payment under any insurance policy, contract, agreement or otherwise.

(e) Except as provided in Section 8(b) above, the Company's obligation to indemnify or advance Expenses hereunder to Indemnitee who is or was serving at the request of the Company and/or Holdings as a director, officer, employee or agent of any other corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other Enterprise shall be reduced by any amount Indemnitee has actually received as indemnification or advancement of expenses from such other corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise.

9. Exception to Right of Indemnification. Notwithstanding any provision in this Agreement, the Company shall not be obligated under this Agreement to make any indemnity in connection with any claim made against Indemnitee:

(a) for which payment has actually been made to or on behalf of Indemnitee under any insurance policy or other indemnity provision, except with respect to any excess beyond the amount paid under any insurance policy or other indemnity provision; provided, that the foregoing shall not affect the rights of Indemnitee or the Fund Indemnitors set forth in Section 8(b) above;

(b) for (i) an accounting of profits made from the purchase and sale (or sale and purchase) by Indemnitee of securities of the Company within the meaning of Section 16(b) of the Exchange Act, or similar provisions of state statutory law or common law or (ii) reimbursement to the Company of any bonus or other incentive-based or equity-based compensation or of any profits realized by Indemnitee from the sale of securities of the Company in each case as required under the Exchange Act; or

(c) in connection with any Proceeding (or any part of any Proceeding) initiated by Indemnitee, including any Proceeding (or any part of any Proceeding) initiated by Indemnitee against the Company and/or Holdings or their respective directors, officers, employees or other indemnitees, unless (i) the Company has joined in or the Board authorized the Proceeding (or any part of any Proceeding) prior to its initiation, (ii) the Company provides the indemnification, in its sole discretion, pursuant to the powers vested in the Company under applicable law, or (iii) the Proceeding is one to enforce Indemnitee's rights under this Agreement.

10. Non-Disclosure of Payments. Except as expressly required by the securities laws of the United States of America, neither party shall disclose any payments under this Agreement unless prior approval of the other party is obtained. If any payment information must be disclosed, the Company shall afford Indemnitee an opportunity to review all such

11

disclosures and, if requested, to explain in such statement any mitigating circumstances regarding the events to be reported.

11. Duration of Agreement. All agreements and obligations of the Company contained herein shall continue upon the later of (a) ten (10) years after the date that Indemnitee shall have ceased to serve as a director or officer of the Company or a director, officer, trustee, partner, managing member, fiduciary, employee or agent of any other corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other Enterprise which Indemnitee served at the request of the Company and/or Holdings; or (b) one (1) year after the final termination of any Proceeding (including any rights of appeal thereto) in respect of which Indemnitee is granted rights of indemnification or advancement of Expenses hereunder and of any Proceeding commenced by Indemnitee pursuant to Section 7 of this Agreement relating thereto (including any rights of appeal of any Section 7 Proceeding. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of and be enforceable by the parties hereto and their respective successors (including any direct or indirect successor by purchase, merger, consolidation or otherwise to all or substantially all of the business or assets of the Company), assigns, spouses, heirs, executors and personal and legal representatives.

12. Security. To the extent requested by Indemnitee and approved by the Board, the Company may at any time and from time to time provide security to Indemnitee for the Company's obligations hereunder through an irrevocable bank line of credit, funded trust or other collateral. Any such security, once provided to Indemnitee, may not be revoked or released without the prior written consent of Indemnitee.

13. Enforcement.

(a) The Company expressly confirms and agrees that it has entered into this Agreement and assumes the obligations imposed on it hereby in order to induce Indemnitee to serve as an officer, director or key employee of the Company, and the Company acknowledges that Indemnitee is relying upon this Agreement in serving as an officer, director or key employee of the Company.

(b) Without limiting any of the rights of Indemnitee under the Charter of By-Laws of the Company as they may be amended from time to time, this Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersedes all prior agreements and understandings, oral, written and implied, between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof.

14. Definitions. For purposes of this Agreement:

(a) "Beneficial Owner" shall have the meaning given to such term in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act; provided, however, that Beneficial Owner shall exclude any Person otherwise becoming a Beneficial Owner by reason of the shareholders of the Company or Holdings, as applicable, approving a merger of the Company or Holdings, as applicable, with another entity.

(b) "Change in Control" shall be deemed to occur upon the earliest to occur after the date of this Agreement of any of the following events:

12

(i) Acquisition of Stock by Third Party. Any Person (as defined below), other than CCMP and its affiliates and other than a trustee or other fiduciary holding securities under an employee benefit plan of the Company or Holdings, as applicable, or a corporation owned directly or indirectly by the shareholders of the Company or Holdings, as applicable, in substantially the same proportions as their ownership of stock of the Company or Holdings, as applicable, is or becomes the Beneficial Owner (as defined above), directly or indirectly, of securities of the Company or Holdings representing fifty (50%) or more of the combined voting power of the Company's or Holding's, as applicable, then outstanding securities;

(ii) Change in Board of Directors. During any period of two (2) consecutive years (not including any period prior to the execution of this Agreement), individuals who at the beginning of such period constitute the board of directors of Holdings (the "Holdings Board"), and any new director (other than a director designated by a person who has entered into an agreement with Holdings of the Company, as applicable, to effect a transaction described in Section 14(b)(i), 14(b)(ii) or 14(b)(iv)), whose election by the Holdings Board or nomination for election by Holdings' stockholders was approved by a vote of at least two-thirds of the directors then still in office who either were directors at the beginning of the period or whose election or nomination for election was previously so approved, cease for any reason to constitute a least a majority of the members of the Holdings' Board;

(iii) Corporate Transactions. The effective date of a merger or consolidation of the Company or Holdings with any other entity, other than a merger or consolidation which would result in the voting securities of the Company or Holdings outstanding immediately prior to such merger or consolidation continuing to represent (either by remaining outstanding or by being converted into voting securities of the surviving entity) more than 51% of the combined voting power of the voting securities of the surviving entity outstanding immediately after such merger or consolidation and with the power to elect at least a majority of the board of directors or other governing body of such surviving entity; and

(iv) Liquidation. The approval by the shareholders of the Company of a complete liquidation of the Company or an agreement or series of agreements for the sale or disposition by the Company of all or substantially all of the Company's assets, or, if such approval is not required, the decision by the Board to proceed

13

with such a liquidation, sale, or disposition in one transaction or a series of related transactions.

(c) "Corporate Status" describes the status of a person who is or was a director, officer, employee, agent or fiduciary of the Company and/or Holdings, any direct or indirect subsidiary of the Company and/or Holdings, or of any other corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise that such person is or was serving at the request of the Company and/or Holdings.

(d) "Disinterested Director" means a director of the Company who is not and was not a party to the Proceeding in respect of which indemnification is sought by Indemnitee.

(e) "Enterprise" shall mean the Company, Holdings and any other corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise that Indemnitee is or was serving at the request of the Company as a director, officer, employee, agent or fiduciary.

(f) "Exchange Act" shall mean the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

(g) "Expenses" shall include all reasonable attorneys' fees, retainers, court costs, transcript costs, fees of experts, witness fees, travel expenses, duplicating costs, printing and binding costs, telephone charges, postage, delivery service fees and all other disbursements or expenses of the types customarily incurred in connection with prosecuting, defending, preparing to prosecute or defend, investigating, participating, or being or preparing to be a witness in a Proceeding, or responding to, or objecting to, a request to provide discovery in any Proceeding. Expenses also shall include Expenses incurred in connection with any appeal resulting from any Proceeding and any federal, state, local or foreign taxes imposed on Indemnitee as a result of the actual or deemed receipt of any payments under this Agreement, including without limitation the premium, security for, and other costs relating to any cost bond, supersede as bond, or other appeal bond or its equivalent. Expenses, however, shall not include amounts paid in settlement by Indemnitee or the amount of judgments or fines against Indemnitee.

(h) "Independent Counsel" means a law firm, or a member of a law firm, that is experienced in matters of corporation law and neither presently is, nor in the past five years has been, retained to represent: (i) the Company, Holdings or Indemnitee in any matter material to either such party (other than with respect to matters concerning Indemnitee under this Agreement, or of other indemnitees under similar indemnification agreements), or (ii) any other party to the Proceeding giving rise to a claim for indemnification hereunder. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the term "Independent Counsel" shall not include any person who, under the applicable standards of professional conduct then prevailing, would have a conflict of interest in representing either the Company, Holdings or Indemnitee in an action to determine Indemnitee's rights under this Agreement. The Company agrees to pay the reasonable fees of the Independent Counsel referred to above and to fully indemnify such counsel against

14

any and all Expenses, claims, liabilities and damages arising out of or relating to this Agreement or its engagement pursuant hereto.

(i) "Person" shall have the meaning as set forth in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act; provided, however, that Person shall exclude (i) the Company, (ii) Holdings, (iii) any trustee or other fiduciary holding securities under an employee benefit plan of the Company, and (iv) any corporation owned, directly or indirectly, by the shareholders of the Company or Holdings in substantially the same proportions as their ownership of stock of the Company or Holdings.

(j) "Proceeding" includes any threatened, pending or completed action, suit, arbitration, alternate dispute resolution mechanism, investigation, inquiry, administrative hearing or any other actual, threatened or completed proceeding, whether brought by or in the right of the Company or Holdings or otherwise and whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, in which Indemnitee was, is or will be involved as a party or otherwise, by reason of the fact that Indemnitee is or was an officer or director of the Company or Holdings, by reason of any action taken by him or of any inaction on his part while acting as an officer or director of the Company or Holdings, or by reason of the fact that he is or was serving at the request of the Company or Holdings as a director, officer, employee, agent or fiduciary of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other Enterprise; in each case whether or not he is acting or serving in any such capacity at the time any liability or expense is incurred for which indemnification can be provided under this Agreement; including one pending on or before the date of this Agreement, but excluding one initiated by an Indemnitee pursuant to Section 7 of this Agreement to enforce his rights under this Agreement.

15. Severability. If any provision or provisions of this Agreement shall be held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable for any reason whatsoever: (a) the validity, legality, and enforceability of the remaining provisions of this Agreement (including, without limitation, each portion of any Section, paragraph or sentence of this Agreement containing any such provision held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, that is not itself invalid, illegal or unenforceable) shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby and shall remain enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law; (b) such provision or provisions shall be deemed reformed to the fullest extent necessary to conform to applicable law and to give the maximum effect to the intent of the parties hereto; and (c) to the fullest extent possible, the provisions of this Agreement (including, without limitation, each portion of any Section, paragraph or sentence of this Agreement containing any such provision held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, that is not itself invalid, illegal or unenforceable) shall be construed so as to give effect to the intent manifested thereby. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, this Agreement is intended to confer upon Indemnitee indemnification rights to the fullest extent permitted by applicable laws.

16. Enforcement and Binding Effect.

(a) The indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by, or granted pursuant to this Agreement shall be binding upon and be enforceable by the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns (including any direct or indirect successor by purchase, merger, consolidation or otherwise to all or substantially all of the business or assets of

15

the Company), shall continue as to an Indemnitee who has ceased to be a director, officer, employee or agent of the Company, Holdings or of any other Enterprise at the Company's or Holding's request, and shall inure to the benefit of Indemnitee and his or her spouse, assigns, heirs, devisees, executors and administrators and other legal representatives.

(b) The Company shall require and cause any successor (whether direct or indirect by purchase, merger, consolidation or otherwise) to all, substantially all or a substantial part, of the business and/or assets of the Company to expressly to assume and agree to perform this Agreement in the same manner and to the same extent that the Company would be required to perform if no such succession had taken place.

(c) The Company and Indemnitee agree herein that a monetary remedy for breach of this Agreement, at some later date, may be inadequate, impracticable and difficult of proof, and further agree that such breach may cause Indemnitee irreparable harm. Accordingly, the parties hereto agree that Indemnitee may enforce this Agreement by seeking injunctive relief and/or specific performance hereof, without any necessity of showing actual damage or irreparable harm and that by seeking injunctive relief and/or specific performance, Indemnitee shall not be precluded from seeking or obtaining any other relief to which he may be entitled. The Company and Indemnitee further agree that Indemnitee shall be entitled to such specific performance and injunctive relief, including temporary restraining orders, preliminary injunctions and permanent injunctions, without the necessity of posting bonds or other undertaking in connection therewith. The Company acknowledges that in the absence of a waiver, a bond or undertaking may be required of Indemnitee by the Court, and the Company hereby waives any such requirement of such a bond or undertaking.

17. Modification and Waiver. No supplement, modification, termination or amendment of this Agreement shall be binding unless executed in writing by both of the parties hereto. No waiver of any of the provisions of this Agreement shall be deemed or shall constitute a waiver of any other provisions hereof (whether or not similar) nor shall such waiver constitute a continuing waiver.

18. Notice By Indemnitee. Indemnitee agrees promptly to notify the Company in writing upon being served with or otherwise receiving any summons, citation, subpoena, complaint, indictment, information or other document relating to any Proceeding or matter which may be subject to indemnification covered hereunder. The failure to so notify the Company shall not relieve the Company of any obligation which it may have to Indemnitee under this Agreement or otherwise.

19. Notices. All notices and other communications given or made pursuant to this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed effectively given: (a) upon personal delivery to the party to be notified, (b) when sent by confirmed electronic mail or facsimile if sent during normal business hours of the recipient, and if not so confirmed, then on the next business day, (c) five (5) days after having been sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, or (d) one (1) day after deposit with a nationally recognized overnight courier, specifying next day delivery, with written verification of receipt. All communications shall be sent:

16

(a) To Indemnitee at the address set forth below Indemnitee signature hereto.

(b) To the Company at:

Generac Power Systems, Inc.
S45 W29290 Hwy. 59
Waukesha, WI 53187
Attention: Chief Executive Officer

or to such other address as may have been furnished to Indemnitee by the Company or to the Company by Indemnitee, as the case may be.

20. Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same Agreement. This Agreement may also be executed and delivered by facsimile signature and in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

21. Headings. The headings of the paragraphs of this Agreement are inserted for convenience only and shall not be deemed to constitute part of this Agreement or to affect the construction thereof.

22. Usage of Pronouns. Use of the masculine pronoun shall be deemed to include usage of the feminine pronoun where appropriate.

23. Governing Law and Consent to Jurisdiction. This Agreement and the legal relations among the parties shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the laws of the State of Wisconsin, without regard to its conflict of laws rules. The Company and Indemnitee hereby irrevocably and unconditionally (i) agree that any action or proceeding arising out of or in connection with this Agreement shall be brought only in a court of the State of Wisconsin located in Milwaukee, Wisconsin (the "Wisconsin Court"), and not in any other state or federal court in the United States of America or any court in any other country, (ii) generally and unconditionally consent to submit to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Wisconsin Court for purposes of any action or proceeding arising out of or in connection with this Agreement, (iii) waive any objection to the laying of venue of any such action or proceeding in the Wisconsin Court, and (iv) waive, and agree not to plead or to make, any claim that any such action or proceeding brought in the Wisconsin Court has been brought in an improper or inconvenient forum. The foregoing consent to jurisdiction shall not constitute general consent to service of process in the state for any purpose except as provided above, and shall not be deemed to confer rights on any person other than the parties to this Agreement.

[SIGNATURE PAGE TO FOLLOW]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement on and as of the day and year first above written.

COMPANY

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

INDEMNITEE

Name: _____
Address: _____

INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT

THIS INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT (the "Agreement") is made and entered into as of [], 2010 between GENERAC POWER SYSTEMS, INC., a Wisconsin corporation (the "Company"), and [] ("Indemnitee"). Capitalized terms not defined elsewhere in this Agreement are used as defined in Section 14.

WHEREAS, highly competent persons have become more reluctant to serve corporations as directors or officers or in other capacities unless they are provided with adequate protection through insurance or adequate indemnification against inordinate risks of claims and actions against them arising out of their service to and activities on behalf of the corporation;

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") has determined that, in order to attract and retain qualified individuals, the Company will attempt to maintain on an ongoing basis, at its sole expense, liability insurance to protect persons serving the Company and its affiliates (including, without limitation, Generac Holdings Inc., a Delaware corporation and the Company's indirect parent ("Holdings")) from certain liabilities. Although the furnishing of such insurance has been a customary and widespread practice among United States-based corporations and other business enterprises, the Company believes that, given current market conditions and trends, such insurance may be available to it in the future only at higher premiums and with more exclusions. At the same time, directors, officers, and other persons in service to corporations or business enterprises are being increasingly subjected to expensive and time-consuming litigation relating to, among other things, matters that traditionally would have been brought only against the Company or business enterprise itself. The Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Company (the "Charter") and the Amended and Restated By-Laws of the Company (the "By-Laws") require indemnification of the officers and directors of the Company. Indemnitee may also be entitled to indemnification pursuant to the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law ("WBCL") or the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware ("DGCL") in the case of officers and directors of Holdings. The Charter, the By-Laws and the WBCL expressly provide that the indemnification provisions set forth therein are not exclusive, and thereby contemplate that contracts may be entered into between the Company and members of the Board, officers and other persons with respect to indemnification;

WHEREAS, the uncertainties relating to such insurance and to indemnification have increased the difficulty of attracting and retaining such persons;

WHEREAS, the Board has determined that the increased difficulty in attracting and retaining such persons is detrimental to the best interests of the Company's shareholders and that the Company should act to assure such persons that there will be increased certainty of such protection in the future;

WHEREAS, it is reasonable, prudent and necessary for the Company contractually to obligate itself to indemnify, and to advance expenses on behalf of, such persons to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law so that they will serve or continue to serve the Company free from undue concern that they will not be so indemnified;

WHEREAS, this Agreement is a supplement to and in furtherance of the Charter and the By-Laws and any resolutions adopted pursuant thereto, and shall not be deemed a substitute therefor, nor to diminish or abrogate any rights of Indemnitee thereunder;

WHEREAS, the Company will receive funds generated by the initial public offering (the "IPO") undertaken by Holdings, which funds will be contributed to the Company and used by the Company for its corporate purposes, including reducing the Company's debt obligations;

WHEREAS, the board of directors and officers of Holdings provide services, guidance and other benefits to the Company; and

WHEREAS, Indemnitee does not regard the protection available under the Company's By-Laws and Charter (or the By-laws or certificate of incorporation of Holdings, as applicable) and insurance as adequate in the present circumstances, and may not be willing to serve as an officer or director without adequate protection, and the Company desires Indemnitee to serve in such capacity. Indemnitee is willing to serve, continue to serve and to take on additional service for or on behalf of the Company on the condition that he be so indemnified.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of (1) Indemnitee's agreement to serve as a director or officer of the Company and (2) in the case of a director or officer of Holdings, the contribution of the proceeds generated by the IPO and the services, guidance and other benefits such officer or director provides to the Company, from and after the date hereof, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. Indemnity of Indemnitee. The Company hereby agrees to hold harmless and indemnify Indemnitee to the fullest extent permitted by law, as such may be amended from time to time. In furtherance of the foregoing indemnification, and without limiting the generality thereof:

(a) Proceedings Other Than Proceedings by or in the Right of the Company or Holdings. Indemnitee shall be entitled to the rights of indemnification provided in this Section 1(a), if, by reason of his Corporate Status, Indemnitee is, or is threatened to be made, a party to or participant in any Proceeding other than a Proceeding by or in the right of the Company or Holdings, applicable. Pursuant to this Section 1(a), Indemnitee shall be indemnified against all Expenses, judgments, penalties, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him, or on his behalf, in connection with such Proceeding or any claim, issue or matter therein; provided, however no indemnification against such Expenses shall be made if the liability was incurred because Indemnitee breached or failed to perform a duty he owes to the Company or Holdings, as applicable, and the breach or failure to perform constitutes any of the following: (i) a willful failure to deal fairly with the Company, Holdings or their shareholders in connection with a matter in which Indemnitee has a material conflict of interest; (ii) a violation of criminal law, unless Indemnitee had reasonable cause to believe his conduct was lawful or no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful; (iii) a transaction from which Indemnitee derived an improper personal profit; or (iv) willful misconduct.

(b) Proceedings by or in the Right of the Company or Holdings. Indemnitee shall be entitled to the rights of indemnification provided in this Section 1(b), if, by

2

reason of his Corporate Status, Indemnitee is, or is threatened to be made, a party to or participant in any Proceeding brought by or in the right of the Company or Holdings, as applicable. Pursuant to this Section 1(b), Indemnitee shall be indemnified against all Expenses actually and reasonably incurred by Indemnitee, or on Indemnitee's behalf, in connection with such Proceeding; provided, however no indemnification against such Expenses shall be made if the liability was incurred because Indemnitee breached or failed to perform a duty he owes to the Company or Holdings, as applicable, and the breach or failure to perform constitutes any of the following: (i) a willful failure to deal fairly with the Company, Holdings or their shareholders in connection with a matter in which Indemnitee has a material conflict of interest; (ii) a violation of criminal law, unless Indemnitee had reasonable cause to believe his conduct was lawful or no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful; (iii) a transaction from which Indemnitee derived an improper personal profit; or (iv) willful misconduct. The termination of a proceeding by judgment, order, settlement or conviction, or upon a plea of no contest or an equivalent plea, does not, by itself, create a presumption that indemnification of Indemnitee is not required under this subsection.

(c) Indemnification for Expenses of a Party Who is Wholly or Partly Successful. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, to the extent that Indemnitee is, by reason of his Corporate Status, a party to and is successful, on the merits or otherwise, in any Proceeding, he shall be indemnified to the maximum extent permitted by law, as such may be amended from time to time, against all Expenses actually and reasonably incurred by him or on his behalf in connection therewith. If Indemnitee is not wholly successful in such Proceeding but is successful, on the merits or otherwise, as to one or more but less than all claims, issues or matters in such Proceeding, the Company shall indemnify Indemnitee against all Expenses actually and reasonably incurred by him or on his behalf in connection with each successfully resolved claim, issue or matter. For purposes of this Section 1(c), and without limitation, the termination of any claim, issue or matter in such a Proceeding by dismissal, with or without prejudice, shall be deemed to be a successful result as to such claim, issue or matter.

2. Additional Indemnity. In addition to, and without regard to any limitations on, the indemnification provided for in Section 1 of this Agreement, the Company shall and hereby does indemnify and hold harmless Indemnitee against all Expenses, judgments, penalties, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him or on his behalf if, by reason of his Corporate Status, he is, or is threatened to be made, a party to or participant in any Proceeding (including a Proceeding by or in the right of the Company and/or Holdings, as applicable), including, without limitation, all liability arising out of the negligence or active or passive wrongdoing of Indemnitee. The only limitation that shall exist upon the Company's obligations pursuant to this Agreement shall be that the Company shall not be obligated to make any payment to Indemnitee that is finally determined (under the procedures, and subject to the presumptions, set forth in Sections 6 and 7 hereof) to be unlawful.

3. Contribution.

(a) Whether or not the indemnification provided in Sections 1 and 2 hereof is available, in respect of any threatened, pending or completed Proceeding in which the Company and/or Holdings is jointly liable with Indemnitee (or would be if joined in such Proceeding), the Company shall pay, in the first instance, the entire amount of any judgment or

3

settlement of such action, suit or proceeding without requiring Indemnitee to contribute to such payment and the Company hereby waives and relinquishes any right of contribution it may have against Indemnitee. The Company shall not, without Indemnitee's prior written consent, enter into any such settlement of any Proceeding (in whole or in part) unless such settlement (i) provides for a full and final release of all claims asserted against Indemnitee and (ii) does not impose any Expense, judgment, fine, penalty or limitation on Indemnitee.

(b) Without diminishing or impairing the obligations of the Company set forth in the preceding subparagraph, if, for any reason, Indemnitee shall elect or be required to pay all or any portion of any judgment or settlement in any threatened, pending or completed Proceeding in which the Company and/or Holdings is jointly liable with Indemnitee (or would be if joined in such Proceeding), the Company shall contribute to the amount of Expenses, judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred and paid or payable by Indemnitee in proportion to the relative benefits received by the Company and all officers, directors or employees of the Company, other than Indemnitee, who are jointly liable with Indemnitee (or would be if joined in such Proceeding), on the one hand, and Indemnitee, on the other hand, from the transaction from which such Proceeding arose; provided, however, that the proportion determined on the basis of relative benefit may, to the extent necessary to conform to law, be further adjusted by reference to the relative fault of the Company and/or Holdings and all officers, directors or employees of the Company and/or Holdings other than Indemnitee who are jointly liable with Indemnitee (or would be if joined in such Proceeding), on the one hand, and Indemnitee, on the other hand, in connection with the events that resulted in such expenses, judgments, fines or settlement amounts, as well as any other equitable considerations which the law may require to be considered. The relative fault of the Company and/or Holdings and all officers, directors or employees of the Company and/or Holdings, other than Indemnitee, who are jointly liable with Indemnitee (or would be if joined in such Proceeding), on the one hand, and Indemnitee, on the other hand, shall be determined by reference to, among other things, the degree to which their actions were motivated by intent to gain personal profit or advantage, the degree to which their liability is primary or secondary and the degree to which their conduct is active or passive.

(c) The Company hereby agrees to fully indemnify and hold Indemnitee harmless from any claims of contribution which may be brought by officers, directors or employees of the Company and/or Holdings, other than Indemnitee, who may be jointly liable with Indemnitee.

(d) To the fullest extent permissible under applicable law, if the indemnification provided for in this Agreement is unavailable to Indemnitee for any reason whatsoever, the Company, in lieu of indemnifying Indemnitee, shall contribute to the amount incurred by Indemnitee, whether for judgments, fines, penalties, excise taxes, amounts paid or to be paid in settlement and/or for Expenses, in connection with any claim relating to an indemnifiable event under this Agreement, in such proportion as is deemed fair and reasonable in light of all of the circumstances of such Proceeding in order to reflect (i) the relative benefits received by the Company and Indemnitee as a result of the event(s) and/or transaction(s) giving cause to such Proceeding; and/or (ii) the relative fault of the Company and/or Holdings (and their respective directors, officers, employees and agents) and Indemnitee in connection with such event(s) and/or transaction(s).

4

4. Indemnification for Expenses of a Witness. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, to the extent that Indemnitee is, by reason of his Corporate Status, a witness, or is made (or asked to) respond to discovery requests, in any Proceeding to which Indemnitee is not a party, he shall be indemnified against all Expenses actually and reasonably incurred by him or on his behalf in connection therewith.

5. Advancement of Expenses. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the Company shall advance all Expenses incurred by or on behalf of Indemnitee in connection with any Proceeding by reason of Indemnitee's Corporate Status within thirty (30) days after the receipt by the Company of a statement or statements from Indemnitee requesting such advance or advances from time to time, whether prior to or after final disposition of such Proceeding. Such statement or statements shall reasonably evidence the Expenses incurred by Indemnitee and shall include or be preceded or accompanied by a written undertaking by or on behalf of Indemnitee to repay any Expenses advanced if it shall ultimately be determined that Indemnitee is not entitled to be indemnified against such Expenses. Any advances and undertakings to repay pursuant to this Section 5 shall be unsecured and interest free.

6. Procedures and Presumptions for Determination of Entitlement to Indemnification. It is the intent of this Agreement to secure for Indemnitee rights of indemnity that are as favorable as may be permitted under the WBCL and public policy of the State of Wisconsin. Accordingly, the parties agree that the following procedures and presumptions shall apply in the event of any question as to whether Indemnitee is entitled to indemnification under this Agreement:

(a) To obtain indemnification under this Agreement, Indemnitee shall make a written request to the Company for indemnification, including therein or therewith such documentation and information as is reasonably available to Indemnitee and is reasonably necessary to determine whether and to what extent Indemnitee is entitled to indemnification, which request shall designate one of the following means for determining his right to indemnification: (i) by a majority vote of a quorum of the Board or a committee of directors, consisting of directors not at the time parties to the same or related Proceedings; (ii) by Independent Counsel selected by a quorum of the Board or its committee in the manner prescribed in subsection (i) or, if unable to obtain such a quorum or committee, by a majority vote of the full Board, including directors who are parties to the same or related Proceedings; (iii) by a panel of three arbitrators consisting of one arbitrator selected by those directors entitled under (ii) to select Independent Counsel, one arbitrator selected by Indemnitee and one arbitrator selected by the two arbitrators previously selected or (iv) by the shareholders of the Company; provided, however, that if a Change in Control has occurred, the determination with respect to Indemnitee's entitlement to indemnification shall be made by Independent Counsel. Indemnitee may apply to a court of competent jurisdiction for review of an adverse determination under this section. The Secretary of the Company shall, promptly upon receipt of such a request for indemnification, advise the Board in writing that Indemnitee has requested indemnification. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any failure of Indemnitee to provide such a request to the Company, or to provide such a request in a timely fashion, shall not relieve the Company of any liability that it may have to Indemnitee unless, and to the extent that, such failure actually and materially prejudices the interests of the Company.

5

(b) In the event the determination of entitlement to indemnification is to be made by Independent Counsel, the Independent Counsel shall be selected as provided in this Section 6(b). If a Change in Control has not occurred the Independent Counsel shall be selected by the Board (including a vote of a majority of Disinterested Directors if obtainable), and the Company shall give written notice to Indemnitee advising him of the identity of the Independent Counsel so selected. Indemnitee may, within 10 days after such written notice of selection shall have been given, deliver to the Company a written objection to such selection; provided, however, that such objection may be asserted only on the ground that the Independent Counsel so selected does not meet the requirements of "Independent Counsel" as defined in Section 14 of this Agreement, and the objection shall set forth with particularity the factual basis of such assertion. Absent a proper and timely objection, the person so selected shall act as Independent Counsel. If a written objection is made and substantiated, the Independent Counsel selected may not serve as Independent Counsel unless and until such objection is withdrawn or a court has determined that such objection is without merit. If a Change in Control has occurred, the Independent Counsel shall be selected by the Indemnitee (unless the Indemnitee shall request that such selection be made by the Board of Directors, in which event the preceding sentence shall apply), and approved by the Board of Directors (which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld). If (i) an Independent Counsel is to make the determination of entitlement pursuant to this Section 6, and (ii) within 20 days after submission by Indemnitee of a written request for indemnification pursuant to Section 6(a) hereof, no Independent Counsel shall have been selected and not objected to, either the Company or Indemnitee may petition the court conducting the Proceeding or another court of competent jurisdiction in the State of Wisconsin for resolution of any objection which shall have been made by Indemnitee to the Company's selection of Independent Counsel and/or for the appointment as Independent Counsel of a person selected by the court or by such other person as the court shall designate, and the person with respect to whom all objections are so resolved or the person so appointed shall act as Independent Counsel under Section 6(a) hereof. The Company shall pay any and all reasonable fees and expenses of Independent Counsel incurred by such Independent Counsel in connection with acting pursuant to Section 6(a) hereof, and the Company shall pay all reasonable fees and expenses incident to the procedures of this Section 6(b), regardless of the manner in which such Independent Counsel was selected or appointed.

(c) In making a determination with respect to entitlement to indemnification hereunder, the person or persons or entity making such determination shall presume that Indemnitee is entitled to indemnification under this Agreement. Anyone seeking to overcome this presumption shall have the burden of proof and the burden of persuasion by clear and convincing evidence. Neither the failure of the Company (including by its directors or independent legal counsel) to have made a determination prior to the commencement of any action pursuant to this Agreement that indemnification is proper in the circumstances because Indemnitee has met the applicable standard of conduct, nor an actual determination by the Company (including by its directors or independent legal counsel) that Indemnitee has not met such applicable standard of conduct, shall be a defense to the action or create a presumption that Indemnitee has not met the applicable standard of conduct.

(d) Indemnitee shall be deemed to have acted in good faith if Indemnitee's action is based on the records or books of account of the Enterprise, including financial statements, or on information supplied to Indemnitee by the officers of the Enterprise in

6

the course of their duties, or on the advice of legal counsel for the Enterprise or on information or records given or reports made to the Enterprise by an independent certified public accountant or by an appraiser or other expert selected with reasonable care by the Enterprise. In addition, the knowledge and/or actions, or failure to act, of any director, officer, agent or employee of the Enterprise shall not be imputed to Indemnitee for purposes of determining the right to indemnification under this Agreement. Whether or not the foregoing provisions of this Section 6(d) are satisfied, it shall in any event be presumed that Indemnitee has at all times acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the Company or Holdings, as applicable. Anyone seeking to overcome this presumption shall have the burden of proof and the burden of persuasion by clear and convincing evidence.

(e) If the person, persons or entity empowered or selected under this Section 6 to determine whether Indemnitee is entitled to indemnification shall not have made a determination within sixty (60) days after receipt by the Company of the request therefor, the requisite determination of entitlement to indemnification shall be deemed to have been made and Indemnitee shall be entitled to such indemnification absent (i) a misstatement by Indemnitee of a material fact, or an omission of a material fact necessary to make Indemnitee's statement not materially misleading, in connection with the request for indemnification, or (ii) a prohibition of such indemnification under applicable law; provided, however, that such 60-day period may be extended for a reasonable time, not to exceed an additional thirty (30) days, if the person, persons or entity making such determination with respect to entitlement to indemnification in good faith requires such additional time to obtain or evaluate documentation and/or information relating thereto; and provided, further, that the foregoing provisions of this Section 6(e) shall not apply if the determination of entitlement to indemnification is to be made by the shareholders pursuant to Section 6(a) of this Agreement and if (A) within fifteen (15) days after receipt by the Company of the request for such determination, the Board or the Disinterested Directors, if appropriate, resolve to submit such determination to the shareholders for their consideration at an annual meeting thereof to be held within seventy-five (75) days after such receipt and such determination is made thereat, or (B) a special meeting of shareholders is called within fifteen (15) days after such receipt for the purpose of making such determination, such meeting is held for such purpose within sixty (60) days after having been so called and such determination is made thereat.

(f) Indemnitee shall cooperate with the person, persons or entity making such determination with respect to Indemnitee's entitlement to indemnification, including providing to such person, persons or entity upon reasonable advance request any documentation or information which is not privileged or otherwise protected from disclosure and which is reasonably available to Indemnitee and reasonably necessary to such determination. Any Independent Counsel, member of the Board or shareholder of the Company shall act reasonably and in good faith in making a determination regarding Indemnitee's entitlement to indemnification under this Agreement. Any costs or expenses (including attorneys' fees and disbursements) incurred by Indemnitee in so cooperating with the person, persons or entity making such determination shall be borne by the Company (irrespective of the determination as to Indemnitee's entitlement to indemnification) and the Company hereby indemnifies and agrees to hold Indemnitee harmless therefrom.

7

(g) The Company acknowledges that a settlement or other disposition short of final judgment may be successful if it permits a party to avoid expense, delay, distraction, disruption and uncertainty. In the event that any action, claim or proceeding to which Indemnitee is a party is resolved in any manner other than by adverse judgment against Indemnitee (including, without limitation, settlement of such action, claim or proceeding with or without payment of money or other consideration) it shall be presumed that Indemnitee has been successful on the merits or otherwise in such action, suit or proceeding. Anyone seeking to overcome this presumption shall have the burden of proof and the burden of persuasion by clear and convincing evidence.

(h) The termination of any Proceeding or of any claim, issue or matter therein, by judgment, order, settlement or conviction, or upon a plea of nolo contendere or its equivalent, shall not (except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement) of itself adversely affect the right of Indemnitee to indemnification or create a presumption that Indemnitee did not act in good faith and in a manner which he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the Company or Holdings, as applicable, or, with respect to any criminal Proceeding, that Indemnitee had reasonable cause to believe that his conduct was unlawful.

7. Remedies of Indemnitee.

(a) In the event that (i) a determination is made pursuant to Section 6 of this Agreement that Indemnitee is not entitled to indemnification under this Agreement, (ii) advancement of Expenses is not timely made pursuant to Section 5 of this Agreement, (iii) no determination of entitlement to indemnification is made pursuant to Section 6(b) of this Agreement within 90 days after receipt by the Company of the request for indemnification, (iv) payment of indemnification is not made pursuant to this Agreement within ten (10) days after receipt by the Company of a written request therefor or (v) payment of indemnification is not made within ten (10) days after a determination has been made that Indemnitee is entitled to indemnification or such determination is deemed to have been made pursuant to Section 6 of this Agreement, Indemnitee shall be entitled to an adjudication in an appropriate court of the State of Wisconsin, or in any other court of competent jurisdiction, of Indemnitee's entitlement to such indemnification, contribution or advancement of Expenses. Alternatively, Indemnitee, at his option, may seek an award in arbitration to be conducted by a single arbitrator pursuant to the Commercial Arbitration Rules of the American Arbitration Association. Except as set forth herein, the provisions of Wisconsin law (without regard to its conflict of law rules) shall apply to any such arbitration. The Company shall not oppose Indemnitee's right to seek any such adjudication or award in arbitration.

(b) In the event that a determination shall have been made pursuant to Section 6(a) of this Agreement that Indemnitee is not entitled to indemnification, any judicial proceeding commenced pursuant to this Section 7 shall be conducted in all respects as a de novo trial, or arbitration, on the merits, and Indemnitee shall not be prejudiced by reason of the adverse determination under Section 6(a). In any judicial proceeding or arbitration commenced pursuant to this Section 7, Indemnitee shall be presumed to be entitled to indemnification under this Agreement and the Company shall have the burden of proving Indemnitee is not entitled to indemnification or advancement of Expenses, as the case may be, and the Company may not

8

refer to or introduce into evidence any determination pursuant to Section 6(a) of this Agreement adverse to Indemnitee for any purpose. If Indemnitee commences a judicial proceeding or arbitration pursuant to this Section 7, Indemnitee shall not be required to reimburse the Company for any advances pursuant to Section 5 until a final determination is made with respect to Indemnitee's entitlement to indemnification (as to which all rights of appeal have been exhausted or lapsed).

(c) If a determination shall have been made pursuant to Section 6(a) of this Agreement that Indemnitee is entitled to indemnification, the Company shall be bound by such determination in any judicial proceeding commenced pursuant to this Section 7, absent (i) a misstatement by Indemnitee of a material fact, or an omission of a material fact necessary to make Indemnitee's misstatement not materially misleading in connection with the application for indemnification, or (ii) a prohibition of such indemnification under applicable law.

(d) In the event that Indemnitee, pursuant to this Section 7, seeks a judicial adjudication of his rights under, or to recover damages for breach of, this Agreement, or to recover under any directors' and officers' liability insurance policies maintained by the Company, the Company shall pay on his behalf, in advance, any and all expenses (of the types described in the definition of Expenses in Section 14 of this Agreement) actually and reasonably incurred by him in such judicial adjudication, regardless of whether Indemnitee ultimately is determined to be entitled to such indemnification, advancement of expenses or insurance recovery.

(e) The Company shall be precluded from asserting in any judicial proceeding commenced pursuant to this Section 7 that the procedures and presumptions of this Agreement are not valid, binding and enforceable and shall stipulate in any such court that the Company is bound by all the provisions of this Agreement. The Company shall indemnify Indemnitee against any and all Expenses and, if requested by Indemnitee, shall (within ten (10) days after receipt by the Company of a written request therefore) advance, to the extent not prohibited by law, such expenses to Indemnitee, which are incurred by Indemnitee in connection with any action brought by Indemnitee for indemnification or advancement of Expenses from the Company under this Agreement or under any directors' and officers' liability insurance policies maintained by the Company, regardless of whether Indemnitee ultimately is determined to be entitled to such indemnification, advancement of Expenses or insurance recovery, as the case may be.

(f) Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, no determination as to entitlement to indemnification under this Agreement shall be required to be made prior to the final disposition of the Proceeding.

8. Non-Exclusivity; Survival of Rights; Primacy of Indemnification; Subrogation.

(a) The rights of indemnification and to receive advancement of expenses as provided by this Agreement shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which Indemnitee may at any time be entitled under applicable law, the Charter, the By-Laws,

9

any agreement, a vote of shareholders, a resolution of directors or otherwise, of the Company or under applicable law, the certificate of incorporation, the by-Laws, any agreement, a vote of shareholders, a resolution of directors or otherwise, of Holdings, if applicable. No amendment, alteration or repeal of this Agreement or of any provision hereof shall limit or restrict any right of Indemnitee under this Agreement in respect of any action taken or omitted by such Indemnitee in his Corporate Status prior to such amendment, alteration or repeal. To the extent that a change in the WBCL, whether by statute or judicial decision, permits greater indemnification than would be afforded currently under the Charter, By-Laws and this Agreement, it is the intent of the parties hereto that Indemnitee shall enjoy by this Agreement the greater benefits so afforded by such change. No right or remedy herein conferred is intended to be exclusive of any other right or remedy, and every other right and remedy shall be cumulative and in addition to every other right and remedy given hereunder or now or hereafter existing at law or in equity or otherwise. The assertion or employment of any right or remedy hereunder, or otherwise, shall not prevent the concurrent assertion or employment of any other right or remedy.

(b) In the event of any payment under this Agreement, the Company shall be subrogated to the extent of such payment to all of the rights of recovery of Indemnitee, who shall execute all papers required and take all action necessary to secure such rights, including execution of such documents as are necessary to enable the Company to bring suit to enforce such rights.

(c) The Company shall not be liable under this Agreement to make any payment of amounts otherwise indemnifiable hereunder if and to the extent that Indemnitee has otherwise actually received such payment under any insurance policy, contract, agreement or otherwise.

(d) The Company's obligation to indemnify or advance Expenses hereunder to Indemnitee who is or was serving at the request of the Company and/or Holdings as a director, officer, employee or agent of any other corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other Enterprise shall be reduced by any amount Indemnitee has actually received as indemnification or advancement of expenses from such other corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise.

9. Exception to Right of Indemnification. Notwithstanding any provision in this Agreement, the Company shall not be obligated under this Agreement to make any indemnity in connection with any claim made against Indemnitee:

(a) for which payment has actually been made to or on behalf of Indemnitee under any insurance policy or other indemnity provision, except with respect to any excess beyond the amount paid under any insurance policy or other indemnity provision;

(b) for (i) an accounting of profits made from the purchase and sale (or sale and purchase) by Indemnitee of securities of the Company within the meaning of Section 16(b) of the Exchange Act, or similar provisions of state statutory law or common law or (ii) reimbursement to the Company of any bonus or other incentive-based or equity-based compensation or of any profits realized by Indemnitee from the sale of securities of the Company in each case as required under the Exchange Act; or

10

(c) in connection with any Proceeding (or any part of any Proceeding) initiated by Indemnitee, including any Proceeding (or any part of any Proceeding) initiated by Indemnitee against the Company and/or Holdings or their respective directors, officers, employees or other indemnitees, unless (i) the Company has joined in or the Board authorized the Proceeding (or any part of any Proceeding) prior to its initiation, (ii) the Company provides the indemnification, in its sole discretion, pursuant to the powers vested in the Company under applicable law, or (iii) the Proceeding is one to enforce Indemnitee's rights under this Agreement.

10. Non-Disclosure of Payments. Except as expressly required by the securities laws of the United States of America, neither party shall disclose any payments under this Agreement unless prior approval of the other party is obtained. If any payment information must be disclosed, the Company shall afford Indemnitee an opportunity to review all such disclosures and, if requested, to explain in such statement any mitigating circumstances regarding the events to be reported.

11. Duration of Agreement. All agreements and obligations of the Company contained herein shall continue upon the later of (a) ten (10) years after the date that Indemnitee shall have ceased to serve as a director or officer of the Company or a director, officer, trustee, partner, managing member, fiduciary, employee or agent of any other corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other Enterprise which Indemnitee served at the request of the Company and/or Holdings; or (b) one (1) year after the final termination of any Proceeding (including any rights of appeal thereto) in respect of which Indemnitee is granted rights of indemnification or advancement of Expenses hereunder and of any Proceeding commenced by Indemnitee pursuant to Section 7 of this Agreement relating thereto (including any rights of appeal of any Section 7 Proceeding). This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of and be enforceable by the parties hereto and their respective successors (including any direct or indirect successor by purchase, merger, consolidation or otherwise to all or substantially all of the business or assets of the Company), assigns, spouses, heirs, executors and personal and legal representatives.

12. Security. To the extent requested by Indemnitee and approved by the Board, the Company may at any time and from time to time provide security to Indemnitee for the Company's obligations hereunder through an irrevocable bank line of credit, funded trust or other collateral. Any such security, once provided to Indemnitee, may not be revoked or released without the prior written consent of Indemnitee.

13. Enforcement.

(a) The Company expressly confirms and agrees that it has entered into this Agreement and assumes the obligations imposed on it hereby in order to induce Indemnitee to serve as an officer, director or key employee of the Company, and the Company acknowledges that Indemnitee is relying upon this Agreement in serving as an officer, director or key employee of the Company.

(b) Without limiting any of the rights of Indemnitee under the Charter of By-Laws of the Company as they may be amended from time to time, this Agreement

11

constitutes the entire agreement between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersedes all prior agreements and understandings, oral, written and implied, between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof.

14. Definitions. For purposes of this Agreement:

(a) "Beneficial Owner" shall have the meaning given to such term in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act; provided, however, that Beneficial Owner shall exclude any Person otherwise becoming a Beneficial Owner by reason of the shareholders of the Company or Holdings, as applicable, approving a merger of the Company or Holdings, as applicable, with another entity.

(b) "Change in Control" shall be deemed to occur upon the earliest to occur after the date of this Agreement of any of the following events:

(i) Acquisition of Stock by Third Party. Any Person (as defined below), other than CCMP Capital Advisors, LLC and its affiliates and other than a trustee or other fiduciary holding securities under an employee benefit plan of the Company or Holdings, as applicable, or a corporation owned directly or indirectly by the shareholders of the Company or Holdings, as applicable, in substantially the same proportions as their ownership of stock of the Company or Holdings, as applicable, is or becomes the Beneficial Owner (as defined above), directly or indirectly, of securities of the Company or Holdings representing fifty (50%) or more of the combined voting power of the Company's or Holding's, as applicable, then outstanding securities;

(ii) Change in Board of Directors. During any period of two (2) consecutive years (not including any period prior to the execution of this Agreement), individuals who at the beginning of such period constitute the board of directors of Holdings (the "Holdings Board"), and any new director (other than a director designated by a person who has entered into an agreement with Holdings of the Company, as applicable, to effect a transaction described in Section 14(b)(i), 14(b)(iii) or 14(b)(iv)) whose election by the Holdings Board or nomination for election by Holdings' stockholders was approved by a vote of at least two-thirds of the directors then still in office who either were directors at the beginning of the period or whose election or nomination for election was previously so approved, cease for any reason to constitute a least a majority of the members of the Holdings' Board;

(iii) Corporate Transactions. The effective date of a merger or consolidation of the Company or Holdings with any other entity, other than a merger or consolidation which would

12

result in the voting securities of the Company or Holdings outstanding immediately prior to such merger or consolidation continuing to represent (either by remaining outstanding or by being converted into voting securities of the surviving entity) more than 51% of the combined voting power of the voting securities of the surviving entity outstanding immediately after such merger or consolidation and with the power to elect at least a majority of the board of directors or other governing body of such surviving entity; and

(iv) Liquidation. The approval by the shareholders of the Company of a complete liquidation of the Company or an agreement or series of agreements for the sale or disposition by the Company of all or substantially all of the Company's assets, or, if such approval is not required, the decision by the Board to proceed with such a liquidation, sale, or disposition in one transaction or a series of related transactions.

(c) "Corporate Status" describes the status of a person who is or was a director, officer, employee, agent or fiduciary of the Company and/or Holdings, any direct or indirect subsidiary of the Company and/or Holdings, or of any other corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise that such person is or was serving at the request of the Company and/or Holdings.

(d) "Disinterested Director" means a director of the Company who is not and was not a party to the Proceeding in respect of which indemnification is sought by Indemnitee.

(e) "Enterprise" shall mean the Company, Holdings and any other corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise that Indemnitee is or was serving at the request of the Company as a director, officer, employee, agent or fiduciary.

(f) "Exchange Act" shall mean the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

(g) "Expenses" shall include all reasonable attorneys' fees, retainers, court costs, transcript costs, fees of experts, witness fees, travel expenses, duplicating costs, printing and binding costs, telephone charges, postage, delivery service fees and all other disbursements or expenses of the types customarily incurred in connection with prosecuting, defending, preparing to prosecute or defend, investigating, participating, or being or preparing to be a witness in a Proceeding, or responding to, or objecting to, a request to provide discovery in any Proceeding. Expenses also shall include Expenses incurred in connection with any appeal resulting from any Proceeding and any federal, state, local or foreign taxes imposed on Indemnitee as a result of the actual or deemed receipt of any payments under this Agreement, including without limitation the premium, security for, and other costs relating to any cost bond, supersede as bond, or other appeal bond or its equivalent. Expenses, however, shall not include

13

amounts paid in settlement by Indemnitee or the amount of judgments or fines against Indemnitee.

(h) “Independent Counsel” means a law firm, or a member of a law firm, that is experienced in matters of corporation law and neither presently is, nor in the past five years has been, retained to represent: (i) the Company, Holdings or Indemnitee in any matter material to either such party (other than with respect to matters concerning Indemnitee under this Agreement, or of other indemnitees under similar indemnification agreements), or (ii) any other party to the Proceeding giving rise to a claim for indemnification hereunder. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the term “Independent Counsel” shall not include any person who, under the applicable standards of professional conduct then prevailing, would have a conflict of interest in representing either the Company, Holdings or Indemnitee in an action to determine Indemnitee’s rights under this Agreement. The Company agrees to pay the reasonable fees of the Independent Counsel referred to above and to fully indemnify such counsel against any and all Expenses, claims, liabilities and damages arising out of or relating to this Agreement or its engagement pursuant hereto.

(i) “Person” shall have the meaning as set forth in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act; provided, however, that Person shall exclude (i) the Company, (ii) Holdings, (iii) any trustee or other fiduciary holding securities under an employee benefit plan of the Company, and (iv) any corporation owned, directly or indirectly, by the shareholders of the Company or Holdings in substantially the same proportions as their ownership of stock of the Company or Holdings.

(j) “Proceeding” includes any threatened, pending or completed action, suit, arbitration, alternate dispute resolution mechanism, investigation, inquiry, administrative hearing or any other actual, threatened or completed proceeding, whether brought by or in the right of the Company or Holdings or otherwise and whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, in which Indemnitee was, is or will be involved as a party or otherwise, by reason of the fact that Indemnitee is or was an officer or director of the Company or Holdings, by reason of any action taken by him or of any inaction on his part while acting as an officer or director of the Company or Holdings, or by reason of the fact that he is or was serving at the request of the Company or Holdings as a director, officer, employee, agent or fiduciary of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other Enterprise; in each case whether or not he is acting or serving in any such capacity at the time any liability or expense is incurred for which indemnification can be provided under this Agreement; including one pending on or before the date of this Agreement, but excluding one initiated by an Indemnitee pursuant to Section 7 of this Agreement to enforce his rights under this Agreement.

15. Severability. If any provision or provisions of this Agreement shall be held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable for any reason whatsoever: (a) the validity, legality, and enforceability of the remaining provisions of this Agreement (including, without limitation, each portion of any Section, paragraph or sentence of this Agreement containing any such provision held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, that is not itself invalid, illegal or unenforceable) shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby and shall remain enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law; (b) such provision or provisions shall be deemed reformed to the fullest extent necessary to conform to applicable law and to give the maximum effect to

14

the intent of the parties hereto; and (c) to the fullest extent possible, the provisions of this Agreement (including, without limitation, each portion of any Section, paragraph or sentence of this Agreement containing any such provision held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, that is not itself invalid, illegal or unenforceable) shall be construed so as to give effect to the intent manifested thereby. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, this Agreement is intended to confer upon Indemnitee indemnification rights to the fullest extent permitted by applicable laws.

16. Enforcement and Binding Effect.

(a) The indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by, or granted pursuant to this Agreement shall be binding upon and be enforceable by the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns (including any direct or indirect successor by purchase, merger, consolidation or otherwise to all or substantially all of the business or assets of the Company), shall continue as to an Indemnitee who has ceased to be a director, officer, employee or agent of the Company, Holdings or of any other Enterprise at the Company’s or Holding’s request, and shall inure to the benefit of Indemnitee and his or her spouse, assigns, heirs, devisees, executors and administrators and other legal representatives.

(b) The Company shall require and cause any successor (whether direct or indirect by purchase, merger, consolidation or otherwise) to all, substantially all or a substantial part, of the business and/or assets of the Company to expressly to assume and agree to perform this Agreement in the same manner and to the same extent that the Company would be required to perform if no such succession had taken place.

(c) The Company and Indemnitee agree herein that a monetary remedy for breach of this Agreement, at some later date, may be inadequate, impracticable and difficult of proof, and further agree that such breach may cause Indemnitee irreparable harm. Accordingly, the parties hereto agree that Indemnitee may enforce this Agreement by seeking injunctive relief and/or specific performance hereof, without any necessity of showing actual damage or irreparable harm and that by seeking injunctive relief and/or specific performance, Indemnitee shall not be precluded from seeking or obtaining any other relief to which he may be entitled. The Company and Indemnitee further agree that Indemnitee shall be entitled to such specific performance and injunctive relief, including temporary restraining orders, preliminary injunctions and permanent injunctions, without the necessity of posting bonds or other undertaking in connection therewith. The Company acknowledges that in the absence of a waiver, a bond or undertaking may be required of Indemnitee by the Court, and the Company hereby waives any such requirement of such a bond or undertaking.

17. Modification and Waiver. No supplement, modification, termination or amendment of this Agreement shall be binding unless executed in writing by both of the parties hereto. No waiver of any of the provisions of this Agreement shall be deemed or shall constitute a waiver of any other provisions hereof (whether or not similar) nor shall such waiver constitute a continuing waiver.

18. Notice By Indemnitee. Indemnitee agrees promptly to notify the Company in writing upon being served with or otherwise receiving any summons, citation,

15

subpoena, complaint, indictment, information or other document relating to any Proceeding or matter which may be subject to indemnification covered hereunder. The failure to so notify the Company shall not relieve the Company of any obligation which it may have to Indemnitee under this Agreement or otherwise.

19. Notices. All notices and other communications given or made pursuant to this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed effectively given: (a) upon personal delivery to the party to be notified, (b) when sent by confirmed electronic mail or facsimile if sent during normal business hours of the recipient, and if not so confirmed, then on the next business day, (c) five (5) days after having been sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, or (d) one (1) day after deposit with a nationally recognized overnight courier, specifying next day delivery, with written verification of receipt. All communications shall be sent:

(a) To Indemnitee at the address set forth below Indemnitee signature hereto.

(b) To the Company at:

Generac Power Systems, Inc.
S45 W29290 Hwy. 59
Waukesha, WI 53187
Attention: Chief Executive Officer

or to such other address as may have been furnished to Indemnitee by the Company or to the Company by Indemnitee, as the case may be.

20. Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same Agreement. This Agreement may also be executed and delivered by facsimile signature and in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

21. Headings. The headings of the paragraphs of this Agreement are inserted for convenience only and shall not be deemed to constitute part of this Agreement or to affect the construction thereof.

22. Usage of Pronouns. Use of the masculine pronoun shall be deemed to include usage of the feminine pronoun where appropriate.

23. Governing Law and Consent to Jurisdiction. This Agreement and the legal relations among the parties shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the laws of the State of Wisconsin, without regard to its conflict of laws rules. The Company and Indemnitee hereby irrevocably and unconditionally (i) agree that any action or proceeding arising out of or in connection with this Agreement shall be brought only in a court of the State of Wisconsin located in Milwaukee, Wisconsin (the “Wisconsin Court”), and not in any other state or federal court in the United States of America or any court in any other country, (ii) generally

16

and unconditionally consent to submit to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Wisconsin Court for purposes of any action or proceeding arising out of or in connection with this Agreement, (iii) waive any objection to the laying of venue of any such action or proceeding in the Wisconsin Court, and (iv) waive, and agree not to plead or to make, any claim that any such action or proceeding brought in the

Wisconsin Court has been brought in an improper or inconvenient forum. The foregoing consent to jurisdiction shall not constitute general consent to service of process in the state for any purpose except as provided above, and shall not be deemed to confer rights on any person other than the parties to this Agreement.

[SIGNATURE PAGE TO FOLLOW]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement on and as of the day and year first above written.

COMPANY

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

INDEMNITEE

Name: _____
Address: _____

December 15, 2009

Terry Dolan

Dear Terry,

We are pleased to confirm our offer to you for the position of Senior Vice President - Sales for Generac Power Systems, Inc ("Company"). This position is a named executive officer for Generac and will report to Aaron Jagdfeld, President and CEO. Your office will be located at our corporate headquarters in Waukesha, WI. The purpose of this letter is to give you an overview of the terms and conditions of your employment at Generac Power Systems, Inc.

Our offer is comprised of the following:

- **Compensation:** You will receive a bi-weekly salary of \$9,230.77. There are 26 pay periods per year. You also will be eligible for a pay review based on 2010 performance and market assessments.
- **Executive Incentive Program:** You will also be eligible to participate in the 2010 Executive Management Incentive Program with a target bonus of 30% and an opportunity to earn up to 90% of your base salary annually. The Company reserves the right to modify the program. The 2010 bonus plan is being finalized and all participants will receive a summary of the program details no later than 90 days after the commencement of the start of the performance period.
- **Equity Incentive Plan:** A new long term incentive program is being developed and will be offered in 2010. You will be eligible to participate in the Plan as a named executive officer. You must be employed before any initial public offering in order to be eligible for incentives offered at the IPO. If an IPO does not occur, you will be eligible for participation in an alternative equity program. Eligibility is also contingent upon relocating your family to the Waukesha area. The Company shall have the authority to make such amendments to any terms and conditions applicable to any award or grant. The Company may amend, modify, suspend or terminate the Plan at any time.

- **Additional Benefits:** You will be eligible for participation in the Generac Power Systems benefits plan. Your regular insurance benefits will be available the first day of the month following your 8 week probationary period. However, Generac will provide you reimbursement for 50% of your COBRA coverage, up to a maximum of \$600.00 per month, before your regular Generac benefits begin. You will have access to a national doctor network during your first year of employment.
- **Vacation Accrual:** Per our agreement, you will accrue 2.31 hours of vacation per week (120 hours per calendar year). Vacation time is accrued and used on a calendar year basis. Please note that the additional vacation you accrue above our normal schedule below is not considered an earned benefit until you reach 5 years of service with Generac. Accordingly, the additional 40 hours is not eligible for year-end payout or termination payout until your 5 year employment anniversary.

Years of Service	Hours/Week	Total Hours	Weeks
1-4	1.54	80.0	2
5-10	2.31	120.0	3
10-24	3.08	160.0	4
25-29	3.85	200.0	5
30+	4.61	240.0	6

- **Relocation Program:** You will be eligible for relocation assistance and are expected to relocate your family no later than September 30, 2010. You will be expected to sign a Payback agreement for the amount of the relocations benefit. The payback will be enforced should you leave the company within one year of your relocation. To aid in your relocation Generac will cover the cost of relocating your household goods. There is no cap on the household goods move however this assumes standard arrangements and no unusual, large or bulky items. All arrangements must be discussed with our relocation coordinator, Mandy Morris, and approved in advance. Generac will provide three house hunting trips to Wisconsin and will also provide temporary living arrangements for you and or your family not to exceed 3 months to assist in your transition to the area. You will be assigned to a corporate apartment if the option is available. In the event a corporate apartment is not available, you will be reimbursed for the cost of a furnished apartment up to a maximum of \$2000.00 per month. Any extensions must be approved through Human Resources.
- **Relocation Bonus:** Your offer includes a \$50,000.00 sign-on bonus. This bonus is a taxable benefit to be used to covered miscellaneous expenses related to your relocation. The bonus will be paid within 30 days of your start date with the agreement that should you terminate employment with Generac within one year of payment, you will be responsible for repaying the full amount of the bonus.
- **Severance:** Should your employment with the company be terminated for any reason other than for cause, you will be entitled to a severance package equal to

twelve (12) months of the base salary at your time of hire. Additionally, for a period of up to twelve (12) months after your termination, Generac will provide for reimbursement of your COBRA costs until you become employed with another employer.

This offer is contingent upon successful completion of the following:

- Reference Check
- Driver's Record Check if applicable to position
- Employment Eligibility verification (I-9 Document)
- Non-compete Agreement

Please understand this is not intended as a guarantee of employment for any specific period. All employees have an "at will" employment relationship.

Terry, we are excited that you have accepted our offer and will begin employment on or before Monday, January 11, 2010. Your employee orientation will occur on Monday, January 11th at our Waukesha facility promptly at 8:00am. When you arrive, please ask for Gretchen Baron who will facilitate your orientation. During your orientation you will be completing an I9-Employment Eligibility Verification Form, we ask that you review the attached list of acceptable documents and bring the necessary documentation to orientation to help facilitate your initial paperwork. We look forward to a rewarding and productive relationship. If you have any further questions, please let me know.

Sincerely,

/s/ Rhonda Matschke
Rhonda Matschke
VP Human Resources

Generac Holdings Inc.
Annual Performance Bonus Plan

Article 1. Establishment & Purpose

1.1 Establishment. Generac Holdings Inc., a Delaware corporation (“**Generac**” and in combination with its subsidiaries, the “**Company**”), hereby establishes the Annual Performance Bonus Plan (the “**Plan**”) as set forth herein.

1.2 Purpose of Plan. The purpose of this Plan is to motivate and reward employees of the Company by providing for annual incentive bonuses if pre-established annual performance goals are achieved. The Plan is also intended to qualify as a performance-based compensation plan under Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “**Code**”).

Article 2. Administration

The Plan shall be administered by a compensation committee (the “**Committee**”) comprised exclusively of members of the board of directors of Generac (the “**Board**”) who are “outside directors” within the meaning of Code Section 162(m) and Treasury Regulation § 1.162-27(c)(4). The Committee shall have the authority, subject to the provisions herein, (a) to select the employees to participate in the Plan; (b) to establish and administer the Performance Goals (as defined herein) and the bonus opportunities applicable to each participant and certify whether the goals have been attained; (c) to construe and interpret the Plan and any agreement or instrument entered into under or in connection with the Plan; and (d) to make all other determinations that may be necessary or advisable for the administration of the Plan. Any determination by the Committee pursuant to the Plan shall be final and binding upon the participants, the Company, and all other interested individuals.

Article 3. Eligibility

Eligibility shall be limited to employees of the Company who may be a “covered employee” within the meaning of Code Section 162(m)(4) and Treasury Regulation § 1.162-27(c)(2) and such other employees, as determined by the Committee in its discretion. The Committee, in its discretion, shall designate in writing those eligible employees of the Company who shall participate in the Plan (each, a “**Covered Employee**”) for any fiscal year or other accounting period selected by the Committee no later than the applicable deadline (the “**Determination Date**”) for the establishment of Performance Goals permitting the compensation payable to each such Covered Employee for such fiscal year or period to qualify as “qualified performance-based compensation” under Treasury Regulation § 1.162-27(e). Designation as a Covered Employee shall be conclusive for the fiscal year or period to which the designation applies whether or not such employee is deemed a “covered employee” (within the meaning of Code Section 162(m)) at the end of such period. Designation as a Covered Employee for any fiscal year or period shall not entitle an employee to participate in the Plan for any other fiscal year or period.

Article 4. Performance Goals

4.1 Establishment of Performance Goals. A Covered Employee’s bonus shall be determined based on the attainment of written performance goals (the “**Performance Goals**”)

established by the Committee as of the beginning of each of the Company’s fiscal years or other accounting periods selected by the Committee (“**Performance Periods**”). The Performance Goals shall be established (a) while the outcome for the Performance Period is substantially uncertain and (b) no later than ninety (90) days after the commencement of the Performance Period to which the Performance Goal relates (or, if the Performance Period is less than one (1) year, no later than the number of days which is equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of such Performance Period). The Performance Goals need not be the same for all Covered Employees.

4.2 Performance Measures. Performance Goals shall be based on any of the following business criteria, either alone or in any combination, on either a consolidated or business unit or divisional level, as the Committee may determine: (a) sales or revenue; (b) earnings per share; (c) measurable achievement in quality, operation and compliance initiatives; (d) objectively determinable measure of non-financial operating and management performance objectives; (e) net earnings (either before or after interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization); (f) economic value-added (as determined by the Committee); (g) net income (either before or after taxes); (h) operating earnings; (i) cash flow (including, but not limited to, operating cash flow and free cash flow); (j) cash flow return on capital; (k) return on net assets; (l) return on stockholders’ equity; (m) return on assets; (n) return on capital; (o) stockholder returns, dividends and/or other distributions; (p) return on sales; (q) gross or net profit margin; (r) productivity; (s) expenses; (t) margins; (u) operating efficiency; (v) customer satisfaction; (w) measurable achievement in quality and compliance initiatives; (x) working capital; (y) debt; (z) debt reduction; (aa) price per share of stock; (bb) market share; (cc) completion of acquisitions; (dd) business expansion; (ee) product diversification; and (ff) new or expanded market penetration. The foregoing criteria shall have any reasonable definitions that the Committee may specify, which may include or exclude any or all of the following items, as the Committee may specify: (pp) extraordinary, unusual or non-recurring items; (qq) effects of changes in tax law, accounting principles or other such laws or provisions affecting reported results; (rr) effects of currency fluctuations; (ss) effects of financing activities (e.g., effect on earnings per share of issuing convertible debt securities); (tt) expenses for restructuring, productivity initiatives or new business initiatives; (uu) impairment of tangible or intangible assets; (vv) litigation or claim judgments or settlements; (ww) non-operating items; (xx) acquisition expenses; (yy) discontinued operations; and (zz) effects of assets sales or divestitures. Any such business criterion or combination of such criteria may apply to the Covered Employee’s bonus opportunity in its entirety or to any designed portion or portions of the bonus opportunity, as the Committee may specify.

Article 5. Bonus Opportunity

No later than the Determination Date for each Performance Period, the Committee shall establish, in writing, the method for computing the amount of compensation that will be payable under the Plan to each Covered Employee if the Performance Goals established by the Committee for such Performance Period are attained in whole or in part. Such method shall be stated in terms of an objective formula that precludes discretion to increase the amount of the bonus that would otherwise be payable hereunder. The method need not be the same for all Covered Employees. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, the Committee may exercise negative discretion (within the meaning of Treasury Regulation § 1.162-27(e)(2)(iii)(A)) with respect to any bonus payable hereunder to reduce any amount that would otherwise be payable hereunder.

Article 6. Maximum Bonus

The maximum amount of compensation that may be paid under the Plan to any Covered Employee for any fiscal year shall be \$3,000,000.

Article 7. Certification of Performance Goals and Payment of Bonus

7.1 Certification by Committee. As soon as practicable after the close of the Performance Period and prior to the payment of any bonus, the Committee shall review the Company’s performance and certify in writing the extent to which the applicable Performance Goals have been achieved.

7.2 Payment of Bonus After Certification. Each bonus, to the extent earned, shall be paid in a single lump sum cash payment, less applicable withholding taxes, as soon as practicable following the Committee’s certification described in the preceding sentence. Payments under this Plan are intended to qualify as short-term deferrals under Code Section 409A and shall be made no later than the date two and one-half (2 ½) months following the close of the fiscal year in which such bonus was earned; *provided, however*, that any payment that is delayed due to an event described in Treasury Regulation § 1.409A-1(b)(4)(ii), shall be paid as soon as practicable. Except as otherwise determined by the Committee, in its sole discretion, a Covered Employee shall not be entitled to payment of a bonus otherwise earned under the Plan if such Covered Employee is not employed by the Company on the payment date for such bonus.

Article 8. Funding

The Plan shall be unfunded. The Company shall not be required to segregate any assets to ensure payment of any bonus under the Plan.

Article 9. Amendment and Termination

The Company may amend or terminate the Plan at any time; *provided, however*, that no amendment shall cause any performance-based bonus payable under the Plan not to qualify under Code Section 162(m).

Article 10. Stockholder Approval

Payment of any bonus under this Plan shall be contingent upon approval of this Plan by a majority of the stockholders of Generac, including the applicable Performance Goals relating thereto. Unless and until such stockholder approval is obtained, no bonus shall be paid pursuant to this Plan. To the extent necessary for purposes of Code Section 162(m), this Plan shall be resubmitted to stockholders for their reapproval with respect to bonuses payable for the taxable years of Generac commencing on or after the fifth (5th) anniversary of the initial stockholder approval, or at such earlier time required by Code Section 162(m).

Article 11. Effective Date

The Plan shall be effective on the date that it is adopted by the Board, contingent on approval of the Plan by Generac's shareholders as set forth in [Article 10](#) above.

Article 12. Interpretation and Construction

Any provision of this Plan to the contrary notwithstanding, (a) bonuses under this Plan are intended to qualify as "qualified performance-based compensation" under Treasury Regulation § 1.162-27(e) and (b) any provision of the Plan that would prevent any bonus under the Plan from so qualifying shall be administered, interpreted and construed to carry out such intention and any provision that cannot be so administered, interpreted and construed shall be disregarded. No provision of the Plan, nor the selection of any Covered Employee to participate in the Plan, shall constitute an employment agreement or affect the duration of any Covered Employee's employment, which shall remain "employment at will" unless an employment agreement between the Company and the Covered Employee provides otherwise. All references in the Plan to sections of the Code or to Treasury Regulations shall be interpreted to include any amendment or successor provisions thereto.

Article 13. Governing Law

The terms of this Plan shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware without giving effect to the conflict of law principles thereof.

* * *

This Plan was duly adopted and approved by the Board of Directors of Generac by resolution at a meeting held on the 14th day of January, 2010.

CHANGE IN CONTROL SEVERANCE AGREEMENT

THIS CHANGE IN CONTROL SEVERANCE AGREEMENT (the "**Agreement**") is dated as of January 14, 2010 (the "**Effective Date**"), by and among Generac Power Systems, Inc. (the "**Company**") and (the "**Executive**").

The parties agree as follows:

1. **Definitions.** For purposes of this Agreement, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- (a) "**Affiliate**" shall mean any entity that is directly or indirectly controlled by, in control of, or under common control with, the Company.
- (b) "**Board**" shall mean the Board of Directors of Holdings or a similar governing body of Holdings.
- (c) "**Cause**" shall mean (i) a material breach by the Participant of any of the Participant's obligations under any written agreement with the Company or any of its Affiliates, (ii) a material violation by the Participant of any of the Company's policies, procedures, rules and regulations applicable to employees generally or to similarly situated employees, in each case, as they may be amended from time to time in the Company's sole discretion, (iii) the failure by the Participant to reasonably and substantially perform his or her duties to the Company or its Affiliates (other than as a result of physical or mental illness or injury), (iv) the Participant's willful misconduct or gross negligence that has caused or is reasonably expected to result in material injury to the business, reputation or prospects of the Company or any of its Affiliates, (v) the Participant's fraud or misappropriation of funds, or (vi) the commission by the Participant of a felony or other serious crime involving moral turpitude; provided, that, if the Participant is a party to an employment agreement with the Company or any Affiliate at the time of his or her termination of employment and such employment agreement contains a different definition of "cause" (or any derivation thereof), the definition in such employment agreement will control for purposes of this Agreement.
- (d) "**CCMP**" shall mean CCMP Capital Investors II, L.P.
- (e) "**CCMP Affiliate**" shall mean any Person who, directly or indirectly, controls any CCMP Person or is controlled by any CCMP Person or is under common control with any CCMP Person, where "control" means the power and ability to direct, directly or indirectly, or share equally in or cause the direction of, the management and/or policies of a CCMP Person, whether through ownership of voting shares or other equivalent interests of the controlled CCMP Person, by contract (including proxy) or otherwise.
- (f) "**CCMP Cayman**" shall mean CCMP Capital Investors (Cayman), L.P.
- (g) "**CCMP-Co-Invest**" shall mean CCMP Generac Co-Invest, L.P.
- (h) "**CCMP Entity**" shall mean, collectively, CCMP, CCMP Cayman, CCMP Co-Invest and any CCMP Affiliate.
-
- (i) "**CCMP Person**" shall mean any of CCMP, CCMP Cayman and CCMP Co-Invest.
- (j) "**Change in Control**" shall mean an event or series of events that results in any of the following:
- (i) **Change in Ownership of Holdings.** A change in the ownership of Holdings occurs on the date that any one Person or more than one Person acting as a group (as determined under Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(5)(v)(B)), other than a Subsidiary or one or more CCMP Entities or a "group" (as such term is used in Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act) in which a CCMP Entity is a member, acquires ownership of stock of Holdings that, together with stock held by such Person or group, constitutes more than fifty percent (50%) of the total fair market value or total voting power of stock of Holdings;
- (ii) **Change in Board of Directors of Holdings.** A change in the effective control of Holdings occurs on the date individuals who, as of the Effective Date, constitute the Board (the "**Incumbent Board**") cease for any reason to constitute at least a majority of the Board during any twelve (12) month period, provided, however, that if the election, or nomination for election by Holding's stockholders, of any new director was approved by a vote of at least a majority of the Incumbent Board, such new director shall be considered a member of the Incumbent Board, and provided further that any reductions in the size of the Board that are instituted voluntarily by the Incumbent Board shall not constitute a "Change in Control", and after any such reduction the "Incumbent Board" shall mean the Board as so reduced; or
- (iii) **Change in Ownership of a Substantial Portion of Holding's Assets.** A change in the ownership of a substantial portion of Holding's assets occurs on the date that any one Person, or more than one Person acting as a group (as determined under Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(5)(v)(B)), other than a Subsidiary or one or more CCMP Entities or a "group" (as such term is used in Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act) in which a CCMP Entity is a member, acquires (or has acquired during the twelve (12) month period ending on the date of the most recent acquisition by such Person or Persons) assets from Holdings that have a total gross fair market value of more than fifty percent (50%) of the total gross fair market value of all of the assets of Holdings immediately prior to such acquisition or acquisitions. For this purpose, gross fair market value means the value of the assets of Holdings, or the value of the assets being disposed of, determined in good faith by the Board without regard to any liabilities associated with such assets.
- (k) "**Disability**" shall mean the failure or inability of the Executive to perform duties with the Company or any Affiliate for a period of at least 180 consecutive days (or 180 days during any twelve (12) month period) by reason of any physical or mental condition, as determined reasonably and in good faith by the Board; provided, that, if the Company's long term disability plan contains a definition of "disability," the definition in such plan will control for purposes of this Agreement.
- (l) "**Good Reason**" shall mean the occurrence of either of the following: (i) a material and adverse reduction in the nature or scope of the authority or title held by the Executive, or duties assigned to the Executive, or (ii) the relocation of Executive's principal place of

employment more than fifty (50) miles from its location within one year of the effective date of the Change in Control; provided, that, if the Participant is a party to an employment agreement with the Company or any Affiliate at the time of his or her termination of employment and such employment agreement contains a different definition of "cause" (or any derivation thereof), the definition in such employment agreement will control for purposes of this Agreement.

Notwithstanding anything in the foregoing to the contrary, Executive may terminate his or her employment for Good Reason only if: (A) the Executive provides written notice to Company specifying the event(s) purported to constitute Good Reason in reasonable detail, within sixty (60) days following the occurrence of such event(s) (the "**Notice**"), (B) the Notice specifies a date for the Executive's termination of employment that is at least thirty (30) days after the Executive provides the Notice to Company, and (C) Company has not remedied the event(s) alleged to constitute Good Reason by the Executive within such thirty (30) day period.

- (m) "**Holdings**" shall mean Generac Holdings Inc., a Delaware corporation.
- (n) "**Person**" shall mean any natural person, sole proprietorship, general partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust, unincorporated organization, association, corporation, governmental authority, or any other organization, irrespective of whether it is a legal entity and includes any successor (by merger or otherwise) of such entity.
- (o) "**Subsidiary**" shall mean any corporation (other than Holdings) in an unbroken chain of corporations beginning with Holdings (or any parent of Holdings) if each of the corporations, other than the last corporation in each unbroken chain owns stock possessing fifty percent (50%) or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock in one of the other corporations in such chain.

2. **Effectiveness of Agreement; Term.** The term of this Agreement shall commence on the Effective Date, and shall end on the first (1st) anniversary of a Change in Control.

3. **Severance Benefits.**

- (a) In the event Company terminates the Executive without Cause, or the Executive terminates his or her employment for Good Reason during the period commencing as of the Change in Control and ending twelve (12) months following such Change in Control, subject to Executive delivering to the Company a fully enforceable general release of all claims related to Executive's employment by Company within sixty (60) days following such termination of employment, which release shall be substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A, and

subject to Executive abiding in all material respects with his or her obligations under this Agreement and the Nondisclosure Agreement (as defined below), the Company shall provide Executive with the following payments:

- (i) A cash amount equal to any accrued but unpaid base salary and vacation pay through the date of Executive's termination of employment, payable within thirty (30) days following date of Executive's termination of employment.
- (ii) A cash amount equal to twelve (12) months of Executive's base salary as of the date of Executive's termination of employment, less taxes and withholdings,

3

which shall be payable over the twelve (12) month period following the date of Executive's termination of employment in accordance with the usual payroll policies of the Company; provided that the first payment shall be made on the sixtieth (60th) day after the Executive's termination of employment and shall include payment of any amounts that would otherwise be due prior thereto (unless an earlier payment is permitted pursuant to Section 409A of the Code) (the "**Salary Continuation**").

- (iii) A cash amount equal to one times Executive's base salary multiplied by Executive's target annual bonus level for the fiscal year during which Executive's termination of employment occurs, less taxes and withholdings, which shall be payable over the twelve (12) month period following the date of Executive's termination of employment in accordance with the usual payroll policies of the Company; provided that the first payment shall be made on the sixtieth (60th) day after the Executive's termination of employment and shall include payment of any amounts that would otherwise be due prior thereto (unless an earlier payment is permitted pursuant to Section 409A of the Code) (the "**Target Bonus**").
- (iv) Reimbursement (or direct payment to the carrier) for twelve (12) months following the Executive's termination of employment (the "**Continuation Period**") for the premium costs incurred by Executive (and his or her spouse and dependents, where applicable) to obtain COBRA coverage pursuant to one of the group health plans sponsored by Company or any Affiliate (the "**Health Care Continuation**").

Notwithstanding anything in the foregoing to the contrary, (A) Executive shall be entitled to receive the Health Care Continuation only if Executive is participating in a group health plan sponsored by Company (or any Affiliate) as of the date on which Executive incurs a termination of employment, (B) Executive timely elects COBRA coverage and (C) the Executive shall be responsible, during the Continuation Period, for premium costs for COBRA coverage in excess of the Health Care Continuation, and the Executive shall be responsible, after the Continuation Period, for all premium costs for COBRA coverage, if the Executive continues to elect such COBRA coverage.

4. **Timing of Payments; Early Termination of Obligations.**

- (a) Notwithstanding the foregoing: (i) any portion of the Salary Continuation, Target Bonus or the Health Care Continuation which would otherwise have been paid to the Executive or reimbursed before the first normal payroll payment date falling on or before the sixtieth (60th) day following the date of Executive's termination of employment (the "**First Payment Date**") shall be made on the First Payment Date; (ii) the Executive shall not be entitled to any benefits pursuant to Section 3 hereof unless the Executive's termination of employment constitutes a "separation from service" within the meaning of Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-1(h); and (iii) each payment of Salary Continuation is intended to constitute a separate payment from each other payment of Salary Continuation for purposes of Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-2(b)(2).
- (b) Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Executive accepts an offer of employment at any time during the Continuation Period, which acceptance would not be in violation of the

4

obligations of the Executive under this Agreement or the Nondisclosure Agreement, Company shall no longer be obligated to pay the Health Care Continuation, should the Executive become eligible to participate in any other group health plan as a result of his or her acceptance of such offer of employment. For the purposes of this Section 4(b), the Executive shall notify Company of his or her acceptance of an offer of employment, and the terms and conditions of such offer, on the day of such acceptance. If the Executive does not so notify Company, then Company may recover from the Executive any Health Care Continuation paid after the date that the Executive accepted such an offer of employment. For the avoidance of doubt, if the Executive would violate his or her obligations under this Agreement or the Nondisclosure Agreement by accepting such an offer of employment, or by performing any services pursuant to such an acceptance, then Company will no longer be subject to any obligation to pay the Salary Continuation, Target Bonus or the Health Care Continuation.

5. **Other Terminations.** The parties agree that Executive will not be entitled to Salary Continuation, Target Bonus or Health Care Continuation if, during the period commencing as of the Change in Control and ending twelve (12) months following the Change in Control: (a) the Company terminates his or her employment for Cause; (b) Executive resigns without Good Reason; or (c) Executive's employment terminates by reason of death or Disability.

6. **Exclusive Remedy.** The parties agree that, except (a) as set forth in Section 3 hereof, (b) as determined by the terms of any employee benefit plan in which the Executive was participating as of his or her termination of employment, or (c) as otherwise required by law, Executive will not be entitled to receive any compensation or benefits after termination of his or her employment with Company.

7. **Best Pay Provision.** Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Agreement, in the event that the amount of payments payable to the Executive under this Agreement, together with any payments or benefits payable under any other plan, program, arrangement or agreement maintained by (or on behalf of) Company, would constitute an "excess parachute payment" (within the meaning of Section 280G of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "**Code**")), the payments under this Agreement shall be reduced (by the minimum possible amounts) until no amount payable to the Executive under this Agreement constitutes an "excess parachute payment" (within the meaning of Section 280G of the Code); provided, however, that no such reduction shall be made if the net after-tax payment (after taking into account Federal, state, local, or other income and excise taxes) to which the Executive would otherwise be entitled without such reduction would be greater than the net after-tax payment (after taking into account Federal, state, local or other income and excise taxes) to the Executive resulting from the receipt of such payments with such reduction. If, as a result of subsequent events or conditions (including a subsequent payment or absence of a subsequent payment under this Agreement or other plans, programs, arrangements or agreements maintained by (or on behalf of) Company), it is determined that payments under this Agreement have been reduced by more than the minimum amount required to prevent any such payments from constituting an "excess parachute payment," then an additional payment shall be promptly made to the Executive in an amount equal to the additional amount that can be paid without causing any payment to constitute an "excess parachute payment." All determinations required to be made under this Section 7, including whether a payment would result in an "excess parachute payment" and the assumptions to be utilized in arriving at such determination, shall be made by a nationally recognized accounting firm selected by Company. All determinations made by such accounting firm under this Section 7 shall be final and binding upon Company and the Executive.

5

8. **Nondisclosure and Noncompete Agreement.** Executive and the Company have previously entered into a Nondisclosure and Noncompete Agreement (the "**Nondisclosure Agreement**"). Executive hereby reaffirms his or her obligations under the Nondisclosure Agreement and nothing contained in this Agreement shall cancel, change or modify Executive's obligations thereunder.

9. **Non-Disparagement.** The Executive, while he or she is employed by the Company and thereafter, shall not make any oral or written communication to any person or entity that disparages, or has the effect of damaging the reputation of, the Company, the Affiliates or their respective directors, officers, agents, employees, former employees, representatives or stockholders; provided, that, nothing in the foregoing shall preclude the Executive from disclosing any information to Executive's attorney or in response to a lawful subpoena or court order requiring disclosure of information.

10. **Effectiveness of Agreement.** The effectiveness of this Agreement is conditioned upon the consummation of the proposed initial public offering of shares of common stock of the Company as contemplated by the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Reg. No. 333-162590) (the "**IPO**"). If the IPO is not consummated, then this Agreement shall be null and void *ab initio* and the Executive shall have no right to receive the benefits provided for herein.

11. **General Provisions.**

(a) **Interaction with Other Agreements.** Nothing in this Agreement is intended to, or should be construed as, contradicting, superseding or modifying any written agreement the Executive may have with the Company or any Affiliate, except that this Agreement, to the extent that it is in effect, and not any other such written agreement, shall govern if the Executive incurs a qualifying termination pursuant to Section 3 hereof.

(b) **Notices.** All notices and other communications required or permitted hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed given when (i) delivered personally, (ii) delivered by certified or registered mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, or (iii) delivered by overnight courier (provided that a written acknowledgment of receipt is obtained by the overnight courier) to the party concerned at the address indicated below or to such changed address as such party may subsequently give such notice of:

If to Company:

If to Executive, at Executive's most recent address in the Company's records.

(c) Successors and Binding Agreement.

- (i) This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Company and any successor of or to the Company, including, without limitation, any purchaser of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company.

6

- (ii) The Company will require any successor to expressly assume and agree to perform this Agreement in the same manner and to the same extent that the Company would have been required to perform it if no such succession had taken place.

- (iii) For purposes of this Agreement "Company" shall mean both the Company, as defined in the recitals, and any successor of or to the Company.

- (iv) This Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be enforceable by Executive's personal or legal representatives, executors, administrators, successors, heirs, distributees, and/or legatees. Executive agrees that his or her obligations under this Agreement are personal in nature and, without the consent of the Company, he may not assign, transfer, or delegate this Agreement or any rights or obligations hereunder, provided, that upon Executive's death, Executive may assign his or her rights hereunder to Executive's estate or heirs.

- (d) Construction / Counsel. This Agreement shall be deemed drafted equally by both the parties. Its language shall be construed as a whole and according to its fair meaning, with no presumption that any language shall be construed against any party. Headings used herein are for convenience and are not part of this Agreement and shall not be used in construing it. Executive acknowledges that he has had adequate opportunity to consult with legal or other counsel of his or her choosing prior to execution of this Agreement.

- (e) Governing Law. Any dispute, controversy, or claim of whatever nature arising out of or relating to this Agreement or breach thereof shall be governed by and interpreted under the laws of the States of Wisconsin, without regard to conflict of law or choice of law principles.

- (f) Validity. The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision of this Agreement shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any other provision of this Agreement, which shall nevertheless remain in full force and effect. Further, the parties agree that any invalid, illegal or unenforceable provision or restriction shall be deemed modified so that it shall be enforced to the greatest extent permissible under law.

- (g) Survival of Provisions. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the parties' post-termination obligations and the parties' other respective rights, including, without limitation, the provisions of Section 9 hereof shall survive any termination or expiration of this Agreement or the termination of Executive's employment for any reason whatsoever.

- (h) Waiver. No provision of this Agreement may be modified, waived, or discharged unless such modification, waiver, or discharge is agreed to in writing signed by Executive and Company. No waiver by either party hereto at any time of any breach by the other party hereto or compliance with any condition or provision of this Agreement to be performed by such other party shall be deemed a waiver of similar or dissimilar provisions or conditions at the same or at any prior or subsequent time.

- (i) Mediation and Arbitration. Any dispute that may arise between Company and Executive in reference to this Agreement, or the interpretation, application or construction thereof, and any matter, without limitation, arising out of Executive's employment with Company, shall be submitted to mediation using a mediator or mediators and procedures

7

that are mutually acceptable to Executive and Company. If mediation is not successful, the dispute shall be submitted to arbitration, conducted before an arbitrator in Milwaukee, Wisconsin in accordance with the National Rules for the Resolution of Employment Disputes of the American Arbitration Association then in effect. Judgment may be entered on the arbitration award in any court having jurisdiction; provided, however, that Company shall be entitled to seek a restraining order or injunction in any court of competent jurisdiction to prevent any continuation of any violation of the provisions of the Nondisclosure Agreement, and Executive hereby consents that such restraining order or injunction may be granted without requiring Company to post a bond. Only individuals who are on the AAA register of arbitrators may be selected as an arbitrator. Within twenty (20) days of the conclusion of the arbitration hearing, the arbitrator(s) shall prepare written findings of fact and conclusions of law. It is mutually agreed that the written decision of the arbitrator(s) shall be valid, binding, final and non-appealable; provided, however, that the parties agree that the arbitrator shall not be empowered to award punitive damages against any party. If for any reason this mediation and arbitration clause becomes not applicable, then each party, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, hereby irrevocably waives all right to a trial by jury as to any issue relating hereto in any action, proceeding, or counterclaim arising out of or relating to this Agreement or any other matter involving the parties hereto.

(j) Section 409A.

- (i) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, if at the time of Executive's termination of employment with Company, Executive is a "specified employee" as defined in Section 409A of the Code, as determined by Company in accordance with Section 409A of the Code, and the deferral of the commencement of any payments or benefits otherwise payable hereunder as a result of such termination of employment is necessary in order to prevent any accelerated or additional tax under Section 409A of the Code, then Company will defer the commencement of the payment of any such payments or benefits hereunder (without any reduction in the payments or benefits ultimately paid or provided to Executive) until the date that is at least six (6) months following Executive's termination of employment with Company (or the earliest date permitted under Section 409A of the Code), whereupon Company will pay Executive a lump-sum amount equal to the cumulative amounts that would have otherwise been previously paid to Executive under this Agreement during the period in which such payments or benefits were deferred. Thereafter, payments will resume in accordance with this Agreement.

- (ii) Additionally, in the event that following the date hereof, Company or the Executive reasonably determines that any payments or benefits payable under this Agreement may be subject to Section 409A of the Code, Company and the Executive shall work together to adopt such amendments to this Agreement or adopt other policies or procedures (including amendments, policies and procedures with retroactive effect), or take any other commercially reasonable actions necessary or appropriate to (A) exempt the payments and benefits payable under this Agreement from Section 409A of the Code and/or preserve the intended tax treatment of the payments and benefits provided with respect to this Agreement or (B) comply with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code.

8

- (iii) All reimbursements for costs and expenses under this Agreement shall be paid in no event later than the end of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the Executive incurs such expense. With regard to any provision herein that provides for reimbursement of costs and expenses or in-kind benefits, except as permitted by Section 409A of the Code, (A) the right to reimbursement or in-kind benefits shall not be subject to liquidation or exchange for another benefit, and (B) the amount of expenses eligible for reimbursements or in-kind benefits provided during any taxable year shall not affect the expenses eligible for reimbursement or in-kind benefits to be provided in any other taxable year, provided, however, that the foregoing clause (C) shall not be violated with regard to expenses reimbursed under any arrangement covered by Section 105(b) of the Code solely because such expenses are subject to a limit related to the period the arrangement is in effect.

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9

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement as of the date first written above.

Name: Aaron Jagdfeld
Title: Chief Executive Officer

EXECUTIVE:

Name:

SIGNATURE PAGE TO
FORM CHANGE IN CONTROL AGREEMENT

Exhibit A

RELEASE OF CLAIMS

A release is required as a condition for receiving the benefits described in Section 3 of the Change in Control Severance Agreement between GENERAC POWER SYSTEMS, INC. (the "**Company**") and ("**Executive**") dated January 14, 2009, (the "**Agreement**"); thus, by executing this release ("**Release**"), you have advised us that you hold no claims against the Company, its predecessors, successors or assigns, affiliates, shareholders or members and each of their respective officers, directors, agents and employees (collectively, the "**Releasees**"), and by execution of this Release you agree to waive and release any such claims, except relating to any compensation, severance pay and benefits described in the Agreement.

You understand and agree that this Release will extend to all claims, demands, liabilities and causes of action of every kind, nature and description whatsoever, whether known, unknown or suspected to exist, which you ever had or may now have against the Releasees in your capacity as an employee of the Company, including, without limitation, any claims, demands, liabilities and causes of action arising from your employment with the Releasees and the termination of that employment, including any claims for severance or vacation pay, business expenses, and/or pursuant to any federal, state, county, or local employment laws, regulations, executive orders, or other requirements, including, but not limited to, Title VII of the 1964 Civil Rights Act, the 1866 Civil Rights Act, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act as amended by the Older Workers Benefit Protection Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Civil Rights Act of 1991, the Workers Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act and any other local, state or federal fair employment laws, and any contract or tort claims.

You understand and agree that this Release is intended to include all claims by you or on your behalf alleging discrimination on the basis of race, sex, religion, national origin, age, disability, marital status, or any other protected status or involving any contract or tort claims based on your termination from the Company. It is also acknowledged that your termination is not in any way related to any work-related injury.

It also is understood and agreed that the remedy at law for breach of the Agreement, the Nondisclosure and Noncompete Agreement between you and the Company, and/or this Release shall be inadequate, and the Company shall be entitled to injunctive relief in respect thereof.

Your ability to receive payments and benefits under the terms of the Agreement will remain open for a 21-day period after your Termination Date to give you an opportunity to consider the effect of this Release. At your option, you may elect to execute this Release on an earlier date. Additionally, you have seven days after the date you execute this Release to revoke it. As a result, this Release will not be effective until eight days after you execute it. We also want to advise you of your right to consult with legal counsel prior to executing a copy of this Release.

Finally, this is to expressly acknowledge:

- You understand that you are not waiving any claims or rights that may arise after the date you execute this Release.
- You understand and agree that the compensation and benefits described in the Agreement offer you consideration greater than that to which you would otherwise be entitled.

I hereby state that I have carefully read this Release and that I am signing this Release knowingly and voluntarily with the full intent of releasing the Releasees from any and all claims, except as set forth herein. Further, if signed prior to the completion of the 21 day review period, this is to acknowledge that I knowingly and voluntarily signed this Release on an earlier date.

Date:

Name:

SIGNATURE PAGE TO
RELEASE AGREEMENT

**AMENDED AND RESTATED
EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT**

THIS AMENDED AND RESTATED EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT (the "**Agreement**") is made as of _____, 2010 (the "**Effective Date**"), between GENERAC POWER SYSTEMS, INC. (the "**Company**") and Aaron Jagdfeld ("**Executive**").

RECITALS:

WHEREAS, the Company and Executive are party to that certain Employment Agreement dated as of November 10, 2006; and

WHEREAS, the Company desires that Executive continue his service to the Company pursuant to the terms hereinafter set forth, and Executive desires to continue to serve the Company in accordance with such terms.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the promises and mutual covenants herein contained and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto hereby agree as follows:

1. Employment.

(a) Executive shall be employed by the Company and shall have the titles of President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company and President and Chief Executive Officer of Generac Holdings Inc. ("**Holdings**"). Executive shall report directly to the Board of Directors of Holdings (the "**Board**") and shall have such authority, duties and responsibilities as are commensurate with Executive's position. Executive shall devote substantially all of his professional time to the Company in performing such duties and responsibilities.

(b) Executive shall perform substantially all of his duties under this Agreement at the Company's Waukesha, Wisconsin office. In addition to the duties described in Section 1(a) hereof, Executive may be appointed as a director of the Company or its parent entities. Such additional positions shall be performed, and appointments accepted by Executive, without additional compensation or remuneration.

(c) The Executive acknowledges and agrees that he owes a fiduciary duty of loyalty to the Company to discharge his duties and otherwise act in a manner consistent with the best interests of the Company and its parent entities. During the Employment Period (as defined hereinafter), except with the prior consent of the Board (excluding the Executive if he should be a member of the Board at the time of such determination), the Executive shall devote his best efforts and substantially all of his working time, attention and energies to the performance of his duties and responsibilities under this Agreement (except for vacations to which he is entitled pursuant to Section 3(e) hereof and except for illness or incapacity).

2. Term of Employment. The term of this Agreement shall commence upon Holdings' initial public offering and shall continue until the fifth (5th) anniversary of the Effective Date, unless terminated earlier as hereinafter provided (the "**Employment Period**"). The Employment Period shall automatically be extended for additional one (1) year periods on the fifth (5th) anniversary of the Effective Date and each subsequent anniversary of the Effective Date unless

either party provides written notice in accordance with Section 9 hereof of such party's intention not to extend the Employment Period at least ninety (90) days prior to the applicable anniversary.

3. Base Salary and Benefits.

(a) Base Salary. Commencing as of the Effective Date, and thereafter during the Employment Period, Executive's base salary shall be \$500,000 per annum, which amount may, but shall not be required to be, increased by the Compensation Committee of the Board (or, if no such committee exists, the Board) from time to time in accordance with the compensation policies and practices of the Company (as so adjusted from time to time, the "**Base Salary**"). The Base Salary shall be payable in regular installments in accordance with the Company's standard payroll practices and shall be subject to customary withholding.

(b) Business Expenses. Upon presentation of receipts or other appropriate documentation therefor, the Company shall reimburse Executive for all reasonable expenses incurred by him during the Employment Period in the course of performing his duties under this Agreement, to the extent consistent with the Company's policies in effect from time to time with respect to travel, entertainment and other business expenses.

(c) Employee Benefits. Except as otherwise set forth herein, Executive shall be entitled to participate in any employee benefit plan or program of the Company on a basis comparable to other senior executives of the Company.

(d) Annual Bonus. Commencing on the Effective Date, Executive shall be eligible, during the Employment Period, to receive an annual bonus (the "**Annual Bonus**") based on such criteria as is determined in accordance with the Company's annual incentive bonus plan. Executive's target Annual Bonus shall be equal to 75% of Base Salary.

(e) Vacation. Executive shall be entitled to vacation time with compensation of twenty (20) days per annum during the Employment Period. Executive shall also be entitled to all paid holidays given by the Company to its senior officers.

4. Termination.

(a) Termination Rights. Executive's employment hereunder may be terminated upon the occurrence of any of the following events and/or for the following reasons:

(i) Death of Executive. Executive's employment hereunder shall terminate upon his death.

(ii) Disability of Executive. The Company shall have the right to terminate Executive's employment hereunder if the Executive is or becomes Disabled (as defined below) during the Employment Period, shall be absent from his duties with the Company on a full time basis for one hundred eighty (180) consecutive days, and, within thirty (30) days after delivery of Notice of Termination by the Company, the Executive shall not have returned to the performance of his duties hereunder on a full time basis. For purposes of this Agreement, "**Disabled**" shall mean: (A) that Executive qualifies for benefits due to total disability on the part of the Executive under the Company's long-term disability plan, as in effect from time to time; or (B) in the event that the Company has no such long-term disability plan in effect on any date of determination, that

Executive is unable, as a result of a medically determinable physical or mental illness, to perform the duties and services of his position.

(iii) Cause. The Company shall have the right to terminate Executive's employment for Cause. For purposes of this Agreement, "**Cause**" shall mean:

(A) the willful and continued failure by Executive substantially to perform his duties hereunder (other than such failure resulting from his becoming Disabled), after a written demand for substantial performance is delivered to Executive that specifically identifies the manner in which Executive has not substantially performed his duties, and Executive has not remedied such failure within a reasonable time after receipt of such written notice; for purposes of this paragraph, no act, or failure to act, on Executive's part will be deemed "willful" unless done, or omitted to be done, by Executive not in good faith and without reasonable belief that his action or omission was in the best interest of the Company;

(B) Executive's gross negligence or willful misconduct in the performance of his duties as an employee of the Company;

(C) Executive's commission of fraud, embezzlement, misappropriation of funds, breach of fiduciary duty or a material act of dishonesty against the Company;

(D) the indictment of Executive for a felony; or

(E) the drug addiction or habitual intoxication of Executive that adversely affects Employee's job performance and duties hereunder, or the reputation or best interests of the Company.

(iv) Good Reason. The Executive shall have the right to terminate his employment with the Company for Good Reason. For purposes of this Agreement, "**Good Reason**" shall mean:

(A) a reduction, in excess of five percent (5%), of Executive's Base Salary as in effect from time to time or target Annual Bonus opportunity, excluding across the board reductions affecting all senior executives of the Company;

(B) a material diminution in Executive's duties or responsibilities not cured by the Company within twenty (20) days after written notice to the Company delivered within ninety (90) days of the occurrence of such diminution and in accordance with Section 9 hereof;

(C) a failure of the Company to make available to Executive the type of employee benefits which are available to Executive as of the Effective Date;

(D) a requirement by the Company that Executive be based in an office that is located more than fifty (50) miles from Executive's principal place of employment as of the Effective Date; or

3

(E) a material breach of any material term or condition of this Agreement by the Company not cured within twenty (20) days after written notice to the Company delivered within ninety (90) days of the occurrence of such breach and in accordance with Section 9 hereof.

(v) Without Cause or Good Reason. The Company shall have the right to terminate Executive's employment hereunder without Cause and the Executive shall have the right to terminate his employment with the Company without Good Reason. If the Company elects not to extend the Employment Period in accordance with Section 2 hereof, such termination shall be deemed to be a termination by the Company without Cause and shall be treated as such for purposes of this agreement, including Section 5(d) hereof. If Executive elects not to extend the Employment Period in accordance with Section 2 hereof, such termination shall be deemed to be a termination by Executive without Good Reason and shall be treated as such for purposes of this agreement, including Section 5(c) hereof.

(b) Notice of Termination. Any termination of Executive's employment pursuant to any of Sections 4(a)(i)-(v) above shall be communicated by written "Notice of Termination" to the non-terminating party delivered in accordance with Section 10 below. For purposes of this Agreement, "Notice of Termination" shall mean a notice by a terminating party which shall indicate the specific termination provision hereunder pursuant to which Executive's employment is being terminated.

(c) Termination Date. In connection with any termination of Executive's employment pursuant to any of Sections 4(a)(i)-(v) above, Executive's employment with the Company shall terminate on the Termination Date. For purposes of this Agreement, "Termination Date" shall mean (i) if Executive's employment is terminated due to his death, the date of his death, (ii) if Executive's employment is terminated because Executive is or becomes Disabled, the date specified by the Company in the related Notice of Termination (which shall, in no event, be less than thirty (30) days after delivery of such Notice of Termination), (iii) if Executive terminates his employment without Good Reason, thirty (30) days following the date on which a Notice of Termination is given or such earlier date as is determined by the Company, and (iv) if Executive's employment is terminated for any other reason, the date on which a Notice of Termination is given or any later date (within thirty (30) days after the giving of such notice) set forth in the related Notice of Termination.

5. Effect of Termination.

(a) Death of Executive. Upon termination of Executive's employment due to the death of Executive during the Employment Period, Executive's surviving spouse and dependents or, if none, his estate, shall be entitled to receive from the Company (i) any accrued but unpaid Base Salary and vacation pay through the Termination Date, payable within thirty (30) days following such Termination Date (the "Accrued Obligations") and (ii) any earned Annual Bonus for the fiscal year during which the Termination Date occurred (and the Annual Bonus for the prior fiscal year, if earned but not yet paid), payable in accordance with the Company's usual bonus payment schedule. In addition, Executive's surviving spouse and dependents shall be entitled to continued participation in the Company's medical, hospitalization, dental, and life insurance programs in which Executive participated immediately prior to the Termination Date (collectively, "Continued Benefits") at the Company's expense for a period of eighteen (18) months following such Termination Date.

4

(b) Disability of Executive. In the event of termination of Executive's employment due to the Executive being or becoming Disabled, Executive shall be entitled to receive from the Company (i) the Accrued Obligations, which shall be paid within thirty (30) days following such Termination Date and (ii) any earned Annual Bonus for the fiscal year during which the Termination Date occurred (and the Annual Bonus for the prior fiscal year, if earned but not yet paid), payable in accordance with the Company's usual bonus payment schedule. In addition, Executive shall be entitled to continue to receive installments of Executive's then current Base Salary and Continued Benefits at the Company's expense from the Termination Date until the later to occur of (A) the six (6) month anniversary thereof and (B) the date on which Executive becomes entitled to long-term disability benefits under the applicable plan or program of the Company, which shall be payable (in the case of Base Salary) or provided (in the case of Continued Benefits) in accordance with the usual payroll and benefits policies of the Company.

(c) Termination for Cause; Termination without Good Reason. Upon the termination of Executive's employment either by the Company for Cause, or by Executive without Good Reason, the Company shall pay to Executive (i) the Accrued Obligations within thirty (30) days following such Termination Date and (ii) any earned Annual Bonus for the fiscal year during which the Termination Date occurred (and the Annual Bonus for the prior fiscal year, if earned but not yet paid), payable in accordance with the Company's usual bonus payment schedule. Payments made pursuant to clause (ii) directly above shall be subject to Executive executing an effective general release and waiver of all claims against the Company, its Affiliates, and their respective officers and directors substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A (the "Release") within sixty (60) days following the Termination Date and Executive's continued compliance with the Confidentiality, Non-Competition and Intellectual Property Agreement (as defined below).

(d) Termination without Cause; Termination for Good Reason. Upon the termination of Executive's employment either by Executive with Good Reason, or by the Company without Cause, Executive shall be entitled to receive from the Company (i) the Accrued Obligations, which shall be paid within thirty (30) days following such Termination Date, (ii) any earned Annual Bonus for the fiscal year during which the Termination Date occurred (and the Annual Bonus for the prior fiscal year, if earned but not yet paid), payable in accordance with the Company's usual bonus payment schedule, (iii) continued payment of Executive's Base Salary for a period of twenty-four (24) months commencing on the Termination Date, payable in accordance with the standard payroll practices of the Company, and (iv) an amount equal to two (2) times Executive's target Annual Bonus for the year during which the Termination Date occurred, payable in equal installments over a period of twenty-four (24) months commencing on the Termination Date and in accordance with the standard payroll practices of the Company. In addition, Company shall maintain the Continued Benefits in full force and effect, for the continued benefit of Executive, his spouse and his dependents for a period of twenty-four (24) months commencing on the Termination Date, and Executive shall be entitled to full COBRA rights following the termination of such Continued Benefits. If Executive elects to utilize rights under COBRA after the Termination Date, Executive shall be responsible for all premiums in respect thereof, as permitted by law. Payments made pursuant to clause (ii) and (iii) directly above shall be subject to Executive executing an effective Release within sixty (60) days following the Termination Date and Executive's continued compliance with the Non-Competition Agreement (as defined below). Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event that any Continued Benefits are prohibited by the terms of such programs or by applicable law, the Company shall

5

reimburse Executive (or his surviving spouse and dependants if applicable) for the cost of obtaining comparable coverage.

(e) Interaction with Other Agreements. If Executive is eligible to receive termination payments and benefits under the terms of a severance agreement between Executive and the Company, Executive shall not be eligible to receive any termination payments or benefits under the terms of Section 5(d) hereof.

6. Confidentiality, Non-Compete, Non-Solicit/Hire and Intellectual Property Agreement. Simultaneously with the execution and delivery of this Agreement, the Company and Executive shall execute and deliver the confidentiality, non-competition and intellectual property agreement in the form attached hereto as Exhibit B, dated as the date hereof, by and between the Company and Executive (the "Confidentiality, Non-Competition and Intellectual Property Agreement").

7. Executive's Representations. Executive hereby represents and warrants to the Company that (i) the execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement by Executive do not and will not conflict with, breach, violate or cause a default under any contract, agreement, instrument, order, judgment or decree to which Executive is a party or by which he is bound, and (ii) upon the execution and delivery of this Agreement by the parties, this Agreement will be the valid and binding obligation of Executive, enforceable in accordance with its terms, except to the extent the enforceability thereof may be limited by bankruptcy laws, insolvency laws, reorganization laws or other laws affecting creditors' rights generally or by general equitable principles, Executive hereby acknowledges and represents that he has had the opportunity to consult with independent legal counsel regarding his rights and obligations under this Agreement and that he fully understands the terms and conditions contained herein.

8. Indemnification. Subject to applicable law, Executive shall be entitled to the benefit of such indemnification rights as may from time to time exist under the terms of the Company's organizational documents and to such liability insurance as the Company may purchase for its senior officers from time to time.

9. Notices. Any notice provided for in this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly given if delivered personally (whether by overnight courier or otherwise) with receipt acknowledged or sent by registered or certified mail or equivalent, if available, postage prepaid, or by fax (which shall be confirmed by a writing sent by registered or certified mail or equivalent on the same day that such fax was sent), addressed to the parties at the following addresses or to such other address as such party shall hereafter specify by notice to the other:

Notices to the Company:

Generac Power Systems, Inc.
P.O. Box 295
Waukesha, WI 53187
Attention: Chief Financial Officer and Chairman of the Audit Committee

If to the Executive, to him at his most recent address in the Company's records.

6

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10. **Severability.** Whenever possible, each provision of this Agreement shall be interpreted in such manner as to be effective and valid under applicable law, but if any provision of this Agreement is held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any respect under any applicable law or rule in any jurisdiction, such invalidity, illegality or unenforceability shall not affect any other provision or any other jurisdiction, but this Agreement shall be reformed, construed and enforced in such jurisdiction as if such invalid, illegal or unenforceable provision had never been contained herein.
11. **Complete Agreement.** This Agreement, together with any other agreements referred to herein (and any exhibits, schedules or other documents referred to herein or therein) constitutes the complete agreement and understanding among the parties and supersedes and preempts any prior understandings, agreements or representations by or among the parties, written or oral, whether in term sheets, presentations or otherwise, relating to the subject matter hereof.
12. **No Strict Construction.** The language used in this Agreement shall be deemed to be the language chosen by the parties hereto to express their mutual intent, and no rule of strict construction shall be applied against any party.
13. **Counterparts.** This Agreement may be executed in separate counterparts, each of which is deemed to be an original and all of which taken together constitute one and the same agreement.
14. **Successors and Assigns.** This Agreement is intended to bind and inure to the benefit of and be enforceable by Executive, the Company and their respective heirs, successors and assigns, except that Executive may not assign his rights or delegate his obligations hereunder without the prior written consent of the Company.
15. **Choice of Law.** All issues and questions concerning the construction, validity, enforcement and interpretation of this Agreement shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of Wisconsin without giving effect to any choice of law or conflict of law rules or provisions that would cause the application of the laws of any jurisdiction other than the State of Wisconsin.
16. **Amendment and Waiver.** The provisions of this Agreement may be amended or waived only with the prior written consent of the Company and Executive, and no course of conduct or failure or delay in enforcing the provisions of this Agreement shall affect the validity, binding effect or enforceability of this Agreement.
17. **Arbitration.** Any controversy or claim arising out of or relating to this Agreement, the making, interpretation or the breach thereof shall be settled by arbitration in Milwaukee, Wisconsin in accordance with the rules and procedures of the Employment Dispute Resolution Rules of the American Arbitration Association then in effect.
18. **Legal Fees and Expenses.** The Company agrees to pay, as incurred, to the full extent permitted by law, all reasonable legal fees and expenses which Executive may reasonably incur in connection with the negotiation and documentation of the arrangements set forth herein.
19. **Tax Withholding.** The parties agree to treat all amounts paid to Executive hereunder as compensation for services. Accordingly, the Company may withhold from any amount payable

7

under this Agreement such federal, state or local taxes as shall be required to be withheld pursuant to any applicable law or regulation.

20. **Section 409A Compliance.**

(a) **Six Month Delay for Specified Employees.** If any payment, compensation or other benefit provided to Executive in connection with his employment termination is determined, in whole or in part, to constitute "nonqualified deferred compensation" within the meaning of Section 409A and Executive is a specified employee as defined in Section 409A(2)(B)(i), no part of such payments shall be paid before the day that is six (6) months plus one (1) day after Executive's Termination Date (the "New Payment Date"). The aggregate of any payments that otherwise would have been paid to Executive during the period between the date of termination and the New Payment Date shall be paid to Executive in a lump sum on such New Payment Date. Thereafter, any payments that remain outstanding as of the day immediately following the New Payment Date shall be paid without delay over the time period originally scheduled, in accordance with the terms of this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, to the extent that the foregoing applies to the provision of any ongoing welfare benefits to the Executive that would not be required to be delayed if the premiums therefore were paid by Executive, Executive shall pay the full cost of premiums for such welfare benefits during the six-month period and the Company shall pay the Executive an amount equal to the amount of such premiums paid by Executive during such six-month period promptly after its conclusion.

(b) **Compliance.** The intent of the parties is that payments and benefits under this Agreement comply with Section 409A of the Code and, accordingly, to the maximum extent permitted, the Agreement shall be interpreted to be in compliance therewith. The Parties acknowledge and agree that the interpretation of Section 409A and its application to the terms of this Agreement is uncertain and may be subject to change as additional guidance and interpretations become available. Anything to the contrary herein notwithstanding, all benefits or payments provided by the Company to Executive that would be deemed to constitute "nonqualified deferred compensation" within the meaning of Section 409A are intended to comply with Section 409A. If, however, any such benefit or payment is deemed to not comply with Section 409A, the Company and Executive agree to renegotiate in good faith any such benefit or payment (including, without limitation, as to the timing of any severance payments payable hereof) so that either (i) Section 409A will not apply or (ii) compliance with Section 409A will be achieved; provided, however, that any resulting renegotiated terms shall provide to Executive the after-tax economic equivalent of what otherwise has been provided to Executive pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, and provided further, that any deferral of payments or other benefits shall be only for such time period as may be required to comply with Section 409A. In no event whatsoever shall the Company be liable for any tax, interest or penalties that may be imposed on Executive by Section 409A of the Code or any damages for failing to comply with Section 409A.

(c) **Termination as a Separation from Service.** A termination of employment shall not be deemed to have occurred for purposes of any provision of this Agreement providing for the payment of any amounts or benefits subject to Section 409A upon or following a termination of employment until such termination is also a "separation from service" within the meaning of Section 409A and for purposes of any such provision of this Agreement, references to a "resignation," "termination," "terminate," "termination of employment" or like terms shall mean separation from service.

8

(d) **Payments for Reimbursements and In-Kind Benefits.** All reimbursements for costs and expenses under this Agreement shall be paid in no event later than the end of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the Executive incurs such expense. With regard to any provision herein that provides for reimbursement of costs and expenses or in-kind benefits, except as permitted by Section 409A, (i) the right to reimbursement or in-kind benefits shall not be subject to liquidation or exchange for another benefit, and (ii) the amount of expenses eligible for reimbursements or in-kind benefits provided during any taxable year shall not affect the expenses eligible for reimbursement or in-kind benefits to be provided in any other taxable year, provided, however, that the foregoing clause (ii) shall not be violated with regard to expenses reimbursed under any arrangement covered by Section 105(b) of the Code solely because such expenses are subject to a limit related to the period the arrangement is in effect.

(e) **Payments within Specified Number of Days.** Whenever a payment under this Agreement specifies a payment period with reference to a number of days (e.g., "payment shall be made within thirty (30) days following the date of termination"), the actual date of payment within the specified period shall be within the sole discretion of the Company.

(f) **Installments as Separate Payment.** If under this Agreement, an amount is paid in two or more installments, for purposes of Section 409A, each installment shall be treated as a separate payment.

[Signature Page Follows]

9

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement as of the date first written above.

Name:
Title:

EXECUTIVE:

Name: Aaron Jagdfeld

SIGNATURE PAGE TO
A JAGDFLED EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

Exhibit A

RELEASE OF CLAIMS

A release is required as a condition for receiving the benefits described in Section 5 of the Amended and Restated Employment Agreement between GENERAC POWER SYSTEMS, INC. (the "**Company**") and Aaron Jagdfeld ("**Executive**") dated _____, 2010, (the "**Employment Agreement**"); thus, by executing this release ("**Release**"), you have advised us that you hold no claims against the Company, its predecessors, successors or assigns, affiliates, shareholders or members and each of their respective officers, directors, agents and employees (collectively, the "**Releasees**"), and by execution of this Release you agree to waive and release any such claims, except relating to any compensation, severance pay and benefits described in the Employment Agreement.

You understand and agree that this Release will extend to all claims, demands, liabilities and causes of action of every kind, nature and description whatsoever, whether known, unknown or suspected to exist, which you ever had or may now have against the Releasees in your capacity as an employee of the Company, including, without limitation, any claims, demands, liabilities and causes of action arising from your employment with the Releasees and the termination of that employment, including any claims for severance or vacation pay, business expenses, and/or pursuant to any federal, state, county, or local employment laws, regulations, executive orders, or other requirements, including, but not limited to, Title VII of the 1964 Civil Rights Act, the 1866 Civil Rights Act, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act as amended by the Older Workers Benefit Protection Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Civil Rights Act of 1991, the Workers Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act and any other local, state or federal fair employment laws, and any contract or tort claims.

You understand and agree that this Release is intended to include all claims by you or on your behalf alleging discrimination on the basis of race, sex, religion, national origin, age, disability, marital status, or any other protected status or involving any contract or tort claims based on your termination from the Company. It is also acknowledged that your termination is not in any way related to any work-related injury.

It also is understood and agreed that the remedy at law for breach of the Employment Agreement and/or this Release shall be inadequate, and the Company shall be entitled to injunctive relief in respect thereof.

Your ability to receive payments and benefits under the terms of the Employment Agreement will remain open for a 21-day period after your Termination Date to give you an opportunity to consider the effect of this Release. At your option, you may elect to execute this Release on an earlier date. Additionally, you have seven days after the date you execute this Release to revoke it. As a result, this Release will not be effective until eight days after you execute it. We also want to advise you of your right to consult with legal counsel prior to executing a copy of this Release.

Finally, this is to expressly acknowledge:

- You understand that you are not waiving any claims or rights that may arise after the date you execute this Release.
- You understand and agree that the compensation and benefits described in the Employment Agreement offer you consideration greater than that to which you would otherwise be entitled.

I hereby state that I have carefully read this Release and that I am signing this Release knowingly and voluntarily with the full intent of releasing the Releasees from any and all claims, except as set forth herein. Further, if signed prior to the completion of the 21 day review period, this is to acknowledge that I knowingly and voluntarily signed this Release on an earlier date.

Date:

Aaron Jagdfled:

SIGNATURE PAGE TO
A JAGDFELD RELEASE AGREEMENT

Exhibit B

CONFIDENTIALITY, NON-COMPETITION AND INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY AGREEMENT

CONFIDENTIALITY, NON-COMPETITION AND INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY AGREEMENT (this "**Agreement**"), dated as of _____, 2010 (the "**Effective Date**"), by and between GENERAC POWER SYSTEMS, INC. (together with its successors, assigns and affiliates, the "**Company**") and Aaron Jagdfeld ("**Executive**").

WHEREAS, Executive has entered into an amended and restated employment agreement dated as of the date hereof with the Company (the "**Employment Agreement**"). In connection with his performance of his duties and obligations under the Employment Agreement, Executive has and will receive specific confidential information relating to the business of the Company, which confidential information is necessary to enable Executive to perform Executive's duties. Executive will play a significant role in the development and management of the businesses of the Company and has and will be entrusted with confidential information relating to the Company and its customers, suppliers, subcontractors, employees and others; and

WHEREAS, it is a condition to the execution of the Employment Agreement, dated as of the date hereof, by and between Executive and the Company, that Executive execute and deliver this Agreement simultaneously with the execution and delivery of the Employment Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is mutually agreed as follows:

1. Confidentiality.

(a) Confidential Information. In addition to all duties of loyalty imposed on Executive by law, during the term of Executive's employment with the Company and thereafter, Executive shall maintain Confidential Information in confidence and secrecy and shall not disclose Confidential Information or use it for the benefit of any person or organization (including Executive) other than the Company.

(b) Trade Secrets. During his employment with the Company, Executive shall preserve and protect all Trade Secrets of the Company from unauthorized use or disclosure; and after termination of such employment, Executive shall not use or disclose any Trade Secret of the Company for so long as that Trade Secret remains a Trade Secret.

(c) Procedures. In the event that Executive is requested or required (by deposition, interrogatories, requests for information or documents in legal proceedings, subpoenas, civil demand or similar process) to disclose any Confidential Information or Trade Secrets, Executive will give the Company prompt written notice of such request or requirement so that the Company may seek an appropriate protective order or other remedy and/or waive compliance with the provisions of this Agreement, and Executive will cooperate with the Company's efforts to obtain such protective order. In the event that

As used in this Agreement, all capitalized terms used without definition shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Employment Agreement. In addition, the following terms have the meanings set forth below:

“Competitive Business” means any corporation, partnership, association, or other person or entity, including but not limited to Executive, (i) which competes directly, or is planning to compete directly, with the Company with respect to the design, development, manufacture, remanufacture, assembly, marketing, sales, or service of standby power products, or any other business of the Company, that was within Executive’s management, operational, marketing, purchasing or sales responsibility, including the responsibility of personnel reporting directly to Executive, or about which Executive received any Confidential Information or Trade Secrets at any time within eighteen (18) months prior to termination of Executive’s employment with the Company, and (ii) which engages or plans to engage in such competition in any state of the United States in which the Company sold or distributed, or actively attempted to sell or to distribute, such products within eighteen (18) months prior to termination of Executive’s employment with the Company.

“Confidential Information” shall mean information related to the Company’s business, not generally known in the trade or industry, which Executive learns or creates during the period of Executive’s employment with the Company, which may include but is not limited to product specifications, manufacturing procedures, methods, equipment, compositions, technology, formulas, know-how, research and development programs, sales methods, customer lists, customer usages and requirements, computer programs and other confidential technical or business information and data. Confidential Information shall not include any information that (i) is or becomes generally available to the public other than as a result of a disclosure by Executive in violation of this Agreement or (ii) becomes available to Executive on a non-confidential basis from a source other than the Company which is not prohibited from disclosing such information to Executive by a legal, contractual or fiduciary obligation to the Company or any other person.

“Goodwill” means any tendency of customers, distributors, representatives, employees, or federal, state, local or foreign governmental entities to continue or renew any valuable business relationship with the Company, based in whole or in part on past successful relationships with the Company or the lawful efforts of the Company to foster such relationships, and in which Executive, or any personnel reporting directly to Executive, actively participated at any time within eighteen (18) months prior to termination of Executive’s employment with the Company.

“Trade Secret(s)” means information, including a formula, pattern, compilation, program, device, method, technique or process, that derives independent economic value, actual or potential, from not being generally known to, and not being readily ascertainable by proper means by other persons who can obtain economic value from its disclosure or use, and that is the subject of efforts to maintain its secrecy that are reasonable under the circumstances.

(d) **Return of Property.** Executive further agrees to take all reasonable measures to prevent unauthorized persons or entities from obtaining or using Confidential Information or Trade Secrets. Promptly upon termination of his employment with the Company, Executive agrees to deliver to the Company all property and materials within Executive’s possession or control which belong to the Company or which contain Confidential Information or Trade Secrets.

2

2. **Non-Competition; Non-Solicitation.**

(a) **Non-Competition.** During the term of Executive’s employment with the Company and for twenty-four (24) months following the termination of such employment for any reason (the **“Restricted Period”**), Executive shall not, directly or indirectly, participate in, consult with, be employed by, or assist with the organization, planning, ownership, financing, management, operation or control of any Competitive Business in any capacity in which, in the absence of this Agreement, Confidential Information, Trade Secrets or Goodwill of the Company would reasonably be considered useful.

(b) **Non-Solicitation.** During the Restricted Period, Executive shall not, directly or indirectly, on behalf of any Competitive Business, either by himself or by providing substantial assistance to others, solicit to terminate employment with the Company, or to accept or begin employment with or service to any Competitive Business, any employee of the Company whom Executive supervised or about whom Executive gained Confidential Information at any time during the last eighteen (18) months of Executive’s employment with the Company.

3. **No Right to Continued Employment.** Nothing in this Agreement shall confer upon Executive any right to continue in the employ of the Company or shall interfere with or restrict in any way the rights of the Company, which, subject to the terms of the Employment Agreement, are hereby reserved, to discharge Executive at any time for any reason whatsoever, with or without Cause.

4. **No Conflicting Agreements.** Executive warrants that Executive is not bound by the terms of a confidentiality agreement, non-competition or other agreement with a third party that would conflict with Executive’s obligations hereunder.

5. **Remedies.**

(a) In the event of breach or threatened breach by Executive of any provision hereof, the Company shall be entitled to seek temporary or preliminary injunctive relief or other equitable relief, without the posting of any bond or other security.

(b) The period of time during which the restrictions set forth in **Section 2** hereof will be in effect will be extended by the length of time during which Executive is in breach of the terms of those provisions as finally determined by an arbitrator or any court of competent jurisdiction.

6. **Successors and Assigns.** This Agreement shall be binding upon Executive and Executive’s heirs, assigns and representatives and inure to the benefit of the Company and its successors and assigns, including without limitation any entity to which substantially all of the assets or the business of the Company are sold or transferred. The obligations of Executive are personal and shall not be assigned by Executive.

7. **Severability.** It is expressly agreed that if any restrictions set forth in this Agreement are found by any court having jurisdiction to be unreasonable because they are too broad in any respect, then and in each such case, the remaining provisions herein contained shall, to the greatest extent permissible under applicable law, nevertheless, remain effective, and this Agreement, or any portion hereof, shall, to the extent permitted by applicable law, be considered to be amended, so as to be considered reasonable and enforceable by such court, and the court

3

shall specifically have the right to restrict the time period or the business or geographical scope of such restrictions to any portion of the time period, business or geographic areas to the extent the court deems such restriction to be necessary to cause the covenants to be enforceable and, in such event, the covenants shall be enforced to the extent so permitted and the remaining provisions shall be unaffected thereby. In such event, the parties hereto agree to execute all documents necessary to evidence such amendment so as to eliminate or modify any such unreasonable provision in order to carry out the intent of this Agreement insofar as possible and to render this Agreement enforceable in all respects as so modified. The covenants contained herein shall be construed to extend to separate jurisdictions or sub-jurisdictions of the United States in which the Company, during the term of Executive’s employment, have been or are engaged in business, and to the extent that any such covenant shall be illegal and/or unenforceable with respect to any jurisdiction, said covenant shall not be affected thereby with respect to each other jurisdiction, such covenants with respect to each jurisdiction being construed as severable and independent. The restrictive covenant provisions of this Agreement shall govern to the extent there is any conflict between their terms and the terms of any other agreement or understanding with the Company.

8. **Notices.** Any notice required or permitted to be given under this Agreement shall be in writing and be deemed given when delivered by hand or received by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, or by nationally reorganized overnight courier service addressed to the party to receive such notice at the following address or any other address substituted therefor by notice pursuant to these provisions:

If to the Company:

Generac Power Systems, Inc.
P.O. Box 295
Waukesha, WI 53187
Attention: Chief Financial Officer and Chairman of the Audit Committee

If to the Executive, to her at her most recent address in the Company’s records.

9. **Amendment.** No provision of this Agreement may be modified, amended, waived or discharged in any manner except by a written instrument executed by the Company and Executive.

10. Waiver. The failure of the Company to enforce at any time any of the provisions of this Agreement shall not be deemed or construed to be a waiver of any such provision, nor in any way affect the validity of this Agreement or any provision hereof or the right of the Company to enforce thereafter each and every provision of this Agreement. No waiver of any breach of any of the provisions of this Agreement by the Company shall be effective unless set forth in a written instrument executed by the Company, and no waiver of any such breach shall be construed or deemed to be a waiver of any other or subsequent breach.

11. Applicable Law. All issues and questions concerning the construction, validity, enforcement and interpretation of this Agreement shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of Wisconsin without giving effect to any choice of law or conflict of law rules or provisions (whether of the State of Wisconsin or any other jurisdiction) that would cause the application of the laws of any jurisdiction other than the State of Wisconsin.

12. Enforcement. If any party shall institute legal action to enforce or interpret the terms and conditions of this Agreement or to collect any monies hereunder, venue for any such action shall be the State of Wisconsin. Each party irrevocably consents to the jurisdiction of the courts located in the State of Wisconsin for all suits or actions arising out of this Agreement. Each party hereto waives to the fullest extent possible, the defense of an inconvenient forum, and each agrees that a final judgment in any action shall be conclusive and may be enforced in other jurisdictions by suit on the judgment or in any other manner provided by law.

[Signature Page Follows]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have caused this Agreement to be executed as of the day written above.

GENERAC POWER SYSTEMS, INC.

Name:

Title:

EXECUTIVE:

Name: Aaron Jagdfeld

SIGNATURE PAGE TO
A JAGDFELD CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT

**AMENDMENT TO
EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT**

THIS AMENDMENT (“**Amendment**”) dated as of _____, 2010, is entered into by and between Generac Power Systems, Inc. (the “**Company**”) and Dawn Tabat (“**Executive**”).

WHEREAS, the Company and Executive are party to that certain Employment Agreement dated as of November 10, 2006 (the “**Agreement**”); and

WHEREAS, the Company desires that Executive continue to serve as the Chief Operating Officer of the Company and Executive desires to continue to serve the Company.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants herein contained, the Company and Employee hereby amend the Agreement as follows:

1. Wherever it is used in the Agreement, the defined term “**Board**” shall refer to the Board of Directors of Generac Holdings Inc., and not to the Board of Directors of the Company.
2. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, wherever it is used in the Agreement, the defined term “**Non-Competition Agreement**” shall mean the confidentiality, non-competition and intellectual property agreement dated as of November 10, 2006 by and between the Company and Executive.
3. Section 1(b) of the Agreement is hereby amended by changing “one or more subsidiaries of the Company” to “the Company or its parent entities” where the former appears in such Section.
4. Section 1(c) of the Agreement is hereby amended by adding the words “and parent entities” immediately following the word “subsidiaries” where the later appears in such Section.
5. Section 4(a)(iv)(A) of the Agreement is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following clause:

(A) a reduction, in excess of five percent (5%), of Executive’s Base Salary as in effect from time to time or target Annual Bonus opportunity, excluding across the board reductions affecting all senior executives of the Company;
6. Section 4(a)(iv)(B) of the Agreement is hereby amended by adding the words “within ninety (90) days of the occurrence of such diminution and” between the words “delivered” and “in” where they appear in such Section.
7. Section 5 of the Agreement is hereby amended by changing “as soon as practicable” to “within thirty (30) days” in each instance where the former appears in such Section.
8. The following sentence is hereby added to the end of Section 5(d) of the Agreement:

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event that the Company is prohibited from providing any of the Continued Benefits pursuant to the terms of such programs or applicable law, the Company shall reimburse Executive (or her

surviving spouse and dependants if applicable) for the cost of obtaining comparable coverage.

9. The following paragraph is hereby added as a new Section 5(e) of the Agreement:

Execution of Release. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, all payments and benefits provided pursuant to Section 5(c) and Section 5(d) hereof, other than accrued but unpaid Base Salary and vacation pay through the Termination Date, shall be subject to Executive executing an effective Release within sixty (60) days following the Termination Date and Executive’s continued compliance with the Non-Competition Agreement. For avoidance of a doubt, payment of unpaid Base Salary and vacation pay through the Termination Date (if any) shall not be subject to the execution of an effective Release.
10. Section 20 of the Agreement is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following paragraphs:

(a) *Six Month Delay for Specified Employees.* If any payment, compensation or other benefit provided to Executive in connection with her employment termination is determined, in whole or in part, to constitute “nonqualified deferred compensation” within the meaning of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code (“**Section 409A**”) and Executive is a specified employee as defined in Section 409A(2)(B)(i), no part of such payments shall be paid before the day that is six (6) months plus one (1) day after Executive’s Termination Date (the “New Payment Date”). The aggregate of any payments that otherwise would have been paid to Executive during the period between the date of termination and the New Payment Date shall be paid to Executive in a lump sum on such New Payment Date. Thereafter, any payments that remain outstanding as of the day immediately following the New Payment Date shall be paid without delay over the time period originally scheduled, in accordance with the terms of this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, to the extent that the foregoing applies to the provision of any ongoing welfare benefits to the Executive that would not be required to be delayed if the premiums therefore were paid by Executive, Executive shall pay the full cost of premiums for such welfare benefits during the six (6) month period and the Company shall pay the Executive an amount equal to the amount of such premiums paid by Executive during such six (6) month period promptly after its conclusion.

(b) *Compliance.* The intent of the parties is that payments and benefits under this Agreement comply with Section 409A and, accordingly, to the maximum extent permitted, the Agreement shall be interpreted to be in compliance therewith. The Parties acknowledge and agree that the interpretation of Section 409A and its application to the terms of this Agreement is uncertain and may be subject to change as additional guidance and interpretations become available. Anything to the contrary herein notwithstanding, all benefits or payments provided by the Company to Executive that would be deemed to constitute “nonqualified deferred compensation” within the meaning of Section 409A are intended to comply with Section 409A. If, however, any such benefit or payment is deemed to not comply with Section 409A, the Company and Executive agree to renegotiate in good faith any such benefit or payment (including, without limitation, as to the timing of any severance payments

payable hereof) so that either (i) Section 409A will not apply or (ii) compliance with Section 409A will be achieved; provided, however, that any resulting renegotiated terms shall provide to Executive the after-tax economic equivalent of what otherwise has been provided to Executive pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, and provided further, that any deferral of payments or other benefits shall be only for such time period as may be required to comply with Section 409A. In no event whatsoever shall the Company be liable for any tax, interest or penalties that may be imposed on Executive by Section 409A or any damages for failing to comply with Section 409A.

- (c) *Termination as a Separation from Service.* A termination of employment shall not be deemed to have occurred for purposes of any provision of this Agreement providing for the payment of any amounts or benefits subject to Section 409A upon or following a termination of employment until such termination is also a “separation from service” within the meaning of Section 409A and for purposes of any such provision of this Agreement, references to a “resignation,” “termination,” “terminate,” “termination of employment” or like terms shall mean separation from service.
- (d) *Payments for Reimbursements and In-Kind Benefits.* All reimbursements for costs and expenses under this Agreement shall be paid in no event later than the end of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the Executive incurs such expense. With regard to any provision herein that provides for reimbursement of costs and expenses or in-kind benefits, except as permitted by Section 409A, (i) the right to reimbursement or in-kind benefits shall not be subject to liquidation or exchange for another benefit, and (ii) the amount of expenses eligible for reimbursements or in-kind benefits provided during any taxable year shall not affect the expenses eligible for reimbursement or in-kind benefits to be provided in any other taxable year, provided, however, that the foregoing clause (ii) shall not be violated with regard to expenses reimbursed under any arrangement covered by Section 105(b) of the Code solely because such expenses are subject to a limit related to the period the arrangement is in effect.
- (e) *Payments within Specified Number of Days.* Whenever a payment under this Agreement specifies a payment period with reference to a number of days (e.g., “payment shall be made within thirty (30) days following the date of termination”), the actual date of payment within the specified period shall be within the sole discretion of the Company.
- (f) *Installments as Separate Payment.* If under this Agreement, an amount is paid in two or more installments, for purposes of Section 409A, each installment shall be treated as a separate payment.

11. The first sentence of the third paragraph of Exhibit A is hereby amended by changing “It is further understood and agreed that you are waiving any right to initiate an action in state or federal court” to “Your understand and agree that this Release is intended to include all claims” where the former appears in such paragraph.
12. The first sentence of the fourth paragraph of Exhibit A is hereby deleted in its entirety.

- 13. Section 21(a) of Exhibit B is hereby amended by deleting “without the prior consent of an authorized officer of the Company (except for disclosures to persons acting on the Company’s behalf with a need to know such information), under any circumstances where Confidential Information so disclosed or used is reasonably likely to be used anywhere on behalf of any Competitive Business” where it appears in such Section.
- 14. Section 21(d) of Exhibit B is hereby amended by adding “or Trade Secrets” after “Confidential Information” in each instance where the later appears in such Section.
- 15. All other provisions of the Agreement not specifically amended in this Amendment shall remain in full force and effect.
- 16. This Amendment may be executed in multiple counterparts, which, when taken together, shall constitute one instrument.

* * *

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused this Amendment to be executed on its behalf by its duly authorized officer and Executive has executed this Amendment, as of the date first written above.

GENERAC POWER SYSTEMS, INC.

By: _____
Name: Aaron Jagdfeld
Title: Chief Executive Officer

EXECUTIVE

By: _____
Name: Dawn Tabat

SIGNATURE PAGE TO
D TABAT EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT AMENDMENT

GENERAC POWER SYSTEMS, INC.
P.O. Box 295
Waukesha, Wisconsin 53187

October 22, 2007

BY HAND AND U.S. MAIL

Mr. William Treffert

Dear Bill:

This letter confirms our agreement relating to your separation from employment with Generac Power Systems, Inc. (the "**Company**").

1. **Defined Terms.** Unless otherwise defined herein, capitalized terms used herein shall have the meanings assigned to such terms in the Employment Agreement between the Company and you dated November 10, 2006 (the "**Employment Agreement**").

2. **Separation.** In consideration of the terms of this separation agreement (this "**Agreement**"), your employment with the Company shall end by mutual agreement effective as of the close of business, October 22, 2007 (the "**Separation Date**"). The Employment Agreement is hereby terminated in its entirety and shall be of no further force and effect, except with respect to Section 8 thereof, which shall continue to be in effect. You hereby resign from any and all positions you hold as an officer or director of the Company or any of its parents, subsidiaries or affiliates, and/or any position as a member of any committees of the boards of directors of the Company or any of its parents, subsidiaries or affiliates, effective as of the Separation Date. You agree to sign such documents as the Company may, from time to time, request to effectuate such resignations. Additionally, we would like you to aid the Company in transitioning your duties through November 16, 2007.

3. **Severance.** Subject to your execution and the effectiveness of the release attached hereto as Exhibit A hereto (the "**Release of Claims**") and your continued compliance with each of the Confidentiality, Non-Competition and Intellectual Agreement dated November 10, 2006 between you and the Company, and the Confidentiality, Non-Competition and Intellectual Agreement dated November 10, 2006 between you and GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. ("**Acquisition Corp.**") (collectively, the "**Non-Compete Agreements**"), in addition to any salary payments and payments for unused vacation time owing for or through the final payroll period through the Separation Date, you shall receive the following payments and benefits for the periods indicated, less any payroll deductions required by law, which shall be in lieu of any other payments or benefits (including vacation or other paid leave time) to which you otherwise might be entitled:

- a. payment of an amount equal to 150% of your current bi-weekly base salary (i.e., \$34,615.38, which is 150% multiplied by \$23,076.92), payable in

accordance with the standard payroll practices of the Company, for a period of 18 months commencing after the Separation Date and not less than eight (8) days after this Agreement and the Release of Claims are signed and returned to the Company;

b. at such time as the Company makes payment of annual bonuses to its senior executives in respect of the 2007 fiscal year, payment of an amount equal to any earned Annual Bonus that you would have otherwise been entitled to receive with respect to the Company's 2007 fiscal year;

c. the Company shall maintain Continued Benefits for the continued benefit of yourself, your spouse and your dependents for a period of 18 months commencing on the Separation Date (the "**Continued Benefits Period**"); and

d. following the Continued Benefits Period, you shall be entitled to full COBRA rights; provided, however, if you elect to utilize rights under COBRA after the Separation Date, you shall be responsible for all premiums in respect thereof, as permitted by law.

4. **Ratification of Agreements.** You acknowledge that your obligations set forth in each of the Non-Compete Agreements shall continue in full force and effect after the Separation Date. You agree to return to the Company on or prior to the Separation Date all Company property and documents in your possession, custody or control, including, without limitation, automobiles, credit cards, computers and telecommunication equipment, keys, instructional and policy manuals, mailing lists, computer software, financial and accounting records, reports and files, and any other physical or personal property which you obtained in the course of your employment with the Company, and you further agree not to retain copies of any such Company documents, excluding publicly available documents and documents relating directly to your own compensation and employee benefits.

5. **Repurchase of Certain Equity Interests.** You acknowledge and agree that Acquisition Corp. has and will continue to have the right to repurchase, pursuant to Section 5.01 of the Shareholders' Agreement, dated November 10, 2006, by and among Acquisition Corp. and the other shareholders of Acquisition Corp. party thereto (the "**Shareholders' Agreement**"), all of the Class A Common Stock of Acquisition Corp. held by you, The William and Selma Treffert Living Trust Dated February 21, 1998 and The William W. Treffert Grantor Retained Annuity Trust (collectively, the "**Trusts**") and any of your or the Trusts' Permitted Transferees (as defined in the Shareholders' Agreement) for a purchase price equal to \$797,929.83.

6. **Confidentiality of this Agreement.** You agree to maintain the terms of this Agreement confidential unless otherwise required by law; provided, however, that you may disclose the terms of this Agreement to your immediate family members and to your attorneys, accountants and financial or tax advisors.

7. **No Admission.** Neither by offering to make nor by making this Agreement does either party admit any failure of performance, wrongdoing, or violation of law.

2

8. **Complete Agreement.** This Agreement, the Release and the Non-Compete Agreements set forth the entire understanding of the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and thereof, and supersede any and all prior agreements, oral or written, relating to your employment by the Company or the termination thereof. This Agreement may not be modified except by a writing, signed by you and by a duly authorized officer of the Company. This Agreement shall be binding upon your heirs and personal representatives, and the successors and assigns of the Company.

9. **Governing Law.** This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Wisconsin without regard to its choice of law rules.

10. **Arbitration.** Any controversy or claim arising out of or relating to this Agreement, the making, interpretation or the breach thereof shall be settled by arbitration in Milwaukee in accordance with the rules and procedures of the Employment Dispute Resolution Rules of the American Arbitration Association then in effect.

11. **Full Understanding.** You acknowledge that before entering into this Agreement, you have had the opportunity to consult with any attorney or other advisor of your choice, and you are hereby advised to do so if you choose. You further acknowledge that you have entered into this Agreement of your own free will, and that no promises or representations have been made to you by any person to induce you to enter into this Agreement other than the express terms set forth herein. You further acknowledge that you have read this Agreement and understand all of its terms, including the Release of Claims.

12. **Tax Withholding.** The Company may withhold from any amount payable under this Agreement such federal, state or local taxes as shall be required to be withheld pursuant to any applicable law or regulation.

If the foregoing is acceptable to you, please sign the annexed copy of this Agreement and return it to me. You may take up to twenty-one (21) days from today to consider, sign and return this Agreement. In addition, you may revoke the Agreement after signing it, but only by delivering a signed revocation notice to me within seven (7) days of your signing this Agreement. This Agreement shall not become effective or enforceable until this seven day revocation period expires without you having revoked this Agreement.

3

Very truly yours,

GENERAC POWER SYSTEMS, INC

/S/ AARON JAGDFELD

Accepted and Agreed as of October 22, 2007:

/S/ WILLIAM TREFFERT
WILLIAM TREFFERT

Accepted and Agreed as to Section 5 hereof
as of October 22, 2007:

THE WILLIAM AND SELMA TREFFERT
LIVING TRUST DATED FEBRUARY 21, 1998

By: /S/ WILLIAM TREFFERT
Name:
Its Trustee

THE WILLIAM W. TREFFERT
GRANTOR RETAINED ANNUITY TRUST

By: [ILLEGIBLE]
Name:
Its Trustee

4

Exhibit A

RELEASE OF CLAIMS

A release is required as a condition for receiving the benefits described in Section 3 of the Separation Agreement, dated as of October 22, 2007, by and among GENERAC POWER SYSTEMS, INC. (the "**Company**"), William Treffert ("**Executive**"), The William and Selma Treffert Living Trust Dated February 21, 1998 and The William W. Treffert Grantor Retained Annuity Trust (the "**Separation Agreement**"); thus, by executing this release ("**Release**"), you have advised us that you hold no claims against the Company, its predecessors, successors or assigns, affiliates, shareholders or members (including, without limitation, GPS CCMP ACQUISITION CORP. and GENERAC ACQUISITION CORP.) and each of their respective officers, directors, agents and employees (collectively, the "**Releasees**"), and by execution of this Release you agree to waive and release any such claims, except relating to any compensation, severance pay and benefits described in.

You understand and agree that this Release will extend to all claims, demands, liabilities and causes of action of every kind, nature and description whatsoever, whether known, unknown or suspected to exist, which you ever had or may now have against the Releasees in your capacity as an employee of the Company, GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and Generac Acquisition Corp., including, without limitation, any claims, demands, liabilities and causes of action arising from your employment with the Releasees and the termination of that employment, including any claims for severance or vacation pay, business expenses, and/or pursuant to any federal, state, county, or local employment laws, regulations, executive orders, or other requirements, including, but not limited to, Title VII of the 1964 Civil Rights Act, the 1866 Civil Rights Act, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act as amended by the Older Workers Benefit Protection Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Civil Rights Act of 1991, the Workers Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act and any other local, state or federal fair employment laws, and any contract or tort claims.

It is further understood and agreed that you are waiving any right to initiate an action in state or federal court by you or on your behalf alleging discrimination on the basis of race, sex, religion, national origin, age, disability, marital status, or any other protected status or involving any contract or tort claims based on your termination from the Company, GPS CCMP Acquisition Corp. and Generac Acquisition Corp. It is also acknowledged that your termination is not in any way related to any work-related injury.

Based on executing this Release, it is further understood and agreed that you covenant not to sue to challenge the enforceability of this Release. It also is understood and agreed that the remedy at law for breach of the Separation Agreement and/or this Release shall be inadequate, and the Company shall be entitled to injunctive relief in respect thereof.

Your ability to receive payments and benefits under the terms of the Separation Agreement will remain open for a 21-day period after your Termination Date to give you an opportunity to consider the effect of this Release. At your option, you may elect to execute this Release on an earlier date. Additionally, you have seven days after the date you execute this

5

Release to revoke it. As a result, this Release will not be effective until eight days after you execute it. We also want to advise you of your right to consult with legal counsel prior to executing a copy of this Release.

Finally, this is to expressly acknowledge:

- You understand that you are not waiving any claims or rights that may arise after the date you execute this Release.
- You understand and agree that the compensation and benefits described in the Separation Agreement offer you consideration greater than that to which you would otherwise be entitled.

I hereby state that I have carefully read this Release and that I am signing this Release knowingly and voluntarily with the full intent of releasing the Releasees from any and all claims, except as set forth herein. Further, if signed prior to the completion of the 21 day review period, this is to acknowledge that I knowingly and voluntarily signed this Release on an earlier date.

10-28-07
Date October 22, 2007

/S/ WILLIAM TREFFERT
WILLIAM TREFFERT

6

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the reference to our firm under the caption "Experts" and to the use of our report dated October 20, 2009, in Amendment No. 4 to the Registration Statement (Form S-1 No. 333-162590) and related Prospectus of Generac Holdings Inc. for the registration of shares of its common stock.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Milwaukee, Wisconsin
January 25, 2010

QuickLinks

[Exhibit 23.1](#)

[Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm](#)

January 25, 2010

VIA EDGAR

Securities and Exchange Commission
Division of Corporate Finance
100 F Street, N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20549-6010
Attn: Celia A. Soehner

**Re: Generac Holdings Inc.
Registration Statement on Form S-1
File No. 333-162590**

Dear Ms. Soehner:

On behalf of our client, Generac Holdings Inc. (the "Company"), we are transmitting herewith via the EDGAR system for filing with the Commission Amendment No. 4 (the "Amendment") to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 (the "Registration Statement") of the Company (File No. 333-162590), together with exhibits thereto.

Set forth below in bold are each of the comments in the Staff's letter of January 21, 2010. Immediately following each of the Staff's comments is the Company's response to that comment, including where applicable, a cross-reference to the location in the Amendment of changes made in response to the Staff's comment. For your convenience, each of the numbered paragraphs below corresponds to the numbered comment in the Staff's comment letter and includes the caption used in the comment letter.

Prospectus summary, page 1

1. Please provide us a complete copy of the material mentioned in your response to prior comment 1.

The Company has supplementally provided the Staff with a complete copy of the Frost & Sullivan report, dated November 2009, in response to the Staff's comment. As previously indicated, the Company confirms that the November 2009 Frost & Sullivan report is the latest report available, the

report is publicly available for a fee, the Company has not paid for the compilation of the data in the report, the report was not prepared for use in the Registration Statement and no consents are required because the report is publicly available.

Our competitive strengths, page 3

2. We note your revisions in response to prior comment 2. However, given that the disclosure appears in the section of your summary where you identify your strengths versus competitors, your disclosure continues to appear to indicate that you have a lower cost structure than your competitors. We also note that you have not revised similar disclosure on page 82. Therefore, we reissue prior comment 2.

As discussed with the staff, the Company has revised the disclosure on page 3 to indicate that it has a competitive cost structure and to describe the Company's basis for this disclosure. In addition, the Company has conformed the language on page 83 to the language on page 3. The Company believes that these revisions eliminate any suggestion that its cost structure is lower than its competitors'.

Dilution, page 39

3. We note in your response to prior comment 5 that you added disclosure on page 39 to include a reference to the fact that the number of shares issuable upon conversion of existing shares is subject to adjustment. However, we do not see this disclosure. Please advise or revise.

The Company respectfully advises the Staff that it did not add disclosure to include a reference to the fact that the number of shares issuable upon conversion of existing shares is subject to adjustment, because as noted in our responses to prior comments 5 and 6, the absolute aggregate number of shares of common stock to be issued to existing holders as a result of the Corporate Reorganization and the relationship between the number of shares to be issued to existing shareholders and the number of shares to be issued to new investors in the offering will not change, due to the impact of the reverse stock split.

Corporate reorganization, page 47

4. We note your response to prior comment 6 and the related revisions to this section. With a view toward clarified disclosure:

· please tell us clearly how each portion of the conversion formulae achieves the purpose of "taking into account the value, rights and preferences" of your existing securities. Include in your response an

explanation of how the different numbers in the conversion formulae were selected;

· using a reasonable range of offering prices and closing dates, please show us how the conversion rates would change; and

· using a reasonable range of reverse stock split ratios, please show us how changes in the ratio would affect the number of common shares issued in the conversions, the number of shares to be issued in this offering, the beneficial ownership table as mentioned in footnote 3 on page 122, and the total number of shares outstanding.

As discussed with the Staff, as described on pages 47-48, the conversion formulae are set forth in the Company's certificate of incorporation. Accordingly, the Company believes that it would not be appropriate to state that these formulae, as applied to the corporate reorganization, have been "selected." However, as discussed with the Staff, the Company has revised the disclosure on page 47 to summarize concisely the rationale for and effect of the corporate reorganization, including the conversions of our Series A Preferred Stock and Class B Common Stock and the reverse stock split.

The Company has supplementally provided the Staff with spreadsheets showing how a range of offering prices and closing dates would change the conversion rates. These spreadsheets also show how changes in the reverse stock split ratio are a function of the offering price and closing date, and how changes in the reverse stock split ratio would affect the number of common shares issued in the conversions, the number of shares issued in this offering, the beneficial ownership table and the total number of shares outstanding. In addition, the Company has revised page 124 and note 4 on page 126 to highlight the minimal impact that changes in the public offering price would have on the allocation of shares to the principal stockholders.

Liquidity and capital resources, page 61

5. Please update this section to disclose any current intentions that you have to use cash to pay down loans. Refer to Regulation S-K Item 303(a)(1). We note in this regard the disclosure you have added in the second full paragraph at the top of page 37.

The Company has revised the disclosure on page 63 include the Company's current intention to use cash to pay down loans.

History, page 86

6. Please expand your response to prior comment 8 to explain in greater detail what you mean by the “limited scope of” and “protections provided by” the license agreement. It is unclear from your current response and added disclosure on page 86 why you do not believe that a third party’s right to use the “Generac Portable Products” trademark is a material risk.

Following discussion with the Staff, the Company has revised the risk factor on page 19 to describe the potential risk that the Company’s business could be negatively impacted if a third party uses the trademark. The Company has also modified the disclosure on page 87 to amplify why it believes that the existence of this license will not have a material adverse impact on its operations.

Our products, page 86

7. We note your response to prior comment 9. However, we also note your disclosure under “Net sales” on pages 56 and 58, in which you state that increases in sales were driven in part by your air-cooled product line. It remains unclear how you have complied with Regulation S-K Item 101(c)(1)(i). Please advise.

As discussed with the Staff, the Company respectfully advises the Staff that the Company does not view its “air-cooled product line” as a separate class of products within the meaning of Item 101(c)(1)(i) of Regulation S-K. The Company’s classes of products consist of residential power products, industrial and commercial power products and other power products. The term “air-cooled” merely describes the type of engine used in a residential power product, and the products within the Company’s “air-cooled product line,” like all of the Company’s residential power products, have the same end-users and the same primary customer usage: standby power for homes.

Director compensation, page 96

8. Please provide the table required by Regulation S-K Item 402(k).

The Company has revised the disclosure on page 97 to present the information in a table as required by Regulation S-K Item 402(k).

Compensation discussion and analysis, page 101

9. Refer to prior comment 12. Please update all of your compensation disclosure. For example, we note that you have not updated the 2008 discussion at the bottom of page 103.

The Company has revised the disclosure on pages 102-117 to update the compensation discussion for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, to the extent such information is available as the Company completes its fiscal year-end financial statements.

Role of the compensation committee, page 101

10. We reissue the second sentence of prior comment 11. It is unclear from your revised disclosure on page 102 where the compensation paid to your named executive officers fell within the 35% range that you have disclosed as “reasonable.”

The Company has clarified the disclosure on page 103 in response to the Staff’s comment.

Executive compensation, page 106

11. We note your response to prior comment 12 that you have updated your disclosure in this section “to the extent such information is available.” Please refer to instruction 1 to Regulation S-K Item 402(c)(2)(iii) and (iv) and also to Regulation S-K Compliance and Disclosure Interpretation 217.11, available on the Commission’s website at <http://www.sec.gov/divisions/corpfin/guidance/regs-kinterp.htm>, and revise your disclosure accordingly.

The Company has revised the disclosure on page 107 to include footnote disclosure that clarifies that the information will be available on March 15, 2010.

Summary compensation table, page 106

12. We note your disclosure in response to prior comment 13. Please add footnote disclosure addressing assumptions. See the instruction to Regulation S-K Item 402(c)(2)(v) and (vi).

The Company has revised the disclosure on page 107 to include footnote disclosure describing the calculations required and the assumptions utilized to determine the amount of stock awards for the periods shown.

13. Please tell us why the bonuses paid to Mr. Feng in December 2009, as discussed at the top of page 112, are not reflected in the summary compensation table.

The Company has revised the disclosure on page 107 to include in the summary compensation table the bonuses paid to Mr. Feng.

Employment agreements and severance benefits, page 110

14. We note your disclosure in the first paragraph on page 112 regarding Mr. Feng.

- Please clarify how the \$10,000 one-time bonus and the \$219,742 “special cash bonus” are consistent with footnote (1) to your summary compensation table on page 106.
- Please provide additional disclosure that discusses what the “special cash bonus” was designed to reward, why you chose to pay such bonus, how you determined the amount of the bonus and how the bonus fit into your overall compensation objectives. Refer to Regulation S-K Item 402(b)(1).
- Please tell us whether you previously have awarded “special cash bonuses” to your named executive officers, and if so, describe with specificity the circumstances surrounding the award.

As noted in the answer to comment 13 above, the Company has revised the disclosure on page 107 to include in the summary compensation table the bonuses paid to Mr. Feng.

The Company has revised the disclosure on pages 113-114 to provide additional details regarding these bonuses.

The Company respectfully advises the Staff that no other “special cash bonuses” were awarded to its named executive officers.

Certain relationships and related person transactions, page 115

15. The instruction you cite in response 15 applies only if the related person’s interest arose solely from ownership of your equity securities and all holders received the same pro rata benefit. In contrast, you are disclosing transactions involving another entity and non-pro rata stock purchase transactions. Therefore, please disclose each related person’s interest in the transactions.

As discussed with the Staff, the Company respectfully advises the Staff that the citation to Instruction 7(c) to Regulation S-K Item 404(a) referred only to consideration paid to executive officers for their shares of the Predecessor in the 2006 CCMP Transactions, as described in the second paragraph under “Certain relationships and related person transactions—CCMP transactions.” As previously disclosed, all shareholders of the Predecessor received the same consideration for their holdings in the CCMP Transactions. In addition, as discussed with the Staff, the Company has revised the disclosure on page 122 to include the price paid per share for executive officers and related entities in connection with the share purchases described in this section.

16. Given our prior comment 15, it is unclear why you have not included disclosure pursuant to Regulation S-K Item 404(a) for the related-person lease mentioned on page F-38. Refer to comment 60 in our letter issued November 16, 2009. Please advise, or revise to include the related-person disclosure.

As discussed with the Staff, the Company has not included disclosure in this section for the lease mentioned on page F-38 because the transaction does not involve an amount that exceeds the \$120,000 threshold contained in Regulation S-K Item 404(a).

Preemptive rights, page 117

17. We note your response to prior comment 16; however, it appears that you continue to omit previously included disclosure. Specifically, you previously disclosed that following your September 2009 issuance of 2,000 shares of your Series A Preferred Stock, CCMP transferred such shares “to certain investment funds affiliated with CCMP and certain members of our management” in accordance with the preemptive rights provisions of the Shareholders Agreement. Refer to the last sentence under “Sales of Series A Preferred Stock” on page 102 of your registration statement filed October 20, 2009. It remains unclear where in this section you have disclosed this transfer. Please advise.

The Company respectfully advises the Staff that the disclosure under “Preemptive rights” on pages 120-121 describes all of the issuances and transfers of shares to related persons in September 2009 that were effected by the Company and CCMP to satisfy the preemptive rights under the Company’s shareholders’ agreement in connection with the issuances of Series A Preferred Stock from December 2008 to July 2009. As disclosed in the second complete sentence on page 121, such preemptive rights of related persons were satisfied by (i) the transfer of 444.0373 shares of the Company’s Series A Preferred Stock from affiliates of CCMP to CCMP Generac Co-Invest, L.P., and (ii) the sale of 1978.7600 shares of the Company’s Series A Preferred Stock by the Company to members of management. The sentence to which the Staff refers in the registration statement filed on October 20, 2009 (i.e., “... to certain investment funds affiliated with CCMP and certain members of our management”) was inaccurate because CCMP only transferred shares to CCMP Generac Co-Invest L.P. in such instance; this discrepancy was corrected by revised disclosure in subsequent filings.

Financial Statements, page F-1

Note 1. Basis of Presentation, page F-44

Restatement of Consolidated Financial Statements, page F-45

18. Please show us how you previously calculated the fair value of your interest rate swap contracts and how you are now calculating the amount as a result of your restatement. Cite the accounting literature upon which you relied.

The Company respectfully advises the Staff that there was no change in the accounting method or in the fair value calculation regarding the interest rate swaps. The Company has and will continue to determine the fair value of its interest rate swaps in accordance with ASC 820-10, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, as disclosed in footnote 3 to our December 31, 2008 consolidated financial statements. The Company identified that it had incorrectly double-counted the accrued interest related to the interest rate swaps. When the Company identified the error, the appropriate adjustments were made as described in our previously filed restatement footnote included in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2009.

We would very much appreciate receiving the Staff’s comments, if any, with respect to the Amendment as promptly as applicable. If it would expedite the review of the information provided herein, please do not hesitate to call the undersigned at (212) 310-8165.

Sincerely,

/s/ Matthew D. Bloch

Matthew D. Bloch
